Phases of the Moon for the Month of August, 1872.

PREPARED BY CAPT. DANIEL SMITH.

HONOLULU MEAN TIME.

3rd, New Moon	11 34	P M
11th, First Quarter	7 21	P M
18th, Full Moon	10 22	A M
25th, Last Quarter	10 04	A M

TIME SUN RISING AND SETTING.

1st, Sun Rises	5 37 A M	Sun Sets	6 35	P M
8th, Sun Rises	5 46	Sun Sets	6 30	"
15th, Sun Rises	5 42	Sun Sets	6 26	"
22d, Sun Rises	5 44½	Sun Sets	6 20½	"
29th, Sun Rises	5 51½	Sun Sets	6 14½	"
31st Sun Rises	5 47	Sun Sets	6 10	

NOTES OF THE WEEK.

Up to the time of going to press the California Steamer, now due, has not made her appearance.

It will be observed by advertisement in another column that the Kilauea will not make her usual trips between the 16th and 30th of September. During that interval, she will be laid up for repairs.

THE NAVIGATORS.—We understand that serious difficulties have occured at the Navigators within the past few months. By the Ketch Ino we learn that a war has been carried on between the different chiefs of the islands, and that foreigners had fears of being molested.

THE ARRIVAL OF THE NEBRASKA.—The Nebraska arrived yesterday, 16 days from Auckland, bringing four passengers for Honolulu, and fifty through passengers. The news from the Colonies is unimportant. The Nebraska was quarantined for twelve days at Wellington, New Zealand.

RE-OPENED.—The Butcher Shop, known as the Washington Market, will be re-opened on Saturday next, by Mr. Dunne, one of the former proprietors of that market. We are assured that no pains will be spared to make the market complete and attractive.

THE OLDEST INHABITANT.—The venerable mother of Dr. G. P. Judd is to-day ninety years old, which probably entitles her to the honorable distinction of being the oldest person in Honolulu if not on these Islands. Nonagenurians are not abundant even in older countries, and it is seldom one is seen possessing the vigor of Mrs. Judd, who is able to attend church regularly every Sabbath.

ROSE EVANS will give her farewell performance this evening. For so talented an actress, of whom we "may not see the like again," we bespeak a good house—she deserves it. Miss Evans has, during her brief visit to the United States and Europe, made for herself a reputation of which any artist might be proud, and the people of Honolulu have seldom seen in the past (and we presume will not see in the future.) a more accomplished actress.

AN ANCIENT RELIC.—During his late visit to Kauai, Judge Widemann procured a stone implement, of curious make, resembling half of a cocoa nut shell, hollowed out with a hole about an inch and a half deep and wide, the rim being an inch thick. We have never seen a stone like it, nor can we learn for what purpose it was used. Judge W. was informed that the natives in old times used it as a musical instrument. Whatever it was made for, it is an exceedingly rare curiosity.

WE notice by the *Sydney Mail*, that on the 26th ult., a resolution was passed in the Colonial Parliament authorizing the Government to advertise for a mail service between Sydney and San Francisco, via Fiji and Honolulu. The proposals for tenders were to be advertised both in the Colonies and in England. From private letters, there is little doubt that the service will be re-commenced by powerful propellers. The time between San Francisco and Sydney we understand to be fixed at thirty days.

THE SMALL-POX IN AUSTRALIA.—We learn from Capt. Shepherd, of the George Thompson, that cases of small pox had appeared in Sydney and Newcastle, N. S. W., which were supposed to have originated from New Zealand, where it was introduced, as is claimed, by the Nebraska. At once, on the appearance of the disease in the above cities, every passenger known to have arrived from Auckland or by the Nebraska, was placed in quarantine. Our informant states that although great excitement prevailed on the subject, the prompt measures taken to check the spread of the disease may possibly have the effect to confine it in very narrow limits, as has been done here. Although this being the first appearance of the disease in the Colonies, where in consequence the same care had not been taken to guard against it as had been taken here, it may get to be epidemic, in which case its ravages will no doubt be fearful. We regret that we have been unable to procure any Australian papers giving the latest accounts in relation to the subject.

