Daily National Republican.

VOL X] WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 22, 1870. [NO. 75.

Auction Sales.

BY GREEN & WILLIAMS, Auct's. Southeast corner Seventh and D streets.

VALUABLE BOOKS, PAPERS, AND DOCUMENTS FOR SALE AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

Will be sold to pay storage, on WEDNESDAY, March 2, 1870, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the warehouse of John Ogden, No. 314 Seventh street west, between Market Space and D street north—

Gales & Seaton's Annals of Congress from 1797, about 1,500 volumes.
Gales & Seaton's American State Papers.
A large number of volumes of the Public Land Laws of the United States.
Gales & Seaton's Register of Debates, complete set, unbound.
Upwards of 130 volumes of the National Intelligencer, supposed to be complete.
About 30 or 40 tons of the Annals of Congress, unbound.
Several volumes of American State Papers.
A lot of Type.
Terms: Cash. GREEN & WILLIAMS,
fel9 d (Star&Chron.) Auctioneers.

BY GREEN & WILLIAMS, Auctioneers and Real Estate Brokers, No. 520, Southeast corner of Seventh and D streets.

OFFICE BOARD TRUSTEES OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS, WASHINGTON, February —, 1870.

In pursuance of an act of the City Councils, approved January 29, 1870, the undersigned sub-Board of the Third district, offer at public auction on TUESDAY, the 1st day of March, 1870, on the premises, that valuable property situated on the corner of A and Third streets, southeast, Lots number 10 and 11, in square No. 768, with the buildings thereon, known as the "OLD CAPITOL HILL MARKET." Possession to be given July 1, 1870.

Terms: One half cash, the residue in six (6) and ten (10) months, with interest from the day of sale, the purchaser giving his notes, satisfactorily indorsed. All conveyancing and stamps at the expense of the purchaser.

A deposit of ($350) three hundred dollars will be required at the time of sale.

JAMES C. BULTE,
W. B. MOORE,
J. W. CLARK,
Sub-Board of Third District.
GREEN & WILLIAMS,
fel9-td (Star & Chron.) Auctioneers.

BY GREEN & WILLIAMS, Auctioneers and Real Estate Brokers, 519 Southeast corner of Seventh and D streets.

HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE AT AUCTION.

On THURSDAY, the 24th instant, we shall sell at the residence of a gentleman declining housekeeping, at 10 o'clock, a. m., on Indiana avenue, between First and Second streets west, House No. 433, known as Ward's Row, a good assortment of Furniture, viz:

Walnut Brocatelle Covered Parlor Suits, eight pieces.
Gilt Frame French-plate Mirror, Marble Bracket.
Window Curtains, Tapestry, Ingrain and other Carpets.
Walnut Extension, Card and other Tables, and Stands.
Hair-covered Sofa, Lounges, Dining and other Chairs.
Walnut Wardrobes and Marble-top Chamber Set.
Hat Tree, Painted Cottage Sets, French and other Bedsteads.
Feather Beds, Hair and other Mattresses, and Bedding.
Cooking, Coal, Air-tight and other Stoves.
With a good lot of Kitchen Requisites.
Terms cash. GREEN & WILLIAMS,
fel9-td Auctioneers.

BY COOPER & LATIMER, Auct'rs (Successors to James C. McGuire & Co.) Southwest corner Pennsylvania avenue and Eleventh streets.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF HIGHLY VALUABLE IMPROVED PROPERTY, OLD NO. 357 H STREET, ONE DOOR WEST OF FIFTEENTH STREET.

By virtue of a deed of trust, dated the 6th day of December, 1868, and duly recorded in Liber T and S. No. 6, folio 140, etc., one of the land records for Washington county, in the District of Columbia, I shall sell at public auction, on TUESDAY, the 1st day of March, 1870, at 4 o'clock, p. m., in front of the premises, that valuable property situated on the corner of A and Third streets, southeast, Lots number 10 and 11, in square No. 768, with the buildings thereon, known as the "OLD CAPITOL HILL MARKET." Possession to be given July 1, 1870.

Terms: One half cash, the residue in six (6) and ten (10) months, with interest from the day of sale, the purchaser giving his notes, satisfactorily indorsed. All conveyancing and stamps at the expense of the purchaser.

A deposit of ($350) three hundred dollars will be required at the time of sale.

JAMES C. BULTE,
Trustee.
COOPER & LATIMER, Auct's.

fel8-dtds

BY GREEN & WILLIAMS, Auctioneers and Real Estate Brokers, No. 520 Southeast corner of Seventh and D sts.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF BRICK DWELLING AND VACANT LOT ADJOINING, ON NEW YORK AVENUE, BETWEEN FOURTH AND FIFTH STREETS WEST.

