

# IRON BEDS

## A Story in Brief

WE'VE TOO MANY IRON BEDS in three feet size, some of which are hurt from crowding and handling—they can hardly be called damaged—just a few scratches or mars. If you want an iron bed of this size, you'll be glad of it—for, oh, how it fetches the prices down.

There are about fifty odd beds, and we price them for prompt selling—no matter how much they cost us—as follows:

- \$27.50 Grades to Close for.....\$17.00
- \$15.00 Grades to Close for.....\$ 9.00
- \$13.00 Grades to Close for.....\$ 7.50
- \$12.00 Grades to Close for.....\$ 7.00
- \$11.00 Grades to Close for.....\$ 6.50
- \$ 9.00 Grades to Close for.....\$ 5.50
- \$ 8.00 Grades to Close for.....\$ 5.00

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from eating meat comes only when the food is succulent and tender. We claim that our method of keeping meats brings the desired result.

## The Metropolitan Meat Market

HEILBRON & LOUIS, Proprietors.  
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# ARMY AND NAVY NEWS

**Use for Old Warships.**  
LONDON, September 19.—A novel scheme for the defense of Sheerness, Portsmouth and Devonport, three of England's principal naval ports, against the attacks of hostile torpedo craft is at present under the consideration of the British admiralty. There are at present in the navy a number of old battleships which are practically useless for war purposes. It is proposed that some of these vessels shall be converted into floating forts. All the heavy guns, and if necessary also the machinery, would be removed. The ship would then be equipped with a large number of 4.7-inch quick-firing guns. It is estimated that some of the vessels easily could mount from 60 to 80 of these weapons, which if equally divided on each broadside, would enable the ship to keep up a fire from each gun of ten rounds a minute. Even if the attacking craft could not be seen, it is doubtful if one boat in 20 could live through such a rain of shot long enough to enable it to do any damage. As the floating forts would be equipped with powerful searchlights, there would be little chance of approaching boats being unobserved.

**Constructing Q. M. for Oahu.**  
SAN FRANCISCO, September 29.—Colonel Frank Denny, chief quartermaster of the United States Marine Corps, now on duty in this city, has received orders from the navy department directing him to take the annual ninety-mile service ride for naval officers at once. Colonel Denny applied to take the test a year ago and was ordered to put it off one year on the report of the examining medical officer, which stated that his physical condition was such that he could not stand the test.

The service ride of Colonel Denny has been the subject of a great deal of talk among army and navy officers all over the country, it being alleged at one time that he was to make it in the means of his name being placed on the retired list of the marine corps in order to avoid being transferred to San Francisco.

He, together with a number of other senior officers of the corps, was recently disciplined by the Navy Department for various alleged causes brought out in the report of the court of inquiry which recently went deeply into the administration of the organization, and these officers have become the storm center of the department. Colonel Denny's fault, according to the report of the court, was an unwillingness to tell what he knew about the troubles of the major-general, commandant and his subordinates. For this he was detached and sent to this city for duty as Depot Quartermaster and Constructing Quartermaster of the Pacific Coast and Honolulu.

Colonel Denny refuses to discuss the present marine corps troubles, but says that he will take the annual ride as soon as he receives information as to the medical officer that he is to report for examination.

**Army Officers Boycott.**  
KANSAS CITY, Missouri, September 28.—It leaked out today that last Monday General Frederick Funston, in command at Fort Leavenworth, paid his bill and left the Hotel Baltimore in a huff, after serving notice that he did not propose to stop at a hotel which attired its bellboys in the uniform of a United States Army Captain.

It is also understood that other army officers at Fort Leavenworth are in accord with the action taken by General Funston, and that the hotel in question is to be taboed by the officers until it makes a change in the uniform of its bellboys.

General Funston today said: "I regret the occurrence because of the un-

desirable publicity. Suppose a Catholic priest should find a bellboy attired in his robes, how would he take it? That's the way army officers feel."

Other army officers interviewed say General Funston had done exactly right.

**Appeals for Husband.**  
WASHINGTON, September 30.—At the White House, where pathetic scenes are not infrequent, one was witnessed today which appealed to the big policeman, hardened with experience, and to all visitors waiting to see the President.

Coming all the way from Rochester, New York, without a cent for meals and lodgings, having her transportation furnished by sympathizers, Mrs. David Melnick reached the White house in an exhausted condition.

With a sick child in her arms, she pleaded the favor of an opportunity to appeal to the President to release her husband from the military prison at Fort Niagara, where he is serving a year for deserting from the army.

According to Mrs. Melnick, her husband reached America when he was nineteen years old. He enlisted in the army and after serving nine months deserted.

Locating at Rochester, he took up his trade as carpenter and four years ago married. Being subjected to black-mailing by former countrymen, Melnick went to Fort Porter, Buffalo, where he stated his case, was promptly arrested, and after being held six months tried and convicted.

In view of Melnick's excellent record as a citizen, it is said his sentence will be commuted.

## WORLD EXPANSION URGED ON JAPAN

Steamship President Says Sons of Nippon Must Lay Foundation for Future Conquests.

TOKIO, September 26.—Japan's dream of expansion knows no bounds. Not only the continent of Asia, not only the islands of the southern seas, but such portions of North America and South America as may be deemed desirable are embraced in it. Lands whose inalienability is pledged in solemn treaty are, according to the program formulating itself in Japanese thought, to fly the sun flag of Nippon. After Korea, Manchuria; after Manchuria, the Siberian coast; after Siberia, French Indo-China and the South Sea Islands from the Philippines to Australia and New Zealand; after these—or coincident with their taking—such portions of North and South America as may suit the purposes of the Power whose capital is Tokio.