THE VOLCANO OF MOKUAWEOWEO.—Our latest advices from Hawaii inform us that the eruption still continues in Mokuaweoweo at the summit of Mauna Loa. A column of fire or lava is constantly being thrown up several hundred feet above the summit of the crater, presenting, in the night, a most imposing spectacle. The people living around the base of Mauna Loa are in momentary expectation of a lava flow from the sides of the mountain. When it is considered that the floor of the crater is something like five hundred feet below the rim and that the column of lava is estimated to be thrown something like two hundred feet above the rim, it must be thrown up at least seven hundred feet. The Column must also be immense as it can be seen distinctly from all sides of the mountain, which in the night it lights up in grand style. The eruption reached its grandest dimensions about eight days before our informant left the coast of Hawaii, since which time the column of fire had not perceptibly diminished. Passengers who took the trip round Hawaii on Monday will probably have a rare opportunity to witness this remarkable eruption.

THOSE ITEMS.—For some time past our neighbor of the *Advertiser* has been accusing the *Alta California* of copying Hawaiian news items from the *Advertiser* and crediting them to the GAZETTE. We have never commented upon the complaints of the *Advertiser* in this regard, because they have been so ridiculous as not to deserve notice. As we have never taken a single item from that paper without giving due credit, and very seldom at that, and as the editor and publishers of that paper know that fact just as well as we do, they will probably appreciate the following from the *Alta* of the 10th inst.:

"The *Commercial Advertiser* of Honolulu complains that the items of Hawaiian news published in the ALTA are credited to the *Gazette*, without regard to the source where they first appeared. If it has happened that the *Gazette* has pilfered the *Advertiser's* items we are not responsible for that, but have given credit to the paper from which they were clipped. As to giving credit to the wrong paper, if such a mistake has occurred, any journalist should know it to be accident; no fair newspaper would sanction such a meanness, and no fair newspaper should charge such a mistake as intentional."

Another word on this subject which we are bound to say in behalf of the gentleman who occupies the position of Hawaiian Consul at San Francisco. He is accused by the *Advertiser* of collating news items from here, sending them to the *Alta* and *Bulletin* and crediting them to this paper. Now, we happen to know that Mr. Severance does not collate any Hawaiian news for the San Francisco papers, (nor does any one here so far as we are aware), and in fact does not take the *Advertiser* at all, as we are informed, and consequently does not read it except he happens to see a copy somewhere about the very few offices in San Francisco where it is deemed worth while to take it. Both the *Alta* and *Bulletin* are in regular receipt of the GAZETTE (and perhaps of the *Advertiser*), and they take their news items from the paper which they deem to give the best information as to occurrences here.

THE COCOS ISLAND TREASURE.—About two years ago a vessel belonging to Honolulu was chartered at Panama to convey a party to Cocos Island, to hunt up or dig up the immense amount of treasure which is supposed to have been hidden upon that Island. The party did some tall digging in various localities, but were forced to leave, we suppose, just before the treasure was found on account of having run out of provisions. Heaps of gold would have done them no good if they had been obliged to starve upon it.

Recently, another expedition has been fitted out for the same purpose, which upon the start seemed to possess all the elements of success. They had the only two survivors of the pirate crew living, who knew exactly the cave where the doubloons and ingots were hidden! The brig Laura was chartered and the adventurers, certain of success, embarked with the survivors. Here is the result of this last expedition:

"The Laura sailed from San Francisco February 26th for Cocos Island, seeking for the 'hidden treasure,' with Thomas Walch and wife, who pretended to know where it was buried. Arrived at Cocos Island March 28th, after a pleasant voyage of 31 days. Everything went pleasant and fine on board. On April 1st, Walch pointed out the cave, and said the treasure was hid there, about thirty feet further in. We dug eighty feet, and after digging eight days we came to the conclusion that there was no treasure there, nor ever had been. Some were for hanging old Walch and wife, and some for leaving them on the island, and some of the 'soft ones' on board thought that the treasure was still there, so we dug twelve days more—some two hundred feet—and came at last to the head of the cave, and found no treasure, or any signs of any. Each and every one went to the end to satisfy himself, and the owner directed the vessel to sail for Punta Arenas, where we arrived in three days, and landed Walch and wife. Sailed thence May 5th, (after landing five passengers to take passage for this port on steamer Constitution,) for La Union, and arrived there May 6th; sailed thence May 8th for La Libertad, and arrived there May 13th; sailed thence May 15th for Acajutla, arriving there May 16th, when we took in 800 bags of coffee, and sailed thence May 23d for San Jose de Guatemala, arriving the 26th, and sailed same day for this port, touching at Champesico May 28th; sailed thence same day. For the first sixteen days had calms, making one or two hundred miles. Calms, squalls, and baffling the first part of the passege, and have been within eight hundred miles of this port for the last twenty days, with strong northerly winds."

An Article upon Noses.

THE following reads very much like Knox of Kentucky, who gave such a glowing account of Duluth, Pegans and Buffaloes in Congress some two years ago. We trust, too, if it is Mr. Knox, that his constituents will have the good sense to elect him, "irrespective of party," as so brilliant a genius should not be allowed to vegetate in any country town in Kentucky or any where else:

A candidate for Congressional honors said: "These, gentlemen, are my settled convictions; but if they don't please, they can be altered." We always thought that people's noses were as settled as anything belonging to them, but it seems they also can be altered if they do not happen to please. A Paris paper mentioned the other day that a Frenchman had invented a machine for the purpose; but in a London paper we observe that such a machine is already offered to the public, the address of the vendor given and the price fixed at ten shillings and six pence. "This contrivance," it is set forth, "applied to the nose for all hour daily, so directs the soft cartilage of which the member consists, that an ill-formed nose is quickly shaped to perfection." Nay, more. We find in a number of a clever though defunct Quarterly, called the Rectangular Review, a statement made on professional authority, that instruments of the kind have been known for some time past, and are in not uncommon use. "The principal object," said the communicant, "must be to be able to adjust the instrument in such a way as to give pressure in certain parts, but in those parts only. For instance, if the nose be thin at the point and large at the base, the pressure must not be at the tip, but at the base of the nose. And the difficulty has been in so contriving an instrument that it might be set to any gauge, and kept at that until the object for which it has been used has been attained. This difficulty is now overcome, and we are making neat instruments that can be used without a disagreeable pressure, and that will effect the object in a remarkably short time." Since this communication was made to the writer in the Rectangular, the machines seem to have become better known, and to judge by the advertisements, they are likely to become better known still. With such means of defeating nature, what will become of the nose as an index of character? Fancy the great Duke of Wellington with a retrousse—who would have given him credit for military genius? He would probably have been neglected, and left the army in disgust. How, too, could Napoleon have selected his generals had they tampered with him in a similar way? Even in private life, inconveniences suggest themselves. How are we to be on our guard against every saucy young lady who chooses to mount a severe aquiline? or against a young lady who chooses to tempt you with a turn-up? But we suspect that these "improvers," if they be practicable at all, can apply only to very early life. The cartilage of the nose in full grown people must have a tolerably strong will of its own, and, one would fancy, is not to be forced out of its shape without some awkward consequences. As for children, when very young their noses may be made much what their parents and nurses choose. Not, of course, as regards size, but as regards shape. In India you continually see native mothers and Ayahs manipulating the noses of the babies in their charge, those features being never allowed to grow wild, but subject to training like a young tree. Hence, we may suppose the absence among most natives of India of the misshapen frontispieces which are so common in this country.

CIRCULATING THE SMALL-POX.—A circulating library in an English town took the small-pox recently. One of those incurable fools whom God, for some inscrutable reason, permits to kill their betters by sheer carelessness, caught the small-pox, and whiled away the hours of sickness by reading books drawn from the library. These when returned and redrawn proved fruitful sources of disease and death in other households. The proprietors were compelled to issue circulars, warning the public, and calling in all volumes in circulation. The whole library is now being disinfected.