By virtue of a decree passed by the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, in Equity, Cause No. 1724, Violante Tessen vs. John Sax et al., I will sell at public auction on FRIDAY, the 25th day of February, A. D. 1870, at 5 o'clock p. m., in front of the premises, the west part of Lot 8, in Square No. 524, fronting 46 feet 6 inches on New York avenue, and extending back the depth of the lot. The west 22 feet 3 inches is improved with a two-story and basement Brick House. The adjoining 22 feet 3 inches is a vacant lot. These two parcels will be sold separately.

Terms of Sale: One third cash; balance at six and twelve months, for which the notes of the purchaser, secured by the satisfaction of the trust, bearing interest from the day of sale, will be taken, and a lien retained on the premises sold. A deposit of $55 on each parcel will be required at the time of sale. Conveyancing and revenue stamps at cost of purchaser.

WM. F. MATTINGLY,
Trustee.
GREEN & WILLIAMS,
fel4-td Auctioneers.

BY J. T. COLDWELL & CO., Auct's. No. 914 Pennsylvania avenue, between Ninth and Tenth streets.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE UNIMPROVED PROPERTY.

By virtue of a deed of trust, dated the 15th day of December, 1869, and duly recorded in Liber W. D. No. 606, folio 175, &c., one of the land records for Washington county, in the District of Columbia, I will sell at public auction, on TUESDAY, the 1st day of March, 1870, at 4 o'clock p. m., in front of the premises, all that valuable property known as Lot No. 21, in square 557, fronting 25 feet on Seventh E street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets east, and running back 124 feet 2 inches, to a 20 foot alley.

Terms: $255 cash, balance in six and twelve months, with interest, and secured by a deed of trust on the premises.

All conveyancing and revenue stamps at purchaser's cost. Fifty dollars will be required down on the day of sale.

SAMUEL E. DOUGLAS,
Trustee.
J. T. COLDWELL & CO.,
fel1-dtds Auctioneers.

BY CHAS. W. BOTELER, Auct'r. (Successor to J. C. McGuire & Co.) Corner of Penna. Avenue and Tenth street.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE IMPROVED PROPERTY ON THE WEST SIDE OF TWELFTH STREET WEST, BETWEEN M AND N STREETS NORTH.

By virtue of a deed of trust, bearing date the 31st day of December, A. D. 1868, and duly recorded on the 6th day of January, A. D. 1869, in Liber T and S, No. 6, folio 26, etc., and by direction of one of the parties secured thereby, I will sell at public auction, on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of February, A. D. 1870, at 4 o'clock, p. m., all of Lot lettered A, in Giles Dyer's subdivision of square numbered two hundred and eighty nine, (289,) as the same is recorded in Liber S K, folio 312, in the Surveyor's office of Washington city, District of Columbia, with improvements, consisting of a two-story Frame House, valid lot fronting 21 feet on Twelfth street, by a depth of 120 feet 1½ inches, to a 20 foot paved alley. This is a most desirable property.

Terms: Two thousand dollars cash; and the remainder in 6, 12 and 18 months. One hundred dollar down when the property is struck off. Stamps and conveyancing at purchaser's cost.

JOSHUA WHITNEY, Trustee.
fa22-sots CHAS. W. BOTELER, Auct.

☞ The above sale is postponed to WEDNESDAY, February 16th, at same time and place.
JOSHUA WHITNEY, Trustee.
CHARLES W. BOTELER, Auct.
fel10-sotds (Star)

☞ The above sale is postponed to WEDNESDAY, March 2d, at same time and place.
JOSHUA WHITNEY, Trustee.
CHARLES W. BOTELER, Auct.
fel7-sotds. (Star)

BY WM. L. WALL & CO., Auct's., New Marble Building, Store Nos. 900 and 902 south side Pennsylvania avenue and Ninth street.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF FURNITURE, PATENT RIGHTS, &c., AT AUCTION.

On FRIDAY MORNING, 25th of February, 1870, commencing at 10 o'clock, we will sell by order of the Honorable Orphans' Court, &c., all the personal effects of the late Samuel W. Marsh, contained in house on the corner of Sixth and E streets, Island, comprising in part of

Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands,
Tables, Chairs, Carpets, Sideboards, Stoves,
Crockery, Mattresses, Pillows,
Bedding, Desks, Trunks, Tinware, &c.

ALSO,

Half Interest in Gas Patent,
Half Interest in Portable Label,
Two Double barrel Guns, &c.,
Two silver, one Fine Dog,
With numerous other articles in the housekeeping line. GEORGE MATTINGLY,
Administrator.
W. L. WALL & CO.,
fel7-sodtds Auctioneers.

BY W. L. WALL & CO., Auctioneers, New Marble Building, Nos. 900 and 902 Pennsylvania avenue.

EFFECTS OF HOUSE No. 488 TENTH STREET, BETWEEN PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE AND G STREET, AT AUCTION.

