



TINY MONTENEGRO DEFIES EUROPE

With Ships of Three Nations Ordered to Her Littoral She Yet Refuses to Cease Hostilities.

SCUTARI AGAIN ATTACKED

Declines Also to Evacuate Northern Albania—British, Italian and Austrian Warships Close to Antivari.

(By Cable to The Tribune.)

London, April 2.—Down to a late hour last night there was no confirmation of the extremely serious report that Austrian troops had crossed the Montenegrin frontier, and it was not believed that the rumor had any foundation in fact.

It cannot, however, be denied that the position brought about by Montenegro's expressed intention to defy the will of Europe and continue her efforts to capture Scutari, irrespective of the expressed wish of the powers that the siege be raised, is decidedly grave.

It is believed that the Austrian fleet is already in Montenegrin waters or so near them that their arrival is only a matter of hours if the necessity for action arises.

It is understood that unless the siege of Scutari ceases by to-morrow the naval demonstration will begin.

NEW TREASURER TAKES OATH

Washington, April 1.—John Burke, former Governor of North Dakota, took the oath of office to-day as Treasurer of the United States, succeeding Carmi A. Thompson, who turned over \$1,438,422.61 to the custody of the new Democratic official.

This Morning's News.

Table listing local and foreign news items with page numbers.

THE OHIO IN COLLISION

Suction Draws Battleship and Steamship Together.

Philadelphia, April 1.—The battleship Ohio was in collision last night with the steamship Frederick, of the Merchants and Miners' Line, while proceeding up the Delaware River.

The contact was not heavy, and the most serious damage done was the dismantling of a 6-inch gun on the Ohio and a rent in the plates of the Frederick above the waterline.

PUT \$2,500 IN HIS LIVER

Radium Tried for Cancer in Philadelphia Patient.

Philadelphia, April 1.—Radium was used as a cure for cancer to-day for the first time in Philadelphia. Inserted in a small silver tube, twenty milligrams of radium, valued at \$2,500, was laid in a cancer on the liver of Malcolm Watson in the Methodist Hospital by Dr. G. J. Schwartz, a Pittsburgh surgeon.

Several of the city's best known surgeons saw the operation to-day. They took much interest in the treatment and are hopeful of its success.

EDITOR A "FOOL" JOKER

Reports That German Airship Had Fallen Near Rheims.

Rheims, April 1.—A local newspaper started its readers to-day by the publication of a statement that a German Zeppelin dirigible balloon, after cruising over the fortresses at Toul and Verdun, had come to earth near the Rheims barracks, having lost both of her propellers.

Enormous crowds of excited people hurried to the spot indicated, but saw no Zeppelin. Then some one remembered that it was the first of April.

'PORTIA' ENTHRALLS COURT

Anti-Visivisionist Presses Libel Suit Against W. W. Astor.

London, April 1.—In opposition to a formidable array of King's counsel a woman stood up alone without legal aid in the King's Bench Division yesterday to claim damages for what she alleged was a serious libel.

Miss Lindaf-Hageby claimed damages from Dr. C. W. Salsbery, a well known writer on medical and scientific subjects, and William Waldorf Astor, proprietor of "The Pall Mall Gazette."

She had still a long way to go when the court adjourned for a day and the jury went off in taxicabs to examine Miss Hageby's anti-visivisionist shop in Piccadilly.

DAUGHTER SEEKS FATHER

Brooklyn Chemist Has Been Missing Since Christmas.

Irene Hennig, twenty-one years old, who, while studying for an operative career, is living with Mrs. Yeaser, in No. 24 Gramercy Park, is anxious to find Dr. Charles Theodore Hennig, her father, who has been missing since Christmas Day, Dr. Hennig is a chemist.

JERSEY FALLS IN LINE

Fielder Signs Full Crew Bill, Despite Railroads' Protests.

