

Today

Buy Liberty Bonds. Income Tax Stops Suddenly. That Ought to Puzzle You. A Premium on Small Families.

By ARTHUR BRISBANE. The German peace drive is divided into three parts: One part defeat. One part cowardice. One part lying.

Another answer, a good answer, patriotic and convincing, is made by every American who buys a Liberty bond.

The Liberty bond purchase is the American answer to German peace talk. The man who buys a bond says to the Kaiser, "While you are talking and saying what you don't mean, I'm sending my money to be used in fighting."

This country will not be deceived as Russia and Roumania were deceived. The most enthusiastic lending is the only answer, the fighting answer, that this country will make to the Kaiser's insincere peace talk.

Buy Liberty Bonds.

Have you observed this interesting fact in the income tax, and asked yourself why? If a man has ten thousand dollars' income he pays a certain percentage of income tax.

If he has a hundred thousand he pays still more in proportion. It goes increasing rapidly up to five million dollars.

WHY? Many of our prosperous, hard-working citizens would consider an income of five millions a year as small and inadequate.

There should be no individual class or cash hostility to any man, no matter what his fortune, legally acquired.

If a man worth twenty thousand a year can afford to pay tax, proportionately, much higher than the man worth ten thousand a year, can't the man worth twenty or a hundred million a year afford to be taxed much more heavily, proportionately, than the man who is struggling along with five millions a year?

Do our democratic statesmen, leading pure, simple lives, look upon these gigantic fortunes as the astronomer's look upon the distant fixed stars, so far away, so eminently respectable, so big, anyhow, that a difference of a few millions or billions makes no difference? If so, they should learn to think, and TAX in billions. It's the fashion.

Scientists say that a mixture of liquid hydrogen and liquid ozone, if perfected, would have an explosive force three times as great as that of nitroglycerine, and would be the most terrible substance on earth.

Every touch of the typewriter's fingers on the keys, as scientists tell, means an actual explosion at the end of an efferent nerve—that is to say, the nerve carrying orders FROM the brain to the muscles.

Hydrogen and ozone play the most important part in your make-up. Your body is more than three-quarters water, the water is two-thirds hydrogen and one-third oxygen.

Nature in the glowworm produces light without heat, superior to anything that man can produce. Perhaps nature within living beings produces by a mixture of ozone and hydrogen tiny explosions more powerful than explosions of nitroglycerine.

An interesting possibility. Let's hope science in America will perfect the hydrogen-ozone explosives in time to let our flying machines show Berlin how the thing works. Hydrogen and ozone would make very appropriate Prussian purifiers.

The woman street-car conductor is interesting and efficient. You see her on the crowded cars in many American cities, with a masculine cap on one end, foolish little shoes with high heels at the other. She has a khaki skirt, and over it ready-made purple cloak, with too many pockets—probably sewed up—and six to ten buttons on each pocket. She is a working-woman with rudimentary frivolity.

The Times will print each day one of the thousands of Liberty Loan Slogans submitted by its readers. Today's is by GEORGE P. HERRING, 1205 Florida Ave. N. E. "Better the U. S. Should OWE You Than the Kaiser Should OWN You"

WEATHER: Fair and cooler tonight. Tomorrow fair and continued cool. Temperature at 8 a. m., 56 degrees. Normal temperature for October 7 for last 30 years, 60 degrees.

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YANKS CROSS RIVER AIRE FRENCH TAKE MORCOURT

PEACE PLEAS IN HANDS OF PRESIDENT WILSON; REJECTION IS EXPECTED

Official texts of the German and Austrian peace appeals are in the hands of President Wilson.

The German note, addressed specifically to the President, was delivered to him in the White House by Frederick Oederlin, Swiss charge d'Affaires. The Austro-Hungarian appeal was handed to Secretary of State Lansing by the Swedish minister.

It was officially announced that the President would lose no time in making a reply to the notes, which are understood to be identical.

There were no official preliminaries to the call of Minister Ekengren at Secretary Lansing's office. He merely told the Secretary that he had been instructed by his government to present a communication to the Government of the United States from the Imperial Austrian government.

Reply Hourly Expected.

The President's reply to the appeals was expected hourly this afternoon. Before the receipt of the official texts, he had canceled his golf engagement and retired to his study.

The State Department refused to comment on the situation. Apparently, however, the reply to the appeals had been written, for the most part, in advance of their receipt, and the only questions to be decided were the form of the answer and the question as to whether the allies should be consulted before they are made public.

Whether the President would include in his reply a statement that peace could be obtained by unconditional surrender was a matter of conjecture. Prince Max, German chancellor, has asked that President Wilson communicate with the allies about the peace proposals. The President may discuss with them the subject of a restatement of war aims, making the allied purposes unmistakably clear.

