

WARING'S WORK WAS DONE

He Had a Plan to Rid Havana Forever of Yellow Fever.

HAD SELECTED CAMP SITES

When American Troops Go to Cuba They Will Locate on Ground He Chose—The Report of His Labors Preserved Complete—The Disinfection of His Home.

New York, Oct. 30.—The cremation of the body of Col. George W. Waring, Jr., was completed at Swanburne Island crematory about 4 o'clock this morning. The body was consigned to the oven at 9 p. m. last night, and when the incineration was complete the ashes were placed in an urn and sent to quarantine, where they will be held at Mrs. Waring's disposal.

The work of fumigating and disinfecting the Waring apartments was begun Saturday afternoon and will not be completed until tomorrow afternoon. The bedding, bed linen, and clothing of Col. Waring, as well as everything with which his body actually came in contact were removed to the board of health's float and burned.

The disinfectants used in fumigation were sulphur and formaldehyde. The fumes from these will be allowed to permeate every room of the apartment until Tuesday. Then the ceilings, walls, and floors of the rooms and all the woodwork will be washed with a solution of bichloride of mercury and every crack in the rooms will be filled with this solution.

This done, the rooms will be thoroughly aired and Tuesday night Mrs. Waring, her son John P. Yates, and the nurse, Miss Gilliland, will return. They will remain under the observation of the health authorities for five days. Then the quarantine will be raised.

The three persons named above are now at the residence of Col. Waring's physician, Dr. Daniel M. Stimson, No. 11 West Seventeenth Street. Dr. Stimson reported tonight that all were in good health.

It is learned that Col. Waring died with his work practically done. The President sent him to Cuba to inspect the camps for the army of occupation, the report upon the sanitary condition of Havana and other Cuban cities and to suggest means of improving that condition. Camp sites were recommended some time ago and when the troops go to Cuba they will camp upon ground selected by Col. Waring.

The report on the question of sanitation and the scheme for improving it was practically completed when Col. Waring arrived in New York. The President and all those in Washington who are deeply interested in this question now know that the report in triplicate was among the papers which were most carefully disinfected. It will be returned to Mrs. Waring, who will retain it as a memento of her husband.

The report is said to be very voluminous, and it is said it gives the story of the sanitary condition of Havana and a plan for a complete system of drainage and sewerage, which Col. Waring believed would rid Havana forever of yellow fever. It is said that the plan may be applied to all Cuban cities.

THE BLUFFED RIDER FRANTIC.

Col. Roosevelt Will Rush Around Some More This Week.

New York, Oct. 30.—Notwithstanding the Republican claim that Col. Roosevelt is as good as elected governor of New York, the leaders are anxious regarding the situation and the warrior candidate, together with his troop of Rough Riders in a humorous series of speeches, are to be rushed all over the State again this week on a stumping tour. He has made over 200 speeches in the campaign thus far, while Justice Van Wyck has made not over half a dozen.

Notwithstanding the frantic activity of the Republicans, Col. Roosevelt has not gained in strength and the betting remains even, with Van Wyck money plentiful and the Democrats confident. The latter base their predictions on Van Wyck's success in the reports from points of Democratic harmony, together with the statements of the county leaders that there have been no defections.

Tomorrow night Roosevelt will speak at a dozen places in New York and Brooklyn. Tuesday night he will address several meetings in Manhattan borough and Yonkers. Wednesday he will talk twelve times at Long Island points and on Thursday will address the voters of Albany and Troy. Friday and Saturday he will close the campaign, and will on those days deliver twenty or thirty points in this city. His voice is already very weak from the tremendous strain and it is feared it will not hold out until the end.

MR. CLEVELAND'S ABSENCE.

When It Was Guaranteed Trenton Democrats Invited Him.

Trenton, N. J., Oct. 30.—Edwin W. Crane will visit this city tomorrow night and will speak from the same platform with former Congressman McArdoo, ex-Gov. Zulkoff, of Arizona, and Bayard Stockton.

