

The Critic.

23D YEAR--No. 6,948.

WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 8, 1890.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

LOCAL WEATHER FORECAST.
For the District of Columbia, Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland, fair, except light rain by Sunday morning; no change in temperature; clearing and cooler during Sunday; variable winds.

Business Suits.

IN CUTAWAY and Sack Suits for business wear we have a splendid variety. In addition to those very popular Black Cheviots, we are showing an elegant assortment of new effects in neat stripes, checks, plaids and Scotch mixtures, in Double and Single-breasted Sacks and Cutaways.

Again we desire to call the attention of **STOUT men and SLIM men** to the fact that we can fit them as easily as it they were of regular build. When you need anything in our line try US just once. If you do not find anything to suit you we will not urge you to buy, as we conduct **OUR business on the AMERICAN plan of thoroughly pleasing our patrons.**

Robinson, Parker & Co.

AMERICAN CLOTHIERS,

N. E. Corner Seventh and D Sts. N. W.

SENIOR VOLIO DEAD.

Secretary of the Costa Rican Legation Dies of Pneumonia.
Senor Don Federico Volio, Secretary of the Costa Rican Legation to the United States, died at his residence in this city of pneumonia this morning. At the time of his death Senor Volio, in the absence of Minister Zedillo, was acting as Charge d'Affaires and Minister of the Legation.

THE ALLEGED "FENCE" GETS OFF.

The colored man arrested last Saturday night charged with larceny, also with receiving stolen goods, was arraigned in Police Court today.

Scott pleaded guilty to the larceny of \$12.10 from George L. Hill, and sentence was reserved in order that he could testify against Walker. Judge Miller gave Scott to understand that he would be sentenced regardless of what he swore, whether for or against Walker. General Jack Brown represented Walker. Detective Mahon introduced the property stolen from Hill, including some handkerchiefs and a morocco pocketbook found in Walker's house in the alley opposite Police Headquarters.

Scott in his testimony declared that he did not think that Walker knew that he had any of Hill's property in the house. When it came to his testifying how a portion of the stolen property was found in Walker's room the witness hesitated and the Judge threatened to send him to jail if he did not answer. He then answered that he did not know. Judge Miller dismissed Walker and sent Scott to jail for six months.

THIS TREE WORTH \$5,000.

A New York Lumber Dealer Gets a Break in the South.
On the side of the Big Black Mountain, 300 yards from the Wise County line, in Harrison County, Kentucky, and about ten miles from Big Stone Gap, says the Louisville Courier-Journal, there stood until last week a tree that is thought to be the most valuable tree in the South Appalachian Mountains, and by far the largest in the world.

A New York lumber dealer bought the tree from an ignorant mountaineer for \$50, paid a man \$200 to move it to the nearest railroad, and thinks he will make a profit of \$5,000 from the tree.

POLITICAL NEWS.

THE GREAT DEMOCRATIC VICTORY AND ITS CAUSE.

VIEWS OF MANY LEADING STATESMEN.

Vest, Vilas, Dickinson, Fairchild, Rustie, Hampton and Brice.

WHAT "FIGHTING BOB" KENNEDY SAYS.

Turning Over in Illinois--Ingalls' Chances--Revering McKinley's Defeat--Election Notes.

SENATOR VEST'S VIEW.

HIS IDEAS OF THE CAUSE--WHAT DEMOCRATS SHOULD DO.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 8.—Senator George G. Vest, who will be elected at the coming session of the Missouri Legislature, succeeded himself in the United States Senate, said last night:

"The lesson of the recent election is simply that the American people will not tolerate any political party that will pass such an outrageously unjust measure as the McKinley bill. After the defeat of Mr. Cleveland in 1888 the Republicans concluded that the people would submit to any increase in the tariff. It was this trade for Republican leaders to refuse to discuss the schedule of the McKinley bill, simply saying the people had given their verdict for such increased duties as the party leaders saw fit to make. The idea was that the defeat of Cleveland meant the endorsement of the Chicago platform, written by McKinley, on which Harrison was elected, declaring for tariff high enough to enable the United States to compete with the rest of the world.