Trenton, N. J., April 1.—Governor James E. Fielder signed the Egan full crew bill this evening, thus making the law of New Jersey an act practically similar to that signed by Governor Sulzer of New York and one that has been in operation in Pennsylvania for several years. In signing the Egan bill Governor Fielder supplied the link that connected New York with Pennsylvania, so that from now on it will be compulsory for railroad companies to carry full crews on their trains in the three states which adjoin one another.

NEW TARIFF BILL WORKS BOTH WAYS

Democrats Prepare Measure Radical in Some of Its Features and Protectionist in Others.

HIGH RATES ON LUXURIES

Formidable Free List Designed to Meet Campaign Promises to Reduce Cost of Living—Raw Wool Left for Caucus Decision.

Washington, April 1.—The essentials of the Democratic tariff bill, radical in some features but conservative and even protectionist in others, are presented herewith. The bill is a middle-of-the-road measure, levying high rates on luxuries and a few good revenue producers and low rates on the so-called necessities.

The bill, except in so far as it relates to raw wool, has been put aside as unfinished by the Ways and Means Committee. Its rates are now "up to" President Wilson, and any eleventh hour changes will be in consideration of the wishes of the executive. It is still doubtful that the tariff bill can be made a pure administration measure, for many of the rates carried in the Underwood bill inevitably bring factional fights.

As the principal details of the bill are gathered from authoritative sources, these intercorporate rows among Democrats are developing. Mr. Wilson may yet have to step into the breach to pacify Democrats who object to the slashing of the rates on farm products, lumber, sugar, steel, wool and other items in the big industrial schedules.

The free list is formidable, with chances that raw wool will yet be added. One of the last acts of the Ways and Means Committee was to put steel rails, railway bars and punched iron on the free list. In the Underwood bill, which failed last session, rails carried a duty of 10 per cent ad valorem.

CAUCUS TO SETTLE WOOL DUTY

The caucus will fight out the issue of free raw wool unless the President objects to that course. When this item was first voted on in the Ways and Means Committee the radical revisionists, despite reports to the contrary, won, and put raw wool tentatively on the free list. Then there was a reconsideration, and a duty of 15 per cent ad valorem was assessed. Again the item was taken up and the free raw wool men gained temporary ascendancy. To end friction in the committee it was finally determined to put the two rates up to the caucus, the committee agreeing to recommend tentatively a 15 per cent rate, while Mr. Harrison and other free traders will offer a free wool amendment.

A 30 per cent ad valorem duty has been retained on yarns made wholly or in part of wool.

The average duty on knit fabrics, cloths, woollen or worsted, felts, plushes and other pile fabrics is 40 per cent ad valorem.

On the principal manufactures of wool, including dress goods made wholly or in part of wool, hats, knitted articles, ready made clothing and the higher grades of flannels, the bill proposes a duty of 10 to 45 per cent ad valorem. Blankets will bear a 30 per cent duty.

Taking Schedule K as a whole, there is to be a reduction of slightly more than 40 per cent in the rates of the Payne law, which were the same as the Dingley law.

Radical Agricultural Schedule.

Passing to the agricultural schedule, a more radical revision is apparent all along the line, with the exception of the items covering cattle. Dressed meats are put on the free list, but the near-protectionist members of the Ways and Means Committee have succeeded in retaining a duty on cattle, swine and sheep. The compromise reduction means an average duty of \$150 a head on cattle, 50 cents a head on hogs and a cut of 40 per cent in the rates on horses, mules and sheep.

Commeal, buckwheat flour, semolina and wheat flour, rye flour and other offals of grain are to be free.

