

WEATHER FORECAST:

Showers and cooler tonight.

Full Report on Page 2.

The Washington Times

LAST AND HOME EDITION

NUMBER 7822.

Yesterday's Circulation, 48,400

WASHINGTON, THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 22, 1913.

Sixteen Pages

PRICE ONE CENT

KERN'S MOVE FOR PROBE OF MINE PEACAGE WILL BE FAVORABLY REPORTED

MEASURE, ASKING INVESTIGATION, IS SWEEPING

Provides for Inquiry on Charge That Workers Have Been Cut Off From U. S. Mail.

IMMIGRATION IS AN ISSUE Will Also Consider Control of Coal Lands By Alleged Illegal Combinations.

The Kern resolution for the investigation of conditions in the West Virginia coal fields will be favorably reported to the Senate this afternoon by the Committee on Education and Labor.

The resolution will be adopted by the Senate not later than Monday. Prompt investigation into the charges of peonage and other abuses will then be made. The inquiry will begin the coming week.

Is Sweeping. The resolution is sweeping in its language, so as to reach practically every important phase of the conditions in the Paint Creek region.

Here is the resolution as perfected: Resolved, That the Committee on Education and Labor is hereby authorized and directed to make a thorough and complete investigation of the conditions in the Paint Creek coal fields of West Virginia, for the purpose of ascertaining: First—Whether any system of peonage has been or is maintained in said coal fields.

Second—Whether postal services and facilities have been or are interfered with or obstructed in said coal fields, and the Constitution or laws of the United States.

Third—Whether the immigration laws of this country have been or are being violated in said coal fields, and, if so, by whom.

Fourth—Investigate and report all facts and circumstances relating to the charge that citizens of the United States have been arrested, tried, and convicted contrary to or in violation of the Constitution or laws of the United States.

Fifth—Investigate and report to what extent the conditions existing in said coal fields in West Virginia have been caused by agreements and combinations entered into contrary to the laws of the United States to control the production, sale, and transportation of the coal of these fields.

Sixth—If any or all of these conditions exist, the causes leading up to such conditions.

The resolution further includes the usual provisions as to subpoena of witnesses. It provides the investigation may be conducted by the full committee or by subcommittee.

Contempt Possible. Anticipating possible unwillingness on the part of some of the States authorities and mine operators to testify, the resolution also provides that in case of refusal of any party to testify the statute which exists to meet such cases shall apply. In other words, the committee has paved the way for contempt proceedings in case any recalcitrant witness defies its authority.

The resolution was perfected by a subcommittee of Senators Swanson, Shields, Martine, Borah, and Kenyon. The Education and Labor Committee accepted the resolution drawn by the subcommittee.

One of the most interesting phases of the inquiry will concern interference with the mails. It is widely alleged the miners have been prevented from getting letters and using the mails in the full and free fashion to which every American citizen has the right.

If the charges of interference are proven, prosecutions are likely. Prosecutions may grow out of this phase of the investigation, as well as out of the allegations of combinations of operators that violate the Sherman law.

Stovall Is Reinstated By League President. ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 22.—Manager George Stovall, of the Browns, was today reinstated by President Ben Johnson of the American League, after being suspended last for nearly three weeks.



SENATOR SWANSON.

EMERGENCY FUND GETS \$2,000 MORE

Subscriptions for Hospital Building Continue After Real Campaign Ends.

More than \$2,000 has been received for Emergency Hospital since the close of the twelve days' campaign, Monday. None of the subscriptions are for very large amounts, but they are coming in in such great numbers that the total is being materially increased.

"The number of unsolicited subscriptions being received each day is remarkable," said George W. White, treasurer of the fund, today. "Although we have opened permanent headquarters in room 215, Corcoran building, the organization of the team workers has been temporarily disturbed."

Work of moving the headquarters of the campaign from the old Cafe Republic to the new office in the Corcoran building, which is furnished without charge by the National Congress, was completed yesterday, and when the directors of the hospital met tomorrow details of the campaign that is to be waged until the entire \$300,000 is subscribed will be determined on.

Nathan Wyeth brought in two subscriptions of \$50 each today from women whose names were not given. Zellers & Co. sent in a contribution of \$50. Mrs. Melville Ingalls sent in \$75, and A. Francis Foye gave \$30.

Employees in the Agricultural Department today added \$25.30 to the amount already subscribed from that department. Employees in the office of the chief clerk of the superintendent of the Treasury Department today turned in \$21.75, and employees in the office of the auditor of the Treasury increased the amount already pledged from that office by \$17.75.