"In plain language, the Republicans had a severe attack of big head and thought they could as they pleased. The election is the result. Then there was the other portion of the Republican party who sought to keep sectional antagonism alive by the Force bill. President Harrison, who is a narrow-minded, bigoted partisan, with nothing but an insidious regard for the South, committed his Administration to the Force bill, and Tuesday's election is the result. The course of Speaker Reed also contributed largely to the result. The people admire a straight man, but have no use for a brutal and unfair partisan."

Senator Vest then at some length outlined what he thought the Democratic party should do. He said:

"The Democratic party should proceed deliberately and cautiously to attack the outrageous taxation of the McKinley bill by the enactment by the next House of special bills. These bills should be sent to the Senate, and let the Republicans take the responsibility of defeating them if they dare. No general tariff bill should be passed. Let the House put salt, lumber and other articles on the free list by special bills, and let the Republican Senate wrestle with them."

"Our party does not catch the same disease which has destroyed the power of the Republicans, we will elect the next President in a few years, control the Senate. We must convince the people of the United States that we do not propose to injure the interest of any class, but that we are simply repealing an unjust and unequal tariff, which has created a partnership between certain favored classes and the Government at the expense of the taxpayers. The Democratic party is right on the tariff question beyond all doubt, and that the people are fast learning this is shown by the result of last Tuesday's election all over the country."

THREE STATESMEN SPEAK.

MEMBERS OF THE CLEVELAND CABINET DISCUSS THE VICTORY.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 8.—The Argus today publishes special dispatches from ex-Secretaries Vilas and Fairchild and ex-Postmaster General Dickinson, giving their opinions on the result of the election.

Mr. Vilas says that it is an emphatic declaration of the methods of the Republican party. The farmers and the laborer, the true wealth makers of the land, are the victims of the tariff. There is no occasion for delay until a Democratic Congress has assembled, and a Republican Senate has given assent to the changes required.

POWDERLY ON THE RESULT.

DALLAS BECOMES THE ISSUE ON WHICH PATTON WON.

SEASONS, Pa., Nov. 8.—General Master Workman Powderly left last night for Denver to attend the General Assembly of the Knights of Labor of the United States, which takes place in that city on Tuesday of next week. After saying that while he thought the Assembly would prefer plans for a closer co-operation with the Farmers' Alliance, an action looking to a separate party would be taken, he added that if a preference that he should be in such a position as to influence the old party in maintaining good man on good ground.

Mr. Powderly expressed gratification at the result of the Pennsylvania election for Governor, and said:

"Ballot reform was the real issue in the campaign, and I think which Mr. Patton took before the public on the great question gave him the votes of the farmers and the workmen. The majority of over 2,000 votes received by Mr. Patton in this county proved conclusively in my mind that ballot reform was the issue here."

"Another thing that influenced me in Mr. Patton's favor was his earnest appeal to the people of this country. He has made his sincerity manifest in the United States Pacific Commission, in which he recommended that the Government take control of that railroad and operate it for the public good. He related that a little time ago upon Patton, and that he plainly about him. In my opinion

be done, and that they would not see any trifling duties on anything.

"The opinion of the Republicans must return to their old platform previous to the last Chicago convention and repudiate the platform of that convention if they ever wish to hope for success in the future. The tariff plan that was put in the last Republican convention at Chicago was cunningly worked in by men of the Senator Quay family. It had been understood that the tariff was to be raised on anything we would have been snowed under at the last Presidential election. The people looked for honest tariff reform and were deceived. If the Republican party does not take back to the question it will drive thousands more out of the party from those who voted for it at the last election."

INGALLS' CHANCES.

CIRCUMSTANCES WHICH MAY RESULT IN HIS RE-ELECTION.

TOWNS, N. H., Nov. 8.—Nearly all the county canvassing boards have been heard from. Their figures show the election of the Republican State ticket, with the exception of Atkinson General, by a plurality of about 9,000. The real figures will exceed that number.

