

MRS. WILLIAM C. STORY IN LEAD FOR PRESIDENT GENERAL OF D. A. R.

GIVEN 556 VOTES TO 519 FOR MRS. J. M. HORTON

First Ballot, Announced at 1 o'clock This Morning, Fails to Give Choice.

BRILLIANT SCENE LATE IN EVENING

Mrs. William Cumming Story, of New York, led for president general of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution on the first ballot, announced at 1 o'clock this morning.

She received 556 votes, thirty-four too few to elect, to 519 for Mrs. John Miller Horton, of New York, while Mrs. Charles B. Bryan, of Tennessee, reached 103.

Balloting for the presidency general and for several vice presidencies general not filled last night will begin at 9 o'clock this morning.

Story Ticket Ahead.

The announcement of results came at the end of a long wait, the polls having been closed at 10 o'clock. The general comment upon the result was that as a whole Mrs. Story's ticket had fared better than Mrs. Horton's.

The final result of the election of president general seemed to hinge upon how Mrs. Bryan, a "narrow" candidate, will use her strength. It is more than enough to elect either Mrs. Story or Mrs. Horton.

Mrs. Bryan has declared, however, that she was in the race for herself, and to stay, and her friends say she will win.

There was tremendous applause for Mrs. Story when the result was announced, many of the delegates rising to their feet to cheer Mrs. Story arose from her seat in the balcony and bowed to the applauding women below and about her.

Mrs. Horton was not in the hall, Mrs. Bryan, seated on the stage as usual, and to stay, and her friends say she will win.

Assembly Hall Crowded.

Most of the seats in the assembly hall had been occupied all the evening by anxious delegates and other D. A. R. members. The voting, which had gone steadily forward since 10 o'clock yesterday morning, ended at 10 o'clock last night, when it was announced that a few delegates entitled to vote had not cast their ballots.

In the three hours of waiting that followed State reports and other officials made reports. Mrs. Ida Rose Woodbury thrilled the women with her remarkable speech on the schools of the Appalachian Mountains. Also, when the program under State and national songs were sung, and little groups of women in the hall started, "We Won't Go Home Till Morning," "Good-night, Ladies," and several other old favorites, which swept through the whole audience.

Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, the president general, was in the chair, and presented the speakers. There was a deep hush as the members of the committee having the votes in charge appeared, and the official announcement that Mrs. Story had led the ticket was heard. Silence which lasted for a moment after the full vote for president general had been called.

The delegates cheered spontaneously, but many of them began putting on their wraps even while they stood to honor their candidate. Many of them were early exhausted with the long day's work.

The whole of yesterday's interest centered naturally around the balloting for officers general.

Though the voting was done by State delegations in alphabetical order, so that the routine of business was not broken within the hall, where Mrs. Scott, the president general, presided, yet there were frequent diversions caused by the outgoing or incoming of Daughters on the business of voting. Once or twice, the halls were jammed, so that there was delay, and the general comment was that the Daughters of the American Revolution seemed to have outgrown their home.

In the main, however, the voting was done expeditiously with the machine placed in rooms upon the second floor. The balloting went forward at the rate of about 100 an hour, and a system of electric signal balls, which gave notice to the chair when one delegation had ended, and another might begin voting, made it possible for the booths to be occupied practically all the time.

There was a discussion over rights of candidates or their friends to supply tickets to those going into the booths. In the halls and lobbies, there was open campaigning, and many tickets were

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THE RIGHT INDIVIDUAL

The question of how to reach just the right employer, house owner or home builder is solved by The Herald Want Columns.

Herald Want Ads pull results—they are business getters.

The Wants are not read for fun, but for business. The Want Columns are a sort of make-it-pay department, specialized, subdivided and systematized.

VOTE ON FIRST BALLOT.

Table with 2 columns: Name and Votes. Total vote 1,197. Cast for president general 1,178. Necessary to elect president gen 600.

ALIEN LAND BILL TROUBLES WILSON

President Discusses California Proposed Law with Bryan, Lane and Houston.

RESENTMENT IS PROBABLE

Representative May Go to Sacramento to Keep in Touch with Situation.

The anti-Japanese land legislation pending in the California Legislature was yesterday the subject of conferences with President Wilson at the White House.

Secretary of State Bryan, Secretary of Interior Lane, and Secretary of Agriculture Houston participated. These conferences followed the visit of the Japanese Ambassador, Viscount Chinda, to the White House and the State Department Tuesday, when it is understood that the President and Mr. Bryan were informed that the proposed modified legislation in California is highly objectionable to his government.

