

To-day overcast. To-morrow, probably fair and continued cold. Strong west winds

Full Report on Page 15

Round Up Germans As Plotters

U. S. Arrests Eight Leaders Here, Twelve in Illinois

Sixty in the First List of Suspects

Men Held Incommunicado; Secret Agents Watching Reservist Army

Washington, April 6.—The arrest of sixty alleged ringleaders in German plots, conspiracies and machinations in the United States was ordered to-day by Attorney General Gregory...

The men are placed in three groups—those who have been convicted of violation of American neutrality in furthering German plots of various sorts and are at liberty under bond...

To Ignore Courts For the first time in more than a century arrests of alien enemies under the Attorney General's order will be made without reference to the courts or obtaining warrants...

Violated His Parole In conformity with President Madison's proclamation requiring all alien enemies living within forty miles of the nearest United States marshal...

All Regarded as Dangerous Every man who has been arrested, or whose arrest has been ordered, is regarded by the government as dangerous to be at large...

Captain Koenig And 7 Others Arrested Here Immediately on the receipt of the orders from Washington in this city United States Marshal McCarthy rounded up eight Germans...

Hoboken Pastor Held; Congregation Waits While his congregation waited in the Lutheran Evangelical Church, at Hudson and Eighth Streets, Hoboken, last night...

Hurried to Koenig's Office When the orders were received here the United States marshals first swooped down on Paul Koenig's office...

Year of War May Cost 5 Billions; Heavier Taxes for Rich and Poor

Incomes as Low as \$1,000 Probably To Be Assessed—Excess Profits to Pay Higher Percentages—Big Bond Issue to Aid Allies

Washington, April 6.—Methods of financing the war with Germany and of extending huge loans to the Allies were considered at to-day's Cabinet meeting...

Indications are that the first year's demands upon the financial resources of the country will run far in excess of the \$3,500,000,000 already asked of Congress...

Financial and other co-operation with Entente governments is one of the chief topics under consideration by the Council of National Defense and plans looking to the issuance of loans to the Allies are expected to take definite form soon...

Secretary McAdoo, members of the House Ways and Means Committee, and Chairman Simmons, of the Senate Finance Committee, will begin conferring on the problem of meeting the war needs of this country...

It seemed likely to-night that a heavy percentage of the war bill would be raised by greatly increased taxation, and that whatever bond issues are necessary would be placed through the Federal Reserve Board...

Radical revision of the present income tax is expected in the war revenue measure to be placed before Congress. This revision will probably involve the lowering of the present exemptions of \$3,000 and \$4,000...

Incomes Might Pay a Billion Members of the Ways and Means Committee believe that the government revenue from this source alone could be brought, without undue hardship to any one...

Koenig was taken to the Federal Building, where all the prisoners were kept until after midnight, when they were removed to the Tombs...

Alleged Conspirators Taken in Many Cities Chicago, April 6.—Gustav H. Jacobsen, a prominent Chicago real estate man and a leader in various pacifist movements, including the embargo conference, was arrested to-night by government agents on the charge of conspiracy to violate the neutrality laws...

San Francisco, April 6.—Department of justice agents here were instructed to-day to arrest Franz Hopp, a former German Consul General, and his aide, E. H. von Schaeck and George W. von Bricken, convicted last January of plotting against American neutrality...

Terre Haute, Ind., April 6.—Pete Costello, said to be a Montenegrin, was brought to jail to-day from Blanchard, Ind., by Federal officers. The officers are investigating a report that Costello was involved in a plot to destroy the Vandallia bridge at Loganport, Ind...

El Paso, Tex., April 6.—More than fifty German suspects have been arrested to-day at border points by United States officials, according to reports received here to-night. At Pecos, Mich., near Port Huron, to-night, later to-night Katschmidt was arraigned and waived examination. The warrant charges that Katschmidt "did set on foot and prepare means for a military expedition in the United States against the Dominion of Canada."

Indianapolis, April 6.—A man giving the name of Christian Leuke and his occupation as a printer, was arrested here to-day by Federal officers, charged with making threats against the President. He was taken to jail.

THE GREENBRIER—Write Sulphur Springs, West Va. Ideal time for you cure. Only one night from New York—Advt.