This unexpected result will somewhat change the character of the Senatorial contest. It has been ascertained that the Alliance will have only twenty-five members of the Legislature and the Democrats about fifteen. These can elect a successor to Senator Ingalls, with five votes to spare. When it was ascertained that Willets was the Alliance candidate for Governor, was defeated, his friends held a caucus and pronounced in his favor for the Senatorship, and left a man to elect a candidate for that position. The Democrats advocate the election of ex-Gov. Charles Robinson, the recent Democratic candidate for Governor, who was elected Governor of Kansas, and who is a man of great ability and whose friends are directly responsible for the cutting and trading which resulted in the loss of thousands of votes to the Democratic candidate for Governor.

The resolutions will charge that the Democrats have been a carefully prepared and laid out scheme to elect McAlister as a successor to Congressman Vaux at the expense of the head of the State.

An effort is being made to patch up the matter, but one of the prominent leaders of the party organization last night said: "Should the City Council expel Moore and McMullen, the Democratic members will take the matter in hand, and will hold an indignation meeting to protest against the City Council."

There will be a full and complete investigation of the returns from the three wards named, all of which are in the city of Lowell. The investigation will be conducted by the Committee on Election Cases of the next House of Congress, before which the McAlister Vaux contest will be heard. There is intense indignation over the action of Moore, McMullen, and a determined effort will be made to have all men expelled from the party organization who in any way aided or abetted trading of Patton for McAlister votes.

TO TURN OUT TRAITORS.

DEMOCRATS WHO DID THEIR BEST TO DEFEAT PATTON.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 8.—The Democratic Executive Committee meets next Monday night, and at its meeting resolutions will be presented calling for the expulsion of the Select Councilman Peter Moore, member of the body from the Third ward, and William McMullen, the member from the Fourth ward.

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WHAT THE TWO DISTINGUISHED SENATORS SAY OF THE VICTORY.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—The Herald's Washington correspondent telegraphs: Senator Eustis of Louisiana attributes the result to the agitation of the tariff in the Northwest and to "those two monsters of iniquity," the Force bill and the Tariff bill in the East. "The surprise in New England," he says, "was not a mere matter of feeling, but the effect of the deliberate judgment of the people. The canvass in Massachusetts was aggressive and intelligent, and the result shows its influence upon the minds of the people. There is now a debate going on with an even chance of a majority in 1892, repeat its performance yesterday."

Senator Wade Hampton of South Carolina could not conceal his satisfaction over the Democratic victory. "It was simply a popular outbreak of the people against the Administration and its works," he said. "The people were disgusted with the acts of the Administration and they have shown their righteous wrath and put the stamp of their disapproval upon them. The widespread and general disaffection here proves that it was no mere local matter that did it, but a united upheaval all over the nation."

REVISE THE MCKINLEY BILL.

A CHICAGO JOURNAL'S ADVICE TO THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—The Evening Journal, for many years one of the staunchest of Republican papers, in the course of a double-headed editorial on the political situation, says: "What now shall be the Republican party's course? Simply this, that it must live up to what are its real principles. The McKinley bill must stand unaltered. It must be modified in almost its every feature. A national caucus of the party has been held and its leaders must obey the will of the people. There is no occasion for delay until a Democratic Congress has assembled, and a Republican Senate has given assent to the changes required."

WILL DO THE PARTY GOOD.

THAT IS KENNEDY'S OPINION OF THE REVERSE TO QUATMAN.

BELLEFONTAINE, Ohio, Nov. 8.—To the question as to the significance of Tuesday's election and the defeat of Quatman, the local press here has given its opinion. There is no occasion for delay until a Democratic Congress has assembled, and a Republican Senate has given assent to the changes required.

Mr. Dickinson says: "The Democratic party adhered to the rights of the people, and the conscience of the world demanded a revision of the tariff. The constitution protected slavery. This election means that the Democratic party has survived the prejudices that existed in the minds of the people, and that it with confidence as the friend of popular government and the foe of the worst of all aristocracies, that of money maintained by a legalized plundering of the people."

Mr. Fairchild says: "It is best in the long run to trust the intelligence of our people. The Democratic treatment of this whole tariff discussion has been based on this trust, while the Republicans have shown a contempt for the intelligence of their fellow countrymen, so insulating that it was hard to believe that so recentment would be shown thereafter."

