

LOCAL NEWS.

The Japanese training ship *Tsukuba* had target practice off port yesterday.

Subscribe for the *HERALD* now, so that the carriers will know your place by the first of October.

The new boiler for the China fire engine, to replace the one ruined in the big fire, is expected soon from the East.

Hon. Geo. W. Macfarlane, who went to the Coast on business connected with the \$2,000,000 loan, will be home by the *Mararaa* this week.

Chung Quai Sou, the hack driver who gave evidence in the Soi Yung shooting case, was yesterday arrested for perjury and let out on \$1,000 bail.

Sixty-one Portuguese immigrants, comprising 15 men, 11 women and 33 children, were shipped to Hamakua Mill, Hawaii, by the schooner *Moiwahine* last evening.

Mr. Godfrey, reporter for the *Gazette*, is going to have the picture of the members in his book of proceedings. In fact, it was for "Zip's" enterprise that the house was "taken."

Smith's Planetary Almanac and Weather Guide, to be ready in November, will contain times for sowing in all latitudes from 20 to 50 deg. North. It will be on sale in Honolulu.

A merchant here received advices from San Francisco of a big operation to make another corner in grain. Barley jumping from 80 to 95 cents a hundred, showed that the movement had begun.

It is said that the Royal Brass Band comprises the greater portion of the standing army of the Sandwich Islands. From this it may be inferred that a very harmonious feeling pervades the army.—*South Australian Chronicle*.

"I was never exactly buried alive," said an old shophan, recounting his experience, "but I once worked a week in a place that did not advertise. When I came out my head was almost as white as you see it. Solitary confinement did it."

According to the London *Universe* Father Damien, a Jesuit, is dying of leprosy, caught while ministering to the lepers near Honolulu. The *Universe* considers the heroism of the priest more exalted than that of the late General Gordon.—*Exchange*.

At the Lyceum this evening the subject will be, "The True Mode of Approaching God." After the prayer-meeting, or at 8:30, the matter of purchasing a lot for the church will be brought before the congregation. It is urgently desired that every member should be present.

A gentleman in Messrs. G. W. Macfarlane & Co.'s office received by the Australian mail a sample of sugar from Swallow & Derham's "Hambledon" plantation, Cairns, Queensland. It was made by a secret process, the mysterious element being supplied to the clarifiers. The crystals are very sparkling, slightly gray in color, but the sugar is much damper than Hawaiian washed. Sugar men will no doubt find the sample interesting.

Police Court.

One case of drunk, \$6.

Jas. Murphy, assault and battery; forfeited bail, \$6.

A. Keae, having opium in his possession; fined \$50 and sentenced to imprisonment at hard labor for fifteen days.

Ah Chung, assault and battery; sentenced to imprisonment at hard labor for seven days. Appealed to Supreme Court.

Five natives were sentenced to imprisonment at hard labor for one month each, for assault and battery.

Ah Sing, burglary; prosecution withdrawn. Wm. Jordan, violating express rule No. 6; fined \$5 and \$3 costs.

Waikini Kona, deserting wife; remanded for judgment until the 30th inst.

An Earthquake Experience.

Mrs. M. Thompson, of Honolulu, in a letter to her husband, Col. Thompson, dated Richmond, Va., September 1st, gives the following account of her experience with the earthquake: "I send you a paper containing an account of an earthquake shock which made me have a very nervous, dreadful, spell for fifteen minutes. I am in a third story, and my room was so shaken by what at first I thought was a violent wind storm, and in a few moments the rumbling sound, together with the noise of the furniture and everything in agitation, the floor swaying roughly, that I thought of nothing but the house tumbling down over us, and I ran down stairs, to hear that it was an earthquake. The second shock was not so severe, but it was sufficiently appalling to terrify me. The weather was at the time very cool, at least eight or ten degrees lower than it was the day before."

SPEECH BY MR. DOLE.

On the Item for Household Expenses.