90 German Ships Seized In U. S. Ports

McAdoo Issues Order Immediately After Passage of War Resolution

Value of Vessels Taken \$148,674,000

Customs Officers Board 27 Liners in New York—2,014 Seamen Held

The ninety German ships which have lain as refugees in United States ports for nearly three years were seized yesterday by the government of the United States...

Early yesterday morning, immediately after Congress had passed the war resolution, Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo issued orders for the seizure. Two hours later the government was in possession of the great fleet of vessels, valued under present war rates at \$148,674,000...

There they will be regarded as aliens who desire to enter the country. Those who are able to pass the ordinary immigration tests will be allowed to go free. The fact that many of them are German naval reservists will not affect their status.

Future of Ships Not Decided The future of the vessels themselves has not been definitely decided. Officials at Washington said yesterday that they would be placed to "intelligent use," perhaps as naval auxiliaries, or merchant ships, perhaps as transports...

When they were seized, they were not taken to the same place. Some were taken to the coast, some to the interior, and some to the Gulf of Mexico. They are now being held at various points along the coast...

Soldiers Aid Seizure Here The seizure of the twenty-seven great merchantmen in New York Harbor took place under the rifles of infantrymen from Governor's Island...

San Francisco, April 6.—Department of justice agents here were instructed to-day to arrest Franz Hopp, a former German Consul General, and his aide, E. H. von Schaeck and George W. von Bricken...

Toledo, Ohio, April 6.—Charged with threatening the life of President Wilson, Julius Rohrbach, thirty-two years old, a German farmer, residing at Napoleon, near here, was arrested to-night by a Secret Service officer...

Terre Haute, Ind., April 6.—Pete Costello, said to be a Montenegrin, was brought to jail to-day from Blanchard, Ind., by Federal officers. The officers are investigating a report that Costello was involved in a plot to destroy the Vandallia bridge at Loganport, Ind...

El Paso, Tex., April 6.—More than fifty German suspects have been arrested to-day at border points by United States officials, according to reports received here to-night. At Pecos, Mich., near Port Huron, to-night, later to-night Katschmidt was arraigned and waived examination...

Indianapolis, April 6.—A man giving the name of Christian Leuke and his occupation as a printer, was arrested here to-day by Federal officers, charged with making threats against the President. He was taken to jail.

THE GREENBRIER—Write Sulphur Springs, West Va. Ideal time for you cure. Only one night from New York—Advt.

America in Armageddon; Country Is Called to War; All Its Forces Mobilizing

The War Proclamation

WASHINGTON, April 6.—At 1:11 o'clock this afternoon President Wilson signed the joint war resolution adopted by Congress and immediately issued the following proclamation:

Whereas, the Congress of the United States, in the exercise of the constitutional authority vested in them, have resolved, by joint resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives, bearing date this day, that the state of war between the United States and the Imperial German government which has been thrust upon the United States is hereby formally declared:

Whereas, it is provided by Section 4067 of the Revised Statutes, as follows: "Whenever there is declared a war between the United States and any foreign nation or government or any invasion or predatory incursion is perpetrated, attempted or threatened against the territory of the United States by any foreign nation or government, and the President makes public proclamation of the event, all natives, citizens, denizens or subjects of the hostile nation or government being males of the age of fourteen years and upward, who shall be within the United States, and not actually naturalized, shall be liable to be apprehended, restrained, secured and removed as alien enemies."

And all alien enemies who fail to conduct themselves as so enjoined, in addition to all other penalties prescribed by law, shall be liable to restraint, or to give security, or to remove and depart from the United States in the manner prescribed by Sections 4069 and 4070 of the Revised Statutes and as prescribed in the regulations duly promulgated by the President:

And pursuant to the authority vested in me I hereby declare and establish the following regulations, which I find necessary in the premises and for the public safety:

(1) An alien enemy shall not have in his possession, at any time or place, any firearm, weapon or implement of war, or component part thereof, ammunition, Maxim or other silencer, bomb or explosive or material used in the manufacture of explosives;

(2) An alien enemy shall not have in his possession, at any time or place, or use or operate any aircraft or wireless apparatus, or any form of signalling device, or any form of cipher code, or any paper, document or book written or printed in cipher, or in which there may be invisible writing;

(3) All property found in the possession of an alien enemy in violation of the foregoing regulations shall be subject to seizure by the United States;

(4) An alien enemy shall not approach or be found within one-half mile of any Federal or State fort, camp, arsenal, aircraft station, government or naval vessel, navy yard, factory or workshop for the manufacture of munitions of war or of any products for the use of the army or navy;

(5) An alien enemy shall not respond. It only has to state how much money is needed, and it will be forthcoming. There is no country in the world whose citizens would be so willing to die for their liberty as this one.

