

ENEMY DEALT HEAVY BLOWS ON WIDE FRONT BY AMERICANS

(Continued from First Page.) Etienne-Arnes, increasing with the French advances, the possibilities of complete relief of Rheims.

West of the Meuse, General Brialard's corps has reached the Kriemhilde line. Troops from Illinois, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and West Virginia, in a pivoting movement, advanced more than a mile and a quarter. Regulars in co-operation progressed more than three miles.

The attack west of the Meuse began at 5:30 yesterday morning, and by mid-afternoon Hill 240, Geneser, Fleville, Cheery, and La Forges had fallen. Severe counter attacks in the center were repulsed with heavy losses and the advance was fully maintained.

The attack was carried on successfully in the Argonne despite the greatest difficulties. The enemy had felled trees and strung them with barbed wires. Machine gun nests were cleverly concealed in this tangled mass.

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The American attack was highly spectacular. It resulted in General Gouraud sending his personal congratulations to the American division commander.

Railroads to Serve 75-Cent Meals to Soldiers and Sailors

Comes now the 75-cent table d'hote meal on railway dining cars. But this meal, which is 25 cents cheaper than the standard dining car meal, will be served only to men in the uniform of American military service.

Arrangements have been worked out between the War and Navy departments and the Railroad Administration whereby the field allowance of the military service will provide substantial food on railway dining cars and eating stations. The meal allowance of soldiers and sailors has been raised to 75 cents.

The price will apply whether the men are traveling at their own expense or under Government orders. It includes also inducted men on their way to enter the service.

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The French had taken a position known as "Elba Trench." But, few boches remained there. The Americans desired this as a jumping off place. So they finished cleaning out the enemy by a local operation the day before and established themselves there for the attack.

"Lean Against Barrage." With the crash of the opening barrage, the infantry jumped off. Their confidence in the artillery was so great that one officer said: "The men just leaned against the barrage."

The fire positions, pulverized by artillery fire, were captured. Further on numerous pill boxes were encountered. French tanks assisted in cleaning up some of these. In other instances the pill boxes were smoothed out with smoke bombs. The Americans then closing in with their bayonets.

A corporal of a famous unit, which carried out the capture, captured several officers, including a major, and twenty-six men, in one dugout. The major, who was in command of an artillery group, was heavily wounded, cast where he fell to the rear. He all the other officers were iron crosses of the first class.

THE AVALANCHE



Franco-American advance toward the Arnes river, have evacuated the eastern portion of that area. "North of St. Quentin fighting continued with the same violence," the communique said. "We drove the enemy back, fighting foot by foot, from a height located 1,200 meters southwest of Chardon-Vert (adjointing Sequehart on the south) and from the neighboring woods. More prisoners were taken.

"Northwest of Rheims we again started a push against the enemy on the whole front of the Aisne canal, which we crossed in several places. We progressed until we reached the borders of Bermericourt (six miles north of Rheims).

"The number of prisoners taken in the last five days is more than 2,500. Thirty-one guns have been captured, including twenty of heavy caliber, among which were five of 21-centimeter size.

"Sharp attacks by French and American troops in the Champagne and progress made yesterday toward the Arnes forced the enemy, who was threatened with envelopment on his left, to evacuate hurriedly the eastern part of the Monts region.

"French troops in the sector west of the Sulpice progressed in the hills, maintaining contact with the enemy's rear guards. Last night they reached the height located 800 meters south of Moronvillers (twelve miles directly east of Rheims).

PARIS, Oct. 5.—10:29 a. m.—The French and American drives in the Argonne, Champagne, and Rhin regions, renewed this morning, are impelling the Germans in the Argonne massif and in the newly created pocket northeast of Rheims.

Franco-American troops are now strongly established on the Orfeuil plateau. The French have reached the Arnes stream and are threatening to envelop the enemy still holding Nogent-L'Abbesse, Belme, and the Moronvillers' Grove (all between Rheims and the Sulpice river). This operation is in conjunction with General Berthelot's drive north of Rheims.

The American advance east of the Argonne is timed to progress with General Gouraud's right and is menacing the Germans in the great forest, evacuation of which is expected.

TURKEY SOUGHT PEACE MONTH AGO

ROME, Oct. 5.—Bulgarian learned through American channels that Turkey was negotiating for peace more than a month ago, said a Geneva dispatch to the Epoca today. This discovery, said the dispatch, resulted in the Bulgarian armistice.