Any proposal of an armistice by Germany or Austria must be to General Foch, Senator Knute Nelson of Minnesota interrupted a peace debate in the Senate this afternoon to declare: "Let us leave this matter to Foch."

THIRTEEN COUSINS KILLED. CAMP LEE, Va., Oct. 7.—Private Louis Seale, of the Headquarters Company, 155th Depot Brigade, has just received word from Italy that in the drive of the Italians along the Piave river thirteen of his cousins were killed in action. They were soldiers in the Italian army.

Spanish Influenza Victim



BRIG. GEN. C. A. DOYEN, Commandant at Quantico Marine Training Camp, Who is Dead of Pneumonia, Resulting From Spanish Influenza.

GEN. DOYEN IS INFLUENZA VICTIM

The death of the first high military official in or near Washington as a result of the Spanish influenza epidemic is reported today from the marine corps training camp at Quantico, Va.

Born September 5, 1859, in New Hampshire, General Doyen was appointed a cadet at the United States Naval Academy in 1876.

General Doyen commanded the first regiment of marines to go to France with General Pershing, and was among the most famous officers of the marine corps.

General Doyen received his commission as colonel and in May, 1917, he was designated to command the first regiment of marines to go to France. This regiment landed in France June 27, 1917, and was quickly followed by a second regiment.

While in France Colonel Doyen was promoted to be brigadier general, receiving his commission October 3, 1917, with rank as of March 26, 1917. He was subject to a survey by a board of medical examiners in May, 1918, and returned to the United States to become commandant of the marine corps training camp at Quantico, Va., which office he held at the time of his death.

RUBIN STILL AT LIBERTY AFTER ESCAPE FROM FAIRFAX JAIL

Ben Rubin, who Sunday afternoon escaped from the Fairfax county jail, is still at large.

Following the return of the last searching party at midnight Sunday, there has been no further organized effort to apprehend the criminal, who says that he is the real murderer of Eva Roy and perpetrator of many other crimes.

The authorities of Fairfax county think he may now be out of the county and very probably in Washington, where he was in hiding after his escape from the Lorton reformatory last July.

Planned Escape. His successful escape from the Fairfax county jail by means of a hack saw now causes the District authorities, as well as others interested in his "confession" of the Eva Roy murder and later repudiation of his statement, to believe that all his movements in the matter were well planned.

The District authorities are outspoken in their opinion that he "confessed" to the Eva Roy murder in order to be removed to the Fairfax county jail where it would be easier to make his escape. District authorities, who are on many serious charges.

32 GRIP DEATHS; 656 NEW CASES

Thirty-two additional deaths and 656 new cases of Spanish influenza were reported to the District Health Department today.

The report of 656 new cases of the disease is the largest in any single day since the epidemic started. Saturday 276 new cases were reported and on Sunday 279, making the total for the three days 1,211.

Names of Victims. The thirty-two whose deaths were reported today follow: Helen W. Kirley, 27 years old, 1354 12th st. n.w.; Francis Rearty, 22, Kensington, 14th st.; Walter W. Ballard, Jr., 1, Hotel Powhatan; Ira Z. Myers, 39, 923 6th st. n.w.; Grace M. Lee, 15, Casualty Hospital; Sarah E. Smith, colored, 49, 315 V st. n.w.; Lucille Taylor, 22, Garfield Hospital; Eleanor M. Kerr, Hardman, 26, 118 7th st. s.e.; Burney Cohen, 2, 409 H st. n.w.; William E. Manweiler, 33, Casualty Hospital; Nathaniel Gross, colored, 2, 810 New Hampshire ave. n.w.; Clinton H. Chapman, 28, 25 8th st. s.e.; Pearl E. Evans, 42, 5180 Mill rd.; Alexander H. Summers, 34, 127 16th st. s.w.; James Tambling, 23, Gallaudet College; Julia A. Pitts, 22, 728 Maryland ave. n.e.; Annie B. Bray, 27, 116 5th st. s.e.; Iris Lechowitz, 21, Washington Asylum Hospital; Thomas J. Kelly, 38, Georgetown University Hospital; John S. Hutchinson, 26, Blue Plains; Marion E. Farrow, 1242 D st. s.e.; Ruth Ritter, 21, 1461 Belmont; George J. Smith, 22, 623 M st. n.w.; George V. Minick, 25, Sibley Hospital; Irvy L. Marshall, 26, 1204 C st. n.e.; John J. Lally, 31, Garfield Hospital; John Meimberg, 22, Georgetown University Hospital; Myrtle J. Jewell, 39, 409 6th st. n.w.; Lee F. Lynch, 29, Walter Reed Hospital; Joseph Drury, 20, Walter Reed Hospital; Genevieve Knudson, 21, Sibley Hospital.

