IRISH VOLUNTEERS LAND MORE RIFLES

Gun Runners Again Evade Coast Guards and Get Into Dublin.

BODIES OF DEAD LIE IN CATHEDRAL

Not a Soldier or Policeman in Sight as Long Procession Follows Hearses.

Dublin, July 28.—Four thousand rifles consigned to the Irish Nationalist Volunteers were landed last night at Newcastle, on the coast of County Wicklow. The gun runners evaded the coast guards and police and conveyed the weapons to Dublin in motor cars. Two gunboats were in the bay at the time, flashing their lights. Another lot of 1,000 rifles was landed near Kilcool, also in Wicklow.

The coroner's inquest on the victims of Sunday's fighting between the King's Own Scottish Borderers and the crowd was adjourned till Thursday at the request of the lawyers representing the soldiers, who asked for time to prepare their evidence.

The bodies were taken from the morgue to the Marlborough Street Cathedral to-night. Thousands of persons in procession followed the hearses and great crowds lined the streets along the route of the funeral. Not a single policeman nor a soldier was to be seen, all having been ordered to remain away from the vicinity of the funeral cortege in order not to excite the emotional populace. Absolute silence marked the progress of the solemn procession.

At the cathedral the clergy received the coffins, which will lie before the high altar until to-morrow morning, when a high requiem mass will be celebrated. After mass the funeral procession will proceed to Glasnevin Cemetery, where the bodies will be buried.

MALONE SENDS FITZGERALD DARE

Asks To Be Present at Latter's Confere..ce with President Wilson To-day.

Collector Dudley Field Malone sent a dispatch to Representative John J. Fitzgerald yesterday daring him to permit Malone to be present when the Democratic delegation from New York State presented their complaints to President Wilson to-day.

"According to the Washington dispatches," Mr. Malone said, "I and my political activities are to be one of the chief subjects of complaint by you and some of your colleagues when you meet the President. If this be so, since there are thirty-one Democratic members in the New York delegation, it will not require supreme courage on your part to have me present at this conference frankly to admit any statements of fact, or to deny any falsehoods."

"For years back," said Mr. Malone yesterday, "Charles F. Murphy and his lieutenants have been trying to find some personal motive for the fight I have made for a clean house in the Democratic party. Their search has been in vain; and now, in desperation, they deliberately state a falsehood.

"But I remember that, when President Wilson was Governor of New Jersey, every time Smith or Nugent attacked him he considered that the cause of clean politics had been advanced a full twenty-four hours."

When Representative Fitzgerald was quoted as saying that Collector Malone had referred to the New York Democrats in Congress as "crooks, thieves and buccaneers," the Collector wrote to him to deny that he had ever used such language.

MOOSE PICK COMMITTEE

Progressives of Lower East Side Favor Straight Ticket.

Progressives from the seven Assembly districts on the lower East Side, below 14th st., met last night at the headquarters of the Moose organization in the 2d, at 222 Henry st., to discuss the coming campaign. About 150 were in attendance.

No definite action on candidates was suggested, though there was a strong undercurrent of sentiment for a straight Progressive ticket in the fall election. Finally it was decided to leave the matter in the hands of a committee of fourteen from the seven districts.

DENIES SON KNEW FATHER

Public Administrator and Man in Contest Over Names.

That somebody died at Bellevue Hospital on May 22 of this year and left an estate of about $18,000 is known to Surrogate Fowler, and that his name was Schmidt is fairly certain. Whether the son of the deceased man knows his own father's Christian name better than William M. Hoes, public administrator, is a question put up to the Surrogate in papers filed yesterday.

Moses Schmidt, the son, says that his father's name was Henry Englehardt Schmidt, and that he was born in Hanover, Germany. This the administrator contests.

Moses states he was placed in an orphan asylum when a child, and that seven years ago he advertised in the newspapers for his father, and that the deceased answered under the name of Henry Englehardt Schmidt. His father told him, he says, that while travelling with a man named Karl Schmidt, Karl had been accidentally killed and that he, Henry, had taken the name Karl in order to draw Karl's pension.

The public administrator decided that Moses is not the son of the deceased. They are going to fight it out in court.

SLEUTH MERMAN ARRESTS MERMAID

She Sports in Surf and Jeers Detective Until He Dons Bathing Suit.

Hannah Namm, seventeen years old, of 138 Bristol st., Williamsburg, took refuge in the surf at Coney Island yesterday when a detective, seeking her on her father's complaint that she was wayward, tried to arrest her.