Employees in the office of the chief clerk of the superintendent of the Treasury Department today turned in \$21.75, and employees in the office of the auditor of the Treasury increased the amount already pledged from that office by \$17.75.

Employees in the office of the chief clerk of the superintendent of the Treasury Department today turned in \$21.75, and employees in the office of the auditor of the Treasury increased the amount already pledged from that office by \$17.75.

Employees in the office of the chief clerk of the superintendent of the Treasury Department today turned in \$21.75, and employees in the office of the auditor of the Treasury increased the amount already pledged from that office by \$17.75.

Employees in the office of the chief clerk of the superintendent of the Treasury Department today turned in \$21.75, and employees in the office of the auditor of the Treasury increased the amount already pledged from that office by \$17.75.

Employees in the office of the chief clerk of the superintendent of the Treasury Department today turned in \$21.75, and employees in the office of the auditor of the Treasury increased the amount already pledged from that office by \$17.75.

Employees in the office of the chief clerk of the superintendent of the Treasury Department today turned in \$21.75, and employees in the office of the auditor of the Treasury increased the amount already pledged from that office by \$17.75.

Employees in the office of the chief clerk of the superintendent of the Treasury Department today turned in \$21.75, and employees in the office of the auditor of the Treasury increased the amount already pledged from that office by \$17.75.

ORDERS PAGE TO SERVE SENTENCE

Justice Barnard Revokes the Parole of Linen Merchant Convicted of Libel.

REITERATES HIS CHARGES

New York Man Sent Petition to White House Assailing Department of Justice.

Henry W. A. Page, the New York linen merchant, who was convicted a year ago on charges of criminal libel for assailing the New York judiciary, members of Congress and other public officials, must serve his sentence of five years in the penitentiary and pay a fine of \$1,000.

Justice Barnard placed Page on probation following his conviction and sentence on the condition that he would refrain from attacking the objects of his previous charges. Page promised to refrain, and nothing more was heard from him until last Saturday.

Reiterates His Charges.

On Saturday there arrived at the White House by express a huge document of 113 typewritten pages entitled "A Petition to the Government of the United States (Executive and Judicial Branches) for the Fulfillment of the Mandate in Amendment Fourteen of the Constitution and for the Restitution of Rights despoiled and violated through its Suspension."

In the "petition" Page bitterly assails the Department of Justice and reiterates all the other charges he made.

Joseph P. Tumulty, secretary to President Wilson, turned the document over to United States Attorney General Marshall. The attorney general made and Assistant Prosecutor James H. Proctor prepared a petition to Congress for the revocation of the parole by Justice Barnard.

Parole Is Revoked. The parole was revoked by Justice Barnard, and a bench warrant for the arrest of Page was issued and sent to United States Attorney Marshall, at New York, with a request that the merchant be taken into custody. Unless Page fights his request, he will be sent to the federal penitentiary at Sing Sing, Minn., to serve the five years' sentence.

Page's original petition, entitled "Deeds to Willet," which he called members of the House Judiciary Committee "crooks," resulted in his arrest and conviction.

The revocation of Page's parole back to divorce proceedings instituted by his wife in New York in 1907. Mrs. Page obtained the divorce and then Page began his attacks on the courts and charged corruption. He carried his assaults to Congress and Attorney General Marshall, and made a flight from the New York judiciary made, but failed.

Daniels Expects Much Of Navy Aeroplanes. Aeroplanes for defensive purposes have come to stay, according to the belief of Secretary of Navy Daniels, who yesterday made a flight at Annapolis.

He returned to Washington this afternoon delighted with the experience and convinced that airships are practical for navy work.

The Secretary was a passenger in a flying boat with Lieut. John Towers. Reports from Annapolis indicate that the trip was about eight miles in a southerly direction. Secretary Daniels only comment this afternoon was: "It was high enough for the first time."

The Secretary's experience caused him to declare that the navy aviator should be a practical man. He is opposed to "amateurs, dare-devil tactics, and sensational flights," but, according to his views, as expressed this afternoon, he is in favor of practical men, ready for any emergency.

Stenographer Witness In Heeter Investigation. PITTSBURGH, May 22.—Mrs. Alice Wessels, former stenographer in the office of Superintendent of Schools S. L. Heeter, took the stand as a witness before the citizens' investigating committee today to re-tell, before the committee, the story she recently told in a sworn affidavit, alleging the school official made improper proposals to her while she worked in his office.