10,000 TROOPS IN TURKEY MUTINY

ZURICH, Oct. 5.—Mutiny is reported to have broken out in the Turkish army. Ten thousand deserters marched upon Constantinople demanding the resignation of Talaat Bey and Djevdet Pasha from the ministry, said a dispatch received here today.

2 ARMIES MENACED BY FRANCO-YANKS

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33 IS EPIDEMIC TOLL AT MEADE

Thirty-three deaths at Camp Meade, Md., from Spanish influenza or pneumonia, were reported today, bringing the total number of deaths in the camp from this disease up to 111.

ANOTHER "MIDDY" DIES

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Oct. 5.—The third victim of pneumonia among the students of the Naval Academy, following the outbreak of the Spanish influenza here, died today. Harry S. Latta, of Gosport, Ind., a member of the first class, succumbed to the disease after an illness of several days. He was to have been graduated next summer. Of 900 cases reported among the student body there have been but three fatalities.

POST 50,000 "FLU" PLACARDS HERE

Fifty thousand copies of a circular entitled, "Advice as to the care of patients suffering from influenza and pneumonia and as to the prevention of these diseases" are being distributed in every section of the District today by the District Health Department. The placard reads in full, as follows:

Influenza may begin as a common cold. Persons showing the least suspicious symptoms of the disease should go to bed at once and send for a doctor. Pending the arrival of the doctor, take a laxative; take only light food, such as eggs, milk, toast, and similar things. Have the room well ventilated. Stay in bed at least two or three days after you think you are well. Even if it is found later that you have only a common cold, and not influenza, the rest in bed is the best treatment.

Advice to Attendants. Influenza is highly communicable; the germ is contained in the secretions from the mouth and nose. It is spread chiefly by droplets sprayed from the nose and throat in the act of coughing, laughing, and sneezing. These droplets are breathed in by a susceptible person who is near, and in this manner he becomes infected. Persons suffering from, or who are suspected to be suffering from, the disease, should, during the act of coughing or sneezing, hold before his face a cloth, or something to prevent these droplets from escaping into the surrounding air. These cloths should be kept or boiled to kill the germs without delay.

The hands of attendants should be carefully washed with soap and water immediately after attending any one sick and always before eating. Do not use a towel that is used by other persons. Hides, knives, forks, spoons, etc., used by the patient should be boiled before being used again.

All bed linen, towels, etc., used by the patient should be boiled. Blankets and other bed covering should be exposed out of doors to daylight and sunshine.

To Prevent Infection. Keep out of places where people congregate. Do not let any one cough, spit, or sneeze in your face if possible to prevent it. Keep your mouth closed. Be sure to wash your hands immediately after handling any one suffering from the disease. Avoid all exposure to excesses. Avoid fatigue; get sufficient sleep. Eat regularly. Keep in the fresh air as much as possible. Keep away from places where the disease is.

TO SERVE MEALS AT 30 CENTS. PARIS, Oct. 5.—As a means of combating the high cost of living, municipal restaurants are promised for Paris, according to the Petit Parisien. The meal will be served for 25 cents, and will consist of soup, yeast vegetables and bread. There will be no sugar nor butter.

MAX TO STATE POLICY. ZURICH, Oct. 5. Prince Max, of Baden, the new German chancellor, will announce his policy to the Reichstag today, according to German views. It will include: Restoration of Belgium by means of an international fund. Revision of the Brest-Litovsk and the Bucharest treaties by a congress of all the belligerents. Freedom of the seas. No payment of damages to France. Retention of Alsace-Lorraine. Return of German colonies. Partial and progressive disarmament.

The Inevitable Union—Fighting Dollars and Fighting Men. The village of Wislaw, Pa., with 500 inhabitants, had 300 cases of Spanish influenza today. Nine deaths had been reported.

CHURCH SERVICES IN OPEN PLANNED

(Continued from First Page.) Turton, 1130 Jefferson street northwest.

450 Employees Prostrated. William J. Wilson, superintendent of the Union Station Terminal, announced that 450 of the 2,000 employees of the terminal were prostrated today with influenza. Many more workmen are being sent to homes and hospitals suffering from the malady. Ever between the epidemic began a labor shortage existed at the terminal, and now desperate measures are being considered by the superintendent to keep storage places cleared of incoming freight.

Conditions would probably be much more serious if train service itself were not slowed up by the epidemic. "Weighing in with the freight arrivals are much slower, and we may be able to meet the situation if more employees are not taken with influenza."

All departments at the Union Station are affected by the epidemic. Yard men, station employees, freight handlers, and crews of switch engines are the hardest hit.