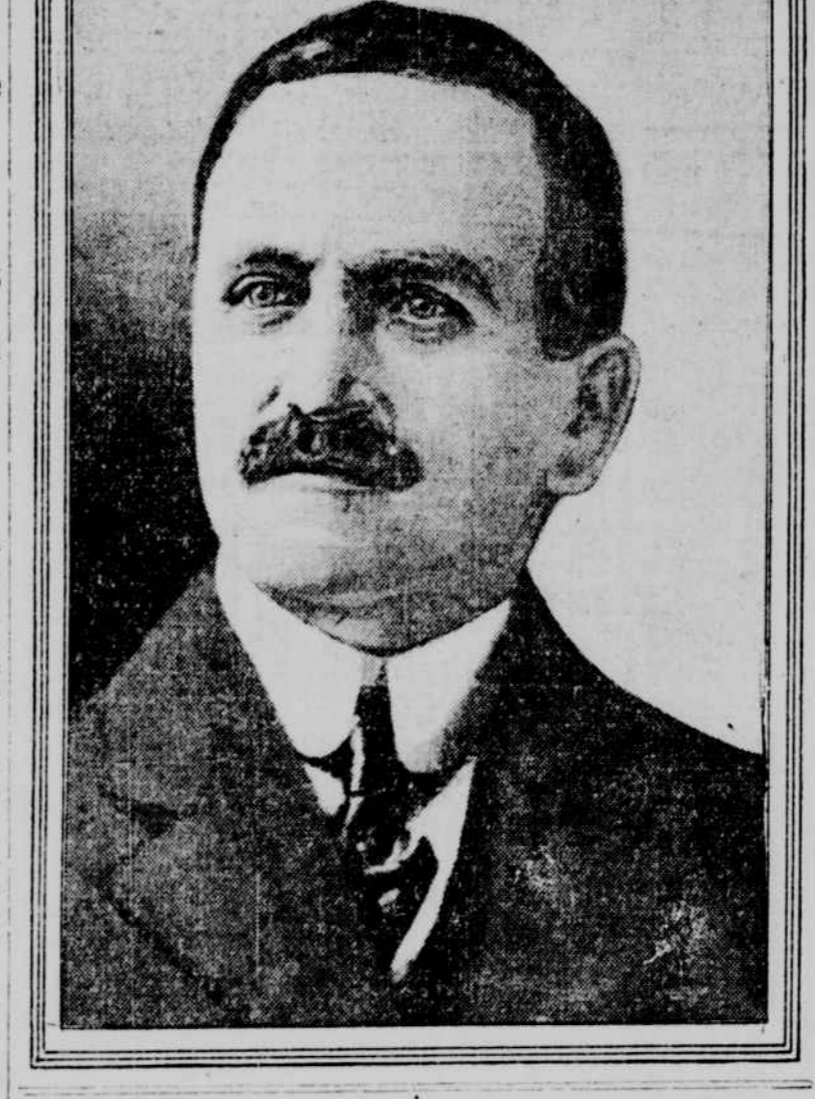
After a fight in committee, aided on the outside by members from the agricultural states, a small duty will be retained, principally for revenue purposes, on grains.

Butter, eggs, cheese, salt, lard and lard substitutes and tallow, all of which go into the "market basket," have been made free.

Onions will bear a duty of 20 cents a bushel, despite efforts made by the radical revisionists to put them on the non-dutiable list.

STEPHEN J. STILWELL

Whose resignation as state Senator is demanded by Governor Sulzer following charges that he demanded bribes.



POLICE THROW DINERS OUT INTO STREETS

Riot in Tenderloin Resort, but 1 o'Clock Closing Order Is Enforced.

WALDO SMILES AT WORK

Inspector Dwyer Finds Church-ill's and Rector's Tightly Closed at the Witching Hour.

Fights between the police and some of the patrons of the Garden, a resort at 50th street and Seventh avenue, marked the first attempts of Inspector Dwyer to enforce Mayor Gaynor's "curfew" law at 1 o'clock this morning.

Police Commissioner Waldo, snuffing broadly, sat back in a Police Department automobile taking keen delight in the strenuous scenes before him.

The proprietor of the Garden shut down his bar at ten minutes before the "curfew" sounded, and told his patrons they would all have to leave at 1 o'clock. They laughed at him. At 1 o'clock two policemen entered and ordered every one out. The police were laughed at.

One of the policemen telephoned to the West 47th street police station for the reserves. They came. With them was Inspector Dwyer. The reserves pushed into the Garden. Captain Sullivan ordered all the patrons to leave.

