

Col. Roosevelt is Excited. Brewing ... for 1920. Our War Is No Failure. And Americans Know It.

By ARTHUR BRISBANE. Long ago Voltaire said: "The thing in the world which it is received that one can most easily do without is an Emperor."

There are ugly mutterings in the armies of Austria and Germany; old men of the German Reichstag, sent to the front in spite of their age, weary of war and hunger, are saying, "We shall have something to do when we get back in Berlin."

The Kaiser is said to have expressed a desire to become president of a German republic. But when people decide that an Emperor is something they can do without, they also decide what to do with the Emperor.

He planned to go to his estates in the south and work in his garden. "I am very fond of my flowers," said he. Now, poor man, flowers are growing out of what is left of him.

And with all this, Colonel Roosevelt, who has been fighting Wilson, while Wilson has been fighting Germany, tells us that it is necessary to elect a Republican Congress "TO WIN THE WAR."

Colonel Roosevelt makes charges against the President that would send a little Socialist editor in jail in twenty-four hours. Read, for instance, this extract from Colonel Roosevelt's speech:

"The world would be better off now by hundreds of thousands of fearless lives and many millions of dollars of treasure if Mr. Wilson had been willing to supplement his own self-evident ignorance by the counsel of those who would gladly have counseled him wisely, but who would not creep into his presence as slaves."

The wise counselors that would not creep include Colonel Roosevelt, presumably.

One paragraph from Colonel Roosevelt's speech may come home to rest unpleasantly in 1920. We refer to Colonel Roosevelt's personal and intensely insulting reference to the President. Colonel Roosevelt said it was small wonder that in the cloakrooms of the House the bitter jest circulates: "Here's our Czar, first in war, first toward peace, long may he waver."

There are hundreds of men locked in detention camps for offenses less serious than that.

When two million American soldiers come back from France they will not report that Woodrow Wilson was a Czar, or last in war, or that he wavered.

It may turn out that Colonel Roosevelt in his attacks on the President of the United States in war times is serving the Republican party about as well as he did when he started the Bull Moose fire and cooked poor Mr. Taft.

If it be true, as Colonel Roosevelt asserts, that in the cloak rooms of the House, Republican members circulate insults befitting the President of the United States, what becomes of Colonel Roosevelt's statement that the Republicans have loyally supported Woodrow Wilson?

Is it loyal support to say that the Commander-in-Chief of the United States army and navy is a Czar, "last in war, first toward peace, long may he waver?" Do you wonder that the President, responsible for the ending of this war, and for important legislation dealing with difficult and dangerous problems of unemployment and lower wages after the war, should request that the people send to Washington men who will co-operate with him in the difficult work that the people have given him to do?

What Colonel Roosevelt calls "bitter jests," the people of the United States will call "shameful."

WEATHER:

Rain tonight and probably Thursday; cooler. Normal temperature... 51. Temperature 5 a. m. ... 67.

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AUSTRIANS LOSE 45,000 TROOPS IN PIAVE ROUT

CIVIL SERVICE RULE AGAINST RELATIVES OF WORKERS ENDS

The rule against more than two members of one family working for the Government was suspended today by President Wilson.

The action of the President is one of the biggest victories for Government workers scored in months, and is in accord with numerous editorials in the Times.

The text of the order issued by the President follows:

"In view of conditions existing in Washington, D. C. due to the influenza epidemic and the inadequate housing facilities, the Civil Service Commission is authorized as a war measure to certify to the executive departments and independent establishments in the District of Columbia for probational (or permanent) appointment the names of persons, who, by reason of having two or more members of their family in the service, would otherwise be barred from consideration for such appointment."

Effective immediately. The order, which is to go into effect immediately, will permit the appointment of several thousand Washington residents who have heretofore been restrained from taking civil service positions.

Congress has been repeatedly urged by the Civil Service Commission to take action similar to that decided upon by the President, but no progress was made because the unanimous consent of Congress was necessary before the measure even could be considered. Finally the situation became so acute that the President was appealed to and action was promptly forthcoming.

The civil service act provided that whenever two or more persons were already in classified service, no other (Continued on Page 2, Column 5.)

FIRE WIPES OUT VILLAGE IN OHIO

ALLIANCE, Ohio, Oct. 30.—Haver, a village in Columbiana county, southwest of this city, virtually was wiped out by fire early today.

