CITIZENS AND RESIDENTS OF HONOLULU, Visiting Friends and Strangers generally are cordially invited to attend Public Worship at FORT ST. CHURCH, where Services are held every Sabbath at all o'clock A. M., and 7½ P. M. Seats are provided for 11 who may be pleased to attend. There is a Wednesday evening Prayer Meeting at 7½ o'clock, in the Lecture Room, to which all are welcome. 472 1y

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White Cedar and Redwood Shingles.

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SASH AND BLINDS,

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In Large Variety.

PAINTS, OILS, TURPENTINE, VARNISH,

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KEEP THEIR USUAL FULL AND constant supply of

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Paints, Oil, Turpentine & Varnish,
Cooking Stoves & Hollow Ware,
Downer's & Crystalline Kerosene Oil,
Ox Bows, Yokes & Wheelbarrows,
Cast Steel, Nail Rods & Horse Shoe Iron,
California Sole & Skirting Leather,
French Calf & Lining Skins,
Fancy & Carbolic Soaps,
Tin Plates, Solder & Lead Pipe,

Pumps, Carriage Axles & Springs,

Glue, Borax, Pumice & Rotted Stone,

Shoemaker's Tools. Lasts, Pegs & Threads,

Dairy Salt, Card Matches & Door Mats,
All Sorts of Brushes, Blacking & Shoe Polish,

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&c., &c.

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Fancy Woolen Shirts, new Styles!

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Very Superior Heavy Woolen Ponchos,
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Alpacas, Coburgs, Woolen Shawls,
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FINE PEKIN CLOTH FOR UPHOLSTERY,

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF BLANKETS,

Viz: 68x80, 6 lbs., Assorted Colors; 72x84, 7½ lbs., Assorted Colors; and 72x84, 4 pt. Heavy Dark Blue Blankets.

4 Pieces Only, Elegant Velvet Carpets,

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115 Cs Asst'd Best Brandies, 1 star up to 4 star,
Cases Dunville's Irish Whiskey,
A few Cases Very Superior Port Wine,
Cases "A. Lalande & Co." Superior Claret, a very choice article,
Cases Champagne and Moselle.

SUNDRIES!

40 & 42 inch Light and Heavy Burlaps,
Wool Packs,
D. Corsar & Sons' Standard Navy Canvas, assort'd numbers,
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Best Double Screened Welsh Steam Coal,
Fire Bricks, India Rubber Hose,
Floor Oil-cloths, Liverpool Salt, Twine,
Fence Wire, Coolers, McOnie Clarifiers,
Slates, &c., &c., &c. (505 3m)

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Sandal Wood Ware,	Lacquered Ware,
China Ware,	Canvas Shoes,
Straw Slippers,	Clothes Baskets,
Flower Pots,	Wrapping Paper,
Dried Ligee,	Dried Dates,

Gold & Silver Jewelry,
Tortoise Shell & Crystal Jewelry,
Gentlemen & Ladies Paty Hats,
China Brick & Side-walk Stones
SINGLE AND DOUBLE

SUGAR MAT BAGS

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A Great Variety of

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AN INDEPENDENT JOURNAL,

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[From the "Alta California."]

ALOHA, KALAKAUA.

The King's last day in San Francisco

The departure of King Kalakaua on the United States war steamer Pensacola, for Honolulu, the capital of his Kingdom, took place late yesterday. At 11 A. M., the King accompanied by his suite, Mrs. B. Holladay, Jr., Miss Cole, the daughter of ex-Senator Cole, Consul Severance and Vice-Consul J. S. Bacon, of the Hawaiian Government, Japanese Consul Mr. Brooks, Samoi Takahi, Japanese Representative, B. Holladay Jr., Lieutenant W. H. Whiting, and a representative of the *Alta*, took carriages at the ladies' entrance of the Grand Hotel, and were driven rapidly down to the P. M. S. S. Co.'s dock, and went on board the magnificent steamer City of Peking. Assembled on the deck was a select number of ladies and gentlemen of the first families of our city, who had come to wish His Majesty

"GOOD BYE AND A PROSPEROUS VOYAGE."