Grover Cleveland was invited to be present, but the invitation was sent late last week, and after it had been made known that he would decline. The invitation was sent to satisfy the sound-money men, who resented the interference of State Chairman McKim. The committee man Lanning in the interest of the free silver man. The latter threatened to bolt the ticket if Mr. Cleveland was permitted to come out of retirement and lug the financial question into the campaign. The difficulty seems to have been tied over by inviting the ex-President, and the understanding that he would decline the invitation.

LIEUT. HOBSON INVITED.

Asked to Participate in Opening of Gov. Temple's Carnival.

Lieut. Hobson will probably be present this evening in Marine Temple at the opening of the Continental Carnival, under the auspices of the Good Temple lodges of the District. The noted naval constructor will receive a pressing invitation this morning from Chairman John C. Moore, of the press committee, who is himself a former officer of the United States Navy.

The District Naval Guard Band will also be present this evening and arrangements have been made to have a program of dancing every night. Mrs. N. L. King, assisted by a corps of young ladies, will serve lunch every day, commencing tomorrow from noon to 2 o'clock.

A CUBAN PETITION.

It Will Pray for No Delay in Evacuation and Relief of Misery.

London, Oct. 31.—The Times Havana correspondent cables that a petition that has already been signed by a hundred thousand persons will be forwarded to President McKinley at the end of next week, praying him not to allow further delay in the evacuation of the island and the ending of Spanish authority, and urging immediate relief of the terrible misery that is prevailing throughout Cuba.

APPRECIATED

Scores of Washington's Afflicted Availing Themselves of Dr. Young's Generous Free Treatment Offer.

The Time Limit of This Offer Is November 6.

All day yesterday the people kept streaming into Dr. Young's reception parlors. The doctor was so busy that he could not see every body that called. It is advisable, however, for those intending to avail themselves of the free offer to call as early as possible to avoid the great rush of the last day. The following is the offer:

Anybody, Rich or Poor, applying for treatment before November 6 will receive the most expert treatment, services, and attention until cured free of charge. The only fee required of anyone is a mere nominal sum to cover actual cost of medicine and surgery. That offer also applies to all old patients renewing treatment before that date.

DOCTOR YOUNG

Treats, with unfailing success, all diseases of the brain and nervous system, Catarrh, Asthma, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Liver Disorders, Hay Fever, Ear, Nose, and Throat, and Lung; Night Emissions, Sexual Weakness, Organic Weakness, Stricture, Varicocele, Hydrocele, and all diseases of a delicate nature affecting the Frigid Organs.

Office Hours, 10 to 1 and 3 to 6 daily.

Sundays 10 to 12.

Wednesday and Saturday evenings from 7 to 8.

Cor. 12th and F Sts.

THE FRUITS OF HER GIFT.

Marquis de Melville and Husband Visit the Catholic University.

The Marquis and Marquise de Melville, accompanied by Mrs. Donnelly, visited the Catholic University yesterday. It is eight years since Mary Gwendoline Caldwell, now the Marquise de Melville, visited the university, and it was the first visit of her husband.

The Caldwell Hall of Divinity owes its existence to this lady's munificent gift of \$300,000, which encouraged the bishops of the country to lay the foundation stone of the university. Naturally, the visit of such distinguished friends who have contributed so largely to the establishment of the university, was the occasion of great rejoicing.

Solemn high mass was celebrated at 10 o'clock, and it was the occasion of a grand affair. The altar was decorated with flowers and the altar was the high altar. All the professors and students of the university were present. Among the visitors were the Very Rev. George Deshon, Superior of the Faculty. The rector preached the sermon, and said in part:

"I think I voice the sentiments of all in saying that the heart of the university is today for having in its midst one of the founders; in fact, the first founder of this university. In this building, the gift of her munificence, and in this chapel, a memorial from her sister to the memory of her parents. It is well for us before the altar of this chapel, and in the presence of the university professors and students to thank Almighty God for the inspiration which prompted the gift by which the foundations of this university were laid.