The property loss is estimated at between \$150,000 and \$200,000. The fire is believed to have been incendiary.

When two million American soldiers come back from France they will not report that Woodrow Wilson was a Czar, or last in war, or that he wavered.

"I LOVED HER SO," CRY OF HUSBAND WHO KILLED WIFE

By GERTRUDE STEVENSON. BALTIMORE, Oct. 30.—Flame to him and ice to all others—that was Carlyle Webster's ideal of a woman, a sweetheart, or a wife.

And, because jealousy and not common sense ruled him, his bride of less than a week lies in her casket in her bridal satin while he is fighting almost certain death as a result of bichloride of mercury poisoning.

SUSPICIONS UNFOUNDED.

That his jealous suspicions were absolutely unfounded is patent to everyone but himself, but even today as his wife's bruised and battered body lies in the casket he is still unconvinced of her loyalty. Resentment against her still burns as fiercely in his breast as it did at the moment of the crime.

The true story of what happened in that bridal suite at the Belvedere Hotel from the time the young couple arrived last Friday night until her death, and his subsequent discovery of her infidelity, is told in a story which will appear in the next issue of the magazine.

That she was either dead twenty-four hours before Webster admits killing her or that she was held a prisoner in the bridal suite, destined to be a death chamber, is the belief of the girl's immediate family. They last talked with her over the telephone just before noon Saturday. After that all telephone calls to her were answered by Webster himself and one excuse after another was made by him as to why she could not be put in at 9:30 Monday morning by Edna Chaney, the bride's nineteen-year-old sister.

"Bernice is asleep," Webster told the sister. "I think he told the truth," Edna says today. "My sister was in her last long sleep."

Webster declares his wife was alive at that hour, and that he did not kill her until half an hour later. The sister believes that it was her telephone call which caused him to take the poison.

Miss Chaney's theory. "He knew it was only a matter of time when I would come to the hotel," she told the writer, "he did not dare to face me."

Apparently as happy as two children, they registered at the Belvedere Friday afternoon. anxious to share (Continued on Page 2, Column 4.)

"MYSTERY GIRL" HELD AS BURGLAR

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Elizabeth Lehman remains the "girl of mystery." Through finger prints taken by the New York police at the time she robbed the home of Mrs. George W. Perkins, at Riverside, N. Y., the girl was identified in Newark, N. J., where she is being held on a charge of attempting to rob St. Columbia's Church, of that city, and the Church of Our Lady of Good Counsel, in the Woodside section.

Though she was arrested on the complaint of the Rev. Father M. J. White, of St. Columbia's Church, and later charged with having attempted to steal silver pieces from the altar, and still identified by the Rev. Father Thomas J. Judge, assistant rector at the church of Our Lady of Good Counsel, the girl refused to make a statement.

Finally her finger prints were taken and sent to the police here, who sent word that the girl was Elizabeth Lehman; but that does not clear her identity. Where she lives, where her relatives live, or anything additional about herself she absolutely refuses to divulge.

She was first in the hands of the police after being arrested for the theft of a pocketbook from the Perkins home. Confined in the Bronx county jail she refused to give her name and was arraigned as "Jane Doe." Later she said her name was Elizabeth Rose and still after that it was Elizabeth Lehman.

KAISER SENDS NEW NOTE TO U.S. DESCRIBING FOE REFORMS

Will Refer Plea To Versailles

Austria's acceptance of President Wilson's conditions for the entry into negotiations for an armistice and peace, delivered to the State Department late yesterday, will be forwarded at once to the Supreme War Council now sitting at Versailles. It will be on the cables before night, it is understood.

This action was decided on following conferences between President Wilson and Secretary of State Lansing. The President is understood to have taken the position that inasmuch as the note followed the same general lines as the German communication now before the Versailles conference, it should be considered by that body immediately.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—It was reported from a Swiss source today that Count Andrássy, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, has decided to open direct negotiations with Italy.

Germany has sent a supplementary communication to the United States on the subject of peace. It reached the Swiss legation this forenoon, and was delivered by the Swiss charge shortly before 12 o'clock.

The new message describes what Germany is doing in the way of constitutional changes to make the government responsible to the people.

It was said that it does not alter the peace situation as it stands today by making any new proposals.

It is understood to have been unsolicited and constitutes a voluntary move on the part of Germany. The text may not be made public immediately.