On WEDNESDAY MORNING, February 23, commencing at 10 o'clock, we will sell the entire household effects contained in house No. 488 Tenth street, near Pennsylvania avenue, at auction, which we name in part, viz:

Rosewood Piano, Mantel and Cover,
Parlor Suit, in Green Reps,
Marble-top Tables,
Fine Walnut Chamber Suits,
Cottage Chamber Suits,
Marble-top Bureaus,
Bruussels, Three ply, Ingrain and Stair Carpets,
Oil-cloths, Stair-rods,
Hat-rack, Stoves,
Extension Table,
Lounges, Chairs,
Hair and Husk Mattresses,
Feather Beds and Pillows,
Tin Ware, Crockery,
Glass-Ware, Window Shades, &c., &c.

With other articles in the housekeeping line, all of which will be sold without reserve.

WM. L. WALL & CO., Auctioneers.

Amusements.

NATIONAL THEATRE.—"Fanchon" was presented by Miss Maggie Mitchell last night to a full house, which proves that her popularity is fully as great as when she first bounded as "The Cricket" upon the boards of a Washington theatre, eight years ago. She was well supported by Mrs. Mussey, as old Fadet; Mr. Varrey, as Father Barbeaux, and Miss May Saville, as Madeline, and others.

OLD FOLKS' CONCERT.—The Old Folks' Concert, at Lincoln hall to-night, should not be forgotten. The best vocal and instrumental talent in the District has been secured, and the chorus will number one hundred voices. This style of entertainment is quite novel to this city; and there should be no doubt of its complete success. All who desire to spend a most pleasant evening should certainly attend.

THE PAREPA ROSA OPERA COMPANY.—On Monday next we are to have Madame Parepa Rosa and her grand opera troupe, and on that evening the great Washington favorite will make her first appearance in this city in English opera. The splendid artistic ability of the "Parepa" herself, and the powerful combination of her company, comprising the very best voices that could be procured in Europe, have lately been added to her troupe. Our readers may rest assured that everything that lavish expenditure can do to make the entertainment gorgeous in scenery, rich in costume, and thrillingly sublime in music may be expected during the short term of their engagement. The company embraces most excellent musical material, and the managers know full well how to work up that material to the very best advantage. The music-loving citizens of Washington, and "their name is legion," have a rich treat in store for them, commencing Monday evening next and continuing for six nights. Due notice will be given of the sale of seats and other particulars.

POST OFFICE AFFAIRS.—Miss Mary M. Sappington has been appointed postmistress at Sappington, Anne Arundel county, Md., vice Frank Rogers. Mrs. Delia E. Moore has been appointed postmistress at Tyaskin, Wicomico county, Md., vice Miss Mary A. Dickerson, removed.

The following appointments were made yesterday: Wm. B. Thompson, promoted to head post office clerk on Pennsylvania railway, between Chicago and Toledo, Ohio, vice L. H. Johnson, removed. Isaac A. Crane, railway post office clerk, transferred to the cars between Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo., vice J. Barton, resigned. John E. Moore, appointed railway post office clerk on the cars between Chicago, Ill., and Davenport, Iowa, vice J. A. Crane, resigned. A. B. Moore, appointed route agent from Omaha, Neb., to Ogden, Utah, vice B. W. Curtis, failed to report. Sidney M. Sutherland, appointed route agent from San Francisco, Cal., to Ogden, Utah, vice M. McNamee, failed to report.

For Sale or Rent.

FOR RENT—A THREE-STORY BRICK DWELLING, (now occupied,) No. 1128 Eleventh street, between L and M. Inquire on premises. feb19-3t

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE DESIRABLE ROOMS in the COLONIZATION BUILDING to rent for office purposes, and one large room suitable for the meetings of Societies. Inquire at Colonization Office, in the building. feb19

FOR RENT.—A SMALL BRICK HOUSE, situate one square east of the Capitol. Inquire at No 50, old number, East Capitol street, between Second and Third streets east. feb18-3t

FOR SALE, A TWO STORY FRAME HOUSE, 3 rooms, on Union street, Island, at $700. Terms: $100 cash, balance $10 a month.
M. M. KOHRER,
feb18-3t New York avenue and Ninth street.

FOR SALE—A NEW TWO STORY FOUR ROOM BRICK HOUSE, located only half a square from Seventh street cars. Price $1,000. Terms: $300 cash, remainder in small monthly payments. A good chance.
M. M. KOHRER,
feb18-3t New York avenue and Ninth street.

DESIRABLE RESIDENCE FOR SALE ON CONGRESS street Heights, Georgetown. Rare opportunity, as it is easily improved. Brick House containing 9 rooms, with gas and water, lot about 100 feet on Congress street by 178 feet deep, besides a large stable, at present the residence of Mr. S. S. Williams. Apply to JOSEPH WEAVER, at the Bridge market. feb18-3t*

FOR SALE OR RENT FOR FIVE YEARS.—The warehouse, known as the New England Store, suitable for fancy, grocery, furniture business or manufacturing of any kind. Fine location and low rent.
J. H. CROSSMAN,
feb17-tf Corner of First and D streets northwest.