Joseph Connors, the sleuth, stood on the beach and pleaded with Miss Namm to come out and be arrested. She laughed and continued with her mermaid act while hundreds cheered her. The detective finally donned a bathing suit, pursued the girl into the sea and captured her.

Miss Namm disappeared from her home on June 29. George Schneider, of 994 De Kalb avenue, was held in the Jersey avenue court yesterday in connection with the girl's case.

OFFER HOMES FOR GIRL

Father of "Poor Little Rich Girl" Swamped by Letters.

Hands have stretched out across the continent for nine-year-old Dorothy Whittemore, the "poor little rich girl," kept locked alone in her home in Harmony Park, Yonkers, day by day, by her father, Reginald G. Whittemore, a broker, until rescued by Policeman Boylan. As a result of the widespread publicity given the child, whose picture has appeared in the papers, Whittemore is being swamped with mail.

Offers to adopt Dorothy are coming from as far as Chicago. Women as far as San Francisco are offering their services as governess, and others, reading that Whittemore is a widower, are said to have offered their hand for marriage. However, Whittemore has other plans for Dorothy. She is likely to go to Mrs. John Keeler, widow of a banker, of 504 Warburton av., Yonkers, her grandaunt. For the time being Dorothy is with Mrs. Frederick Harriman, of 81 Park av., Yonkers.

QUIT TRAIN TIE-UP; SEASICK IN BOAT

Excursionists in Panic Crossing Bay—Accidents Hold Up Crowds.

Two of the worst tie-ups the Long Island Railroad has experienced in years occurred late yesterday, one on the Rockaway Beach division and the other on the Far Rockaway division.

In the latter thousands of commuters homeward bound from New York were held up for more than four hours. In the other about seventy passengers, mostly women and children, who tried to escape by boat, had a perilous experience on Jamaica Bay.

About 1:30 p. m., when a strong tide was running and a high wind blowing, the three-masted schooner McClennan tried to pass through the drawbridge at Broad Channel. She was carried against the opened draw and her bowsprit caught across the tracks. The vessel was wedged tightly on the bridge.

It took three hours to get her off. In the meanwhile trains piled up from Broad Channel to Ramblersville.

One train was able to back into Broad Channel station. There Captain Charles Hoobs's fishing launch Daphne was chartered by a large party to complete the trip to Rockaway. Half way across the bay the Daphne began pitching in the wind and rolling in the tide, and a panic arose aboard and the women and children were stricken with sea sickness.

But Dr. Edward L. Friedmann quieted most of the women with aid from his medicine case, and the Daphne made Hammels after an exciting passage.

About 4:30 p. m. a two-coach train pulling out of Far Rockaway for Valley Stream jumped a switch. Both cars left the track, completely blocking the route. The line of trains, which became stalled, reached for miles. More than 15,000 commuters were held up.

AIR STUNTS AT CONEY

Niles Will Start Series of Exhibitions To-Day.

Charles Niles, the aviator, will loop the loop, twist the twist and do other hair-raising stunts in the air over Coney Island to-day and, all being well, each day following until Monday. He will give two performances, at 2 o'clock and 5 o'clock, except Sunday, when the exhibition will be given at noon only.

To-day Niles will start from Luna. He is flying for the Citizens' Committee of Coney, who want visitors to the island to see the progress that has been made in the conquest of the air.

METROPOLITAN LIFE TO INSURE HEALTH

Company Plans Benefits Covering Disability Due to Sickness.

Insurance against sickness was the announcement from the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company yesterday. The first policies will be issued on the company's own employes, numbering about 15,000 in the United States and Canada.

Under the plan the employes will be assured of a weekly income in the event of sickness or bodily injury, and in the event of death an amount equal to fifty-two times the average weekly earnings. Disability benefits for the first twenty-six weeks are two-thirds of the average weekly earnings; for the next 234 weeks, one-half, and one-quarter for the remaining period to sixty-five years of age.

The scheme does not cover insurance against accidents arising from hazards of occupation, which are taken care of by workmen's compensation laws and the accident insurance companies. Referring to the fact that there was no similar insurance in this country, Haley Fiske, vice-president of the Metropolitan, said:

"It is impossible to say in advance whether premiums are too high or too low. The company has no intention to make profit out of the business, but wishes, if possible, to give disability insurance to the working classes of the United States approximately at cost."

ANGRY AT BURGLAR, MORE AT EDITOR

Greenwich Officials Don't Like Story of Oxley's Quiet Escape.