There were cries from some that they had not finished eating, and that they would like to see any one put them out. Inspector Dwyer walked over to a table where two men, who said they were lawyers, and were loud in their defiance, and asked them to get out. They refused. Then Inspector Dwyer seized each by the collars of their coats, and lifting them to their feet, ran them to an exit and pushed them into the street.

Similar scenes were enacted in many other parts of the restaurant, where unwise persons proclaimed they were American citizens and would eat what they had ordered. But they, too, were assisted out by the police and told to argue their rights in a court, if they wanted to.

Finally the crowd, when it got on the street, began to sing, "How dry I am!" Every other place along Broadway was closed sharp at 1 o'clock. At a few minutes after 1 o'clock Inspector Dwyer was at Church's, and there was not a patron in the place. This was true of Rector's and other restaurants along the Great White Way, which resembled a cow path more than it did its old self at 1 a. m. to-day.

Commissioner Waldo and Deputy Commissioner Newburger visited the West 47th, West 68th and West 100th street police stations earlier in the night, and had conferences with the several captains.

MRS. WILSON'S PICTURES UNOLD

Philadelphia, April 1.—Mrs. Woodrow Wilson's two landscapes exhibited in the annual exhibition of the Academy of the Fine Arts remained unsold at the close of the exhibition to-day. One was priced at \$20. Thirty thousand dollars was realized from the sale of other pictures in the exhibition.

FOR CANADIAN PARCEL POST.

Ottawa, April 1.—A parcel post planned on the zone system, similar to that in the United States, is proposed for Canada. Postmaster General Pelletier announced to-night that he would introduce shortly the necessary legislation. The Canadian Postoffice Department has handled great quantities of incoming parcel post matter since January 1, without receiving any benefit in return.

WOULD IMPEACH SULZER; BRIBE FOR STILWELL?

Senate Adopts Resolution Directing Committee to Determine Whether Ante-Election Promises Were Illegal.

Senator Accused by G. H. Kendall of Demanding \$3,500 to Press N. Y. Bank Note Company Bill.

INVOLVES FULL CREW BILL

SPURNS DEMAND TO RESIGN

John Fitzgibbons, Trainmen's Representative, Alleged to Have Said Governor During Campaign Promised to Aid Its Passage.

Governor Tells Bronx Man He Is a Disgrace to the State and Senate Orders Committee to Investigate.

DENIAL BY THE EXECUTIVE

ACCUSED CLERK DISCHARGED

Movement for Inquiry Started by Senator Brown, Who "Extraordinary" Interest Surprises Wagner—Feared Railroads Would Spend a Barrel of Money to Defeat It.

Samuel Lewis, Jr., Justed After Telling of the Receipt of \$250 for Drafting Measure—Carmody Probes Alleged Requests for Cash to Influence Legislators.

(By Telegram to The Tribune.)

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Albany, April 1.—Action looking toward the impeachment of Governor Sulzer was taken by the Senate to-night, when it adopted a resolution presented by Elton R. Brown, Republican leader, asking that the Judiciary Committee inquire into the truth of a published statement that the Governor had promised before election that he would sign the full crew bill desired by railroad men's labor unions if he were elected.

Charges of this nature were filed to-day by Kendall with Governor Sulzer, who has transmitted them to Senator Wagner, majority leader of the upper house, and to Attorney General Carmody. But before he did this the Governor called Senator Stilwell, who is chairman of the Codes Committee, into the Executive Chamber and demanded that he resign from the Senate as a "disgrace to the state," Stilwell, facing Sulzer and Kendall, flatly refused to resign.

Immediately thereafter the Senate adopted a second resolution, offered by Senator Brown, calling on the Attorney General to advise the Senate as to the legality of the course pursued by Governor Sulzer in handling the Prison Department after he removed Superintendent Scott.

"As a lawyer of many years' experience, I say to you that he looked guilty and said very little," declared the Governor in describing the interview afterward. "The Attorney General thinks it is a clear case," he added.