The King paid a brief visit to the elegant cabins, viewed the magnificent machinery and different "quarters," and returned on deck, where the party were invited to the bijou cabin, abaft the social hall. Champagne was opened and with an "Aloha" the health of the King was drunk. Captain Cox, the Agent of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, made a brief speech, wishing His Majesty a pleasant return-voyage to his Island Kingdom, and stating that if he should postpone his departure on the Pensacola, he hoped he would take passage down on the City of Peking, which was at his disposal. A member of the suite here approached the King, and handing him a note through Consul Severance, presented him with a beautiful bouquet of camelias and "forget-me-nots," with a large gilded basket filled with the same flowers, together with ivy-creepers, heliotropes and rosemaries. At the starboard gangway of the Peking were three lieutenants in full dress uniform from the Pensacola, who now received the King and escorted him to the launches of the steamer. The party embarked in three of them, and were rapidly rowed out to the war vessel. The Pensacola had all her ports open with her heavy guns pointing out, her yards manned, and a magnificent draping of flags pending from end to end of the vessel, the Hawaiian ensign and the Stars and Stripes holding equal posts of honor. The King's boat reached the gangway, and with a light step His Majesty hastened on board, was received by Admiral Almy and the officers of the staff and line of the Pensacola. As his foot touched the quarter deck the cannons began to belch forth a salute of twenty-one guns, the colors were dipped, the band played the national anthem, and the crowd cheered. Major-General Schofield shortly after came on board with his staff, and was welcomed by the King. The military and naval officers were in full dress. There was a large number of ladies and gentlemen on board who came to witness the final departure. The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's dock and the adjacent wharves were now observed to be crowded with people, while in the bay in close proximity to the vessel lay numberless small boats filled with curious spectators. The visitors now dispersed themselves throughout the ship, while the King with a few of his most intimate friends retired to the cabin, which had been prepared especially for his use on the trip down. Among the many ornaments was an elegant semi-circle of metal entwined with creepers and flowers, bearing on its surface in raised letters,

E OLA LOIHI KA MOI, KALAKAUA.

"Long live our King, Kalakaua." The band was constantly playing; there was the hum and bustle of conversation, the rustle of rich silks, the clanging of swords by their wearer's sides, sharp tones of ordering from the officers, and general movement and excitement while the vessel was being got in order to weigh anchor and depart. An accident to the smoke-stack delayed the departure until late in the afternoon. The scene was a brilliant and exhilarating one, many doubtless wishing that if the pleasures of that hour might have continued on, the departure could have been well delayed forever. Many indulged in dancing on the main deck to the inspiring strains of the fine band. About 1 o'clock P. M., a farewell lunch was partaken of by His Majesty and particular friends in the Admiral's cabin. Toasts and speeches were passed. By this time all but the immediate friends of the King had gone ashore, and by 2 P. M., the two last boat loads, towed by the steam launch, were taken to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's City of Peking, and the passengers, passing across her, landed on the dock. The King and Governors Kapena and Dominis stood at the gangway as the last boats left the war steamer and waved adieu with their handkerchiefs to San Francisco and the many friends they had made there. On going on board the City of Peking at this hour, she was found filled with people who wished to view the interior arrangements and fittings of one of the finest steamers that has ever visited our waters. The dock and its approaches were lined with streams of still larger numbers of approaching visitors. The incoming cars were loaded with people whose numbers did not diminish until late in the afternoon.

Among those who go down to Honolulu on the Pensacola is Colonel Steinberger.

[From the "Boston Globe," Jan. 9.]

The King's Last Day in Boston.

His Majesty King Kalakaua could not have been favored with a more delightful winter's day in which to close his sight-seeing in New England than yesterday. The programme arranged, which included a visit to Newton, an inspection of the celebrated watch factory at Waltham, and a short call at the palatial residence of Alvin Adams in Watertown, was carried out, and proved one of the most enjoyable of any yet devised for the entertainment of the royal visitors. The ride on runners, if not the first His Majesty has taken, was hugely enjoyed. The King has nearly recovered from his cold, and, though somewhat wearied from continual sight-seeing, he appeared in excellent health and spirits, yesterday.

IN NEWTON.