LYON, WHO WROTE IT, BROUGHT TO COURT

He Says He Had Account from Constable—Court Reprimands Reporter for His Work.

[From a Staff Correspondent of The Tribune.]

Greenwich, Conn., July 28.—The people of this town think that the meanest man, even though one of the cleverest men, in forty-eight states, is John Oxley. He was treated royally, they found out, by this little town from July 15, when he was arrested charged with burglary, until he pried open the locks of the town jail last Saturday with either a hairpin or a screw driver—which Judge William J. Ferris, Town Prosecutor Ralph E. Brush and Town Constable George T. Jones are unable to determine.

Jones, Brush and Ferris are offended at Oxley, and they also are aggrieved at Fred Lyon, the best and only editor of this place. Fred has published some things in his paper, "The Greenwich News," which have irritated Judge Ferris and everybody else who isn't on his side of the fence.

When Oxley escaped last Saturday night Fred sent a story to the New York papers telling about it. Some of them printed stories that Town Prosecutor Brush and Constable Jones were standing at the door of the jail laughing when Oxley walked out.

Officers Make Denials.

Now that is not true, take it from Constable Jones and Prosecutor Ferris. The latter told The Tribune correspondent that he was asleep in bed and couldn't have laughed. And here is what Constable Jones says:

"I and Mr. Brush did not laugh that night in front of the Town Hall." (There's where the jail is, too.) "Make that as strong as possible. We did not laugh."

"And say that I wasn't in front of the jail," added Mr. Brush. "Why should I? I'm not a jailer, am I?"

Mr. Brush is not. He is the Town Prosecutor, as aforesaid.

Editor Lyon got into a peck of trouble by what he sent to the New York papers. Prosecutor Brush subpœnaed him early this morning before Judge Brush in the case of the people vs. John Oxley. Oxley was at large, but Lyon was on hand, and he was asked what he knew about the case.

He said he knew only what he was told by Constable Jones, and Constable Jones said he never laughed. Prosecutor Brush told Judge Ferris that he really was in bed at the time.

Then the judge reprimanded Lyon, editor, for printing stories in "The Greenwich News" about him. Judge Ferris said the editor was almost in contempt of court.

Oxley Very Unpopular.

But the feeling toward the editor is nothing to the feelings of certain persons toward John Oxley.

If Oxley is ever brought back here he will run a big risk. He may even be charged with breaking into a cell in the town jail in which were stored 168 bottles of beer seized in a raid and stealing nine of them. The nine empty bottles were found under his mattress.

Also he may be charged with malicious mischief and premeditated violence because he tore a piece of lead pipe from the ceiling of the jail and took it along with him when he escaped.

It is certain he will not evade a charge of successful jail breaking as well as an attempt to bore his way out with a piece of iron torn from a steam radiator.

This bit of duplicity was discovered after Oxley escaped.

"The jail is absolutely insecure," said Prosecutor Brush. "Nine months ago we had a gambling raid. Then some one stole from one of the cells in which the gambling implements were stored a roulette wheel worth $1,500. But they put it back again when a fuss was made."

Suspect Handcuff Trick.

"And do you know," added Constable Jones, "that this fellow Oxley was once with a trickster on the stage? He told me so himself. He easily broke into a cell."

"And maybe he broke out?"

"I can't say. But there was a fellow in with him for two days who said he could break out of jail in two minutes. Flannigan, the captain of police, put a pair of handcuffs on him, and he broke free from them in one minute. Maybe he showed a few tricks to Oxley and he broke out."

Then Prosecutor Brush added to the story. He said that he was a Republican, that Judge Ferris was a Progressive and Constable Jones a Democrat. But all three, he explained, were opposed to the Walsh Democratic machine, with which Lyon is allied.

"Do you think that Editor Lyon might have opened the jail for this man to bring discredit upon the town administration?" Constable Jones was asked.

He paused for a while and then said: "Well, so far as I know, he didn't."

Prosecutor Brush said the same thing.

Then Mr. Brush and Judge Ferris were asked why they subpœnaed Editor Lyon in a case when they knew the defendant was at large.

Doesn't Like Laughing Story.

"Well," said Prosecutor Brush, "Lyon sent in a story to the New York papers saying I was at the door with Constable Jones, laughing, when Oxley escaped, and I thought he might know something about it."

Judge Ferris said he had no hand in subpœnaing Lyon, but admitted he had reprimanded him before for writing a story he thought reflected on his court.