The Governor put in as temporary superintendent his personal representative, Owen Potter, from the executive department. Potter immediately discharged John G. McDowell, Colonel Scott's secretary, who was acting head of the department. McDowell is now contesting this action, and an opinion rendered by Attorney General Carmody at the time indicated his belief that the Governor's appointee had no power to discharge McDowell.

Stilwell, who has been in a rage all day, denies the entire story. He has asked for an investigation by the Senate, demanding that it "indicate me or brand me." The Senate referred his request of the Judiciary Committee, which will draft a plan of procedure. It undoubtedly will follow the course taken in the Allds bribery case, in which the Senate, sitting in committee of the whole, investigated the charge that he had solicited and accepted a bribe which was proffered by Benn Conger, a fellow Senator. But in the Stilwell case evidence will be collected and presented to the Senate by the Attorney General, who is now engaged in obtaining material to corroborate the story told to him and the Governor and Senator Wagner by Mr. Kendall.

Trouble Ahead for Sulzer.

Senate Will Investigate.

These two resolutions portend much trouble for the Governor. It may be that a Democratic Senate will refuse to take any further action which might in any way lead to impeachment of a Democratic Governor. But it is likely to be unable to prevent action which will involve the Governor in a fine tangle of red tape over his handling of the prison situation.

The charge that Stilwell divided the proceeds of a \$250 check with a clerk is denied by Samuel Lewis, Jr., the individual in question. His denial is very formal, and is understood to contradict stories he admitted to Senator Wagner, on the strength of which Wagner demanded his removal from his Senate job. He was removed to-night. Lewis is a clerk in the revision room of the Senate. He admits that he was introduced by Stilwell to Mr. Kendall and received the \$250 check for drawing a bill for Kendall.

Senator Brown in his resolution called attention to the provision in the constitution that the Governor before taking office is required to take oath that he had not "directly or indirectly paid or promised to pay, contributed or offered to contribute any money or other valuable thing as a consideration or reward for the giving or withholding a vote at the election at which I was elected to said office and have not made any promise to influence the giving or withholding of such vote."

When the Governor's attention was called to the Fitzgibbons letter to-day he emphatically denied that he had made the promise.

Brown Asks Proper Action.

Lewis Has Engaged Ex-Senator

"I have simply asked," said Senator Brown after his resolution was read. "That reference be made to the Judiciary Committee so that inquiry can be made as to what action is proper in this case. I do not wish to go beyond facts, which speak for themselves."

Lewis has engaged ex-Senator Edgar T. Brackett to fight the right of Clerk McCabe of the Senate to remove him. Senator Stilwell to-night asked Ray B. Smith, ex-clerk of the Assembly, to represent him if he decided to have counsel in the Senate's investigation. Kendall insists this \$250 was given to Lewis at Stilwell's request, and was handed in that way as a bribe, and that Lewis admitted to him and to Senator Wagner that Stilwell got half the money. It is the understanding of the Governor and the Attorney General that this check was split between the two. This transaction, without anything else, would be enough to warrant Stilwell's dismissal from the Senate.

"RUBE" THE LEEVEE HERO

Senator Wagner Reticent.

Waddell Keeps Lazy Negroes Prisoners at Hickman, Ky. Hickman, Ky., April 1.—The water was eighteen inches above the top of the levee at 10 o'clock to-night, and only sandbags, held in place by a temporary frame wall keep the flood from the downtown section.

Not since the Allds scandal has anything so stirred legislative life as these charges against Stilwell. Most of the legislators decline to express any opinion about the matter or to discuss it for publication, refraining from prejudging it as the Governor seems to have done. A few of the "tried and true" Tammany men like "Jack" Fitzgerald and

COMMISSION RULE FOR RALEIGH.

Raleigh, N. C., April 1.—The commission form of government was adopted to-day by Raleigh by a majority of 88 votes. Three commissioners at salaries of \$3,000 a year are to be elected on May 5.

Continued on second page, fifth column.