Philadelphia, April 6.—As in the days of the American Revolution when something momentous occurred, the city of Philadelphia to-day notified its citizens of the signing by the President of the war resolution by ringing the bell at Independence Hall.

From the same tower where liberty was proclaimed in 1776 the Liberty Bell's deep-toned successor was rung at half-minute intervals for thirty minutes.

Mr. Bryan read a copy of a telegram to the President offering his services for war, as a private or in any other capacity. It evoked prolonged cheers.

"We need not think of the past," the former Secretary proceeded. "A declaration of war closes discussion. While I was anxious to avoid war, I never lacked confidence in our patriotism. This government only has to state how many men are needed, and they will respond. It only has to state how much money is needed, and it will be forthcoming. There is no country in the world whose citizens would be so willing to die for their liberty as this one."

NEW LIBERTY BELL Tolls War's Alarm Call Sounded from Tower of Independence Hall Philadelphia, April 6.—As in the days of the American Revolution when something momentous occurred, the city of Philadelphia to-day notified its citizens of the signing by the President of the war resolution by ringing the bell at Independence Hall.

CIRCULATION Over 100,000 Daily Net Paid, Non-Returnable

ONE CENT In New York City

Joint War Resolution Signed by President Without Ceremony

News Flashed to Army and Navy Wilson Approves Compulsory Service Bill, Hoping War Will End War

Washington, April 6.—The United States this afternoon formally entered Armageddon. The President at eleven minutes past 1 o'clock, without ceremony, in the presence only of the members of his Cabinet, signed the joint resolution of Congress declaring a state of war between this country and Germany. Immediately thereafter he issued the war proclamation. Events followed in rapid succession. A summary of measures and incidents follows:

Domestic The Secretary of the Treasury, William G. McAdoo, issued a statement that the German-owned merchant ships which have been interned in our harbors since the beginning of the war had been seized "for the purpose of protecting the vessels from further injury, and until a decision can be reached as to their proper disposition." It is taken for granted by many Cabinet members that these ships will be put into condition for use as rapidly as possible, and that those which are not destroyed by submarines during the war may be paid for after the war.

The Attorney General announced that orders had been sent to United States marshals all over the country to arrest and hold without bail between sixty and sixty-five Germans, suspected of being spies. Some of these men are already under indictment and out on bail. Others have not yet been arrested.

Instructions prepared several days ago were sent to the Treasury Department to cease transmitting details of the armament and armed guards on merchantmen entering American harbors on the ground that henceforth no restrictions will be placed on such vessels.

It was announced that the government will close all wireless stations except those required for its own official use.

The principal steel manufacturers of the country, led by the United States Steel Corporation, agreed to furnish steel to the government at the prices of 1916, which means a saving of \$20,000,000 on naval contracts already in hand.

Financial It is estimated that the war budget the first year may require the enormous sum of \$5,000,000,000. For the purpose of raising funds plans are under consideration which would require private incomes down to \$1,000 a year to be taxed. That would reach wages.

The Senate voted a unanimous emergency appropriation for war uses at the discretion of the President of \$100,000,000. The House will approve this action on Monday.

By a special proclamation, German insurance companies doing business in the United States were required to continue doing business and prohibited from attempting to transfer away their assets.

Foreign Relations Word that King George and President Poincaré had dispatched messages of congratulation to the President was received unofficially. Only unofficial information also came concerning the action of President Mescal of Cuba in recommending to the Cuban Congress that war be declared upon Germany, partly on the

Register Maine Germans Augusta, Me., April 6.—Governor Milliken to-night issued a proclamation directing all citizens of Germany to appear within twenty-four hours before town clerks or boards of registration and register.

Other persons are required to give information of the residence of Germans in buildings under their control. The proclamation was issued in accordance with an act recently passed by the Legislature.

DON'T LET YOUR STOMACH BOSS YOU. Drink Dr. Brush's Kidney—Advt.