"I've asked the Town Council to give us better locks and to put a jailer in the jail," spoke up Prosecutor Brush. "Why, one day there was a man put in there with delirium tremens by one of the many deputy constables. The chief of police didn't know about it. I told the Town Council that they would probably put a jailer there after some policeman had been murdered. They should have one jailer. I've suggested it, but they don't heed me."

The Town Council is controlled by the Walsh faction, and maybe some day they will heed Prosecutor Brush.

Judge Ferris, Prosecutor Brush and Constable Jones all share a little flat, which has been converted into offices, over the Putnam Trust Company here. Their names appear in gold letters on the doors.

When the newspaper men left the offices this evening Judge Ferris handed something to Constable Jones, and he ran after the newspaper men. He overtook them in the street and insisted that they go to Finch's drug store for a cigar. They did. Constable Jones paid for the cigars—35 cents. He refused to join them in a little soda or something at the Commercial Hotel.

"Some other time," he said.

WENT UP IN A BALLOON AND HAD A FALLING OUT

In Fact, This Couple Got the Habit, What with Threats and Spanking, Grand Opera and Drink, Mother-in-Law and Eating in Kitchen.

William Schroeder and his wife, as shown yesterday in the statements they made in a suit for separation, went up together in a balloon and came down together with a thud on the roofs of Bremen, and now to Mrs. Gertrude Schroeder is given $10 a week alimony and $200 counsel fees until her suit for separation is tried. She asked for more.

The couple went to Germany on a visit, according to Schroeder, and there Mrs. Schroeder got the idea that she wanted to go up in the balloon. He says he objected, but that she, as usual, had her way, and he had to go along to protect her.

A storm broke, it thundered and blitzened, the balloon was wrecked, and down they came, head over heels, on to the roofs of Bremen. Two weeks in the hospital, he with broken ribs and she with a broken hip, ran their expenses up to $3,250. He says he can't live with so extravagant a wife.

Mrs. Schroeder says they were married in 1907, and that in 1908 he became so inconsiderate as to spank her. Once when he threatened her she ran to the telephone to call for aid, but he outwitted her by cutting the wires.

He had a great little way, she says, of saying that he would not kill her, but would only disfigure her enough to make her commit suicide. Finally he compelled her to eat in the kitchen, but this was too much and she left him.

She once sang in the chorus in "Parsifal," according to the husband—she insists she sang a soprano solo—and was ever afterward blinded by her "duty to the stage," to perform which would "need a millionaire's income."

When a cabman tipped him off that he was being made a fool of, he says he found out certain doings of hers with one Bert McDonough. This discovery, says the husband, drove him to drink.

"In order to bear the unhappy life I've been leading," he avers, "I have taken to drink; but I never forget that I am a gentleman, a husband and a father."

Of his mother-in-law Schroeder says: "She did not overlook any of the characteristics attributable to a mother-in-law."

Both the wife and her mother, he says, considered him "the goose that laid the golden egg, and, to put a new end to the story, they had no desire to kill the goose until the supply of eggs was exhausted."

Schroeder is spoken of as a lawyer and a member of the silk firm of William Schroeder & Co.

ANTI-DRUG LAW GETS MORE TEETH

Health Officials Adopt Amendment to Control Patent Medicine.

Further steps were taken yesterday to bolster the Boylan anti-drug law, when the Department of Health officials adopted an amendment to the sanitary code which is intended to prevent the sale of patent medicines that contain drugs that give the same effect or reaction as cocaine and opium.

Fifteen men and four women were arraigned yesterday in various courts on charges of being either sellers or habitual users of cocaine and heroin. The biggest batch was in Long Island City, where Magistrate Fitch had before him five men and two women taken in a raid on a Queens hotel Monday night.

The police believe their prisoners are the principal dispensers of the drugs in Manhattan and Queens. The men were all held in $1,000 bail each for hearing to-day. The women were held in $200 each for associating with vicious persons.

The prisoners were Thomas Ruthman, of 161 Main st., Astoria; John Bannon, 606 Sixth av.; James Foley, 26 Main st.; John Durance, 46 Mill st.; Charles A. Campbell, 121 Main st.; Elizabeth Belt, 405 East 92d st., and Margaret O'Connor, of 1986 Second av. Both women gave Manhattan addresses.

Joseph Picanelli, of 795 Courtlandt av., The Bronx, and Daniel Ryan, of 1857 Third av., were arrested last night in a raid on a candy shop in Courtlandt av. and locked up in the Tremont station on a charge of having narcotics.