PROTECTION GONE MAD.

A GREAT REPUBLICAN MILLER KNOWS WHAT HE IS SAYING.

MENKENS, Miss., Nov. 8.—Charles A. Pillsbury, one of the leading Republicans of Minnesota and one of the largest flour manufacturers in the world, said yesterday afternoon: "The vote in this State shows that the people condemn the McKinley bill by more than two to one. In the first place all the Democratic candidates in it. The Alliance party condemned it, and quite a large portion of those who vote the Republican ticket did not believe in the bill. I look upon the McKinley bill simply as protection gone mad."

and in my mind advocated the proper remedy. The victory of Tuesday was not a partisan victory of any kind. It was made possible by that element in our State that thinks before it votes, and I am proud to see that the number is increasing. With ballot reform I can grow stronger still, as every man will be protected in casting his vote."

"This unexpected result will somewhat change the character of the Senatorial contest. It has been ascertained that the Alliance will have only twenty-five members of the Legislature and the Democrats about fifteen. These can elect a successor to Senator Ingalls, with five votes to spare. When it was ascertained that Willets was the Alliance candidate for Governor, was defeated, his friends held a caucus and pronounced in his favor for the Senatorship, and left a man to elect a candidate for that position. The Democrats advocate the election of ex-Gov. Charles Robinson, the recent Democratic candidate for Governor, who was elected Governor of Kansas, and who is a man of great ability and whose friends are directly responsible for the cutting and trading which resulted in the loss of thousands of votes to the Democratic candidate for Governor."

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THE SENATOR RELATED OVER THE RESULTS OF THE ELECTION.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—Senator Calvin S. Brice of Ohio, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, came to the city yesterday and was lodged with callers all day at his office, No. 30 Broadway.

"It was a great day for Democrats," he said when election matters were brought up. "I am glad to see that Ohio, did as much, if not more, than any State in the Union to change the complexion of things. We gain three Democratic Congressmen, and that in the hardest fought campaign in the State. There was more money expended by the Republicans in McKinley's district than has ever been heard of before in any Ohio Congressional election. In McKinley's district it made not the slightest show of difference."

"In Stark County, Mr. McKinley's home, local pride helped him out some. All over the State, also, excepting in Hamilton County, the big majority titles of '80 were kept up. In Hamilton County, where there was a local issue, a contest was being waged, but Hamilton County may be depended upon in any State or national issue. Republicans now concede that Ohio is no longer a Republican State, but must at times be classed among the doubtfuls, and that with a Democratic leaning."

Colonel Brice said that he had not time to analyze the slight bearing that local issues may have had on the election, but he thought it probable that the fact that the people repudiated the passage of the McKinley bill, the attempted passage of the Force bill, and the general insolvency of the Administration and the present Congress.

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THE MCKINLEY'S REVENGE.

WANTS OF DEMOCRATIC WORKINGMEN REVEALED BY THE NEWS.

CANTON, Ohio, Nov. 8.—Yesterday city-office Democrats, employed by Russell Co. of Mansfield, quit work because their backs had been scratched 300 per cent. The wages of the Republicans were not changed, and the other men began by reducing the Democratic wages. They said they would follow John G. Warwick, the people's candidate, and against Mayor McKinley, the Republican candidate. The men of Mansfield to align with Indianapolis in the past of the suppression of both parties against the industrial action, and an indignation meeting will be held by the citizens to take action in the future.

The change of Russell Co. employees, in which six or seven hundred men had secured their wages, was a blow to the Republican party. The men of Mansfield to align with Indianapolis in the past of the suppression of both parties against the industrial action, and an indignation meeting will be held by the citizens to take action in the future.

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It is better to talk out while there is some chance of doing some good, than to wait till the time for accomplishing anything has passed and then complain about it. Mr. Quay was an obstinate and was standing in the way of the good of the party, and besides, the loss of his leadership was not good, he was being the party into disrepute, and it was time he was stepping down and out.