Nearly half of the engineers, firemen, conductors, and brakemen of the Southern Railroad trains running into Washington failed to report today because of the epidemic, according to H. O. Monday, chief train dispatcher of the railroad, at Alexandria. Actual figures are 125 sick, out of 350 employees.

Short of Men. "Although we are dangerously short of men for freight trains, we have been further obliged to cripple that service by taking freight train crews on passenger runs," said Mr. Monday. "By these measures passenger schedules have been maintained up to the present, but if further inroads are made on our working force, it will be hard to say where we will end before the epidemic ceases."

Nearly 200 trainmen and track workers of the Pennsylvania railroad in Washington are down with influenza, and the situation is beginning to look serious for us," said J. J. Cooper, assistant passenger train master of the Pennsylvania Railroad, here today. "Seventy engineers and firemen in the railroad departments alone are sick, and many more are courageously staying by their engines, despite their sickness."

Although appeals have been constantly reaching us to send men to the New England States to relieve the shortage caused by the epidemic there, it has been decided that we must keep our trainmen in the District in view of the spread of influenza," continued Mr. Cooper. "Passenger and freight arrivals in Washington are normally very heavy, and under the present strained conditions we may be obliged to appeal for assistance ourselves within a day or two."

1,000 Incapacitated. One thousand men, or one-sixth of the working force, of the Cumberland Division of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad are stricken with Spanish influenza, according to information obtained by The Times from Cumberland today. Men are being brought to the District from Philadelphia in an effort to restore the situation. With its working force badly crippled, Baltimore and Ohio train service into Washington is seriously affected.

All churches will be closed tomorrow. Open air services will be substituted wherever possible. Numerous permits have been obtained by the health department for the use of parks in the city. These open air services will continue each Sunday until such time as the District Commissioners decide the influenza epidemic is sufficiently abated to warrant resumption of meetings in church buildings.

At a meeting today of the Pastors' Federation of the District, Protestant ministers of the city voted unanimously to accede to the request of the District Commissioners that churches be closed in the city. Following is the resolution adopted by the pastors this morning:

"Resolved, that in view of the widespread prevalence of influenza, we have called forth a request from the District Commissioners for the temporary closing of all churches, we, the Pastors' Federation, in special assembly do place ourselves on record as cheerfully complying with the request of the Commissioners, which we understand applies to all churches alike. We further recommend that our people shall conduct in their own homes some form of religious work, remembering in prayer especially the sick and suffering. We also recommend that the present canvass for the fourth Liberty Loan."

Similar action was taken by the pastors of colored churches in the city at a meeting this morning. Representatives of 134 colored churches voted to abandon services in church buildings tomorrow and hold open-air services in front of their churches. These open-air meetings will be held at 11 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Quinine Cost Soars in Persia as Influenza Plague Strikes There

Spanish influenza is now reaching into the far corners of the earth. A State Department message noted its presence in Teheran, Persia, and quinine, an important remedy, now retails there at \$125 a pound.

tomorrow in Iowa Circle. Following the Sunday school service at 10:30 o'clock, the pastor, the Rev. Dr. Earle Wilkey, will preach at 11 o'clock. Special emphasis will be given at this service to the Liberty Loan campaign now in progress.

The Rev. Dr. Charles Wood, pastor of the Church of the Covenant, announced that the members of his church will hold an open-air service at 11 o'clock tomorrow morning on the vacant lot at Dupont Circle. At 3:30 o'clock there will be a community service, led by Prof. Peter Dykema. Dr. Wood will make a short address.

There will be services on the lawn of St. Paul's Catholic church, beginning on the hour, from 8 to 11 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Vesper services will be held on the lawn at Immanuel Baptist church tomorrow afternoon at 5 o'clock.

Patriotic Rally. A patriotic rally service will be held on the lawn of Christ Episcopal church, Sixth and G streets southeast, tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock. There will be addresses by the pastor, the Rev. D. R. Covell, and speaker, the Rev. Dr. Charles Wood, assisted by Prof. Peter Dykema. Dr. Wood will make a short address.

Short half-hour services will be held on the lawn of the Immaculate Conception Church tomorrow morning beginning at 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11 o'clock.

Nursing Service Organized. The organization of the public health nursing service for the District today was announced by Dr. H. S. Mustard of the Public Health Service. With the setting aside of one telephone in the Health Office for all calls for nurses and all information on influenza, Dr. Mustard today started his work of preventing the spread of the disease.

This corps which is organizing is composed of experienced graduate nurses who have registered. Graduate nurses will be called upon to be requested to call and see Dr. Fowler, health officer, and they will be put to work immediately.