One new proposal was talked over by the President and his advisers. It has been suggested that the President send a representative to Sacramento, to get in close touch with the legislative situation and advise the President of developments. While the avowed purpose of such a move would be to keep the President better informed of developments in the State Legislature, it is confidently expected, that should the President adopt the situation, the representative would exert a strong restraining influence upon the State body.

The Japanese Ambassador has already made it clear, however, that he is not much interested in the form which anti-Japanese legislation takes as in its substance and effect. Even if the California law, as finally enacted, should respect the treaty rights of the Japanese, it would not ameliorate the situation materially, so far as the feelings of the Japanese are concerned. Even officials of the State Department are convinced that whatever the form of the law, Japan will be resentful against the California Legislature for passing the law, and against the Federal government for not finding some way to prevent the legal elimination of the Japanese farmer from California.

If their treaty rights are not violated, which he will follow, he declares that if all married couples adhered to the following rules their voyage over the sea of matrimony should be very tranquil: "Keep up the courtship after marriage."

"Bring home flowers and candy occasionally."

"The little things which are generally considered of slight importance mean much to a woman's happiness."

"If other women adore you, do not tell your wife."

"Never leave your wife alone unless business compels your absence."

"Food and clothing count for little with the right kind of a woman, if a man is considerate of her feelings, and wishes and displays the proper amount of affection."

KANSAS DIVORCE PROCTOR.

BRIDGROOM, GIVES RULES FOR HAPPY MARRIED LIFE

Kansas City, April 15.—W. W. Wright, a divorce proctor, and Miss Madeline Macquenn today were married at Salina, Kans.

Mr. Wright has learned a great deal about matrimonial disturbances during his two years experience as divorce proctor and has made up a set of rules which he will follow. He declares that if all married couples adhered to the following rules their voyage over the sea of matrimony should be very tranquil: "Keep up the courtship after marriage."

"Bring home flowers and candy occasionally."

"The little things which are generally considered of slight importance mean much to a woman's happiness."

"If other women adore you, do not tell your wife."

"Never leave your wife alone unless business compels your absence."

LEADS IN D. A. R. VOTE FOR PRESIDENCY GENERAL

Pontiff Grows Weaker with Continued Paroxysms of Coughing.

SISTERS AWAIT LAST CALL

Holy Father Bids Servants Farewell and Dictates Will—Reconciliation with Brother is Effected.

Rome, April 17, 4:45 a. m.—The Pope is reported to be resting quietly. He has dozed during a considerable period of the night, and his attendants have feared to disturb him to give him his hourly nourishment.

Rome, April 17 (3 a. m.).—The condition of the Pope is reported as calm. He has been dozing for some time, but his sleep has been fitful. His temperature now is about normal. His strength is plainly decreasing each hour, and it is necessary to administer heart stimulants hourly to maintain his apparent strength.

It is evident to those about the Pontiff's bedside that he still retains something of his rugged constitution, and with the aid of the injections of straphantol and digitalis is making a remarkable fight for life.

The Pope's brother Angelo, his sisters, Anna and Maria, and nephew Mgr. Farolin, remained in the papal chamber until 11:30 a. m., when they retired to apartments in the opposite wing of the palace to spend the remainder of the night.

May Withhold Announcement.

It was learned tonight that the Italian government has tacitly agreed to give Vatican messages precedence over all except official government messages in event of the Pope's death in order that the Vatican may be able to notify the nuncios an foreign cardinals before a public announcement of his decease is made.

Prof. Ettore Marchisavia, chief papal physician, who has continued optimistic throughout the Pope's illness, practically admitted this evening that he had abandoned all hope of the ability of His Holiness to rally.

Pope Pius realized today that his death is inevitable and summoned his retinue of personal attendants to the papal chamber, where he bid each farewell and administered the papal blessing.

The pneumonia symptoms which the Pontiff have caused a severe congestion of the left lung and thorax, and it is from the source that the greatest danger to the Holy Father's life is feared. In the early afternoon the Pope suffered a severe paroxysm of coughing, during which it was feared he would suffocate.

Stimulants Are Administered.

Strophantol and digitalis have been administered to His Holiness almost constantly during the last twenty-four hours, in hope of stimulating the heart and allaying the fever.

Every preparation has been made at the Vatican for the Pope's death.

The Roman lawyer Patriarca, who was summoned this afternoon to draw up the will of the Holy See, and drew up the will of Pope Leo XIII.

The most affecting scene which has occurred during the entire illness of the Holy Father, is the persistent refusal of the Pontiff to exercise his office for the benefit of any members of his family.