"This party, while it is a great calamity to the people, will I have no doubt, result in much good in the end, and its effects will be wholesome and purifying. It will relieve the party of the incubus of a distasteful and disgraceful leadership. These changes come from time to time, and while they appear to us zealous Republicans to be almost destructive, yet the people always correct all mistakes of judgment of the people will remedy all mistakes; and, if they are only permitted to do so, will speak with wisdom and prudence at the ballot-box."

With five votes to spare. When it was ascertained that Willets was the Alliance candidate for Governor, was defeated, his friends held a caucus and pronounced in his favor for the Senatorship, and left a man to elect a candidate for that position. The Democrats advocate the election of ex-Gov. Charles Robinson, the recent Democratic candidate for Governor, who was elected Governor of Kansas, and who is a man of great ability and whose friends are directly responsible for the cutting and trading which resulted in the loss of thousands of votes to the Democratic candidate for Governor."

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QUAY TO BE DEPOSED.

HEREAFTER HE WILL HAVE TO TAKE A BACK SEAT.

A short week since Senator Quay of Pennsylvania posed as the big man of the black Republican party, says a Washington dispatch in today's Baltimore Sun. He was given the credit for electing Harrison and accomplishing various other marvelous feats. He had, of his own sweet will, having telegraphed his nomination for Governor of Pennsylvania, and he was loud in his declarations that he proposed to elect him by 40,000 or 50,000 majority. To-day there are none so poor to do him reverence. The same men who have been cracking him up as such a magnificent and astute manager, and such an invincible politician now denounce him and admit what all recent people outside have long known, that his only methods are those of the machine politician.

In high Republican circles here the cry has already been started that he must be deposed from the National Republican Committee, and that it would be midsummer madness to permit him to have anything to do with the management of Republican affairs in the future. It is altogether probable this outcry against Quay will be effective, and those who have been bowing down to him will combine against him and force him to resign. He has, however, a few faithful friends in the party, and he will continue to be a powerful factor in the party.

Major Moore's report. Major Moore's report on the views of the lieutenants in command of the several precincts and of the inspector in charge of detectives, which was filed in the First Precinct, a mounted man is needed for the ground south of the Executive mansion and the parks which surround the Department of Agriculture and the Smithsonian Institution. Two men are needed in the Second Precinct, two in the Third Precinct, two in the Fourth Precinct, six in the Fifth Precinct, and more in Sixth ward.

The report refers to the sprinkling and cleaning of the Executive mansion, and a new station house is required for the Seventh Precinct, and two additional men in the Eighth and four more in the Ninth. The report recommends the constant presence of a mounted man in the Executive mansion and the preservation of order and cleanliness, and says that the aliefs should holding places for 30,000 people.

Eight detectives are now employed in this branch of the department, and the report recommends that two extra men be placed on the same footing with the others.

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Warwick could scarcely bring himself to believe it. Investigating the story, he found it to be only too true, whereupon he said:

"What an outrage! What a shame! It is terrible, terrible. I am shocked and surprised, indeed, by this infamous act. Driven from work because they voted for me."

At once Mr. Warwick began to make preparations to relieve the men who had been so outrageously treated. A telegram was sent to Michael D. Harter of the Pittsford district, who had large shops at Mansfield, asking him if he could not make room for those who had been practically evicted.

In the afternoon Mr. C. H. Russell was accepted as the postoffice by Otto Young, Democratic candidate for Probate Judge and a leading lawyer of Mansfield. Mr. Young asked the manufacturer if it was true that the reduction of the tariff was being received. Mr. Russell evaded the question. Insisting upon a reply, Mr. Young received the harsh response:

"Hereafter in our shops free traders will receive free trade. My only regret is that I cannot do more for them. J. Walter McLynn, president of the company, is now in New York."

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

REPUBLICANS CLAIM A WORKING MAJORITY IN THE LEGISLATURE.

CONCORD, N. H., Nov. 8.—Chairman Churchill of the Republican State Committee makes the following statement: "The claims of the Democrats that they have a majority of the members of the Legislature is unfounded in fact. The Republicans have a good working majority. They will organize the House and Senate and elect a Governor and a United