

Hawaiian Gazette.

VOL. XXXIX, NO. 47.

HONOLULU, H. T., FRIDAY, JUNE 10, 1904—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE No. 2597.

CHEFOO HEARS THAT THE ATTACK ON PORT ARTHUR HAS BEGUN

Three Large Japanese Armies Are Now Operating Against the Russian Forces.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

CHEFOO, June 10.—It is reported that the attack on Port Arthur has begun, Russian ships aiding the land defenders.

DISPOSITION OF JAPANESE FORCES.

SHANGHAI, June 10.—The third Japanese army under General Nogi will assault Port Arthur. The second army under General Oku will co-operate with General Kuroki in the campaign against Kuropatkin's forces.

SHELLING THE COAST.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 10.—Seventeen Japanese vessels bombarded the western coast of Liaotung peninsula on June 7. No damage was done.

RUSSIAN DIVISION ENTRENCHED.

TIENSIN, June 10.—Ten thousand Russians are entrenched at Pochichia, twelve miles south of Kaichau.

THE COSSACKS IN KOREA.

FUSAN, June 10.—The invading Russians have reached Suihalieng and are advancing along the railway.

KUROPATKIN'S MOVEMENTS.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 10.—It is rumored that Gen. Kuropatkin is moving southward.

ANOTHER RUSSIAN RETREAT.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 10.—Gen. Kuropatkin wires that a Japanese brigade attacked a Russian detachment at Siamatase on June 7. The Russians retired toward Fenchulin with a loss of two officers and 100 men killed and wounded.

JAPANESE LANDING.

LIAOYANG, June 9.—The reported bombardments at Liaoyang Peninsula are regarded as possibly covering Japanese landings of troops.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 8.—It is stated that a third fleet will go to the Orient from the Black Sea, Turkey having granted it permission to pass the Dardanelles.

RAILROAD BLOWN UP.

LIAOYANG, June 8.—The Japanese have withdrawn their advance guards from Vafangow after blowing up the railway and telegraph lines at Samsonoffs. The Cossacks are harassing the Japanese towards Port Arthur.

COSSACKS ROUTED, MINES EXPLODED.

TOKIO, June 8.—A Japanese detachment routed a company of Cossacks on Sunday, north of Takushan. Forty one mines have been discovered and exploded in Taliennwan bay.

INVESTIGATING ETZEL'S DEATH.

NEWCHWANG, June 8.—Consul Miller is investigating the killing of Etzel, the war correspondent.

COSSACK RAIDERS IN KOREA.

SEOUL, June 8.—Cossacks are killing and looting between Anju and Kaochu.

A FEW MINOR SKIRMISHES.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 8.—The situation at Fengwangcheng is unchanged. There are a few minor skirmishes to report.

LIAOYANG, June 9.—It is reported that the Japanese forces, on June 6, made several stubborn attacks on Port Arthur simultaneously by land and sea and were repulsed with severe loss.

STAKELBERG BEATEN BACK.

SHANGHAI, June 9.—Gen. Stakelberg's brigade, marching in the direction of Port Arthur, met a reverse near Wafangtien and retired to Tashichiao.

GOOD RUSSIAN SHOOTING.

TOKIO, June 9.—While making a reconnaissance near Port Arthur a Japanese gunboat was hit eight times and considerably damaged. One sailor was killed and two wounded.

FOUR DAYS' BATTLE.

CHEFOO, June 9.—Chinese arriving here by sea report a four days' battle ten miles from Port Arthur.

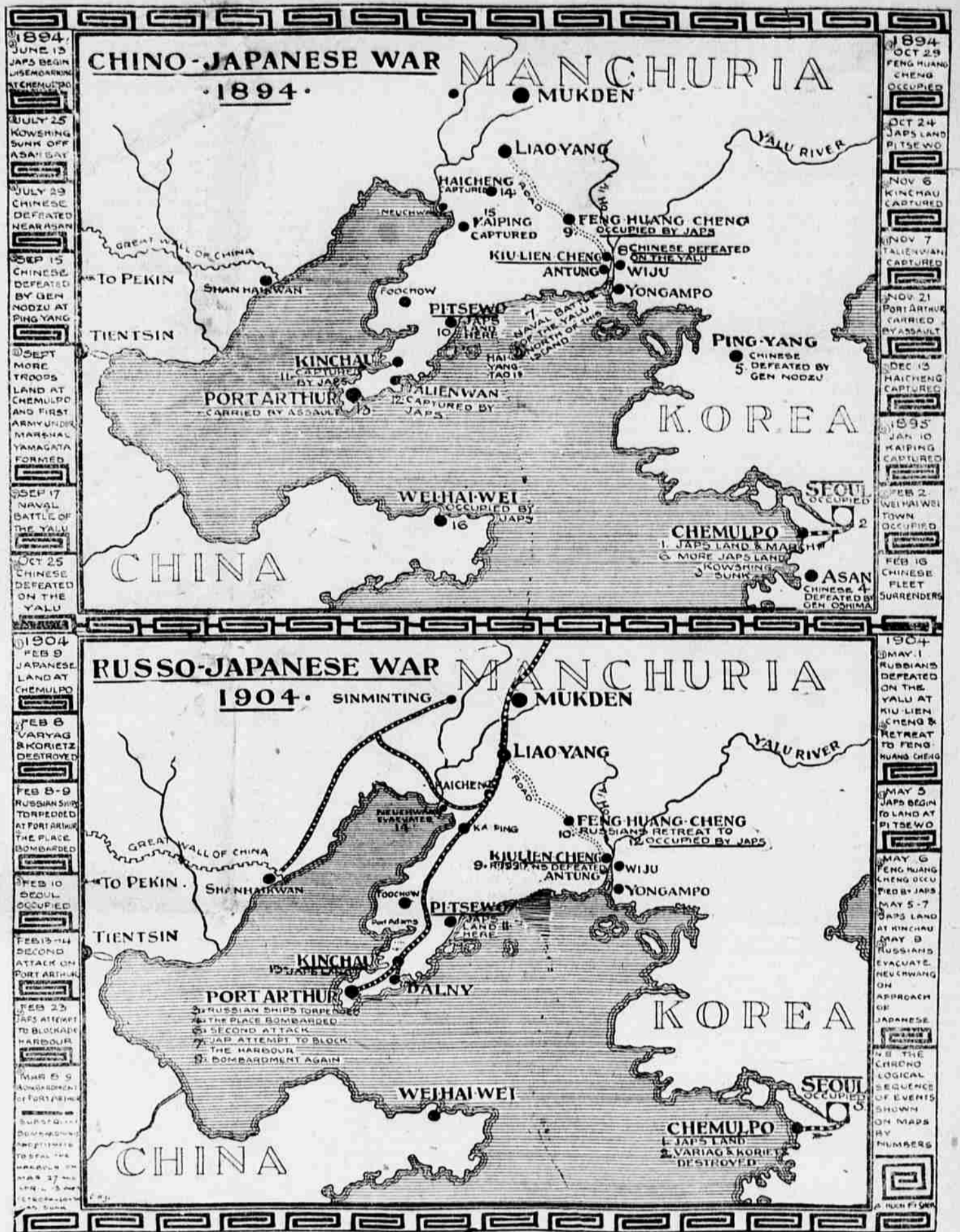
IMPORTANT NEWS COMING.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 9.—Important news from the front is expected within three days.