Angelo threw himself on the foot of the Pontiff's bed, and while his body shook with sobs, begged forgiveness for the trouble which he has caused his father since being elevated to the pontifical throne.

A suave smile wreathed the emaciated face of the Pope, and in a low voice the Holy Father commanded his brother to go to his room and rest.

The pretty dimples about the mouth of the Pontiff broke into a smile, and he said: "Maybe both—who knows? But one thing sure is that I have yet to meet a man like papa—my ideal."

Plans University Course

"My present plan is to return after this trip and go to my mother's alma mater, the University of Missouri. I intend to specialize later on educational work to aid the mountain folks of Tennessee and Kentucky."

"Those people have adhered so closely to the customs of their ancestors that some of their children, I am told, carry names that are entire Biblical verses."

"But marriage—that is something that is definite in your life?"

"Oh, yes. I suppose as a girl of nineteen I should be thinking of marriage, but I do not. You see co-education makes girls and boys remain long in the family relation, so to speak. We are all like a lot of children in a way. We chum with boys just as we do with our brothers, and romance is not lost, but deferred, I should say."

Giant Sea Spider Seizes Bath.

Santa Monica, Cal., April 15.—While bathing in the surf near the municipal pier today, Mrs. Jennie Maloney, of Los Angeles, was seized by a gigantic sea spider and when rescued by some motion picture actors, who were at work near the beach, was unconscious and nearly drowned. The spider measured more than forty-seven inches across, weighed nearly fifteen pounds, and is said to be one of the largest sea spiders ever captured.

Austrian Heir Seriously Ill.

Vienna, April 16.—It is reported from Trieste that the archduke, Franz Ferdinand, heir to the throne, is seriously ill, having been again attacked by tuberculosis from which he suffered twenty years ago.

The archduke, who spent the last three winters in Switzerland and the spring on the Adriatic coast, is now stopping at Miramar, near Trieste.

PONTIFF GROWS WEAKER WITH CONTINUED PAROXYSMS OF COUGHING.

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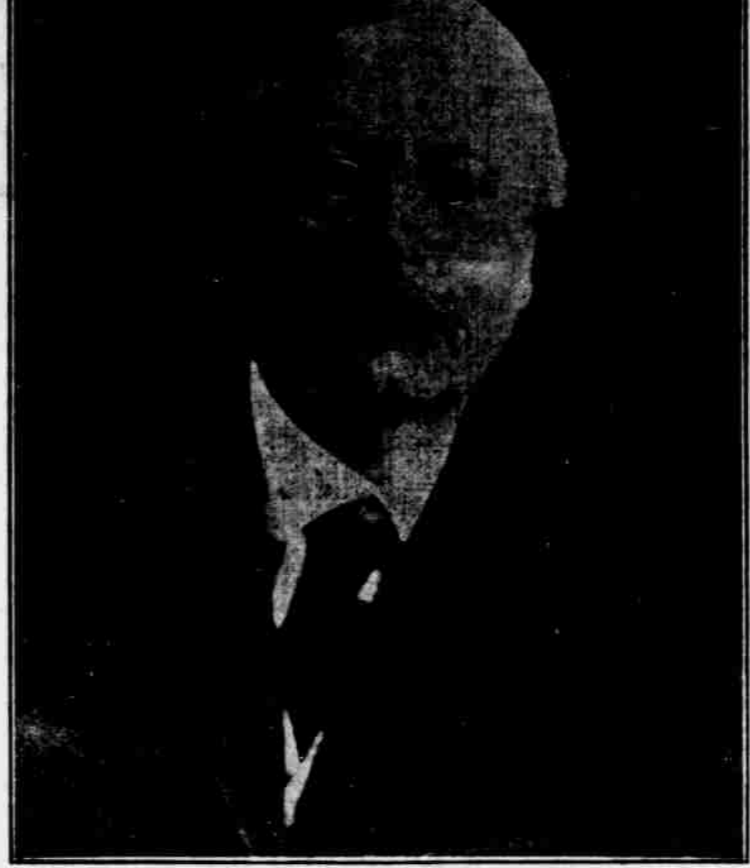
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WILSON DISMISSES WEATHER CHIEF; SWEEPING INQUIRY IS UNDER WAY

REMOVED FROM OFFICE BY PRESIDENT'S ORDER

Prof. Willis L. Moore, Chief of the Weather Bureau.



PROF. WILLIS L. MOORE, Chief of the Weather Bureau.

WILLIS L. MOORE IS REMOVED BY PRESIDENT

'Gross Irregularities in Office' Charged in Official Statement.