Arraigned under the name of John Dee, of 400 East 55th st., charged with having morphine in his possession, a prisoner was recognized yesterday in Special Sessions as a man sought for a robbery in September, 1913, when an old woman lost $1,065. When confronted by Detective Deitch, of the East 51st st. station, the man admitted that he was Sylvester Gutter, of 305 East 45th st. He was held until August 4. The robbery charge will have to wait until after that.

Mrs. Mamie Thompson, of 144 West 50th st., mother of three children, was held in $500 by Magistrate Deuel in Yorkville court. It is alleged that she had an opium layout.

Detective Schaubel told Magistrate Freschi in Essex Market court yesterday that Charles Seaton had tried to sell him a vial of cocaine. The prisoner was held in $1,000.

Stephen Doyle, of 912 Jennings av., The Bronx, was held in Yorkville court to await analysis of what the police say are eighteen "decks" of cocaine. He was arrested in front of a restaurant in West 47th st. after detectives had trailed him up Broadway.

Magistrate Murphy, in West Side court, held Philip Shapiro, of 143 West 52d st., and Irene Zastro, a negro, of 228 West 52d st., in $1,000 bail for examination to-morrow. They are suspected of having had drugs in their possession.

In Harlem court Magistrate Levy held Thomas Riche, of 220 East 123d st., arrested Friday, in $500 bail for trial after he had pleaded guilty to having drugs. Dennis McCann, of 1847 Third av., will come up again to-morrow, $500 being the bail fixed.

The justices in the Court of Special Sessions sent two men to the workhouse for having heroin. John Martini, of 161 West 38th st., got six months. Walter Hill, of 302 West 40th st., was sentenced to three months.

Springfield, Mass., July 28.—Joseph R. Granfield, of Boston, charged with having heroin, was sentenced to six months in jail in the police court to-day. He appealed, and is held in $500 bail.

VEXED BY BATHING SUITS

Spring Lake Social Leaders Appeal to Authorities.

Spring Lake, N. J., July 28.—Spring Lake is in the throes of the bathing suit problem. The village elders have decided that the girls may dress as they please, and the men must set them a good example as to sufficiency of drapery.

A number of women in the social colony appealed to the council. One woman said she had had to discontinue the use of her front lawn, because she could never be sure of not being there when some man went by with legs bare.

Mayor Oliver H. Brown, a staid bachelor, refused to be made a judge of feminine bathing attire.

Chief of Police Edward White was told to carry a picture of the famous draped statuary on the Harrisburg Capitol and show it to male violators of the bathing ordinance as a costume hint.

CARRIES HIS BROKEN LEG

Man Mends Injured Support with Hammer and Nails.

Cornwall, July 28.—After John Donahue, of this village fell on a slippery sidewalk to-day he was found by Patrolman Nugent carrying his broken leg under his arm.

The policeman assisted him into a store for treatment. He didn't have to call a surgeon to patch the broken member, but got a hammer and nails for Donahue and let him repair the break himself. He is a cripple and it was his wooden leg that was broken.

HEAR TIGER PURR OVER UNION BANK

Depositors Alarmed by Naming of Tammany Men to Guide Affairs.

TO CALL RICHARDS TO ACCOUNT TO-DAY

They Want Reason for Picking C. F. Murphy, Jr., and Others—State Head Replies.

Tammany will receive censure, it is expected, at the meeting this afternoon in the office of Eugene Lamb Richards, Superintendent of the State Banking Department, at 61 Broadway, Manhattan, between that official and 200 depositors of the defunct Union Bank, of Brooklyn, headed by Dr. J. Ellis Rohrer. The actions of Mr. Richards in the liquidation of the bank's assets will be analyzed.

Dr. Rohrer issued a letter yesterday in which he called the attention of depositors to the acts of Superintendent Richards in making certain appointments of Tammany politicians who will figure in the liquidation proceedings.

Benedict & Benedict, of Brooklyn, who have handled the insurance on property owned by the Union Bank, have been displaced and Charles F. Murphy, jr., nephew of the head of Tammany Hall, with William Sohmer, State Controller, appointed in their stead. Mr. Richards was appointed before taking his present office by Mr. Sohmer in several real estate matters.

One of the chief concerns of the depositors is the appointment of Mortimer J. Brown, a Tammany man in the Sixth Assembly District of Brooklyn, to take charge of the real estate assets of the bank. Brown was formerly in the real estate bureau of the Finance Department.