"It must be a consolation to her after years of absence to visit this place of her childhood and see that the talents that were given was not hidden in the napkin, but has been multiplied, and finding evidence in the works that are seen on all sides. It is a consolation to her distant friends and relatives who have been linked for so many centuries with the best traditions of Catholic France, to be here with her and see the evidence of the strong Catholic faith of this great Republic. Indeed, it is a moment for both to thank God for the blessings that have come upon the work of her hands.

"We beg God to bless you, we beg Him to bless you unto many years, and pray that the memory of her parents, the aims and purposes of this University, to its vocation in our American educational life, that we may always strive to keep it up to the high ideal which you had placed before us when under the inspiration of God you made your gift to the Bishops of the Plenary Council.

"May God bless you and your distinguished family, and may all those who are dear to you, may you always feel that here for ever and forever, as long as the church of God does its work in this country, your work shall go on leading souls to justice and the glory of the Father, and the church and state who will fight the battles of the church for the supremacy of truth."

After the mass the marquis and marquise visited the reception parlors of the Caldwell Hall for the Faculties and Divinity School students. The occasion was made memorable by the presentation to the marquis of a set of beautiful diamonds by Mrs. McKim. The rector entertained his visitors at dinner, to which the deans of the faculties were invited. The marquis visited all parts of the divinity building, and expressed herself as delighted with the progress of the work. She will remain in Washington for a few days before returning to Europe.

FIRE IN A BICYCLE STORE.

Naval Lodge Building Damaged to the Extent of \$1,200.

A destructive fire occurred early yesterday morning in the Naval Lodge Building, at the corner of Fourth Street and Pennsylvania Avenue southeast. The bicycle originated in the bicycle establishment of Hazleton & Love, on the ground floor, where most of the damage was done.

Shortly after 12 o'clock the flames were seen to be bursting from the rear of the bicycle store by Policemen Cramer and Filson, who were on their way to their beats from the station house. An alarm was turned in from box 561 and the fire department quickly responded.

The damage to the building will amount for about \$1,200, and the stock in the bicycle establishment, which was valued at \$1,000 was destroyed. No insurance.

Fought With Picket and Knife.

Charles Washington and John Chapman, both colored, and aged respectively twenty and twenty-three years, are at the Emergency Hospital under treatment for several cuts and bruises received during a fight at the home of the latter early Sunday morning.

Chapman lives with his sister at No. 4 Pierce Court southwest. While Chapman was absent from the house Saturday night Washington called, and when the former returned and found him in company with the sister he expressed his disapproval in strong terms. A fight followed, and Chapman is said to have dealt Washington several blows with a heavy watch-chain, inflicting on many cuts and bruises on the head and face. Washington is said, drew a knife and stabbed his antagonist in the head and neck.

Hecht's Greater Stores.

The store for domestics.

Pulling prices down in the domestics is proving a profitable work for us, bringing a trade that a store of long years' growth might well be proud to own. No other store in the city buys as extensively as we do—none therefore enjoys the advantage of such low prices to start with. Here are Monday's all-absorbing values:

All-wool red flannel, such as every other store will ask you to buy a yard for, is offered here at 12 1/2c.

42-inch all-wool white shaker flannel, which is the best you can get elsewhere at 25c a yard—is offered at 22 1/2c.

48-inch heavy wool thread unbleached muslin which is offered at every other store at 2c a yard, is offered at 1 1/2c.

Instead of 50c for the \$130 popular brand "Monarch" sheets, hand torn lengths will be offered here at 29 1/2c.

Domest shaker flannel, of white, of good, desirable quality—will be offered as a special value—per yard—at 37c.

Full-size pillow cases—well made and of very good quality—will be offered at this astonishing price 45c.

Colored Domet skirt patterns—full size, with contrasting border, finished with hollow hole stitching, which everyone else asks 50c for—is here at 19c.

5 cases of outing flannel—full 37 1/2c—will be offered here at 45c.

Mill remnants of fine cotton flannel—lengths will be offered here at 2 1/2c.

Yard-wide Androsoggin muslin—a quality that everyone knows—very well—will be offered at 4 1/2c.

HECHT & CO.,

513-515 7th St.

TO PRESENT HIS PROJECT.

Lieut. Hobson Will Appear Before the Board of Construction.

