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WHEN A MAN WISHES TO SPEND VERY LITTLE MONEY, NOT TO BE TALKED OF AS BEING GRAVE OR FUNNY, LET HIM DO SO AT HIS OWN SLIGHT REQUEST, AND SMOKE THE HONOLULU BELL CIGAR, WHICH IS UNDOUBTEDLY THE VERY BEST.

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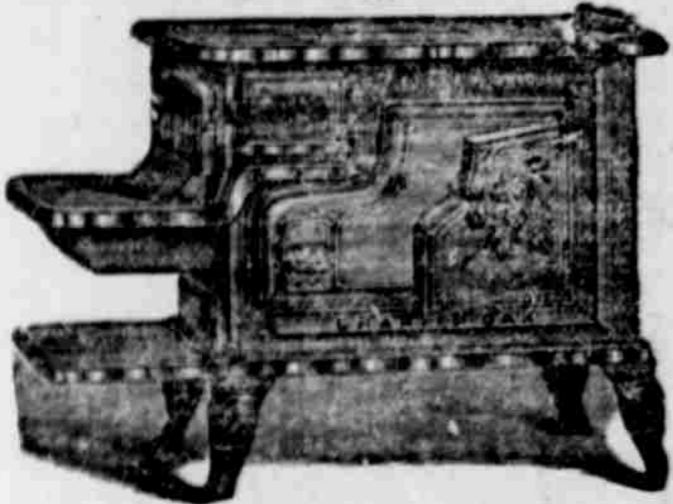
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TO FACILITATE TRADE with the Hawaiian Islands, will deliver all purchased or ordered, FREE OF ALL CHARGES FOR TRANSPORTATION to Honolulu, or returning same to San Francisco. Goods will be sent on collection to those known to the firm, or who will furnish satisfactory references in San Francisco.

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AS TOLD BY A SPANIARD

The Story of Santiago's Fall.

MORRO'S KEEPER'S TALE

Translation of Curious Account of the Sea Fight by Eye-Witness of it.

Albert P. Wright, one of Roosevelt's Rough Riders, and the first man of the army to hoist the flag on Cuban soil, who is on his way to Manila on board the United States transport Port Stephens, now in this port, has in his possession a curious translation of the report made to the Spanish Government by the lighthouse-keeper at El Morro, Santiago de Cuba, concerning the naval engagement between the American and Spanish fleets.

This is a Spanish version of the affair, and has never before been published in the English language. Wright got hold of a copy of the report while he was in Cuba with the Rough Riders. He had a translation made of it by one Robert de Choudens.

The Morro lighthouse-keeper, Luis Lopez by name, prefaced his report with an account of the troops stationed at Morro Castle and also went into details concerning the sinking of the Merrimac. The following is an exact copy of the original report as translated by the above mentioned de Choudens. Those familiar with the story of the fight off Morro Castle will be able to detect various misstatements made by the Spaniard in his report:

Troops Stationed at Morro Castle.—The troops stationed at Morro Castle numbered 225 soldiers, 109 of these belonging to the Second Battalion of Cuba and 125 between artillerymen, guerrillas and from the Engineers' Corps. The commander of the battery was Col. Ordonez and under him were two lieutenants, named respectively, Aguirre and Sanchez, both of whom were wounded in the first encounter. Lieut. Sanchez was afterwards sent to Punta Gorda battery with six artillerymen and four marines from the Reina Mercedes. The Socapa battery was manned by two officers, one sergeant and marines from the Reina Mercedes and six artillerymen. On the 6th of June four artillerymen were killed in the Socapa battery, one of them disappearing so completely that the only vestige of him next day was a leg. There were present at the Morro two lieutenants and four marines more from the Reina Mercedes, who helped the lighthouse-keeper in the Signal Service. At the torpedo station on the beach were two officers and six marines from the Reina Mercedes, to whom the movements of the American fleet were communicated by telephone from above.

A FISH EXPERT TO BE SENT HERE BY THE GOVERNMENT

Will Investigate Island Resources and Correct Abuses.

BY JANUARY 1, 1901, there is a possibility of an expert from the United States Fisheries Commission being sent here from Washington to investigate the fishing resources of the Islands.

The Honorable Secretary of the Territory of Hawaii. Sir: Your communication of October 9 has been received. On August 25, in reply to a letter enclosing your communication to the Department of the Interior of August 3, this Commission had the honor to address the Secretary of the Interior as follows: "This Commission has under consideration the matter of the investigation of the fisheries and fishery resources of Hawaii with a view to making recommendations for their improvement, if possible; but the work cannot be undertaken before January 1; the matter has not taken definite form. This Commission will be pleased to communicate further on this subject with the authorities of Hawaii at a later date."