MR. PRESIDENT.—It seems that we should reconsider this vote, for no statement or committee report is before the House showing any reason for increasing the appropriation for household expenses. It has been said that if such an increase is an insult to His Majesty, the House is responsible for it. Now I am opposed to any such increase, and I do not think I should be held responsible for it; the majority who carry such a vote are responsible. I do not suppose that any one present, in proposing or supporting such an increase of this appropriation, intends to insult His Majesty. I do not for a moment suppose that the honorable member from Hilo would ever cast reproach upon His Majesty under any circumstances whatever. But may not such an increase of appropriation be a humiliation to the King? Because early in the session he communicated his desire to the Assembly that the appropriation bill should be revised with a view to economy, beginning with the civil list. Now if we ignore His Majesty's request, we either show to the public that we don't believe that he meant what he said, or else that his wishes have no influence with this Assembly. I feel that the support by the Minister of the Interior to this increase of appropriation is a humiliation for this Assembly. Early in the session the Minister of the Interior—he may have been the Minister of Foreign Affairs then—made a speech in favor of economy, which was so good that it was applauded by the Opposition; he said the revenue of the country was sufficient for our needs and that we could get along without any loan at all. He announced a policy of economy as the policy of the Government; we see today how he is following out that policy. A few days later His Excellency ate his own speech on economy whole. It may not be parliamentary as a rule to discuss His Majesty in this Assembly, but when the subject of debate is a matter relating to his private affairs or to his position, it becomes both proper and necessary to allude to him personally. His Excellency the Minister of the Interior has introduced the subject of His Majesty's official position before us, and I may be excused in referring to his remarks. He has compared our ruler with the Queen of England and other crowned heads, and said that his power in this country was greater than theirs in their domains. This I deny; it is not the fact. He says that His Majesty may veto any law passed by this Assembly, while the Queen of England dare not veto an Act of Parliament. This is a statement that is both derogatory to the Queen of England and untrue; no one acquainted with the history of the English Parliament would make such a remark. He says that our Legislature and people are under the rule of an autocrat; now, as a member of this House, I protest against such a statement. By our constitution and laws we are a sovereign legislative body, and if His Majesty has an autocratic control of our proceedings, he has it only by an act of usurpation. The sovereign power of this country is divided between the King, the Legislature and the Supreme Court, and there is no more sense in saying that the King is a larger part of the Legislature because he has the veto power, than there would be in saying that the Supreme Court is the larger part of the Legislature because it has the power to cancel the laws of the land. I am not surprised to hear the reverential remarks of His Excellency the Minister of the Interior, about the "divine right of kings," and his expression of political sentiments that belong to the fourteenth century; we all know that these are his views, but he is behind the times and his theories do not fit the nineteenth century. (Mr. Gibson interrupting said, "I was not stating opinion but facts"). Mr. Dole, continuing: "I will meet him just there, on the facts." This Government is not an autocracy, but is a legislative government like those in other parts of the world, and is governed on similar principles.

It seems to me that this vote should be reconsidered; the motion to increase the item is a surprise to the House at the last reading of the appropriation bill. I should be in favor of leaving the item as it stood in amount and making it read "for Palace repairs and grounds." The household expenses should come out of the King's salary; that is what his salary is for. In deference to His Majesty's request this item should not be increased.

A Congregational Reunion. Last evening Rev. E. C. and Mrs. Oggel held a reception at their residence, Nuuanu Valley, for the members of the Bethel Union congregation. The response was general, a large company thronging the spacious rooms and verandah. In the midst of most agreeable social converse the Elite ice cream man loomed up, the luxuries and dainties he brought shedding a cooling aroma over the happy scene. It becoming generally known that the pivot on which the pastoral hospitality revolved was the forty-fifth birthday of the host, the reverend gentleman was heartily congratulated on all hands and wished many happy returns of the occasion. About ten o'clock the gathering dispersed, all delighted with their gracious and amiable reception and in having met together under such agreeable auspices.

FOREIGN NEWS.

THE ORIENT.

Japan. On the 23rd ultimo, the electric light was used for the first time in the Cabinet Office.

Prince Napoleon, who arrived at Osaka, on the 19th ultimo, visited the Castle, Arsenal and Mint, afterward proceeding to Nara. He will remain about a week at Kyoto and then return to Tokio overland.

News of a disquieting nature has been received from Corea. The King and the Bin family appear to have been again coquetting with Russia, and the Chinese Government is said to be indignant.

Eruptive typhus, which had lately been prevalent in Kyoto, has now greatly diminished, and only eighteen patients remain in the hospital.

Cholera in Tokio continues severe. The scene of its worse ravages is now the Kanda district. Two foreign residents of the capital have been attacked.

A recent ascent of Fujiyama has disclosed the fact that fiery vapors are now being emitted from fissures in the summit of the mountain in much greater volumes than was the case formerly.

The standing army of Japan numbers 34,000 rank and file, and the medical staff consists of one surgeon to every hundred men.

The manufacture of handkerchiefs of hemp grown in Goshu, on an experimental scale only, has turned out to be such a great success that the business will now be engaged in extensively.

China. A proposal has recently been brought before the Chinese in Hongkong and Canton by a foreigner to establish a company to make sugar out of rice. The capital of the company is to be \$250,000, in \$100 shares.