Mrs. Wessels testified on condition that the hearing be public and that Heeter or his attorney be present. Both were present today, but the decider were opened only to newspaper editors and others having business with the committee. Mrs. Wessels said she testified because she felt it was a duty she owed the women of Pittsburgh.

Mikado Suffering With Pneumonia. TOKIO, May 22.—The Mikado is suffering from an attack of pneumonia. He has been in ill-health for several days, but that his illness was of a serious nature was not announced until today.

Contributors to Alley Crusade Fund

MRS. CHARLES WOOD.



MRS. E. K. KERN.

MRS. CHARLES GOLDSMITH.

ASK PUBLIC WORKS BERTH IN CABINET

National Drainage Congress Has Comprehensive Plan For Flood Control.

Fifty members of the general educational committee of the National Drainage Congress this afternoon urged President Wilson to support a movement for the creation of a new Government Department of Public Works.

This movement, started by Isham Randolph, one of the most noted engineers in this country, proposes a single control of river flood matters, along with the control of the Reclamation Service, the construction of good roads, and other public constructive works.

The members of the committee held a general discussion of policy today previous to making the trip to the White House at 2:30. After discussing the project thoroughly with the President, they will visit Secretary of War Garrison to ask his support. Tomorrow the party has engagements to meet Vice President Marshall, Speaker Clark, Secretary Lane, and Secretary Houston.

Has Comprehensive Plan. Tonight Morris Knowles, of Pittsburgh, will speak on "Flood Protection At Home and Abroad" at a smoker at the Cosmos Club.

President Edmund T. Perkins, of the congress, declared this afternoon that the general educational committee does not ask the United States to pay for the work of flood investigation. Instead, it would have the Government undertake the work and then be reimbursed by the persons benefiting therefrom.

The bill shown to President Wilson this afternoon proposes a comprehensive system of river and harbor work, drainage control, meteorological work, determining expectancy of floods, good roads improvement, and all similar subjects dealing with flood matters and public constructive policies.

May Go Before Congress. The congress proposes, during its visit to the White House, to present to the President an agreement for presentation of the measure to Congress. The initial appropriation for such a department would be half a million dollars.

Among the speakers this afternoon before the hearing were President Perkins, Attorney Littlepage of this city, who explains the constitutional side of the problem, and Isham Randolph, who inaugurated the movement. Senator Robinson of Arkansas, and other members of the movement, also were present.

One of the most interesting members of the gathering is Maud Griffith, who runs a farm of 2,200 acres in Missouri, and heads a farmers' organization which includes practically all the farmers of her State. She is vitally interested in flood and other problems.

Sunday In Philadelphia. A Trip Full of interest and pleasure. Sunday excursion only \$2.50 Philadelphia and return. The trip is to Chester, Pa., via the Pennsylvania Railroad. \$3.35 to Chester; \$3.00 to Wilmington and return. Special train leaves Washington 7:30 A. M.—Adv.

MRS. LEITER ESTATE FIXED AT \$3,672,725

Record of Appraisal, Filed in Probate Court, Values Jewelry at \$104,653.

The record of the appraisal of the estate of Mrs. Mary T. Leiter, which was filed in Probate Court today, shows that the total value of the personal estate, exclusive of the household effects, is \$3,672,725.

Jewelry, estimated to be worth \$250,000, is appraised at \$104,653. The jewelry includes a diamond lavaller with a black pearl worth \$20,000, a diamond and ruby necklace valued at \$15,000, and a diamond bracelet worth \$10,000. Other pieces of jewelry are appraised at from \$1,200 to \$6,000.

Securities are listed as follows: Two thousand shares of American Security and Trust Company stock, \$20,000; 1,000 shares of Capital Traction Company stock, \$34,000; 500 shares of C. B. & J. Railroad stock, \$10,000; 1,500 shares of Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha stock, \$30,000; 1,500 shares of Chicago & North Western stock, \$15,000; 1,500 shares of Consolidated Gas, \$15,000; 1,500 shares of Great Northern, \$15,000; 1,500 shares of Pullman Company stock, \$15,000; 1,500 shares of Union Pacific stock, \$15,000; 1,500 shares of Western Union stock, \$15,000.