This letter has doubtless reached you by now and the Commission is not in a position to say anything more definite at present. Respectfully, W. DE P. RAUEUIL, Deputy Commissioner.

United States Fish and Fisheries Commission, Washington, October 24, 1899.

The firing getting too hot for the officer, he ran off with his two marines, dropping his sword while jumping a wire fence and fractured his leg. On the 19th six more steamers were sighted coming directly for the port. The officers and soldiers became very much alarmed and began to disappear on seeing they did not hoist their flag, and believed them to be American. The only ones who kept their stations were Major Ros, four marines from the Reina Mercedes and the lighthouse-keeper. On approaching nearer the ships were seen to belong to the Spanish fleet, commanded by Admiral Cervera. Then everybody began to reappear and shout with glee: "Hurrah for Spain! Hurrah for Spain! Hurrah for the Spanish fleet! Hurrah for Admiral Cervera!" On the 23rd of May an English steamer came towards the port and the San Luis saw her chase as soon as she sighted her. The Englishman put on all steam to get away, but the San Luis soon got within eight miles of her and on firing a shot at her, she hoisted her flag and surrendered. It was believed by everybody at the Morro that the Spanish ships would enter the harbor in defence as soon as they knew what was taking place, and on seeing they did not do so, for fear of the American squadron being near, all the officers and soldiers at the Morro exclaimed: "They are afraid of the enemy! Our marines are cowards!"

A powerful fleet was sighted on the 21st of May, composed of the Indiana, Iowa, New York, Brooklyn, Texas, Massachusetts, a transport carrying coal, and several others. As soon as Admiral Cervera knew of the presence of the enemy, he came to the Morro with all of the officers of his ships and was soon convinced of the strength of the American fleet and the weakness of his. The Governor of Santiago, Gen. Linares, who was also present, said to Admiral Cervera: "We cannot deny it; the American squadron is powerful."

Admiral Cervera, fearing the Americans might attempt to enter the harbor, gave orders to put his ships in line of fire with the entrance, putting the Cristobal Colon, which was the best in the fleet, directly in front of the entrance, protected by the Punta Gorda battery. For two days the ships lay in this position, and then the Indiana fired on them at 2:30 p. m., making them get back to their original anchorage. The bay was bombarded every day and the shooting was pretty accurate and effective. On the 6th of June the ships directed their fire against the harbor, the Morro, Socapa and Punta Gorda batteries. In the Morro, Col. Ordonez was wounded and killed, as well as Lieut. Teledijo and two soldiers, one from the artillery and the other from the Engineers' Corps. A shell burst in the Socapa battery, killing a corporal, four artillerymen and four marines from the Reina Mercedes. This continued until the 17th, and on the 15th the ships again opened their fire.

A shell from the Brooklyn fell on board the Reina Mercedes, killing the second commanding officer, two officers and nine marines and wounding one officer and five marines. On the 28th of June sixty vessels came into sight, bringing American troops, who were landed the next day at Dalquiri, one of the ships protecting the landing. From this date the fight continued by land and sea. El Caney, a small town, was taken on July 1st, and on the 2d General Vara del Rey was killed. At 9:30 a. m. July 2d Cervera's fleet lifted anchor, the Infanta Maria Teresa leading and commencing the fire against the Texas, which answered the fire. Those at the Morro saw one torpedo boat sink and another go on shore. The battle lasted one hour and in that hour the Spanish



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Hawaiian Books

- THRUM'S HAWAIIAN ANNUAL, The recognized book of information about Hawaii.
- "Hawaii: Our New Possessions"—Musick.
 - "Six Months in the Sandwich Islands"—Bird.
 - "The Making of Hawaii"—Blackman.
 - "Islands of the Pacific"—Alexander.
 - "Vacation Days in Hawaii and Japan"—Taylor.
 - "America in Hawaii"—Carpenter.
 - "Hawaii and a Revolution"—Kroul.
 - "Our Island Empire"—Morris.
 - "Aloha"—Chaney.
 - "Early Northern Pacific Voyages"—Corney.
 - "Flora of Hawaii"—Hillebrand.
 - "Indigenous Flora of Hawaii" (forty-two colored plates)—Sinclair.
 - "Hawaii and Its People"—Twombly.
 - "History of the Latter Days of the Hawaiian Monarchy"—Alexander.
 - "The Island," a journal devoted to scientific researches.
 - "Andrews' Hawaiian Dictionary."
 - "Andrews' Hawaiian Grammar."
 - "Alexander's Hawaiian Grammar."
- Headquarters for Hawaiian information.

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Agents Honolulu Soap Works Company, Honolulu, and Tannery.

AN EXTRA CHARGE.

"Here, waiter, you have charged for three soups instead of two." "Yes, sir; there is the one I spilled on madame's dress."—Journal Amusant.