COUNTRY HOMES WITHIN SOUND OF CITY bells—Will sell at Great Bargains, one and a half miles from St. Aloysius Church, on a beautiful road (or will be when the Levy Court gravels it,) LOTS of half an acre or more to suit purchasers at Clark Mills' place, about one quarter mile east of the land.
J. H. CROSSMAN.
feb17-tf

FOR RENT OR SALE ON LONG TIME—A THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE, with eleven rooms, water and gas. No. 647 Twenty-first street west, first door south of G n. t.h.
MILES D. KENDALL,
feb19-tf No. 619 Pennsylvania avenue.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT COUNTRY RESIDENCE, Spacious Grounds, Stable, Ice House, &c.; furnished or unfurnished. Faces the Atlantic Ocean at Long Branch, and adjoins the residence of President Grant. For further particulars apply to
WM. HELMICK,
feb10-18t No. 707 I street north,
Washington, D. C.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE FARM CONTAINING one hundred and fifty acres, situated on the Washington Aqueduct road, four and a half miles above Georgetown. The improvements consist in part of a frame dwelling house, containing seven rooms, with kitchen, pantry and wash-room attached, and all the outbuildings required about such a farm. The land is of a superior quality, a high and healthy, commanding a beautiful view of the Potomac and the surrounding country. The land is finely situated, and is in a high state of cultivation. With orchard and grapery. About forty acres are well set in grass. This property offers great inducements to any one desiring a country residence. Terms moderate. Apply for information to
GORDON & GORDON,
fe2-eod2f Attorneys at Law
506 Bridge street, Georgetown, D. C.

Wants.

REAL ESTATE WANTED IN WASHINGTON, ALEXANDRIA, AND NORFOLK.—The advertiser will give or take in exchange Chicago real estate for Washington property, or will take Norfolk property in like exchange. Describe property securely, and address
PROPRIETOR,
Lock Box 181, P. O.
feb21-3t*

WANTED.—To lease for a term of years, with the privilege of purchasing, a large lot or GROUND, between Seventh and Seventeenth streets northwest, suitable for a Wood and Coal Yard; or would lease a Wharf property suitable for the same purpose. Address, stating location, size and terms,
GLEASON & OLENS,
feb19-3t 1st (12th) U-street Wharf, Washington, D. C.

WANTED—A PURCHASER FOR FORTY OR Fifty acres of LAND, thirty minutes' drive from Washington market, and in the neighborhood of the Soldiers' Home. Property on the Point of Rocks railroad and near a station. Improvements: House, Out-houses, Stable, and Dwellings, all in first-rate repair. Advantages: A first-rate Country seat for a gentleman who wishes to be near town; several fine Building Sites on the place; land in high cultivation, and well suited for the Milk and Trade business.

Terms liberal, and for same apply to
J. M. CARPENTER,
Real Estate Agent, Office No. 5,
feb19-tf Intelligencer Building, Seventh street.

$5. JUSTH PAYS FAIR (CASH) PRICES FOR Ladies', Gent's and Children's Second-hand Clothing, Under-Clothing, Boots, Shoes, &c., No. 412 Ninth street, between D and E streets, third door from Young Men's Christian Association Building. N. B.—Any Note by Mail promptly attended to. nov15-tf

WANTED—NEW AND CAST OFF CLOTHING, Old Gold and Silver, or any other article of value, at the old-established Merchant Tailoring Store of R. FULTON & CO., 319 Ninth street, bet. 9th street and Pennsylvania avenue. dec20-tf

Boarding.

TWO PERSONS OF GOOD CHARACTER AND habits will be furnished Rooms and Board at $30 per month each. Location on the line of F street cars. Inquire at 405 First street, corner of D, northwest. feb7-tf

BOARDING.
RUFUS SMITH,
of Loudoun county, Va., having rented House No. 463 Tenth street, between D and E streets, has made complete arrangements for SERVING a FIRST-CLASS BOARDING HOUSE BY THE DAY OR MONTH. Bath rooms on all floors. Rooms single or in suits, with or without board.
nov26-tf

FIRST-CLASS TABLE BOARD CAN BE HAD at the AMERICAN HOUSE, corner of Seventh street and Pennsylvania avenue, for $30 per month.
nov23-6m

WASHINGTON FACTS AND IMPRESSIONS.

INTERNAL REVENUE RECEIPTS yesterday were $687,081.53.

THE amount of revenue seizures reported yesterday was $6,200.

COMMISSIONER DELANO is expected here on Wednesday morning from New York, where he has been for the past week adjusting difficulties that have sprung up in the Thirty-second New York district.

THE Secretary of the Treasury has ordered the Department to be closed on the 22d inst., after 12 o'clock noon. The Secretaries of the Navy and War Departments have ordered their Departments closed during the day.