Charles Rivington, co-proprietor of the *Shanghai Mercury*, son of Mr. Rivington of Messrs. Rivington & Co., publishers, London, and for a quarter of a century a resident of the Far East, died at Shanghai on the 2d inst.

News was received here on the 18th inst. that the British steamer *Madras*, Captain Plenge, while on her way from Nagasaki to Hongkong with a cargo of Takasima coal, has stranded on Tai-ching, some sixty miles to the south of Ningpo, on the Chinese coast, and that she would probably become a total loss.

The missionaries who were at Chungking during the recent riots there and who were compelled to seek refuge in the Taotai's Yamen for a fortnight, have arrived at Ichang. Some of them were badly treated.

A member of the American Bible Society, who left Canton last February for a tour overland, taking with him some 4,000 books for sale, has arrived at Shanghai. During all this time he had been virtually a prisoner in the hands of Chinese officials, who, on the pretext of looking after his safety, prevented him from going where he wanted and gave him no opportunity of selling his books.

During the late riots at Chungking a French missionary was killed. The latest advices received by the Shanghai *Courier*, which carry us up to the 5th instant, are to the effect that rioting was still going on, and that Mr. Bourne, the British Consul, and two missionaries were still detained at the yamen, and are not allowed to go out for fear of their being maltreated. A further report to Canton is to the effect that the Tsung-li Yamen, or Foreign Board of China, have adopted the suggestion of the Viceroy and the Governor of Canton and a Special Commissioner named Pang Yu Lin, made some time ago with regard to Christianity, viz, that the propagation of Christianity should be countenanced openly, but secretly it should be suppressed. Of course there may be nothing in all this, except that it shows what the feeling of the native mind with regard to missionaries is at the present time.

Christians Murdered by Hundreds and Starving by Thousands in Tonquin.

The Paris *Universe* publishes a telegram from the Bishop of Tonquin saying that 700 Christians have been massacred and forty villages burned in the province of Manhoa, and that 9,000 Christians are perishing of hunger.

Interesting to Hawaii.

A Washington despatch of September 10th is as follows: In answer to an inquiry by the Collector of Customs at San Francisco, Acting Secretary Fairchild of the Treasury Department decides that sugar cane is not entitled to free entry under the provision in the Hawaiian reciprocity treaty for "vegetables," or for "Muscovado, brown and all other unrefined sugar," but is dutiable at the rate of 10 per cent ad valorem as a raw, unmanufactured article, under section 2,513 of the revised statutes as contained in the act of March 3, 1883.

Messrs. McCandless Brothers yesterday struck water in an artesian well on the premises of Mr. Geo. Robertson, back of Col. Spreckels' residence, Panohau. A very fair stream came when a depth of 205 feet had been reached, and the boring is to be continued for a few days with a view to getting an increased flow.

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY.

In the Legislature yesterday, the hundred and thirteenth day, Mr. Gibson answered the question of Mr. Thurston relative to the cost of immigrants. For those by the *Stirlingshire* there was an outlay of \$42,000, of which the planters paid \$16,000. The *Amana's* 506 people cost \$41,000, the planters' share of which would be \$15,000. Women and children come at the expense of the Government. The Japanese Government wanted to make emigration to these islands free, the Hawaiian Government to rebate the passenger tax, relieve immigrants of taxes for three years, and allow each passenger to bring 200 pounds of rice free of duty. Mr. Hayselden from a select committee submitted a substitute for a bill to amend section 62, Civil Code, relating to licenses, which was passed to third reading. The votes on governors' salaries, the salary of the Police Justice of Honolulu, and items for the volunteer companies, were reconsidered on motion of Mr. Aholo. The following bills passed third reading: to authorize the Collector General to permit the withdrawal of alcohol in certain cases; to relieve South Sea Island goods from duties; to consolidate the laws relating to commissioners of private ways and water rights; to provide for a Hawaiian Board of Health; to organize the army; to relieve residents of Makiki, interest being refused on the amount of their claims. A motion to indefinitely postpone the Hawaiian Board of Health bill, made by Mr. Dole, was defeated on the following division: For—Dare, Bishop, Brown, Pahia, Wight, Kalua, Richardson, Dickey, Thurston, Pachaole and Dole—11; against—Gibson, Kanooa, Bush, Hayselden, Keau, Liliakani, Baker, Kauli, Amara, Kaulia, Kaulukou, Kaunamano, Nahale, Nahinu, Aholo, Kaukau, Kauli, Kauli and Palohau—19. Mr. Keau's bill to prevent cattle driving on the road at Moanalua was handed over to a committee. Mr. Dole's amendment to the Constitution, sending the Ministry to the Privy Council for authority to expend money in emergencies other than those of war, pestilence, invasion or public disaster, was opposed by the Government and thrown out. This effort exhausted the House, and it adjourned before three o'clock for want of a quorum.