Lieut. R. P. Hobson will appear today before Capt. O'Neil and other members of the board of construction, at the Navy Department, and give his views in detail concerning the feasibility of reclaiming the sunken warships of Cervera's squadron, with approximate estimates of the cost to this Government.

It is considered that the Cristobal Colon can be saved. He believes it is possible to raise the Vizcaya, although she is badly damaged by explosions and fire, and her bow almost blown away by torpedoes. The Quionda is almost a hopeless wreck, but the Reina Mercedes, which was sunk by the Spaniards as an obstruction at the mouth of Santiago harbor, can be saved.

Lieut. Hobson says more air pumps will be required to raise the Colon than were used on the Maria Teresa, as air will have to be forced into the uninjured air compartment of the Colon, besides into the many air bags which will be employed in the raising process. Just how the Spanish Government about \$1,000,000, and the lieutenant regards her as a "magnificent product of marine architecture."

FIRE IN A CHURCH.

Doxology Interrupted by Flames in the Baptist Church.

While the doxology was being sung in the First Baptist Church, corner of Sixth and O Streets, last night, flames burst from the baptismal font, immediately beneath the pulpit.

There was considerable excitement for a few minutes, but those who were present while a fire alarm was turned in, No. 9 engine company responded.

A large muddy hose was dragged into the church, and the flames were extinguished. After the pulpit rostrum had been flooded with regard to carpets and the fire subdued the damage was estimated at \$2.

MR. BROWNLOW'S SICKNESS.

The Tennessee Representative Critically Ill With Peritonitis.

Knoxville, Tenn., Oct. 30.—Congressman W. P. Brownlow is reported in a critical condition at his home in Jonesboro to-day. He has peritonitis.

White House Reception.

President McKinley held an informal reception at the White House last night. The callers were Secretaries Alger, Bliss and Wilson, Gens. Corbin and Sternberg, and Assistant Secretary Allen. Several of them were accompanied by their wives.

Prince of Wales Not Invited.

It was stated at the White House last night that no invitation had been extended by the President to the Prince of Wales to visit this country. No intimation has been received from the prince that he contemplates visiting America, and until one is received or some special occasion now unforeseen suggests it, no invitation will be extended.

ARMY AND NAVY NOTES.

Sergt. Howell C. Harris, Company A, Third Immunes, who is a Washingtonian, has been honorably discharged from the army.

The leave of absence granted Second Lieut. Charles J. Fromberg, Fifth Immunes, has been extended one month on surgeon's certificate of disability, also that granted Lieut. W. H. Charles, Tenth United States Infantry.

Hospital Steward Herman Harbers has been ordered to report for duty to Washington Barracks, D. C., from his present station, Letter General Hospital, Chickamauga Park, Ga.

OBITUARY NOTES.

Col. William Hyde. St. Louis, Oct. 30.—Col. William Hyde died this evening, aged sixty-two years. Col. Hyde was for many years managing editor of the Republican, now the Republic. He was married under McKinley's first Administration, and superintendent of mails at the time of his death. He made a sensational balloon ascension with Prof. Wess before the war, sailing from St. Louis, and the Great Lakes and landing in the Canadian prairie. He had just completed the work of his life, a cyclopaedia of St. Louis.

Major George H. Bonebrink. San Francisco, Oct. 29.—Major George H. Bonebrink, of Los Angeles, is dead. He was an Ohioan, prominent in the Civil War, and was the founder of several prominent banks and trust companies of Los Angeles.

David Harpster. Upper Sandusky, O., Oct. 29.—David Harpster died last night at his home at Harpster. Death was due to strangulation, caused by dropsy. David Harpster was a character of Ohio. He was one of the most extensive wool growers in America, and for years has been known far and wide as the "Great Lakes" wooler. He today received a message of condolence from President McKinley.

A MATCH BY MATCHLIGHT.

Electricity, Kerosene, and Candles Would Oppose Cupid's Work.

Montclair, N. J., Oct. 30.—A young man and a young woman in traveling dress appeared last night at the office of Justice Darlington and told him they wanted to get married in a hurry, so they might catch a train to Washington.