HON. S. S. COX'S LECTURE.—By reference to another column it will be seen that we are to be favored with a rich treat in the lecture of the Hon. S. S. Cox on "Progress in Spain." Mr. Cox as a speaker is very popular, and the interest now centering in Spain cannot but make this a very desirable lecture.

IN CONSEQUENCE of repairs now in progress in our press room, we have been compelled to print this issue of the REPUBLICAN elsewhere, and the fact that we were compelled to go to press earlier than usual in order to get off our large edition in time, will account for any lack of news, and the unusual brevity of important local reports.

THE ANNIVERSARY of the birth of Washington will be celebrated by the temperance men of this city by a grand temperance mass meeting at the Congregational church, commencing at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Senator Wilson will preside, and he will be assisted by a number of prominent temperance men and distinguished gentlemen as vice presidents.

CAPT. H. W. PATTERSON, Fourth United States infantry, at his own request has been relieved and ordered home on waiting orders. Captain Charles J. Von Herrmann, unassigned, has been transferred to the Fourth United States Infantry; First Lieutenant Greenleaf Cilley, from the First United States cavalry and ordered to the Twelfth infantry; and First Lieutenant Edward Hunter, from the Twelfth Infantry to the First United States cavalry.

DISPATCHES to the Secretary of the Navy from Commandant Goldsborough, at Mare Island, California, are as follows: The United States steamer Saranac, Commander P. C. Johnson, bearing the flag of Rear Admiral Turner, sailed on the 11th instant; also, United States steamer Saganaw, Lieutenant Commander M. Sicard; also, United States steamer St. Mary's, Commander T. C. Harris, placed in commission.

Dispatches were also received from Rear Admiral Lanman, commanding South Atlantic fleet, that he arrived at Rio Janeiro on the 15th of January.

SEIZURE UNDER THE CONFISCATION ACTS. In the case of Pelham against Rose and others, the United States Supreme Court yesterday held that the confiscation acts required actual seizure of the property or credit to be confiscated, and that the seizure of the indebtedness on a note, without the actual taking into possession of the note itself, was insufficient, and that upon sale in pursuance of such a seizure officially returned the United States marshal making such return and sale and his sureties were responsible to the holder of the note for any loss sustained in consequence.

THE FOLLOWING naval orders were issued yesterday: Detached—Lieutenant Commander A. T. Snelle, from torpedo duty and ordered to duty on the Oneida; Lieutenant Commander Wm. M. Maclay, from the observatory and ordered to the St. Mary's. Detached—Lieutenant Commander Edward Hooper, to duty as receiver and inspector of stores in the department of yards and docks at the New York yard; Ensigns Charles A. Adams, Andrew C. McMechan, and G. Blocklinged, to duty in the Pacific fleet; Acting Carpenter H. R. Phillibrick, and ordered to the St. Mary's.

POLICE REGULATIONS BY CONGRESS WITHIN THE STATES.—In the case of the United States against Dewitt, the Supreme Court of the United States yesterday decided that it is not competent for Congress to establish police regulations within the States. Dewitt was indicted in Michigan for a violation of the twenty-first section of the act of March, 1867, providing against the sale of petroleum oil for illuminating purposes inflammable at less temperature than 110 degrees Fahrenheit; and the court now held the law unconstitutional, because assuming to maintain the safety of consumers against the danger of using too inflammable oils, which is considered to be the province of the State.

THE CHESVER DIVORCE CASE—THE INDIANA DECREE SUSTAINED.—In the case of Chesver against Wilson and Worcester, brought to enforce a decree of divorce made between Chesver and his wife by the courts of Indiana, the United States Supreme Court yesterday held the decree of divorce to be valid. Chesver having appeared in the case it is held that the court obtained jurisdiction of the parties, and no question being made there as to the jurisdiction, the parties are now bound to the decree. The decree is valid and unquestioned in Indiana, and therefore under the Constitution of the United States it must prevail throughout the country. It is also held that a wife may acquire a residence independent of her husband whenever her rights require protection by litigation. The power of the Indiana court to make a decree in respect of property in this District is not decided, as it appeared Mrs. Worcester, subsequent to the divorce, agreed with Chesver to do substantially the requirements of the decree. That agreement was found sufficient for the purposes of the decision.

IN THE SENATE yesterday Mr. Patterson, from the Committee on Retrenchment, reported with amendments bill to abolish the freedmen's bureau, and provides for the bureau of education.

The bill provides that the present duties of the freedmen's bureau relating to the collection and payment of bounties, &c., shall be discharged by officers of the War Department to be selected by the President, The War Department is also to take charge of all property now under control of said bureau, except such property and funds as have been appropriated for purposes of education, which shall be transferred to the bureau of education, together with the clerical force now employed therein.

The bureau of education is authorized to co-operate with any and all other educational organizations throughout the United States for the establishment and maintenance of schools for educating all classes, and may take possession of all funds and property heretofore conveyed by the freedmen's bureau for such purposes, which may be attempted to be diverted from the original purpose and intention.