The King accompanied by Governor Kapena and Gorham D. Gilman, Esq., of the firm of Gilman Brothers, Boston, and a member of the Newton Common Council, arrived at Newton at 9.30 A. M., in a special car. At the station, quite a crowd had gathered, eager to catch a glimpse of the royal party, but, without losing any time, the residence of Mr. Gilman, on the corner of Elmwood and Baldwin streets, was reached. Here a hearty reception awaited the King and Governor Kapena, there being present, besides the family and Messrs. S. K and J. A. Gilman, brothers to Councilman Gilman, and numerous ladies, His Honor Mayor Hyde, Alderman F. G. Barnes, Councilman A. S. Weed, I. T. Burr, Esq., Representative in the Legislature, Lieut. Tutton, Mr. Eben Sears and Mr. Peter C. Jones, who formerly did business in the Sandwich Islands, his son having a business house in Honolulu. Mr. Gilman is also an old friend of the King, consequently the social gathering was very interesting. A large flag bore the word "Welcome," in the language of the Sandwich Islands, and there were other reminders of the King's distant domain to be seen. The gathering was wholly informal, and after spending an hour in a very pleasant manner, nearly all present seated themselves in large double-seated sleighs, each drawn by two horses, and set out for Waltham. The ladies who accompanied the party were Mrs. G. D. Gilman, Mrs. S. K. Gilman, Mrs. J. A. Gilman, Mrs. Eben Sears, Miss Speare and Miss Barridan of Boston.

THE VISIT TO THE WATCH FACTORY.

When it became known that the King was to visit Waltham and the watch factory, an almost universal desire to see the monarch was expressed. Early in the morning, people gathered at the Fitchburg Railroad station in the expectation that His Majesty would alight there. But they waited in vain, and were disappointed to learn that the distinguished party would come direct by private conveyance. Notwithstanding, however, a respectable crowd welcomed the appearance of the party at the factory at 11 o'clock. On entering the reception-room, the visitors were received by the Hon. F. M. Stone, the President, Royal E. Robbins, Esq., the Treasurer, and Geo. Lawton, Esq., one of the Board of Directors of the American Watch Company. Accompanied by these gentlemen and Messrs. C. W. Fogg, A. T. Bacon, Ambrose Webster, Charles V. Woerd and others connected with the works, the party began an examination of the rooms. The rooms visited included the escapement, balance, case, plate, jewelers', finishing, setting-up, pinion, dial-painting, jewel-making, gilding and engineer's rooms, and the "Nassua" department, so called. The King, as well as the other visitors, appeared much interested in the different operations necessary to completion of a watch. Mr. Robbins, who accompanied His Majesty, explained in a concise manner each process as it was seen. The visitors were particularly interested in the stamping out of the cases and the process of enamelling. His Majesty evinced surprise at the extent of the works, and was not blind to the attractions of many of the female operatives, than whom no better class of corporation hands exists. The young ladies eyed the distinguished party with some curiosity, which led one of the royal visitors to make the inquiry if any of the lady operatives were reporters. At 12 o'clock, precisely, the sleighs were brought to the door, and the party started for the elegant residence of Alvin Adams in Watertown.

THE VISIT TO WATERTOWN.

Here, also, the reception was wholly impromptu. The visitor was cordially received by Mr. Adams and family, and several of their most intimate friends. The odor of the choicest of plants completely filled the house, and there was pleasant music for the occasion. The departments of the palatial residence were all thrown open, and but few were devoid of floral decoration. The famed art gallery, was, of course, the objective point of the visitors, and an hour quickly passed away in looking at the superb works of art which grace the walls of this gallery. Shortly after 1 o'clock, the company was served with a sumptuous lunch; and after further inspection of the grounds and stables, the visitors departed for Newton again, where they arrived shortly after 2 o'clock. At 2.20, King Kalakaua and Governor Kapena left for Boston in a special car.

THE VISIT ENDING.

The remaining hours of the day were passed in comparative quiet, a number of callers being received. During the afternoon, the King received a most elegant present. The gift consisted of an elaborately wrought sachet, highly ornamented with the colors of the United States and Hawaii. This beautiful article was accompanied with a large and choice variety of Parisian perfumes, and forms the most valuable souvenir of our country which His Majesty will carry with him to his island kingdom. The donor was Mme. Pauline, a Parisian lady, who has establishments in Paris and London, and has lately opened a branch at 28 Temple Place for the sale of the fancy articles which delight the feminine heart while the possessor is at the toilet. To-morrow, the royal party will remain at the Revere House, receiving parting calls and preparing for their departure, which will take place at 5 o'clock. They will leave Boston for Niagara Falls on the Chicago express, which leaves the Boston and Albany depot at that hour. The proposed plan is to make brief stops at Niagara, St. Louis and Salt Lake, and leave San Francisco on the United States ship Benicia sometime next month.