TRADE POINTERS. West, Dow & Co., have received ex-steamers Wilmington, ash sets, school bags, harmonicas, guitar and banjo strings, rustic frames, music books and sheet music.

The Best Tonic. Mr. Henry Billings, Washington, D. C., writes: "I have used your Duffy's Pure Malt Whisky for medicinal purposes. As a tonic I consider it superior to the hundreds of concoctions which are now flooding the land as stimulant liquors."

Shipping Intelligence.

ARRIVALS. TUESDAY, Sept 28.
Ger bark Pacific, from Bremen
Schr Nettie Merrill from Wainane
Schr Mary E. Foster from Kauai
Tenn Ke Au Hou from Paia
DEPARTURES. TUESDAY, Sept 28.
Stmr Kinuau for Maui and Hawaii
Stmr Iwalaui for Kauai
Stmr C. R. Bishop for Lahaina and Hamakua
Schr Kauliokanani for Kohala
Schr Leolu for Hamakua
Schr Moawahine for Kahoolawe
Am yacht Brunhilde for South America
VESSELS LEAVING TO-DAY.
Stmr Lehua for Hamakua
Stmr Surprise for Wainane
Schr Kauli for Kauai
Schr Waimahu for Paia and Hilo
Vessels in Port from Foreign Ports.
Brit bark Ite of Rio, Nuchuan, from Liverpool
Am yacht Brunhilde, Phelps, from Monterey, Cal
Am bk Ceylon, Calhoun, from Port Townsend, W.T.
Am bkine Planter, Periman
Am bk Forest Queen, Winding, from San Francisco
Am bk Atlanta, Killman, from Port Townsend, W.T.
Am bk Elmire, G. W. Jenks, from Newcastle, N.S.W.
Br ship *Amana*, from Madelia
Am bk Hester, C. Ryder, from Newcastle, N.S.W.
Ger bark Pacific, Olfman, from Bremen, Germany
Vessels Expected from Foreign Ports.
Brit bark Ironrang, from Liverpool, due October 15th.
To T. H. Davies & Co.
Am brigette Salina Blake, from San Francisco, due.
Am bk Martha Fisher, F. M. Benson, sailed from Boston, August 7th, due December 10th. To C. Brewer & Co.
Brit bark Martha Fisher, to have sailed from Liverpool, August 25.
Brit bark W. H. Watson from Liverpool, due October 15th. To F. A. Scheffer & Co.
Am bk Pacific Slope, Rames, from Newcastle, N.S.W., due September 10th. To W. Ulmer & Co.
Am stern W. S. Boone from San Francisco.
Haw bark Theo R. Foster, F. W. Rugg, from Newcastle, N.S.W., due October 1st.
Br ship Hosopala, Babcock, from Newcastle, N.S.W., due October 10th.
R. M. S. *Mantua*, Edie, from San Francisco, en route to the Colonies, due Oct 1st.
Haw S. S. *Australia*, Webster, from San Francisco en route to the Colonies, due October 8.

PASSENGERS.
From Bremen, Germany, Ger bark Pacific, Tuesday, Sept 28—W. O. Zeller and W. Totenmacher.
For Maui and Hawaii, per stmr Kinuau, Tuesday, Sept 28—W. R. Castle, wife and child, Mrs. Ashford, Mr. Ehrlick, Jas Campbell and servant, C. Killman, wife, child and servant, Mrs. Holt and servant, and about 75 deck.
NOTES.
The *Ikine Planter* will probably sail for Port Townsend, W.T., next Monday.
The bark *Coyhoo* has finished discharging her cargo of lumber, and has been chartered by Messrs Theo H. Davies & Co. to load sugar for San Francisco.
The schr *Mary E. Foster* arrived from Wainane, Kauai, yesterday afternoon. While heaving in she ran ashore on the Waikiki side of the channel. The stmr C. R. Bishop went to her relief and soon got her into deep water again.
The stmr *Mararaa* will be due here, en route to the Colonies, on Saturday next.
The stmr *Wilmington* commenced loading sugar yesterday. She will sail for San Francisco on next Saturday.

General Advertisements.

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The New England Mutual Life Insurance Company of Boston.
D. M. Weston's Patent Cotton-Gin Machines,
The New York and Honolulu Packet Line.
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Dr. Jayne & Son's Celebrated Medicine,
Wilcox & Gibbs, Remington and Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Mach

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