The justice's office is equipped with electric lights. He pressed the button and the lights shone for awhile with proper bridal brilliancy.

Then something happened to the dynamo. The justice was just saying, "With you have this woman—when the office was plunged into darkness. The justice found a kerosene lamp with only a little oil left in it. After finding the place in the book where he had left off, he proceeded to make every effort to get the flickered a moment or so and went out. The bridegroom asked his friends, the witnesses, to go out for candles. The stores were closed and the witnesses returned without anything to burn with.

The justice, however, was not at the end of his resources. He produced a box of matches. Under his direction each of the witnesses took a match and lit it with this light the ceremony was finished and the certificate was made out. A cab took the pair to the railroad station just in time to get the right train.

AN EXPOSITION SENSATION.

It Is in Full Blast, and Begun With Assistant Manager Harbit's Arrest.

Omaha, Oct. 30.—A sensation has developed in the department of exhibits, growing out of the arrest of H. B. Harbit, assistant manager of the department and general superintendent, on two warrants charging him with forgery. He will be arraigned tomorrow.

Harbit denies the charge and in turn declares that he will answer the counter charges tomorrow that will cause a sensation in exposition circles than his arrest. What these counter charges are will be furnished, but the general impression is that they will charge Harbit with crookedness in other departments, and, at least, claim larceny because he is not an agent of the exposition.

In the meantime a large number of exhibitors, representing all parts of the country, are crying fraud and demanding a rehearing and a readjustment of awards, which they claim Harbit manipulated for value received last week.

AZTEC TREASURE.

Miners and Others in Mexico Continue to Search for It.

(From the New Orleans Picayune.) "The interview in the Picayune this morning with Capt. Evans, the veteran Mexican miner," said a drummer late from the Greenwood Hotel, "reminds me of a very interesting story I heard when in Mexico some months ago. You have heard the old legend of the fabulous gold buried somewhere in the mountains by Aztec warriors about the time of the invasion of the country by the Spaniards when they robbed the people and swept away into their own coffers all the golden treasures of the unfortunate Aztecs. There is a version of this story, the best, and there is certainly more truth than fancy in the legend. You remember there had been a large expedition sent out from the city of Mexico by the Montezuma into the rocky country for the purpose of gathering a vast amount of the precious metals that were being converted into the gold coins of the day. This expedition was sent starting back to the capital when word was brought that the nation was in the hands of Spanish robbers. They were informed that the Spaniards had returned to their homes empty-handed, rather than to give the additional booty to the followers of Cortez. The gold expedition followed instructions, buried its treasures in a cavern, and then returned to the city. They were waiting for them, but he had advice of their empty-handed return that the entire party was ordered killed.

"It is a story that, at stated times, miners and others have sought for the treasure. Many diligent searches have been made, but all have proven futile. The secret of the hiding place was lost in the hands of those who, if any, had it. When I was in Mexico, traveling in the interior some miles from the city, I met with an American named Miles. He was from some point in Missouri and had three partners, but they were of whom he said he knew nothing. They were just starting for some point in the interior, where the Indian said the famous treasure was hidden. I have never heard a word from him since, but I believe that if he had good reason to believe that the Indian knew what he was talking about.

"Miles said that the place where they were to start was about thirty miles from Mexico City, within the range of the surrounding mountains. During the days of the Aztecs there was a constant warfare going on between the people of this range, and the Spaniards, who were trying to penetrate beyond what that any effort to penetrate beyond was met with armed resistance. Hence, he reasoned, as the Spaniards were not in communication with the Montezuma and the outside world, all the gold mines from which the vast wealth of the Aztecs was drawn must be within a few miles of this place. Miles believed that some day the old mines would be rediscovered, and would prove as wealthy as they evidently were before the Spanish plundered the country. This Indian said, was now buried in the waters of a small lake in the interior. This lake was the destination of Miles and his party. I have watched the papers since that time, and believe that they have never seen a word about it."