Three members of the committee chosen today belong to the regular faculty of the party, and are harmonious in opinion as to whether the headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

A formal statement issued by Senator Gallinger declared, the consensus of opinion favored the opening of headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

Three members of the committee chosen today belong to the regular faculty of the party, and are harmonious in opinion as to whether the headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

Three members of the committee chosen today belong to the regular faculty of the party, and are harmonious in opinion as to whether the headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

Three members of the committee chosen today belong to the regular faculty of the party, and are harmonious in opinion as to whether the headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

Three members of the committee chosen today belong to the regular faculty of the party, and are harmonious in opinion as to whether the headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

Three members of the committee chosen today belong to the regular faculty of the party, and are harmonious in opinion as to whether the headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

Three members of the committee chosen today belong to the regular faculty of the party, and are harmonious in opinion as to whether the headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

WHITEHOUSE CAR DOES SLUM WORK

Mrs. Wilson Loans Automobile to Parties Who Investigate Washington's Alleys.

JOHNSON'S AID IS ENLISTED

Chairman of District Board Is Member of Party on Trip Through Poor Section.

Mrs. Woodrow Wilson has not only taken the alley elimination fight to Chairman Ben Johnson, of the District Committee of Congress, but she also placed today at the disposal of a slumming party one of the White House automobiles.

Later yesterday afternoon she made a slum trip with Congressman Johnson, Mrs. Archibald Hopkins, Mrs. W. L. Brown as part of her effort to have Washington's alleys banished. In White House Motor.

Today a party of women, said to include one or more Senators' wives, with Dr. Woodward, District Health Officer; Roy E. Haynes, of the board for condemnation of unsanitary dwellings, and Mrs. Hopkins on another inspection trip. The White House machine carried some of the party, although Mrs. Wilson was not in it.

The alleys visited in the two-hour journey were Dixon court, Bear's gap, Pleasant alley, Shott's alley, Nolan's court, Van alley, Willow Tree alley, Goat alley, Snow's court, Fenton place, Knox alley, and Limerick court.

On the trip late yesterday afternoon Congressman Johnson was shown by Mrs. Wilson and Mrs. Hopkins some of the terrible conditions which these women are seeking, with the aid of District organizations, to banish from the Capital.

A slumming expedition is scheduled for tomorrow, when Mrs. Charles B. Howry, Mrs. Archibald Hopkins and several other prominent women will make an automobile journey through some of the alleys of Washington. It is said will include some Senators' wives, but Mrs. Howry and Mrs. Hopkins today would not disclose the list of guests.

Workers in the alley crusade are hopeful. (Continued on Second Page.)

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS MAKES PEACE MOVE

Possible Healing of Breach in Party Seen in Make-Up of Senate Committee.

A possible bridging of the gulf between Progressives and regular Republicans was suggested today by a caucus of Republicans in the Senate when a committee composed of Senators Gallinger of New Hampshire, Townsend of Michigan, Clark of Wyoming, Jones of Washington, and Norris of Nebraska was named to arrange with House members for the selection of a Congressional Campaign Committee.

A resolution was passed providing that this committee, with one from the House, shall arrange for a joint caucus of Republicans in Congress to select a campaign committee at an early date.

A formal statement issued by Senator Gallinger declared, the consensus of opinion favored the opening of headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

Three members of the committee chosen today belong to the regular faculty of the party, and are harmonious in opinion as to whether the headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

Three members of the committee chosen today belong to the regular faculty of the party, and are harmonious in opinion as to whether the headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

Three members of the committee chosen today belong to the regular faculty of the party, and are harmonious in opinion as to whether the headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

Three members of the committee chosen today belong to the regular faculty of the party, and are harmonious in opinion as to whether the headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

Three members of the committee chosen today belong to the regular faculty of the party, and are harmonious in opinion as to whether the headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

Three members of the committee chosen today belong to the regular faculty of the party, and are harmonious in opinion as to whether the headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

Three members of the committee chosen today belong to the regular faculty of the party, and are harmonious in opinion as to whether the headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

Three members of the committee chosen today belong to the regular faculty of the party, and are harmonious in opinion as to whether the headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

FEDERAL ARMOR PLANT, TO THROTTLE TRUST, MAY BE BUILT NEAR CAPITAL



SENATOR ASHURST.

JAPAN TO INSIST ON TREATY RIGHTS

Nation Will Demand That All Discrimination Be Removed, Says Authority.

While the Japanese foreign office has assured the American charge at Tokyo that consideration will be given President Wilson's argument about the complexities of our State and National Governments, it can be said on the highest authority that Japan will insist on holding the United States to its treaty obligations and will consistently demand that all discrimination be removed.