Supreme Court—In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of the Bankruptcy of Samuel C. Allen, a voluntary bankrupt.

Before HARRIS, J., at Chambers, 12th February, 1875.

Mr. Samuel C. Allen having complied with all the provisions of the bankrupt act, now petitions for a discharge from all his debts, presenting simultaneously with his petition a paper signed by a majority of his creditors in value and number within this Kingdom. The statute under which he claims his discharge reads as follows:

Sec. 983 Civil Code.—"Every person who, upon finding himself insolvent, shall declare himself a bankrupt, or may have been adjudged a bankrupt on petition, as provided in this article, and who shall surrender, discover, and deliver over to the assignees chosen by his creditors, all his property personal and real, shall, with the consent of a majority of his creditors in value and number within this Kingdom, be entitled to a certificate of discharge from all his debts, to be given him by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court; provided, however, that no such discharge shall release any person who may be liable for the same debt, as a partner, joint contractor, indorser, acceptor or surety for or with the debtor."

But it is objected on the part of Messrs. Williams, Blanchard & Co. and Messrs. Welch & Co., doing business in San Francisco, State of California, that the applicant cannot have his discharge—First, because he has not the assent of a majority of his creditors in number and quantity, if they be taken to be in the Kingdom, as they withhold their consent; and they say that though corporally outside of the Kingdom, they are for the purposes of this statute within the Kingdom, because they are represented here by persons holding their powers of attorney.

And in this connection they say that the only just motive for a statute of this kind is to "save debtors from delay, in waiting the pleasure of absent creditors."

Secondly, that if the statute is held to oust these contestants of equal rights to be heard on the question of the release of the applicant, they rely on the numerous treaty provisions which secure them all the civil rights which subjects have, "to enjoy their property in as full and ample a manner as subjects."—American Treaty, Art. 8th. "Full and perfect protection in regard to their property and the same right as native subjects." British Treaty, Art. 8th. "The same protection as regards their properties as native subjects," &c. Bremen Treaty, Art. 2.

I apprehend that it is a mistake to suppose that the ONLY just motive for passing a statute of this kind is "to save the delay incidental to waiting the pleasure of absent creditors," for bankrupt laws are passed not only for the benefit of the individual who seeks to be discharged from his debts, but of the community,—to give to the community in which the debtor lives, the advantage of his renewed hope, energy and enterprise. They are based on the proposition that the debtor, having given up all his property and being free from imputation of fraud in the matter of his bankruptcy, it is just towards him, and for the interest of all his fellow citizens, that his future efforts should not be hampered by his previous debts; and it is on this last point that the creditors residing abroad have no interest. The debtor having complied with certain conditions, the community, acting through the Legislature, prohibit their courts from entertaining any further suits against him for debts incurred before.

They might have vested the authority to discharge absolutely in the Court; but have chosen to limit the authority of the Court, by requiring as a last condition (all others having been fulfilled) the consent of a majority of the creditors in number and value within the Kingdom. Thus it will be seen that the statute does not preclude the foreign creditors from an "equal right to be heard on the release." On the contrary, they have a right to be heard to offer reasons against the discharge; and if they establish concealment of property, collusion with other creditors, mutilation of documents, or in general terms fraud, a discharge would not be granted notwithstanding the consent of the majority. It is only when all have been heard, and all things have been found to be straight, and no further REASON can be urged against the discharge, that the policy of the law comes in and says in effect: Creditors have got all the property of which the debtor is possessed, and though we limit the authority of our Courts to discharge by requiring the consent of the majority in number and value of those resident in this country, we will limit it no further; and the foreign creditors who are inaccessible to the calls of sympathy, and to whom a debtor's daily difficulties do not appeal, upon whose mind chagrin at having lost his debt may be and probably is the only influence, shall not have any vote to prevent our Court from granting our fellow citizen his discharge.