British Official In Capital



SIR ERIC GEDDES, First Lord of the British Admiralty, who has arrived in Washington on an official visit.

BRITISH NAVAL MISSION IN CAPITAL

Following official calls on Secretary Lansing and Secretary Daniels, Sir Eric Geddes and the members of the British naval mission were received by President Wilson today and later were entertained at luncheon by the President and Mrs. Wilson.

Secretary Daniels detailed Rear Admiral A. H. Robertson as special aide to Sir Eric, and Commander Charles B. Inskip as aide to the mission.

"I am delighted to be in America again; it feels like getting back home," remarked Sir Eric as he landed yesterday at an American port, where he was greeted by Admiral W. S. Benson. He recalled the time he spent, years ago, in America, where he began his career as a railroad man.

While in Washington the party will occupy the home of Capt. Perry Belmont, which was taken over by the Government for the housing of distinguished visitors. It will be the first time the mansion has been occupied since the visit of the Japanese mission to this country, several months ago.

Secretary Daniels and Admiral Benson, chief of operations, were the first to call upon the British party, whose arrival in this country was unheralded.

BIG RETREAT IN WEST; SERBS CAPTURE 1,500 IN BALKAN PURSUIT

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Oct. 7 (noon).—American troops forced their way across to the west bank of the Aire river today and occupied a village which the Germans had evacuated in the face of American fire.

The Americans then continued to push forward, mounting the slopes of the hill on the bank of the Aire. American planes today searched for a detachment of Americans lost in the Argonne forest. The aviators dropped baskets containing homing pigeons at the place where the Americans were last seen, but the pigeons have not yet returned.

LONDON, Oct. 7 (1:05 p. m.).—French troops fighting north of St. Quentin have captured Morcourt, extending the decisive hold of the French on the eastern bank of the St. Quentin canal.

Morcourt is just south of Tilloy farm, where there was hard fighting all day Sunday.

LONDON, Oct. 7 (12:15 p. m.).—Serbian troops are pursuing the fleeing Austro-Germans north of Vranje and have captured 1,500 Austrians, including a regimental commander, the Serb war office announced today. Twelve more guns have been captured.

Vranje is on the Belgrade-Salonika railway and lies 160 miles south of the Austrian frontier. Its capture was reported Saturday.

CANVASSERS SELL \$4,000,000 BONDS

Returns from yesterday's great house-to-house canvass were still being received from the more than 200 team captains at Liberty Loan headquarters early this afternoon, and although a score of volunteer workers have been assigned to the task of checking and tabulating the figures, only a rough estimate of the amount of subscriptions taken could be given.

As nearly as could be estimated, the initial 10 per cent cash payments on a total of approximately \$4,000,000 of bonds were taken by the more than 3,000 volunteer canvassers. This figure, however, does not indicate the degree of success actually accomplished through the canvass, since many thousands of Washingtonians, in response to appeals of the Liberty Loan Committee, already had entered their subscriptions to fourth Liberty loan bonds through their banks, and additional thousands had pledged their places of employment, or through their churches, or other organizations, and therefore could not give them to the canvassers.

In addition to this there were other thousands who assured the canvassers of their determination to buy.

TEACHERS PAID WEDNESDAY. Washington school teachers will be paid at their division headquarters Wednesday noon. Protests have been sent to the Board of Education by the High School Teachers' Association, of which Miss Alice Deal is president.

PERSHING REPORTS YANKS ADVANCING

American troops made further gains in the region of the Meuse yesterday, General Pershing reported in his communique, made public by the War Department today.

"Our troops have made slight advances during the day," the communique states. "Between the Meuse and the Bois des Argons there has been stubborn infantry fighting. "Further to the west machine gun and artillery combats were constant and heavy, and everywhere increased artillery activity by both sides."

WITH THE AMERICAN FIRST ARMY, Oct. 7.—Both wings of the American forces between the Argonne massif and the Meuse river continue to advance, despite greater efforts by the Germans to increase their resistance.

FRENCH PUSH ON NORTH OF RHEIMS

PARIS, Oct. 7.—French troops have made further advances northeast of Rheims, capturing St. Maumes and penetrating Hauvinne, the war office announced today. The Germans are offering powerful resistance all along this line, particularly in the vicinity of Hetricourt. Violent fighting continued through the night north of St. Quentin, where

HELP WANTED—MALE

BOY—Colored, to drive Ford car and do porter work; chance for advancement. 1237 G st. N. W. 1-5

Fred C. Hays put the above ad in The Times and said he had plenty of applicants. Good help is not hard to get when you use Times "Result Getters." Phone your ads to The Times, Main 5260.