THE SALE OF CADETSHIPS.

The Committee on Military Affairs somewhat startled the House yesterday afternoon, by submitting its first report in relation to the sale of cadetships, and the blow fell first upon Mr. B. F. Whittemore, a member from South Carolina. The evidence was plain, positive, and pointed, that Mr. Logan and other members of the Military Committee could not see the necessity of delay, and wanted action at once, in order that the House might speedily purge itself of the presence of one who had brought a stigma upon the whole body of the Representatives.

The Military Committee certainly deserves all praise for the promptness with which it has acted in this matter; and the rapidity with which it reported its judgment to the House.

Mr. Whittemore is a Republican, and had there been a reasonable excuse for his conduct he would have been saved the humiliation and disgrace of an expulsion, for the committee is composed of such Republicans as Logan, Cobb, Negley, Packard, Stoughton, Witcher and Asper. Mr. Hoge, of South Carolina, also a Republican, is a member of the committee, and he joined the majority in recommending the expulsion of his colleague. It will be seen, therefore, that the committee rose entirely above party and looked only to justice. That the resolution of expulsion will be unanimously adopted there does not seem to be a doubt, as the delay suggested by Mr. Poland, Mr. Butler and others was only for the purpose of not seeming to be in too great haste.

The report excited the most profound attention on the floor of the House, which had an unusually large attendance, and in the galleries, which were unusually crowded. It was so quiet that every word of the testimony could be heard as it fell from the lips of the Clerk. Mr. Whittemore, the accused, occupied his accustomed seat. When Mr. Logan first arose to make his report, the face of the accused flushed a little, but that soon passed off, and during the reading he looked on apparently as unconcerned as though he were a spectator.

The result of Mr. Whittemore's case has caused some uneasiness among other members who are said also to be implicated; against whom the testimony points with equal directness, and whose turn will come very shortly. All the members implicated are from the South.

Mr. Whittemore is a native of Malden, Massachusetts, and was in early life engaged in mercantile pursuits. In 1859 he entered the ministry of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and entered the army at the beginning of the war as chaplain of the Fifty third Massachusetts volunteers, and was subsequently commissioned as chaplain of the Thirteenth Massachusetts veteran volunteers. When that regiment was mustered out in 1865 he remained in South Carolina, and entered the political field. He held some State offices, and was a member of the Fortieth Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-first Congress. Having been at times a merchant, minister, soldier, editor, politician, teacher of freedmen, &c., he will not find much difficulty in adapting himself to some other occupation after his expulsion from his seat in the House of Representatives.

In view of the testimony against him there is some curiosity to know exactly what sort of a defence he will make on Wednesday.

A card from Mr. E. P. Brooks in relation to this matter will be found elsewhere in to-day's paper. We publish it as a part of the history of the affair, and the public and Congress must judge of its value.

In this connection also we refer to the full Congressional report of the proceedings in relation thereto.

The Celebration of Washington's Birthday.

The preparations for the celebration of the 22d at the Masonic Temple, have been made on an extensive scale, and the occasion promises to be one of the grandest ever held upon the natal day of Washington in this city.

The committee have provided an additional hall-room in the upper story, in order to avoid crowding. There has also been provided a gentlemen's retiring and card room on the first floor, wherein those who are not devoted to "Terpsichorean" efforts can spend a pleasant hour and enjoy themselves in their own way.

The invitations are *not transferable under any circumstances*, and parties holding them will bear this in mind, as it will avoid trouble at the door.

Carriages will face east in delivering and receiving guests.

The committee of arrangements consists of Messrs. Alexander R. Shepherd, William S. Huntington, A. S. Solomons, L. J. Davis, Hallett Kilbourn, Wm. H. Philp, R. B. Mahon, L. Clephane, H. Seaman, J. W. Boteler, Z. D. Gilman, George A. Mellhenny, James L. Barbour, George W. Cochran, T. L. Hume.

The committee of reception is as follows: Generals Sherman and Mishler, Admirals Porter and Dahlgren, Messrs. W. W. Corcoran, H. D. Cooke, J. W. Riggs, R. T. Merrick, J. W. Thompson, J. D. Hoover, W. B. Todd, A. R. Potts, L. Johnson, C. Wendell, F. Philp, A. R. Mullett, W. G. Metzerott, W. Wall, J. E. Fitch, S. P. Brown, J. O. Evans, R. Walsh; D. K. Carter, A. Wylie, G. P. Fisher, J. B. Blake, J. W. Forney, Marshal Brown, J. M. Latta, M. G. Emery, T. J. Perry, N. G. Fast, W. B. Webb, James V. Davis, John F. Ennis, Fitzhugh Coyle, Frederick B. McGuire, W. S. Mitchell, A. Hart.

The committee of arrangements and reception are requested to meet at 12 m to-morrow to perfect details and receive badges.