THE new military organization, divides France into twelve districts, containing one Army Corps in each, making a total of one hundred and fifty-seven regiments of infantry, sixty-six of cavalry, thirty-six of artillery, six of engineers, and eighteen battalions of military train.

CITY OF MEXICO, August 1st.—Nelson American Minister, starts for the United States on September 1st, on short leave of absence

COMMERCIAL.

HONOLULU, AUGUST 27, 1872.

We have to note the arrival of the British ship Geo. Thompson from Newcastle, with coal for mail steamers, the American ship George Green from San Francisco in ballast, under charter to load at the Guano islands for Europe, the Ketch Ino from the Navigator Islands, and the Str. Nebraska from Auckland. We have no foreign departures to report since our last issue.

The steamer Idaho may be considered fully due tomorrow morning. The bark Comet is about 15 days out from San Francisco.

Our Auckland advises are to the 10th inst. Sugars are in fair demand, there being less than three weeks supply on hand. They complain much of the quality of the Island sugars sent to that port, and say that our best sugars can be sold readily in bond at prices that will net more than in San Francisco, from the fact of expenses being so much less; that dark sugars are not suitable for their trade generally; that having no Sugar Refineries, they cannot make our dark sugars available.

We understand that the New South Wales Parliament have passed a bill to aid a steam line, and call for tenders for carrying a mail via Fiji to San Francisco.

We have advices from San Francisco up to the 10th. Sugar and other Island produce remain about the same as our last advices. We have been permitted to copy a circular letter from a San Francisco house to their correspondents, giving valuable information in regard to the sugar market:

SAN FRANCISCO, 7th August, 1872.

"We quote from F. O. Licht's London Sugar Circular of July 18th, 1872, the following, showing the position of the Sugar market in Europe and North America:

"The production of Beet-root Sugar in the first five months of this year, in consequence of the falling off on the part of Germany, has remained behind that of last year by 63,000 tons. Imports show for Europe and North America together an increase of 36,000 tons; for Europe alone that of 17,000 tons, whilst the stocks on 1st of January were, in Europe and North America together, 57,000 tons, and in Europe alone, 64,000 tons smaller than in 1871; so that for Europe and North America together there results a decrease of 84,000 tons, and for Europe alone that of 110,000 tons against last year; but in Europe they were 87,000 tons smaller, whilst exports show an increase of 4,000 tons over last year. Consumption during the first five months of this year in Europe and North America is less than that of the year before by 1,000 tons, in Europe alone by 27,000 tons. For the twelve months ending 31st May the total consumption of sugar in Europe and North America together has increased by 27,000 tons, and Europe alone by only 1,000 tons.

"These statistics, as already anticipated in previous months, are again more favorable to the article, and even if the fact of a larger crop in Cuba, as well as the prospect of an important increase in the Beet-root Sugar production, should, after the recent considerable rise, naturally effect its value, the same may nevertheless be again strengthened by the heavy deficiency in the stocks combined with the increase in the consumption of the article, the latter being greatly aided by the very favorable prospects of the corn crops.

"Our latest advices from Manila and Batavia report firm and advancing rates for Raw Sugars."

EXPORTS.

For Tahiti, per Wm H Allen, August 23—

Beef, bbl	1	Gin, cs	50
Brandy, cs	20	Hay, bales	154
Butter, kegs	4	Painkiller, cs	1
Casks, galls	7,901	Rum, bbls	3
Cordage, coils	5	Tongues, pkgs	10
Dry Goods, pkgs	4		

Value—Domestic.....$190; Foreign.....$2,061 70.

IMPORTS.

From Apia, per Ino, August 21—12 Tons Coal and 9,000 Cocoanuts.

From Newcastle, N S W, per George Thompson, August 25—1536 Tons Coal.