Another appointment which has brought forth criticism is that of George Stainaker, a political friend of Mr. Richards in Richmond County, Staten Island, who will draw a salary of $50 a week for looking over certain accounts for the Superintendent.

Matthew T. Horgan, recently deputy in the State Department of Efficiency and Economy, and who gave important information to Mr. Richards as counsel to the Frawley committee in the impeachment of Governor Sulzer, and a new financial controller in the liquidation bureau of the Banking Department, will have charge of the repair work and rentals of the bank's property.

In speaking of this appointment, Dr. Rohrer said: "The depositors know that Horgan is a Tammany man. The depositors will tell Superintendent Richards that Horgan is interfering with the work of Edward L. Dodge, special deputy superintendent, who has been in charge of the bank's liquidation for four years, and who has done the work in a manner satisfactory to the people whose money is at stake. The depositors believe that Horgan's conduct of the bank's business is not for their best interests."

Dr. Rohrer will also protest against the appointment of Mortimer J. Brown as real estate manager of the bank.

"Another thing that we do not approve," said Dr. Rohrer, "is the appointment of George Stainecker as expert accountant to look over the bank's books."

Dr. Rohrer said that the committee also would ask why the legal business of the bank has been taken out of the hands of Louis Goldstein and placed in the hands of former Attorney General Carmody.

"In the effort to preserve the assets of the bank," continued Dr. Rohrer, "which we feel belongs to us, the depositors have advanced something like $200,000 to reduce mortgages, pay taxes on property, make necessary improvement and remove violations on buildings that have been filed."

Superintendent Richards when informed that objections were made to his appointments and that he was using the Union Bank to pay political debts said the latter charge was not true.

"I am in favor of Democrats in office, but whoever I appoint must show me that he can run things more economically than previously."

"The results on the assets of four years of liquidation of the Union Bank of Brooklyn speak for themselves. They show a loss of $250,000 in cash and an annual deficit of $30,000. The clique in the depositors' committee which is responsible for this policy naturally opposes investigation and reform. When we disclose the facts which have brought this condition about and show how the annual deficit can be turned into a surplus, we shall be surprised if any of the depositors will indorse the depositors' committee method of handling the affairs of the bank or disapprove the plans of the State Banking Department."

WOOD ALCOHOL UNDER BAN

Board of Health Makes Strict Regulations on Its Use.

It will be a violation of the sanitary code henceforth to deal in any article of food, drink or medicinal or toilet preparation containing wood alcohol, according to a regulation adopted by the Board of Health. The sale of wood alcohol without a conspicuously printed label on the container, bearing a skull and crossbones and a warning, is also prohibited.

The sale of mineral water is to be regulated by the Board of Health. Each dealer must file the name of the water he sells, together with a record of the chemical analysis and bacteriological examination. Mineral water is not to be bottled for sale without a permit from the board.

HUNT FOR MARSHALL ALONG LACKAWANNA

Railroad Men Examine Tracks in Belief He Fell Off Train—Wife Sure He's Alive.

Montclair, N. J., July 28.—Employes of the Lackawanna Railroad began a search to-day along its lines for Elliot Marshall, the New York lawyer who disappeared last Thursday. The search will be made within a reasonable distance on each side of the tracks on the theory that Mr. Marshall may have attempted to pass from one car to another on his way home, and in doing so lost his footing, falling from the platform to the tracks.

Circulars bearing a portrait and description of the missing man have been distributed among the employes of the Lackawanna. All trolley conductors and motormen throughout New Jersey are also on the lookout for him.

Walter E. Hampton, a lawyer, with offices at 17 Battery Place, who is president of the local citizens' committee organized to help conduct the search, has spent the last two days at Mr. Marshall's office, 48 Wall st., going over papers and books. Not a single detail among his legal papers showed neglect or confusion that might result from a disordered mind.

PRISON FOR CASSIDY MAN

Justice Denies Certificate in Ellert Assault Case.

James Heffernan, the young man sentenced to from three to five years in Sing Sing for his part in the assault on Mrs. Clara Ellert, in Joe Cassidy's Democratic Clubhouse, in Long Island City, was denied a certificate of reasonable doubt by Supreme Court Justice Blackmar yesterday. The certificate was asked for on the ground that Justice Scudder had improperly admitted conversations in which Heffernan had practically confessed his guilt.

Heffernan will be taken from Queens County jail to Sing Sing this morning. He said he would carry his fight for freedom to the highest court.

R.R. GRAIN EMBARGO LAID ON GALVESTON

Western Lines Forbid Further Shipment for Export Until August 2.