EX-SECRETARY SEWARD.

His Arrival in Baltimore—Hospitality of New York City Extended to Him.

BALTIMORE, February 21.—Hon. Wm. H. Seward and party arrived in this city this afternoon, per steamer Cuba from Havana, and are at Barnum's hotel, where they remain a few days.

The ex Secretary is in excellent health and spirits.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—The common council have tendered the hospitalities of the city to Mr. Seward on his return to the United States.

TEXAS.

Senatorial Nominations.

[Special Dispatch to the Republican.]

AUSTIN, TEXAS, February 21.—In caucus to-day Morgan C. Hamilton was nominated for the one and six-year term, and Lieutenant Governor Flanagan for the five-year term. This is equivalent to an election.

JOHN W. GLENN.

Convention of Colored Men in Tennessee.

NASHVILLE, Feb. 21.—A convention of colored men, representing every part of Tennessee, met in this city to-day. Nothing beyond organization was done.

The object of the convention is the investigation into the condition of the colored people, and the adoption of measures for their improvement. It is a very respectable assemblage.

The constitutional convention concluded its labors to-day, and will adjourn to-morrow.

THE Wheeling *Intelligencer* says that no person in West Virginia, so far as it knows, favors a reunion of that State with Virginia, and that certainly no party is willing to avow any such wish or purpose.

SPAIN AND CUBA

Minister Sickles' Correspondence

The President yesterday transmitted to the House of Representatives a large mass of documents, in reply to a resolution of that body, on the subject of Cuban affairs. It gives the letters and telegrams which passed between Minister Sickles and Secretary Fish in relation to an armistice and the purchase of Cuba, the particulars of which have heretofore been published in documents sent to the Senate.

Minister Sickles on the 16th of October transmits to Secretary Fish a copy of his official note withdrawing the offer of the good offices of the United States, and also a copy of Silvela's reply to it. Silvela, it appears, regarded the withdrawal of the offer of good offices as the withdrawal of the note itself. Sickles refused to receive such a note, and the reply was so modified as to state the offer of good offices was withdrawn.

On the 17th of November General Sickles dined with the President of the Cortes. He met there the Secretaries of State and of the Colonies, Mr. Seluo'a, and others. Mr. Martos, Mr. Bercorra, and Mr. Rivas each said their remarks to Sickles were to be considered official as well as personal. He, therefore, reports them. It was said that Spain desired intimate relations with the United States, and would extend free institutions to Cuba; that the Cubans were prepared for free institutions; that the Government had been asked to order immediate elections for the Cortes in Cuba, but had refused because the native population could not participate; that the Cuban question could not be considered in the Cortes while Cuba was in rebellion, but that the Government were prepared to recommend the largest liberty.

General Sickles urged the immediate promulgation of their plan as the best way to terminate difficulties. In reply they said the war would soon be ended. The policy of an armistice was discussed. It was regarded impracticable. They stated that the Cuban question would be settled when the war was ended on the basis of self-government and commercial reciprocity, and that slavery will be gradually abolished. The native Cubans were a majority of the inhabitants, and their wishes ought to be respected in the determination which the Government should make. They desired that the President should know that Spain is no longer governed by reactionary and antiquated ideas of the Bourbons.

Sickles transmits to Secretary Fish, December 24, further statements as to the army of Cuba, and alludes to the anxiety manifested in Spain at the course of the United States. A winter campaign is regarded as a failure. Despondency is apparent in all except official circles. The British Minister was instructed to second Sickles' efforts to secure the abolition of slavery. He replied that what he had said was unofficial, and was so understood by the Cabinet. The changes in Porto Rico were to include the abolition of slavery. This may decrease in Cuba the resistance to independence.

Secretary Fish, December 30, expresses to Minister Sickles his satisfaction at the news of reform in the Spanish colonial policy.

Minister Sickles to Secretary Fish, January 9, sees no objection to the publication of all his correspondence. He prefers it should all be communicated to the public.

Secretary Fish addressed Minister Sickles, January 26, that the public interest felt in the United States in Cuban affairs has decreased since the flagrant violation of law by the agents of the insurgents had become known, and had alienated the public sympathy.

And the Junta expended their money and energy in sending to the insurgents arms and munitions of war, as they might have done, consisted with our own statutes, and with the law of nations, instead of devoting them to a deliberate violation of the laws of the United States, and had they in lieu of the illegal employment of persons within the domain of the United States to go in armed bands to Cuba, proceeded thither themselves to take personal part in the struggle for independence, it is possible the result would have been different in Cuba, and it is certain that there would have been a more ardent feeling in the United States in favor of their cause, and more respect for their own sincerity and personal courage.