"This man, spending several months of every year in Mexico, is convinced that there is a large treasure somewhere in the interior, close to the City of Mexico. "I remember," he continued, "one day I was in the store of a small country merchant near a few miles from the city. The merchant, and an old man, and taking the merchant off to one side, handed him a small tobacco sack filled with gold dust. I learned afterward from the merchant that he had made a quiet sale of the gold to the merchant, and that he had never seen a word about it."

"No Trace of Forbes." William H. Rogers, the business associate of George W. Forbes, the missing contractor, will go to Baltimore today and endeavor to obtain information which may lead to some clue to his partner's whereabouts. Mr. Rogers is at Forbes' residence in Baltimore, and it is thought that he may have gone there.

How to Prevent Croup.

We have two children who are subject to croup, and they are under the protection of my wife gives them Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and it always prevents the attack. It is a household necessity in this family and no matter what else we run under the sun we do not go without Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. More of it is sold here than of all other cough medicines combined.—J. M. Nangle, 1215 N. 12th St., Philadelphia, Pa. For sale by Henry Evans, wholesale and retail druggist, 323 F Street northwest, and Connecticut Avenue and Street, and 1423 Maryland Avenue northeast.

HORN, THE TAILOR



Please don't imagine these goods came in a "paper train," drawn by a "paper engine."—HORN.

All This Week

I shall make Suits to order from a choice of 900 yards of woolsens in Cheviots, Blue or Black Cassimeres, Tweeds, Pin Checks, Stripes, Large Plaids, and Stylish Mixtures.

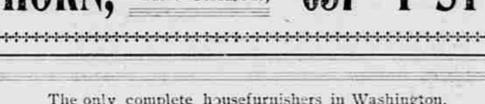
Suits To Order

"No," said Mr. Horn; "I don't believe in a sensational or misleading advertising. It don't pay in the long run. Bogus telegrams, assignment sales, sheriff sales, or to stir up a temporary boom, are not in my line. I don't want a customer today and lose him forever. I want him to come again—to be my constant patron. So I make every effort to give him the best value his money can buy. Result is he brings to me another customer. That's my best proof of giving extreme satisfaction on a round. If I didn't do right by my customers, I'd still be in my old basement, 612 F, but when people found out what really good values they were getting, I was literally swept away by an overflow of business." "And," continued Mr. Horn, "my present premises are becoming cramped, for my trade is steadily on the increase. I do believe in 'law-breaking' adjectives in advertising. The simple truth, simply told, is good enough for me."

Perfect fit guaranteed OR NO PAY.

HORN, THE TAILOR, "637" F ST

The only complete housefurnishers in Washington.



A Good Story

Is worth repeating, and the story of our big business is one with a moral. ENERGY and HONESTY have accomplished what they will invariably accomplish if properly applied. We put sufficient brains and energy into the management of our business to collect for your selection a wider and more pleasing stock of furniture than any other house in town. We practice the policy of honesty both in prices and qualities. When our enormous business enables us to buy more cheaply than our competitors, we give you the advantage; and that is the secret of almost all our prices being so much lower than other houses charge. If you have not already looked over our stock—and that quite recently, as it is changing constantly—do so before you make any furniture purchases. It is to your interest. Never forget, too, that credit is an accommodation which we willingly extend free of charge to all honest people.

House & Herrmann, Liberal Homefurnishers, 901-903 Seventh Street, Corner of I (EYE) Street.

A RICH BEGGAR.

Story of a Poor Russian Who Made His Fortune Here.

(From the New York Times.) Charles Burkawitz, thirty-five years old, one of New York's wealthiest and most influential beggars, was sent to the Island for three months yesterday by Magistrate Gimsted in the West Side Court. The charge against him was vagrancy. The family lives 631 Third Street. Burkawitz was arrested Monday evening at Broadway and Fifth-ninth Street, where he was busily engaged grinding out ancient melodies on that beggars' most precious friend, the blown hand organ, while his sightless eyes turned appealingly upward with the far-away stare of the blind. Being arrested is no new experience for Burkawitz. He has made many a journey to the Island in the course of his busy life. It is known to half the population in the city. They know that by a strict attention to business and the application of approved methods, he has built up a lucrative trade in his own particular line, and they regard him as a shining example of what thrift and enterprise will accomplish, even in the beggary profession.