CHARLES T. BURNS UNDER SUSPENSION

President Wilson yesterday summarily dismissed Willis L. Moore, chief of the Weather Bureau, for alleged irregularities in the conduct of his office. At the same time the President suspended Charles L. Burns, foreman of the Weather Bureau's printing office, and took official cognizance of an investigation, now under way, which may result in the removal of a number of employes on the ground that they have been "unduly active" in using the public service for "private and personal ends."

The "private and personal ends" referred to, it is officially admitted, were the furtherance of a campaign for the appointment of Moore as Secretary of Agriculture in the Wilson Cabinet. The charges of gross irregularities made against the Weather Bureau chief relate to the same activity.

Caused by Moore's Boon.

Secretary of Agriculture Houston, in a statement last night, acknowledges that these charges against the Weather Bureau chief are of such a grave nature that the Department of Justice has been called upon to investigate them. No details in regard to the charges are officially given, except that they grow out of Mr. Moore's efforts in his own behalf to land a Cabinet job.

As soon as President Wilson's action became known it was recalled the representative Fowler of Illinois a day or two ago introduced in the House a resolution calling for an investigation into the conduct of Moore's Bureau. Among other things, the Fowler resolution called for information concerning the following:

"What circulars and other printed matter, prepared at the expense of the government, were used by the chief of the Weather Bureau in his campaign for Secretary of Agriculture during the last fiscal year, and what was the amount of money so expended?"

The Fowler resolution also asked for light on the following:

"What journeys were performed by Charles T. Burns, an employe of the Weather Bureau, under official orders from the Chief of the Weather Bureau, and under what instructions during the period from July 1, 1912, to February 23, 1913?"

Statement of Expenses.

The Fowler resolution also calls upon the Chief of the Weather Bureau to make a statement of the amount expended in official traveling expenses for the Weather Bureau in November and December, 1912, and January and February, 1913, as compared with the amount expended in the corresponding months of the previous four fiscal years.

The months referred to are the ones in which Prof. Moore was active in conducting his campaign for appointment to the Wilson Cabinet. The appropriation for the Weather Bureau is made in a lump sum last year of \$500,000—to be expended under the direction of the head of the Weather Bureau, and Representative Fowler's resolution obviously sought an accounting of certain of the Bureau's expenditures.

It has been charged that Burns, the foreman of the printing office in the Weather Bureau, was particularly active in the furthering of the Moore campaign for a Cabinet job. It has been said that he was organized as a labor man, typographical unions in many parts of the country, urging them to draw resolutions asking for the appointment of Moore to a Cabinet place. The labor unions were solicited on the ground that Moore in times past had been a fellow member of the union, and that he was entitled to their support as an organized labor man.

It was acknowledged at the Department of Agriculture that the government's investigation of the Weather Bureau was still under way, but that the evidence already laid before the President was considered sufficient to warrant the summary dismissal of Chief Moore.

Prof. Moore submitted his resignation to Mr. Wilson in the usual way on March 4. It was announced on March 13 that the President had accepted the paper, with the understanding, however, that it

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MRS. WILSON AT CIVIC MEETING

Meeting of Women's Department of National Federation Held at Rauscher's.

REDFIELD MAKES ADDRESS

Growth of Apartment Houses in the Capital Is Deplored by John Ihlder.

Mrs. Woodrow Wilson attended the meeting of the Women's Department of the National Civic Federation, held at Rauscher's yesterday morning, and heard plans for support of the association's plans to improve alley housing conditions in the Capital, a review of work accomplished during the year, suggestions for general welfare work, and advice as to housing conditions throughout the city. The meeting, the final one of the season, was presided over by Mrs. Archibald Hopkins.

The scope and nature of the work of the woman's department was described by Mrs. Ernest P. Bicknell, a member of the national committee on housing, told of the National Housing Association of New York, deploring the growth of the apartment house, and counseled his auditors "to keep Washington a city of small homes."

A large audience, composed of many of Washington's best known women, heard the addresses. Members of the Jewish Alliance and the Consumers' League were present and took part in the meeting. The speakers were Lord Eustace Percy, of the British Embassy, and Arthur Willert, Mrs. Bicknell dealt in her talk with the subject of most interest to the woman's department in describing the plan of bettering them. Secretary Redfield discussed welfare work in general, and spoke of errors to be avoided. In the final speech, John Ihlder, field secretary of the National Housing Association of New York, deplored the growth of the apartment house, and counseled his auditors "to keep Washington a city of small homes."

Secretary Redfield Speaks.