From Sydney and Auckland, per Nebraska, Aug. 27—1 pkg Leather, 3 cs and 21 pkgs Mdse, 5 bbls Sheep skins, 50 sks Oats, 50 Empty Barrels, 1 bx Ferns, 4½ cases Brandy, 50 cs Gin, 5 cs Chutney, and 57 pkgs Assort'd Mdse in transitu for San Francisco.

PORT OF HONOLULU.

ARRIVED.

Aug. 21—Brit ketch Ino, Williams, 36 days from Apia, Nav. Is., and schr Pamahi from Molokai.
22—Schrs Kitaai and Moikeiki from Maui.
23—Schrs Waiola from Molokai, Hokulele and Fairy Queen from Kauai.
24—Schr Nettie Merrill and slp Live Yankee from Maui.
25—Brit ship George Thompson, Shepherd, 34 days from Newcastle, N S W, str Kilauea from Kauai, schrs Uilama and Active from Hawaii, Mary Ellen from Maui, and Warwick from Molokai.
26—Am ship George Greed, Wilcox, 16 days from San Francisco, and schr Isabella from Maui.
27—Am stmr Nebraska, Harding, 16 days from Auckland.

SAILED.

Aug. 22—Stmr Kilauea and schr Jenny for Kauai.
23—Haw brig Wm H Allen, Schneider, for Tahiti via Kawaihae.
24—Schrs Kamoi for Maui, and Fairy Queen for Kauai.
26—Stmr Kilauea for Windward Ports, schrs Kitaai, Nettie Merrill and slp Live Yankee for Maui.
27—Schrs Pamahi and Warwick for Molokai, Uilama for Hawaii, and Mary Ellen for Kauai.

PASSENGERS.

From Apia, per Ino, August 21—W D Barnard.

For Kauai, per stmr Kilauea, August 22—W L Green, wife and daughter, Miss Elizabeth Green, Mrs S L Johnson, S G Wilder, A S Cleghorn, Henry Lundt, Jas Gay, J G Dickson, C Williams, W Brash, Mr Akana, and about 25 deck.

For Tahiti, per W H Allen, August 23—D T Matherson, and 2 Chinese.

From Kauai, per stmr Kilauea, August 25—W H Chickering, E C Damon, E Preston, Miss Nellie Beckwith, Miss Kate Dickson, Miss Hessie Dickson, J G Dickson, Miss Julia Judd, A S Cleghorn and wife, J Gay, L Wilcox, W O Smith, B F Ehlers, Mrs Ehlers, Henry Ehlers, Paul Ehlers, Miss Mary Ehlers, P Isenberg, Mrs Isenberg, Henry Isenberg, Charles Isenberg, S R Dole, W L Green, J Stappleton, Wm Waterhouse, H Macfarlane, Mr Akana, Miss Lena Smith, Fred Smith, Judge Widemann, Judge McBryde, Miss Alice McBryde, Miss Mary McBryde, Dr Whitney, Mrs Whitney, G N Wilcox, Miss Annie Wundenberg, Mr Loongok, Mr Sansing, Miss Goodale, R Kohler, Jno Wight, H Whitney, L McCully, S G Wilder, and 140 deck.

For Windward Ports, per stmr Kilauea, August 26—Dr J M Whitney and wife, H N Palmer, W O Smith, Fred Spencer, Frank Brown, Mrs W Chamberlain, Mrs J Makee, Mrs E Clark, Mr Curtis, Miss N Makee, Miss McCully, Mrs R McKibbin, Mr Afong and daughter, Rev M Kuaea, wife and child, Hon J W Neihe and wife, J A Akau, Mr Look San, Capt Kaai and about 110 deck.

From Auckland, per stmr Nebraska, August 27—J Englehardt, A Beckert, G L Surbur, Thos Brooks and 46 in transitu for San Francisco.

SHIPPING NEWS.