The provisions in the treaties referred to will be better understood and applied if quoted in full. The American Treaty reads as follows: "And each of the two contracting parties engages that the citizens or subject of the other residing in their respective states, shall enjoy their property and personal security, in as full and ample manner as their own citizens or subjects, or the subjects or citizens of the most favored nation, but subject always to the laws and statutes of the two countries respectively."

It will be seen that this provision is about foreigners resident in this country. This statute is not opposed to it in any way. It does not put foreigners resident in this country on any different footing from native subjects.

The British Treaty reads: "The subjects of either of the contracting parties, in the territories of the other, shall receive and enjoy full and perfect protection for their persons and property, and shall have free and open access to the courts of justice in said countries, respectively, for the prosecution and defense of their just rights."

It will be seen again that this concerns foreigners resident within this country, and surely the contestants in this case are not complaining that their persons or their property are not receiving full and perfect protection within the provision of this article. If it can be said that the discharge of a bankrupt is withdrawing full and perfect protection, it would be the same withdrawal if the Court should be authorized to do so without the concurrence of any body; as it is, they are authorized to grant the discharge after having the concurrence of the majority of the creditors in number and value resident or being in the country.

It will be seen by the course of reasoning adopted that I do not regard Messrs. Williams, Blanchard & Co., and Welch & Co., as being within this Kingdom as meant by the statute, because they are represented by a power of attorney.

CHAS. C. HARRIS,
Associate Justice of the Supreme Court.

A. S. Hartwell for contestants.
Samuel C. Allen in person.

Supreme Court of the Hawaiian Islands—January Term, 1875.

Rex. vs. Eser.

IN BANCO—HARRIS AND JUDD, J. J.

This is an appeal from the Police Court of Honolulu on points of law. It appears that on the 26th January, 1875, the defendant, who is a Chinese female, was brought before the Police Justice of Honolulu charged with having smuggled opium.

Her counsel plead to the jurisdiction of said magistrate to entertain the case, which plea was overruled. Her counsel made also three other points of exception, to wit:

1st, That the warrant of search in the said cause was issued on an insufficient affidavit.

2nd, That the said warrant was issued to W. A. Markham, Port Surveyor and Custom House Guard, not to the Marshal or other officer of the Police.

3rd, That the seizure of the suspected goods was not made in the presence of two inhabitants of the district; nor was an inventory made by the officer executing the warrant.

On these grounds the counsel for the defendant moved her discharge, which motion was overruled by the magistrate, and she was, upon the evidence, convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of $100 and costs.

The Attorney General (A. S. Hartwell with him) for the Crown; S. B. Dole for the defendant.

BY THE COURT: The counsel for the defendant claims that as Section 1 of Chapter 70, Penal Code, prescribes the fine for smuggling to be "not less than fifty, nor more than one thousand dollars," and Section 29 of the same Chapter limits the jurisdiction of the Police and District Justices to cases where the amount of the fine does not exceed five hundred dollars, that in cases of smuggling the Police Justice has no jurisdiction.

Section 28 confers jurisdiction upon Police or District Justices to examine persons charged with offenses against the revenue laws, and to commit them for trial, but the Section closes with these significant words: "And further provided, that nothing in this Section contained shall be construed as interfering with the jurisdiction of the Police Justices in cases of smuggling and other offenses, as provided in the next succeeding Section."

Section 29. "The respective Police and District Justices throughout the Kingdom, shall have jurisdiction to try and determine all cases in which any person shall be charged with smuggling or attempting to smuggle, and all other offenses against any provision of the revenue laws, where the amount of the fine does not exceed five hundred dollars."

It is evident that by this section it was intended to place the offense of smuggling in some degree within the jurisdiction of the Police Court; but there is no case of smuggling specified in the Statute in which the fine is limited to $500; the only clause which affixes a penalty being that in the first Section of Chapter 70 of the Penal Code, which enacts that all persons "deemed guilty of the misdemeanor of smuggling, on conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty nor more than one thousand dollars." So that if the argument of the counsel for defendant should prevail, the Police Court would be divested of all jurisdiction, which is obviously what the Legislature did not intend. We think therefore that the proper construction of the Statute is, that the Police and District Justices have authority to hear all cases of this nature, and when they shall think that the offense committed is worthy of a fine not exceeding $500, they have the authority to impose it. But if they shall think the offense committed worthy of a fine greater than $500, they must commit for trial.