Secretary of Commerce Redfield spoke of the right and wrong ways of prosecuting welfare work, and gave it as his opinion that such activities, however well meant, are worthless when forced from above by unwilling recipients.

Mr. Ihlder spoke of the importance to the country at large of the example of the National Civic Federation, and that social conditions might be made as near ideal as possible.

The work of the Woman's Department of the National Civic Federation for the past year was reviewed by Mrs. Hopkins before the other speakers were introduced. In its work the organization has had the aid of the Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis, the Associated Charities, the Monday Evening Club, the Diet Kitchen, the Instructive Visiting Nurses Society, and other organizations.

She concluded her talk with a plea for assistance from those able to give in order that conditions in the alleys may be improved. During the hot months of summer, Mrs. Hopkins said, the death rate among babies in some of these alleys is as high as one in three. Conditions in such places then will make quite a contrast with the pleasant surroundings of many of her auditors at sea-shore and in the mountains, she pointed out. Mrs. Hopkins said that membership and active interest are preferable to mere financial contributions, and that such support is needed if the organization is to continue its growth and work. She reported a balance on hand of \$577 and an increase in membership from 61 to 200.

REVOLUTION JUNTA IS ESTABLISHED HERE

Members of Madero Family Throw Their Lot with Gov. Carranza.

WON'T RECOGNIZE LOANS

A junta representing the Carranza revolution in Northern Mexico was established in Washington last night by Francisco Gonzalez Gante, who arrived here yesterday in company with Julio Madero, brother of the late President of Mexico. The announcement of the organization of this junta is the first positive indication that the members of the Madero family and their supporters have thrown their lot with Gov. Carranza, the rebel leader in the State of Coahuila.

Senor Gante declared last night that he had received a telegram from Gov. Carranza announcing that the latter will refuse to recognize any loan made by the Huerta government. He has sent warnings to this effect to the bankers of New York, Paris and London, with whom the Huerta government has recently been negotiating for the purpose of effecting a large loan.

Collapse of the Huerta government in Mexico before the onslaught of revolution in the North, and outbreak of hostilities between Gen. Huerta, the provisional President of Mexico, and Gen. Felix Diaz, leader of the late revolution, were predicted here yesterday by Julio Madero, brother of the late President, and Francisco Gonzalez Gante, revolutionary agent.

Gante declared that relations between Gen. Huerta and Gen. Diaz are already strained, owing to their rivalry for the Presidency.

"The States of Mexico are honeycombed with revolution," said Gante. "Huerta, in order to protect himself, is keeping 3,000 infantry and cavalry at the national palace, while Diaz has withdrawn to his country place, a few miles outside of the city, and has taken about the Federal artillery with him."

"The Huerta government is just what might be expected of one founded on treason, murder, and deceit. The constitutionalists in the North are gradually driving back Huerta's troops, and will take only a few weeks to have Mexico City isolated and invested from all sides."

Both Madero and Gante said they expected important news in a day or two from Carranza, the rebel governor of Coahuila, who controls a large part of that State with an army.

From the Mexican Embassy advices of quite the contrary nature were given out yesterday. It was stated that rebel troops in Mexico are surrendering almost daily, and that negotiations are under way for the withdrawal of Zapata from the field of opposition to the government.

The early collapse of the revolutionary movement in the north is predicted by the embassy dispatches.

State Department reports strike a medium between the statements of the Madero family and representatives of the Huerta government. Indications yesterday were that the situation in the north is slightly worse, while conditions in the south remain about the same, with the Huerta government in American soldiers from their ordinary duties to guard and care for them.

DIPLOMACY NECESSARY TO DECIDE QUESTION OF MEXICAN PRISONERS

Secretary of War Garrison has put it squarely up to Secretary of State Bryan to decide what shall be done with the 200 and more Mexican Federal soldiers and Yaqui Indians held by United States troops along the Mexican border.

The former Federals and Indians came over to the United States at various times recently following defeat in the battles between Federal and rebel troops. They surrendered to the United States troops, and were at once disarmed and held prisoners. Meantime, they are eating up Uncle Sam's rations to the tune of about \$20 a day, gold, besides diverting a large number of American soldiers from their ordinary duties to guard and care for them.

WILLIAM FEET WITH NATIONALS

William Feet, Sporting Editor of The Washington Herald, is with the Nationals in New York, and will report every game for the readers of this paper. Following the policy of last season, The Herald will have a man with the Nationals, and the fans are sure to get all the news and gossip of interest.

Read The Herald for good baseball news.

Madame, Columbia Players, "Clothes" Today, 2:15, Columbia Theater, 2c & 5c.