Burkawitz was brought to this country from Russia about fifteen years ago by his uncle, who hoped to use him as a remunerative object of charity. He had no other relatives in the country, and at the time he was descended, however, from a long line of famous mendicants and inherited traits in good stead in new fields. The only external equipment he possessed was a peculiarly repulsive appearance, his hair growing far down on his forehead, as if he had been born a helpless idiot. He did not have even a withered arm or leg.

His uncle, who was a prosperous beggar in this city, installed the boy at Fourteenth Street and Third Avenue. This claim had been practically worked out, but Burkawitz was practically worked out by young Burkawitz went to work with a natural equipment by feigning blindness. He would roll his eyes upward, so that only the whites could be seen. He subsequently enlarged the scope of his operations by displaying a stack of villainously lead pencils, and thereby practically introduced the display of beggars' pencils in the lower part of the city.

Burkawitz withdrew from partnership with his uncle, and went into business for himself. Nine years ago he met with a fortunate accident. He fell down which he was living and laid open his skull. He came to his senses and found that he need not roll his eyes in order to be sightless. He consulted eminent surgeons, and they told him they could perform an operation whereby he could see again, but the rearranging of the shattered skull would probably destroy the brain. Burkawitz promptly decided to remain blind. He was kindly maintained, and after that his bank account grew by leaps and bounds.

Ever progressive, he gave up his hand on Fourteenth Street, and moved up to the park entrance, equipped with an organ capable of no less than five plaintive melodies. Here, with the cooling breezes from the green trees, and the song of birds blending with his music, he grew wealthy. His vacations were spent on Blackwell's Island. He sent to Russia for his cousin three years ago and married her. She died two years ago, and Burkawitz had no difficulty in winning the affections of pretty Yetta Elzvetz. They were married eighteen months ago.

Burkawitz's home was at 51 Lewis Street, in the heart of the poor Jewish district, and here the beggar's wife was found yesterday. There is no apartment in all that district to compare with the Burkawitz home. The family lives on the second floor, front. The front room is carpeted expensively. A white oak dressing case, with heavy plate glass mirror, stands in one corner. On the neatly covered center table are various articles of bric-a-brac, and the large, plush-covered family album containing the portraits of the Burkawitz ancestors. From the center of the room hangs a large brass case, in which are various articles of jewelry of his voice. Several handsome vases, and an expensive cuckoo clock stood upon the mantel-piece. The cooking stove was of the latest pattern, but Mrs. Burkawitz, who was sitting at the top of the stairs, said that Burkawitz was better off than any of them. In later years the beggar has preferred to remain at home on all holidays and on Sundays, and does not go out except on the most propitious days. He is said to go to and from his business in a street car.

Why Channey's Howls. (From the Atlanta Constitution.) And now, what do we see? Here comes the gallant Channey howling valiantly at the top of his voice, and he has a good, strong voice with which to howl. He cries out that Republican defeat would put things back to where they were before this wonderful war of McKinley property struck the country; that it would tie up money; that labor would be idle; that we would have to fight Spain over again.

Channey is entirely wrong. He and the men he works for are morally afraid lest something may occur to offset their successful efforts to contract currency and beat down prices. They are afraid that, with a change in the complexion of the House, they will be unable to force through an inflationary currency bill which was intended to relieve their heavy-currency contribution. That explains this lapse into calamity howling. Channey realizes that the McKinley party has the whip hand, and he fears that if the Democrats succeed in getting control of the House they will be in a splendid position for the campaign of 1900, and they see in that possibility the end of their cherished hopes for further currency contraction.

It is the people against the plutocrats.

FINANCIAL

MONEY AT 4 1/2% AND 5%

Promptly loaned on Real Estate in District of Columbia. HEISKELL & MELIHAN, 1005 F Street.

W. B. HIBBS & CO., BANKERS AND BROKERS, Members New York Stock Exchange, 1419 F Street.

American Security and Trust Co. Money to Loan. This company has money to loan on listed collateral securities at lowest rate of interest. C. J