As regards the three further points of objection, it is sufficient to say that neither the affidavit upon which the warrant to search for the suspected goods was issued, nor the warrant itself were before the Police Court in this case. The issue was solely the guilt or innocence of the prisoner on the alleged charge of smuggling, and the alleged irregularity in making the seizure could not have been inquired into by the magistrate.

The questions raised as to the proper method of taking out and executing a warrant to search for goods suspected of having been smuggled, can be decided in an action for damages by the prisoner against the officer serving it, but not in the case before the Court.

Judgment affirmed.

CHAS. C. HARRIS.
A. FRANCIS JUDD.

Honolulu, Feb'y 11th, 1875.

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TIEMANN, Master,

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STEAM CLARIFIERS, 400 and 500 Galls.

DRY GOODS!

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Cases Prints Assorted.
Linen Stripe Tasso Cloth,
Cotton Tasso Cloth.
Cases of Tweeds, Assorted,
Cases of Cashmeres, Assorted,
Cases of Assorted Lawns.
Cases of Assorted Shawls,
Cases of Assorted Denims,
Cases of Assorted Drills,
Cases of Assorted Cottons.

LIQUORS.

Cases Heidsieck's Champagne,
Cases Assorted Brands Champagne,
Cases Hennessy's 1, 2 and 3 Star Brandy,
Cases Assorted Brands Brandy,
Cases Best Claret,
Cases Best Scotch Whiskey,
Cases Best Holland Gin,
Baskets Best Holland Gin, stone jugs,
Cases Best Old Tom Gin,

DEMIJOHNS ALCOHOL,

Cases Best Pale Sherry,
Cases Best Old Port,
Quarter Casks Hennessy's Pale Brandy,
Quarter Casks Pale Sherry,
Quarter Casks Irish Whiskey,
Quarter Casks Jamaica Rum.

McEwan's India Pale Ale,

Pints and Quarts.

Blood, Wolfe & Co's India Pale Ale, pts and qts.
Bass & Co's India Pale Ale, pints and quarts,
McEwan's Draught Ale in hhds,

McEwan's Porter, in Stone Jugs,

Pints and Quarts.

Blood, Wolfe & Co's Porter in glass, pts and qts.

324 F. T. LENEHAN & CO.

CHR. ECKART,

MANUFACTURER & IMPORTER

—OF—

JEWELRY!

I BEG TO INFORM MY CUSTOMERS AND the Public generally, that I have

MOVED MY BUSINESS TO FORT STREET

No. 62,

IN WILLIAMS' FIRE-PROOF BUILDING,

WHERE

I Shall Keep a Large and Extensive Stock

—OF—

Fine Jewelry, Watches, Diamonds,

Solid Silver-ware,

Best Plated Ware, Clocks!

FANCY JEWELRY, &c.

☞ I also beg to state that I have engaged a competent Watchmaker. ☜

Watches and Clocks Repaired

ON THE MOST

Liberal Terms and Satisfaction Guaranteed

I will add that I mean to continue business on the same liberal principle as I have done before.

Thanking the public for favors shown me so far, I solicit a continuance of the same.

515 3m CHR. ECKART.

B. H. Lyons' Compound

—FOR THE WORM—

CHRONIC OR RECENT DISEASES,

VIZ:

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sores, Ulcers, Eruptions, Skin Diseases, Female Irregularities and General Debility, Asthma, Diseases of the Throat, Liver and Kidneys.

PURIFYING THE BLOOD!

By giving Health and Tone to the Gastric Juices

See Directions for Using

B. H. LYONS' FLUID COMPOUND.

505-6m DILLINGHAM & Co., Agents.

PHOTOGRAPHS

FOR SALE—ALL KINDS AND SIZES!

—AT THE—

COSMOPOLITAN GALLERY!

64 and 66 Fort Street.

THE BEST QUALITY, GREATEST VARIETY, and at the

Lowest Prices.

ALSO—Portraits taken in better style and quality than at any other place in the city, for the LOW PRICE of

$3.50 PER DOZEN!

☞ Do not listen to any recommendation, but come and see for yourself. [473-1y] H. L. CHASE.