REPORT OF SHIP GEORGE THOMPSON.—Left Newcastle on the 21st of July, 1872, passed New Zealand on the 26th, had fine weather with moderate westerly winds to the Island of Rurutu which we made on the 3d of August. Passed Tahiti on the 5th, and were becalmed the next two days off the Island of Huahine, took the SE trades on the 8th. Crossed the equator on the 12th in long. 146° 45' west. Lost the SE trades on the 15th in lat 8° 22' north. Had variable airs from the eastward until the 18th then took the trades from NNE. On the afternoon of the 20th made Hawaii, noticed that smoke came from one of the mountains to the SE, off Maui on the 21st and 22nd. Off Lanai on the 23d and 15 miles off Honolulu at noon of the 24th. Arrived here on Sunday morning the 25th, having had fine weather all the passage.—(*Advertiser.*) W. SHEPHERD, Master.

REPORT OF STEAMSHIP NEBRASKA.—Left Honolulu July 3rd, passed Tutuila 12th; 17th passed the Nevada, 680 miles from Auckland; 21st arrived at Auckland, was boarded by the Health Officer, and the ship, passengers and crew thoroughly examined, we then steamed to the anchorage; 22nd left for Napier; arrived at Wellington on the 24th, when we were ordered into quarantine, notwithstanding we had "passed clean" at Auckland, were kept in strict quarantine 12 days; Aug. 5th arrived at Napier; arrived at Auckland on the 8th; left on the 11th encountered a heavy gale, lasting five days; 17th passed Tutuila, was boarded by the pilot who delivered letters, etc.; on the 26th passed a fore and aft schooner, steering north, could not make out her numbers or colors; arrived at Honolulu Aug. 27th at 11 A. M., 16 days from Auckland.

R. W. LAINE, Purser.

Building Lots For Sale.

THOSE LOTS in Kulaokahua, "on the Plains," Honolulu, numbered as follows:

90, 91, 100, 101, 182, 183, 210, 211, 216, 256,

Are for sale by C. R. BISHOP.
Honolulu, August 12, 1872. 31-3t

NEW ADVERTISMENTS.

DAILY EXPECTED

Per bark R. C. WYLIE,

HALTERMANN, MASTER,

FROM BREMEN!

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

English, German & French Goods,

Consisting in part of

New styles Fancy Prints and Brilliantes,
Waterproof Cloth, Woolen Damask,
White, Blue and Colored Flannels,
Mosquito Netting, Flannel Shirts
Undershirts, Woolen Shawls,
Hosiery, Broadcloths and Linen Ducks,
Large Silk Handkerchiefs,
Artificial Flowers,
Colored Silk Ribbons,

Saddles, Bridles, Spurs,

Clothing, Blankets, Horse Blankets,
Looking-glasses, Washblue,
Brooks' Spool Cotton, all numbers,
Genuine Lubin's Extracts,
Genuine Lubin's Hair Oil,
Genuine Rimmel's Philocome,

TWO SUPERIOR MUSIC BOXES,

Fine Havana Cigars,
German Lager Beer, in quarts and pints,
Brandy in cases and demijohns,
Rum in demijohns,

GENUINE SELTERSWATER,

Alcohol in 1 and 5 gallon demijohns,
Vinegar in demijohns,
Corks, all sizes, and

Numerous other Articles.

FOR SALE BY

ED. HOFFSCHLAEGER & CO.

38-3t

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS ARE HEREBY FORBIDDEN to trust my wife MARY on my account, as she has deserted my bed and board.

JAMES SILVA.
Honolulu, August 28, 182. 33-4t

Notice!

ALL PERSONS having any claims against the Estate of EDWARD LEESON, deceased, will please present the same to the undersigned within six months from date.

Hana, August 20th, 1872. A. UNNA,
33-4t Administrator.

ROYAL HAWAIIAN THEATRE

THE SECOND CONCERT
OF THE
ROMAN CATHOLIC CHOIR
FOR
A NEW CHURCH ORGAN
WILL BE GIVEN
SATURDAY EVENING, August 31.

Mr. H. Berger (who has kindly volunteered his services) will preside at the Piano.

The programme will consist of Vocal, Instrumental, Operatic and Sentimental music.