The American charge, in his report to the State Department, as stated in The Times yesterday, is not so optimistic as Secretary Bryan would seem to imply, but rather points out the dangers which may beset the ministry. He declares that the ministry is against war, although its power is not strong.

A resolution was passed providing that this committee, with one from the House, shall arrange for a joint caucus of Republicans in Congress to select a campaign committee at an early date.

A formal statement issued by Senator Gallinger declared, the consensus of opinion favored the opening of headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

Three members of the committee chosen today belong to the regular faculty of the party, and are harmonious in opinion as to whether the headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

Three members of the committee chosen today belong to the regular faculty of the party, and are harmonious in opinion as to whether the headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

Three members of the committee chosen today belong to the regular faculty of the party, and are harmonious in opinion as to whether the headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

Three members of the committee chosen today belong to the regular faculty of the party, and are harmonious in opinion as to whether the headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

Three members of the committee chosen today belong to the regular faculty of the party, and are harmonious in opinion as to whether the headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

Three members of the committee chosen today belong to the regular faculty of the party, and are harmonious in opinion as to whether the headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

Three members of the committee chosen today belong to the regular faculty of the party, and are harmonious in opinion as to whether the headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

Three members of the committee chosen today belong to the regular faculty of the party, and are harmonious in opinion as to whether the headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

Three members of the committee chosen today belong to the regular faculty of the party, and are harmonious in opinion as to whether the headquarters for publicity and the promotion of Republican principles in preparation for the campaign next year.

\$1,500,000 FUND FOR FACTORY REQUESTED

Senate Gets Ashurst Measure For Own Manufacture of Battleship Plate.

IN LINE WITH DANIELS' VIEW Proposal Follows Bitter Attack on Methods of Corporations Who Sold Supply.

Senator Ashurst of Arizona introduced in the Senate this afternoon a bill appropriating \$1,500,000 for the erection of an armor plate factory.

The location of the proposed factory is left to a board of navy officers. In view of the fact the naval gun factory is located here, when the proper time comes the merits of Washington as a location for the plant will be set before the board.

Aim To Fight Trust. It is not at all unlikely that out of the legislation proposed by Senator Ashurst will come the establishment in Washington of a great factory for the manufacture of armor plate for the Government, a factory that will make the Navy Department independent of the so-called armor-plate trust.

Introduction of the bill follows on the heels of the demand of Senator Ashurst for an investigation of the armor-plate trust, and the statements of Secretary Daniels with reference to the location of the factory. It also on the declaration of Secretary Daniels in favor of a Government plant for manufacture of armor plate.

Provision of Bill. The bill of Senator Ashurst provides: Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of \$1,500,000 be, and the same is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the erection of suitable buildings and the purchase of suitable machinery for the manufacture and maintenance of a plant for furnishing armor plate for the use of the Navy of the United States.

That the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to appoint a board to consist of three officers of the navy, who shall examine and report within three months after the passage of this act, and no money shall be expended until the point so selected shall have been approved by the Secretary of the Navy.

That the board so appointed shall report to the Secretary of the Navy within three months after the passage of this act and that work on the erection of the manufacturing and plant shall begin within six months after this act goes into effect and be continued with all due expedition until completed.

Like Powder Making. Just as the Government has shown that it can successfully make powder at figures far lower than the Powder trust exacts of it, so Senator Ashurst is convinced there would be economy, to say nothing of military advantage, in the Government manufacturing its own armor plate. That it would make possible the upbuilding of a greater navy at comparatively small cost, is the belief of the Arizona Senator, who is an upholder of the cause of preparedness, and far from being a little navy man.

It is taken for granted the proposal will excite the bitterest opposition from the friends of the armor plate concern in Congress.

In introducing the bill, Senator Ashurst made a brief statement in which he pointed out that early in January 1912, the Senate Naval Committee considered a bill for a Government armor plate plant. It conducted hearings and made an investigation as to the cost of armor plate. The estimated cost then was \$1,500,000. Senators Bacon and Tillman were then members of the committee. It was estimated at that time by naval officers that armor could be produced by the Government for \$250 per ton. Should this prove to be correct, the Government would save about half its expenditure on armor-plate.

SENATE. Senate Republicans held conference. Finance Committee Democrats meet. Ashurst introduces bill for armor plate factory.

Kern resolution for West Virginia investigation reported.

Senator Norris threatens to introduce resolution demanding prosecution of Bela L. Pratt.

SENATE. Senate Republicans held conference. Finance Committee Democrats meet. Ashurst introduces bill for armor plate factory.

Kern resolution for West Virginia investigation reported.