CABLE SHUT OFF.

LONDON, June 9.—The interruption of the cable between Korea and Japan is significant of the imminence of important operations at Port Arthur.

"HISTORY REPEATS ITSELF": THE JAPANESE OPERATIONS OF 1894 AND 1904.



THE JAPANESE APPROACH TO PORT ARTHUR DURING THE CHINO-JAPANESE AND RUSSO-JAPANESE WARS.

The movements of 1894 have been almost exactly paralleled in the present campaign. The chief points of similarity are given above in chronological order, and the corresponding localities are indicated by numbers on the charts.

LEVI Z. LEITER, LADY CURZON'S FATHER DEAD

CHICAGO, June 10.—Levi Z. Leiter is dead.

Levi Z. Leiter began life as a poor boy and started his business career as a clerk in a small country general store, but by shrewd business dealing he became a millionaire many times over. He was born in Maryland in 1834 and at the age of twenty began work. His clerkship kept him for a year and then he moved to Springfield where he remained another year. By going to Chicago he got a position in a large dry goods house and during a period of ten years he progressed so fast that he became a partner in the concern. He was then with Marshall Field. In 1865 both Leiter and Field bought into the dry goods business of Potter Palmer. The firm was first known as Field, Palmer & Leiter, and later as Field, Leiter & Co. In 1881 Mr. Leiter sold his share in the firm and retired from active business but since that time has held huge interests in corporations. But Leiter's family brought him more fame than did his business career. His son, Joe, created a furore some years ago by a "wheat corner" on the Chicago Board of Trade. Young Leiter failed for some millions. There were three daughters. Two of these are unmarried but Mary Victoria married Lord Curzon of Kedleston, lately Viceroy of India.

KNOX TO SUCCEED QUAY.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 9.—The Republican leaders of Pennsylvania have agreed upon Attorney General P. C. Knox as the successor to the late Senator Quay. Mr. Knox will accept the place and will probably resign next December.

AMONG THE MARVELS OF THE ST. LOUIS EXPOSITION

ST. LOUIS, May 30.—Among the curious things exhibited at the World's Fair are an old army wagon and an ambulance that saw service in the civil war. They occupy conspicuous places in the Government building and attract a great deal of attention. On this old wagon is a card reading:

"This wagon was used from 1861 to 1863 in the Army of the Potomac, when it was sent to Nashville, Tenn., from there to Chattanooga, Atlanta, Mill-Edwardsville, Millen, Columbia, Charleston, Goldsboro, Raleigh, Danville, Barkville, Richmond and Washington City 4164 miles, with Gen. Sherman, 4 years and 9 months with the 2nd Division, 20th Corps."

It is one of the old six-mule wagons so commonly used during the war for transporting supplies, baggage, etc. The ambulance displays a card reading "Ambulance of Gen. Gen. H. Thomas." It contains many appointments and pieces of furniture for patients and horses. These old relics are built out of oak, but are fastened with iron to the outside of the body.

California has developed and improved until that state has become a competitor of southern Europe in the production of olive oil. Several California counties have fine exhibits of olive oil in the Palace of Agriculture at the World's Fair. Santa Barbara county has a great thirty-foot pyramid made of 2000 bottles of this bright golden oil and Elwood Cooper, president of the California State Horticultural Association and one of the big olive growers of Santa Barbara county, has arranged to have sixty gallons of ripe olives placed in this exhibit as a free gift to World's Fair visitors. San Joaquin and several other California counties have olive oil and olive exhibits, showing the magnitude of the industry. There are also some private exhibits in one of which an olive press is shown, giving visitors an idea as to the methods of extracting the oil.

MINIATURE PACKING HOUSES. A perfect model of one of the great American stockyards and packing houses is a St. Joseph, Mo., exhibit at the World's Fair. The big stockyard is built from the western plains, divided up into various lots in the cattle pens of St. Joseph are shown, and with long