The Washington health organization is to instruct and not to nurse. These nurses will enter homes upon request and will instruct the family how to prevent influenza and how to attend to the sick person or persons in the house. A separate telephone—Main 6000, Branch 304—has been set aside for these requests.

One Call a Minute. This telephone service in the Health Office was started today. The first call came shortly after 9 o'clock. Floyd Keeler, of 1101 F street northwest, was asked that a nurse be sent to his home. He said, he was housing seventeen girl war workers, and that six of them were sick with influenza.

Since the outbreak of the influenza epidemic, twenty-two requests for nurses have been received. Some persons said there were from five to eight sick in one house. A call every hour is received by the phone, although most of them are seeking information.

The use of the theaters and movies in Washington by the health department was offered this morning by a committee headed by R. S. Robbins, manager of B. F. Keith's Theater, who intervened in the health department to be used as hospitals or for any other purpose. As there is no objection for accepting this offer, Mr. Brownlow said.

In this instance of course the epidemic will spread. I urge that all eating places thoroughly scald dishes and make frequent change of linen to check the spread of influenza. With more than a hundred influenza patients to care for, in addition to the normal number of patients under treatment, Georgetown University Hospital today is filled almost to capacity. Many convalescents are being daily discharged, but the number of new patients is constantly increasing, and the Georgetown authorities are obliged soon to call on other Washington hospitals for assistance.

George Washington University Hospital has only about thirty Spanish "flu" victims under medical care now, as about a hundred patients, who have improved, have been discharged.

Activities Abandoned. The War Camp Community Service has temporarily abandoned all recreational and entertainment activities which might cause the collection of crowds and today will begin a campaign of visiting and picnic parties, excursions, and civilian districts to prevent the further spread of Spanish influenza.

Outdoor activities, such as hikes, picnics and picnic parties, excursions, will be started early next week by the W. C. C. S. to take the place of indoor recreations which were abandoned on account of influenza. These activities will entertain and keep people out in the open as much as possible and at the same time will keep them in small groups.

Public Library Closed. The Public Library has been closed to the public by order of the Commissioners. This applies to both the central library and the Takoma Park branch. The library staff will be on duty as usual.

During the period of closing, no fines for overdue books will accrue. When the library is again open all books in the hands of readers may be returned, and no fines will be collected for a period of one week after the library is again open. No books will be given out while the library is closed. Readers may, however, return books between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4:30 p. m. by applying at the rear entrance to the central library on Mt. Vernon Place.

Owing to the epidemic, the meeting of the auxiliary chairman of the District Chapter, American Red Cross, to have been held Monday at Studio Hall, has been indefinitely postponed.

Salvage Work Discouraged. The salvage committee of the District Red Cross announced today that it would not receive any more donations of salvaged articles until the epidemic is passed.

With an enrollment of 750 students at the Y. W. C. A., scheduled to open Monday last, have been postponed indefinitely on account of the influenza, the Y. W. C. A. announced today.

The dance to have been given by the alumni of the University of Wisconsin this evening in Chevy Chase Library hall has been postponed on account of the influenza. Spanish influenza, it was announced today.

Success Repays All Our Pains When We Purchase a Liberty Bond.

BURNSTINE'S DIAMONDS advertisement. Includes text: 'Success Repays All Our Pains When We Purchase a Liberty Bond.' and 'BURNSTINE'S DIAMONDS' logo. Address: 361 F Street, N.W., Washington, D.C.

Howells LYMPHINE Tablets advertisement. Includes text: 'Howells LYMPHINE Tablets restore lost nerve force, creating new life movements to stay, dissolving free from Chlorine, Opium, Morphine or other harmful drugs. Write for booklet, free package outside 10 days treatment, by mail. C. H. Howells & Co., 41 Church St., New York. Sold by James O'Donnell and other leading druggists.'

300 of 500 People In Town Have Grip; Nine Deaths Reported. The village of Wislaw, Pa., with 500 inhabitants, had 300 cases of Spanish influenza today. Nine deaths had been reported.

OLD AGE STARTS WITH YOUR KIDNEYS. Science says that old age begins with weakened kidneys and digestive organs. This being true, it is easy to believe that by keeping the kidneys and digestive organs clean and in proper working order old age can be deferred and life prolonged far beyond that enjoyed by the average man or woman.

For Grip and colds that develop into Pneumonia. You are safe when you take Father John's Medicine for your cold and to build new flesh and strength, because it is free from morphine, chloroform, codeine, heroin, or other dangerous drugs. Take it Today.

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