H. HACKFELD & CO.

Offer for Sale the Following

GOODS JUST RECEIVED

Ex Haw. Bark "R. C. WYLIE!"

115 DAYS

FROM BREMEN!

Pink Pad Prints, Fancy Prints,
Dark Fancy Prints, Shawl Pattern Prints,
Chints Prints, White and Black Prints,
Turkey Red Cotton, Assortment White Cottons,
Brown Cotton Drill, Blue Cotton Drill,
Heavy Blue Denims, Hickory Stripes,
Blue and White Tickings,
Blue Twilled Saxony Flannel, Black Cobourgs,
Black Silk Alpacas, Waterproof Tweeds,
Linen Sheeting, Cotton Sheeting,
Woolen Blankets, Brown Cotton Socks,
Ladies' White Stockings, Mosquito Netting,
Victoria Lawns, Linen Handkerchiefs,
Silk Handkerchiefs, Cotton Huck, Towels,
Black and Fancy Silk Neckties,
Black and Colored French Merinoes,
Lace Shawls, Linen and Cotton Thread,
Patent Thread on cards,

Fine Cloths and Cashmeres for Coats and Pants,
Fine Black French Serge,
Bedford Cord, Twilled Silesias,
Twilled Cambric, Heavy Canvas for Lining,

Assortment BURLAPS, SAIL TWINE.

Fine Assortment of CLOTHING.

ENGLISH SADDLES, FRENCH CALFSKINS.

LUBIN'S EXTRACTS, Eau de Cologne,
Macassar Oil, Fancy Soaps,
Black Jet and Fancy Ornaments,
Necklaces, Crosses, &c., India Rubber Balls,
Fine Scissors, Common Scissors, Sheep Shears,
Pen and Pocket Knives,
Coco-handled Butcher Knives,
Charcoal Box Irons, Tinned Lanterns,
Galvanized Iron Washing Tubs,
Galv. Iron Buckets, Galv. Iron Pipe, ½ to 1½ in.
Saucepans, Spurs, Hoop Iron, Rivets,
Yellow Metal Sheathing, Composition Nails.

Toilet Mirrors, Feather Dusters,
Harmonicas, Accordeons, Gold Borders.

Gunpowder, Market Baskets,
Wrapping Paper, Nuremberg Toys,
Tumblers, Palm Oil, Caustic Soda,
PORTLAND CEMENT, Flagstones, Slates,
Fire Bricks, Fire Clay,

Hubbuck's Linseed Oil,
Hubbuck's White Zinc Paint,
Black and Green Paints, Red Lead.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

German, French and English Groceries

Liebig's Extract of Meat, Candles,

Castor Oil, Epsom Salts,
Tar and Pitch, Casings, Corks,
Empty Petroleum Tierces,
Empty Syrup Tierces.

Assorted Clarets, Rhine Wine,
Boutellean's Cognac, 1 to 4 Diamonds,
German Ale, quarts and pints,
Jeffrey's Ale, quarts and pints.
Jeffrey's Stout, quarts and pints.
Lager Beer, quarts and pints,
Bavarian Beer, quarts and pints,
Genuine Holland Gin,
Alcohol in one gallon Demijohns.

Havana and German Cigars!

A Few Regulator Clocks.

A SMALL INVOICE OF HEAVY GOLD WATCH CHAINS.

Etc. Etc. Etc. Etc. Etc.

The Trade are invited to inspect these New Goods, which are now being opened at our Store.

H. HACKFELD & Co.

523

Canned Goods

FROM

Cutting & Co's Celebrated Factory,

CASES MOCK TURTLE SOUP,
Cases Roast Beef,
Cases Boiled Beef,
Cases Roast Mutton,
Cases Boiled Mutton,
Cases Roast Veal,
Cases Turkey,
Cases Chickens,
Cases Soups, &c., &c.

471 BOLLES & CO

COAL TAR.

50 CASKS COAL TAR FOR SALE BY
6 BOLLES & CO.

SPERM CANDLES,

ASSORTED SIZES, PUT UP IN CARTOONS, and warranted the genuine article.

For sale by (6) BOLLES & CO.

Fresh Split Peas,

PER MURRAY, FOR SALE BY
500 BOLLES & CO.