Topeka, Kan., July 28.—An embargo on all grain shipments to Galveston for export until August 2 was issued by the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway and the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway and connecting lines here to-day. The reason assigned is an alleged shortage of steamers at Galveston.

Since this year's wheat shipments began it is said only nine boats have cleared that port with cargoes of grain, and the railway officials say all terminal elevators are filled and about 8,000 cars of wheat are waiting there for ocean shipment.

The Union Pacific, the Missouri, Kansas & Texas and the St. Louis & San Francisco railroads were notified by the Santa Fe and Rock Island officials that any export shipments loaded for Galveston would have to be held on the tracks of the originating lines until August 2. Reports received here indicate that the shortage of steamers at New Orleans is as serious as that at Galveston.

Galveston, Tex., July 28.—Santa Fe Railroad officials declined to discuss to-day reports of an embargo on grain shipments to Galveston. Reports from elevators, grain companies and steamship men say there is sufficient room in the elevators for more grain and enough steamships here to handle it promptly.

Wichita, Kan., July 28.—With the movement of Kansas wheat at its height, the railroad grain embargo placed on the port of Galveston fell heavily on members of the Board of Trade. A petition was sent to the general freight agent of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway to-day asking that the Galveston freight rate be made effective temporarily to New Orleans.

Hutchinson, Kan., July 28.—Hundreds of farmers bringing wheat to Hutchinson and surrounding grain stations to-day were obliged to return home with their grain or take a low price because of the embargo declared by the railroads on export wheat through Galveston. One of the terminal grain companies ceased buying, and but for the European situation, grain men asserted, the wheat price would have dropped several cents.

NEBRASKA G. O. P. STICKS TO PRIMARY

State Convention Vetoes Return to Old Method—Progressives Acclaim Roosevelt

Lincoln, Neb., July 28.—Harmony prevailed at the Republican and Progressive state conventions here to-day. An attempt at the Republican convention to declare against the primary system of nominations and return to the old convention plan failed.

The Republican platform condemns the Democratic tariff law and favors a non-partisan tariff commission. It declares Colombia has no shadow of claim on the United States for the acquisition by this country of the Panama Canal Zone and condemns the administration for its proposal to pay Colombia $25,000,000 in satisfaction of its claims.

The woman suffrage and prohibition issues are not mentioned.

The Progressive convention adopted a platform covering all the heretofore announced principles of the party, declared for national prohibition of the liquor traffic and proclaimed Theodore Roosevelt to be the "greatest statesman of modern times." Pronounced opposition to the pending Colombian treaty was shown.

WILMART GETS 10 YEARS

Belgian Financier Sentenced for $3,400,000 Swindle.

Brussels, July 28.—Nestor Wilmart, Belgian banker, railroad man, newspaper proprietor and sportsman, was sentenced to-day to ten years' imprisonment and $800 fine on a charge of swindling the public out of $3,400,000 by overissuing shares in the Ghent-Terneuzen Railway in 1913.

Five accomplices also were sentenced, Rasquin, the traffic manager, to seven years and $800 fine, Waechter to four years and three others to three years each.

The railway is the only privately owned line in Belgium, and the operations of Walmart and his associates placed several small banks in difficulties. He disappeared in 1912 and after a world-wide search was arrested at Rheims, France.

DENY HUERTA REVOLUTION

Mediators Upset by Alleged Statement of Colleague.

Emilio Rabasa and Augustin Rodriguez, two of General Huerta's delegates to the mediation conference at Niagara Falls, are much upset over a statement alleged to have been made in Toronto yesterday by Luis Elguero, their colleague. Señor Elguero is reported to have admitted that Huerta was about to plan a counter revolution, using Toronto as a centre for the congregation of his followers.

Señors Rabasa and Rodriguez deny that any such scheme is afoot, and emphatically state that Elguero was in Paris at the time he is said to have given out the interview in Toronto. They insist that they are not in the service of any one man; that they are in communication with Provisional President Carbajal, and are working only for the good of Mexico. They are at the Hotel Netherland, where they expect to remain for several weeks.

VILLA RECRUITING TO DEFY CARRANZA

Making Ready to Fight if It Proves to Personal Advantage.

[From The Tribune Bureau.]

Washington, July 28.—A consular dispatch to the State Department says that General Villa is recruiting men and is engaged in smuggling arms and ammunition across the border from the United States. The message says that people in Chihuahua have no doubt of Villa's intentions. This means that Villa is preparing to strengthen himself to such an extent that he cannot be overridden by Carranza, and that he is making ready to fight if it proves to his interest to do so. The news comes as a surprise to the administration, which had put entire faith in a message from Villa himself, received only last week, to the effect that he would make no trouble for Carranza.