ADMISSION—Dress Circle, $100, Parquette, 75 cts. Pit, 50 cts. No extra charge for reserved seats.

Doors open at 7½, to commence at 8 o'clock.

Washington Market

TO BE RE-OPENED.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD MOST respectfully inform his many friends, and those of his former patrons, that he intends to re-open in

THE BUTCHERING BUSINESS,

at the old stand known as

Washington Market, Nuuanu Street,

Where he will be pleased to see all those who may favor him with a call.

Books will be open on Saturday evening, Aug. 31st ofr orders. F. W. DUNNE.
Honolulu, Aug. 28, 1872. 33-2t

SECURITY LIFE INSURANCE AND ANNUITY COMPANY,

OF NEW YORK,

NOS. 31 AND 33 PINE STREET.

ROBT. L. CASE.....President.
THEO. R. WETMORE.. Vice-President.
REUBEN H. UNDERHILL.....Counsel.

Absolutely no Restriction on Travel!

POLICIES INCONTESTIBLE

AFTER THREE ANNUAL PAYMENTS.

The chance that your life will fail within a year is two per cent. The chance that your house will burn within a year is less than one quarter per cent. Why insure the latter and neglect the former?

Life Insurance is not like Fire Insurance, an expense, but a sure investment in time of need.

No man can foresee the condition of his affairs at his death, but by Life Insurance a family can be

Securely Provided For.

And as to the best Company, there are so many good, sound ones, that with ordinary intelligence you can scarcely go amiss. But be sure you select a purely Life Insurance Company. Avoid cooperative swindles as you would poison, and insure only in an Life Company doing a legitimate life business. Keep out of Local Boards, as you would keep out of the fire. Select a well established, well regulated and well managed Life Company. One that has safely passed through the first few trying years of its existence, and has by its fair and honorable dealing with policy holders, and economical management, proved itself worthy of the confidence of the public, and such a one is the *Security Life Insurance and Annuity Company of New York.*

This Company is now over ten years old; has had unparalleled success; has accumulated over Three Million dollars in assets; has to-day $112.64 of assets to each $100 of liability; has always paid its losses promptly; has its agencies organized in almost every State in the Union; has always done a safe business, and has made a record and a history that commends it to the people as one of the best in the country. And as for its liberal and honest dealings with its policy-holders, we can refer you not only to its thousands of living members, but also to the hundreds of widows and helpless ones who are to-day enjoying pleasant and happy homes, as the result of a policy in the SECURITY.

The SECURITY LIFE COMPANY needs no other commendation than its successful business in our own Islands.

Parties on the other Island desiring information or needing documents, will apply to the Agent for the Kingdom,

M. McINERNY.
29-3m Corner Fort and Merchant Sts.

JUST RECEIVED!

A FEW PACKAGES OF

Heidsieck & Co. Champagne!

For Sale at

BROWN & CO.'S,
32-2t 9 Merchant Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FOURTH JUdicial Circuit, Kauai, ss. August Term, A. D. 1872. Loka Kamalii, Libellant for divorce vs. Moanika Kamalii.

In the above entitled libel for divorce it is now ordered that a decree of divorce from the bond of matrimony be entered in favor of the said Loka Kamalii of the cause of the desertion of the said Moanika Kamalii, to be made absolute after the expiration of six months from the date of this decree upon compliance with the terms thereof, unless sufficient cause shall appear to the contrary.

And the libellant is ordered to publish an attested copy of this order in the Government GAZETTE and KE AU OKOA, for six successive weeks; the first publication to be within one month from the date of this order, that all persons interested may within six months show cause why said decree should not be made absolute.

By the Court. G. N. WILCOX, Clerk.
Nawiliwili, August 17, 1872. 33-6t

Foreclosure of Mortgage.

BEFORE THE HON. ELISHA H. ALLEN, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and Chancellor of the Kingdom. In Equity.

WILLIAM HILLEBRAND, Complainant,
vs.
PETER YOUNG KAEO, Defendant.