It becomes more apparent every day that the contest cannot terminate without the abolition of slavery. This Government considers the Government at Madrid as committed to this result. You have several times received positive assurances to the effect from more than one member of the Cabinet. You will therefore frankly state that this Government, relying upon the assurances so often given, will expect steps to be taken for the emancipation of the slaves in the Spanish colonies, as well as for the early initiation of the promised reforms. The Secretary further instructs Minister Sickles to report at Madrid that this Government has maintained its freedom of action against great pressure, and that its action will be governed by facts as they occur. The President reserves complete liberty of action in case Spain fails to restore peace.

Among the documents is a letter of Consul General Hall to Assistant Secretary of State Davis, February 9, in which he alludes to the troubles in Cuba, saying the inability to protect the lives of peaceful inhabitants, or to punish atrocities that are being daily committed, is found in the absence of United States vessels of war in Cuban ports. They may be needed for the purpose of offering refuge to citizens of the United States in the event of popular outbreaks.

Telegraphic Summary.

THE steamers Virginia, Etna and Cambria, from New York, have arrived out.

IT is now said that the uniform depth of the water in the Suez canal is only 19 feet, instead of 20, as before reported.

THE London *Telegraph* of yesterday is assured that Lord Derby will accept the Conservative leadership in the House of Lords.

BARON ROTHSCHILD has introduced on the market a Massachusetts loan for the Fishkill, New York, railroad.

THERE was a grand fete at the Tuilleries Saturday evening in honor of the Archduke of Austria.

THE weather was very cold yesterday at St. Louis, and navigation North is suspended, and is much impeded South on account of floating ice.

THE conscripts in camp at Lyons, France, became disorderly on Sunday last, and sung the Marseillaise and made disorderly demonstrations. Several arrests were made.

THE London *Times* of yesterday indicates a feeling of increasing security on the part of the Irish tenants since the commissioner for examining the system visited the country.

THE annual report of the French Cable Company has just been issued. It comments upon the retrospective character of the American policy in relation to that company.

THE Merrimac and Concord are very high. Several roads near Lowell were flooded on Sunday. Some of the mills at Lowell were stopped yesterday on account of the backwater.

THE Royal River paper mill at Yarmouth, Me., occupied by Brown & Denison, was destroyed by fire on Sunday afternoon with all the machinery and stock. The building and machinery were insured.

EX-GOV. ARNY passed through St. Louis yesterday from New Mexico to Washington. He reports the Ute Indians discontented in consequence of frauds practiced upon them in the location of their agency. The Willamintahs and Coquite tribes have promised to remain peaceable, and are willing to go on the reservation if their agency is located at Rio Pass. Various Monache bands refuse to go, but will trust the Government to do them justice and expose the frauds of their agency. The Southern Apaches are hostile, and constantly depredate upon the citizens. The Legislature of New Mexico unanimously favor railroads through the Territory, and believe the extension of the Pacific would tend greatly to settle the Indian question in that region, and especially if the Government will feed the Indians while it is being built.

A HOUSE without children is like a lantern and no candle; a garden and no flowers; a vine and no grapes, a brook and no water gurgling and rushing in its channels.

THE NEWS BY CABLES

GREAT BRITAIN.

Health of Disraeli—Reduced Naval Estimates—Proceedings of Parliament—Light-house Carried Away.

LONDON, February 21.—The health of Mr. Disraeli is improving.

The estimates of naval expenditures are three-quarter million sterling less than last year.

The House of Lords held brief sessions to-day. No bills of importance were introduced.

In the House of Commons Mr. Jenkinson gave notice of inquiry in the reception of the returning Fenians at Dublin and the speech of the Queen's counsel there.

A bill providing for the inspection of mines was introduced.

Messrs. Bruce, Playfair and Elecio discussed mining accidents, and the means for their prevention.

After remarks from other members, the bill was read a second time.

A motion was made for the appointment of a select committee on the distribution of local rates and taxes.

Goschen explained the intentions of the Government.

The motion was opposed by Lopes, Bartlett and Beach, and sustained by Gladstone and others.

Without disposing of the bill the Commons adjourned.

The Fleetwood light-house was literally carried away last night by a ship, which was dashed against it in a gale.

FRANCE.

Washington's Birthday—Proceedings in the Corps Legislatif.

PARIS, Feb. 21.—*La Patrie* has an editorial suggested by the anniversary of the birth of Washington. This, it says, is as much a day for rejoicing for France as for the United States.

America owes a great debt to Lafayette, who contributed as much to the success of the revolution, and without whom there would have been no Union.

The articles concludes with a declaration that Americans will best show their gratitude to France to-morrow by placing at their public meetings side by side the busts of Washington and Napoleon III.

In the Corps Legislatif to-day M. Jules Favre moved his interpellation of the ministry on their domestic policy, and supported his motion with a vigorous speech. He alluded to the action of the Government in the recent popular troubles, and severely denounced the arrest of Rochefort and the attempt to mislead the public mind by pretending the existence of a conspiracy.

He demanded the dissolution of the Chambers. The majority here was not of the nation's but the prefects' making. If the ministry intended to be truly liberal, he would support them,