Secretary Bryan appealed to-day to General Carranza, asking him to call a halt on Villa, who is reported to be making wholesale demands for horses on ranch owners in the state of Chihuahua.

The State Department was informed to-day of the departure of the Carbajal delegates from Mexico City to confer with Carranza. At the same time there came information from private sources of the departure of Carranza for Saltillo, where the peace conference is to be held. The administration believes that there will be no difficulty in adjusting the situation so as to make the transfer of the government peaceful and speedy.

General Funston reported to the War Department to-day that the Federal troops had been turned against the Zapatistas and had driven them out of the towns near Mexico City. The general stated that 30,000 Federals were in Mexico City.

Jose Castellot, Carbajal's representative here, said to-day that there was not a chance of General Huerta and Felix Diaz getting together for another revolt.

"The report," said Señor Castellot, "is attributed to Luis Elguero, one of the delegates to the Niagara mediation conference, and the best proof of its falsity is the fact that Señor Elguero is now in Europe and has not been in Torreon for several weeks. However, he never would have said anything so absurd."

The State Department is concerned over the action of Antonio Villareal in expelling Catholic priests from the state of Nuevo Leon. For some weeks the department has been striving to impress upon Carranza the necessity of dealing fairly with the Church.

PEACE ENVOYS ON WAY TO SALTILLO

Amnesty and Recognition of the Army Carbajal's Sole Instruction.

DELEGATES GREETED BY GENERAL FUNSTON

Carranza Goes to Meet Them and Will Conduct His Own Negotiations.

Vera Cruz, July 28.—Unwilling to take chances of being captured by General Pascual Orozco, jr., who is operating along the line between San Luis Potosi and Tampico, General Lauro Villar and David Gutierrez Allende, President Carbajal's peace delegates, were sent from the capital last night over the Mexican Railway to this port, whence at the earliest moment they will go to Tampico and there confer with General Carranza's appointees.

The Federal peace delegates were instructed by Carbajal to insist on the granting of an amnesty and the recognition of the regular army, as it was at the time of the overthrow of the Madero administration. They also were instructed to inform the Constitutionalists of the President's willingness to turn the government over to the Constitutionalists, but the President urges that he be permitted to name some Constitutionalist whom the Carranza party could designate as Minister of Foreign Affairs, and who, upon Carbajal's retirement, would automatically become Provisional President.

These terms are the only ones on which President Carbajal insists. He said, just before the departure of his representatives, that it was immaterial to him where the conference was held.

A special train brought the peace delegates to Vera Cruz. They were met at the station by Brigadier General Funston, who greeted them with an offer to do anything he could to facilitate their trip to Tampico.

General Villar and Señor Gutierrez Allende, accompanied by General Funston and the American Consul, W. W. Canada, went to a local hotel, where they will remain until to-morrow, when they plan to leave for Tampico on the steamer Mexico.

The train bearing the delegates was delayed a short time owing to reports received by the trainmen that Constitutionalists had occupied Boca del Rio. On investigation the report turned out to be erroneous.

The two peace delegates are accompanied by Secretary Rafael Urbina and several Mexico City newspaper men.

Tampico, Mexico, July 27.—Upon receipt of official information here to-day that Provisional President Carbajal will send two delegates immediately to Saltillo to arrange the transfer of executive authority of Mexico to the Constitutionalists, General Carranza announced he would leave to-morrow for Monterey. He expected to reach Saltillo within two or three days.

It was announced that Carranza would not select a commission, but would conduct his own negotiations with the Carbajal envoys, who were expected to reach Saltillo about the same time as himself.

VILLA HALTS HIS MARCH TO CAPITAL

Friends Say He Will Not Move South Unless Carranza Gives Way.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

Juarez, Mexico, July 28.—General Villa halted his army at Torreon and at Chihuahua to-day. He said he was in no hurry to go to Mexico City. Men close to Villa say the northern leader finally has decided to keep his army in the north until he is certain that Carranza will grant the demand he has made.

Practically all of Villa's army was moving to the south when Villa called a halt, and complications are believed to have arisen which may cause a renewal of the trouble in Northern Mexico.

Through purchasing agents on the border General Villa to-day placed orders in New York and other Eastern cities for 50,000 uniforms for his army to be shipped to Chihuahua.

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