Pursuant to an order this day made in the above entitled suit by the Honorable Elisha H. Allen, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and Chancellor of the Kingdom; notice is hereby given that a Bill in Equity has this day been filed in the above entitled suit, praying for the foreclosure of a mortgage executed by James W. Austin, Guardian of the person and property of Peter Young Kaeo, and delivered to James F. B. Marshall, and by him endorsed to Bishop & Co. and by him endorsed to William Hillebrand, said mortgage bearing date the 14th day of March, 1863, and given to secure a promissory note of like date in the sum of $3050 together with interest at the rate of 12 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, on the lands and premises as follows:

1st. The land as described in Royal Patent 274, situated on Maunakea street, Honolulu, Oahu, and being the mauka portion of the Kaeo premises, the makai portion having been conveyed to Puhalahea.

2d. The Ili of Kahawale, Honolulu, Oahu, described in Land Commission Award No. 8520.

3d. The Ahupuaa of Kealia, Lanai, described in Land Commission Award No. 8520.

4th. The House Lot in Pusko and Waiuaua, Lahaina, Maui, described in Land Commission Award No. 5483, Apana 4.

5th. The House Lot in Pusko, Lahaina, Maui, described in Land Commission Award No. 5483, Apana 5.

6th. The Ahupuaa of Honokaa, Lahaina, Maui, described in Award of Land Commission No. 8329.

7th. The Ahupuaa of Waika, Kohala, Hawaii, described in Royal Patent No. 1668, Apana 2.

And also the Ahupuaa of Waikahikahi, Puna, Hawaii, described in Royal Patent No. 1668 Apana 4. The foregoing parcels of land being the same as described in the deed of division by the heirs of J. Kaeo and G. Lahilahi Kaeo, and being P. Y. Kaeo's part, the deed being duly recorded in the Registry Office in Honolulu, in Liber 16, pages 281, 282, 283.

All that tract of land situated in Kohala, *Hawaii*, known by the name of Auli, and described in Royal Patent No. 225, at present leased to the Waimea Grazing Company at a rental of $250 per annum.

All that lot of land in Kuiaokahua, Honolulu, Oahu and described in Royal Patent No. 1668.

All that piece and parcel of land situated in Ili of Koheeopa, Kapalama, Oahu, and described in Award of Land Commission No. 8515, Apana 1, part 1, and for which an allodial title has been granted.

All that lot of land in Lahaina described in Award of Land Commission No. 8515, situated in Puako and containing 3 roods and 10 rods, being the premises formerly used as a Hall by the Odd Fellows of Lahaina.

The four last pieces of land having been devised to P. Y. Kaeo by Keoni Ana, whose Will was duly entered of probate in the Supreme Court of the Hawaiian Islands, together with all the rights, privileges and appurtenances and buildings to the same belonging; and that the day of hearing said Bill has been ordered by the Hon. Elisha H. Allen, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and Chancellor of the Kingdom, for SATURDAY, the 7th day of September, A. D. 1872, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Court-room in the Court House in the City of Honolulu; and all persons interested are hereby notified to appear and show cause if any they have against the prayer of the Bill on or before the day assigned and fixed for the hearing. W. C. PARKE,
Marshal of the Hawaiian Islands,
F. H. HARRIS, Solicitor for Complainant.
Honolulu, August 19, 1872. 32-3t

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Nothing has the power of reducing inflamation and subduing pain in these complaints in the same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills. When used simultaneously they drive all inflamation and depravities from the system, subdue and remove all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always be effected even under the worst circumstances, if the use of these medicines be persevered in.

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On the appearance of any of these maladies, the Ointment should be well rubbed at least three times a day upon the neck and upper part of the chest, so as to penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced into meat; this course will at once remove inflamation and ulceration. The worst cases will yield to this treatment by following the printed directions.

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This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's purifying Pills and Ointment, as their double action of purifying the blood and strengthening the system renders them more suitable than any other remedy for all complaints of a scrofulous nature. As the blood is