Say President "Knows." The supplementary message was by way of amplifying previous statements of the German government that it had been politically reformed. The note, which it supplements, declared that the President "knows" about these reforms.

It was regarded here, therefore, as (Continued on Page 2, Column 5.)

BOLSHEVIKI DECIDE UPON GENERAL MASSACRE

LONDON, Oct. 30.—The Bolsheviks have decided upon a general massacre of all the upper classes on November 10, said an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen today.

It will be another "St. Bartholomew's night," according to the dispatch. The upper classes in Germany are in panic of indescribable proportions.

KAISER TO QUIT, SAYS BERLIN REPORT

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 30.—The Danish socialist newspaper, Politiken, and in prospect to abdicate, according to one report reaching here from Berlin today.

The Kaiser is reported to have reached this decision following a meeting of the leaders of the various German states. Travelers from Germany declared today that a definite statement regarding the abdication of the Kaiser may be forthcoming within twenty-four hours.

BERNE, Oct. 30.—"The world will not last longer than a few days; we must arrest the vain flow of our blood," declared the Socialist newspaper Vorwaerts, which is now regarded as virtually a German government organ.

BUDAPEST IN RIOT, SIEGE PROCLAIMED

ZURICH, Oct. 30.—A state of siege has been proclaimed in Budapest, following the attempt of a hundred thousand demonstrators to enter the palace of Archduke Joseph. The demonstrators are demanding a republic. German troops are reported to be arriving.

Students in the city have formed a council to co-operate with the Magyar national council.

MANY KILLED IN BUDAPEST RIOTS

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 30.—Rioting in which many persons are already reported to have been killed, is continuing at Budapest, said a dispatch (Continued on Page 2, Column 5.)

ITALIANS AND BRITISH PIERCE ENEMY LINES, OTHER FRONTS QUIET

WITH THE ITALIAN ARMIES IN THE FIELD, Oct. 30.—The Italian and British armies, completely piercing the Austrians' last line of resistance, are advancing rapidly eastward between the two railway lines feeding the Austrians on the Piave front. They have cut off all lines of communications on the Venetian plains.

PARIS, Oct. 30 (12:45 p. m.).—French and American troops, attacking northwest of Bethel, have penetrated deeply into the German positions at many points, reaching the support lines, which were almost empty of defenders.

PARIS, Oct. 30 (12:15 p. m.).—The Italians have taken 25,000 prisoners and more than 200 guns in their present offensive, it was officially announced today. Total Austrian casualties are estimated at 45,000.

Hungary torn by internal dissension and frantically seeking peace, the allies are battering her armies to bits on the Italian front and rapidly approaching Hungarian territory at several points in the Balkans.

The Italian front offensive is rapidly assuming the proportions of an utter rout.

British and Italians are across the Piave on a thirty-mile front west of Valdobbiadene to the Treviso-Oderzo railway. They have advanced about eight miles beyond the river on this front, capturing more than a hundred

GROENER SUCCEEDS LUDENDORFF AS ARMY CHIEF

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 30.—Announcement was made in Berlin today that General Groener has succeeded General Ludendorff as first quartermaster general of the German army.

The allies are sweeping through Serbia like a prairie fire. At three points—northwest of Negotin, and northwest and southwest of Unahine—they are within twenty miles of Hungarian soil. The Serbs, in the great Morava valley, are within forty miles of Belgrade, their former capital.

Pago-Pago, operating in Montenegro, have passed Ipok and Diakova, and further to the westward are nearing the frontier of Herzegovina. The battle line in the Balkans apparently runs as follows: From Negotin in practically a straight line westward to a point northwest of Chuchak; southward through Mostenegro to Fokus in Albania; southwestward to the Adriatic at a point north of Alessio. The latest reports from neutral sources indicate that the Hungarian (Continued on Page 2, Column 1.)

BALTIMORE STEAM PACKET LINE. CHESAPEAKE STEAMSHIP LINE. SUNDAY SAILING BETWEEN BOSTON, NEW YORK AND OLD POINT AND BALTIMORE. MORE RESUMED.

Steamer Chesapeake Line will leave Norfolk for Baltimore Sunday, November 3rd and Steamer of Baltimore Steam Packet Line SUNDAY, November 3rd, 4:30 P. M., and thereafter Steamers of Chesapeake Line will alternate on SUNDAY. Tickets of both lines will be honored on SUNDAY Steamers.—Adv.