All this is not to be accomplished in a day or a year. It may be a decade hence, or several decades. There is no need to name the day and the hour, for fate will indicate the psychological moment for the advance.

The nearest attempt at indicating when this overrunning of the earth by the sons of Nippon may be expected is that when the Japanese population shows 100,000,000 souls the nation will "explode."

The prophet who determined this as the moment for explosion is the Hon. Tokugoro Nakabashi, who describes himself as "a student of sociology," but who is best known as an erstwhile high official of the government and now president of the Osaka Shosen Kaisha, one of Japan's greatest steamship companies.

Mr. Nakabashi speaks, through the Taicho magazine, as one inspired to shape the trend of Japanese thought to higher things. Having recently returned from a trip to the United States, he feels particularly well equipped to discuss the various problems presented by Japanese emigration. He contends that for the present there should be no encouragement of emigration, since the time is not ripe for the nation to reap the greater benefits that may confidently be expected to flow from a policy of delay.

In no case must Japanese who go to the United States and other foreign lands be permitted to go as emigrants in the true sense of the word—to be absorbed as citizens or subjects of the land of their temporary abode—but they must go as colonists whose first allegiance shall always be to the mother country and whose duty it will be to take up arms for Japan whenever and against whomsoever the call may come. With another twenty million in Japan and an additional twenty millions in Korea and Manchuria, the Japanese population will, he argues, be properly concentrated for action, and the then one hundred millions of Japanese will be amply sufficient to insure the success of Dai Nippon in grabbing of all lands in sight.

Dealing in some detail with the immigration problem as it affects America, Mr. Nakabashi contends that the American government is abundantly justified in endeavoring to restrict the further influx of Japanese. Their status may be described as that of colonists and laborers combined. They have no feeling of patriotism for the country in which they live, and it is only natural, therefore, that Americans should entertain fear and misgiving concerning the great influx of such immigrants.

"It," he says, "emigration is a loss to Japan and a danger to America, it is best on both sides that we should prohibit it. If the Americans do not welcome the Japanese, whom they can not assimilate—and we would not have them assimilated either—the prohibitive course taken by our government in matters of emigration was a correct one. For greater expansion in the future a concentrated population of about a hundred million is essential. The decisive war of the future can be conducted only by the nation which has the greatest national vitality, and therefore we should not yet disperse our sons to the ends of the earth."

"When the Panama Canal is completed and the United States can concentrate its Atlantic fleet more conveniently on the Pacific Coast the feeling between Japan and America will again be aroused. It is therefore only right for us to pay close attention to the general trend of things and to try to steer our course to our greatest benefit."



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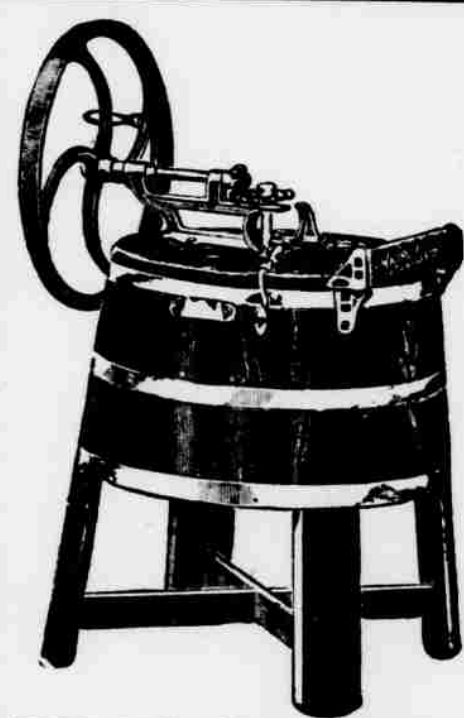
The Hawaiian Electric Co., Ltd.

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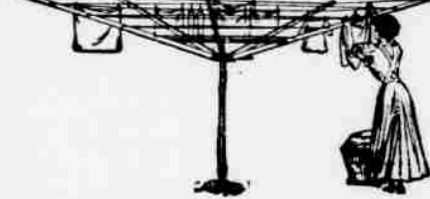
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Hand-Curved Ivories for Ornaments.

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## TO RESTORE STRENGTH IN DEBILITY

The First Thing to Be Done Is to Build Up the Blood.

This Woman Was Pale and Thin, Had Headaches and Dizzy Spells, but the Treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Cured Her.

Nothing so quickly restores and builds up the strength in cases of debility as a tonic treatment which makes the blood rich and red.

This new blood, bearing the needed elements to the weakened organs invigorates them as when they resume their normal functions, health returns.

Improvement under the tonic treatment is generally gradual but it is sure. The nerves are strengthened, the stomach is toned up and the blood purified and invigorated.

As shown in the case of Mrs. Ella H. Polk, of No. 509 Holly Street, Braintree, Minn., the tonic treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills has succeeded where other treatments failed.

"After the birth of my daughter," Mrs. Polk says, "I was greatly run down. I could not eat my meals without severe pains or cramps in my stomach. In fact I could not eat much for I had no appetite. I was very pale and my people thought I was going into consumption. I had terrible headaches and dizzy spells and could hardly drag myself around."

"The doctor helped me for a time but when I stopped taking his medicine I would be in as bad a condition as before. A neighbor told me about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I used them a thorough trial. The pills put my blood in good condition and I have been in excellent health ever since."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are recommended whenever a tonic for the blood and nerves is needed. They have cured anemia, chlorosis, rheumatism, stomach trouble, and the after-effects of the grip and fevers. The tonic treatment with these pills is fully described in our diet booklet and "Weakness of the Blood," which will be sent free upon request.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for \$2.50, by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y. Always insist upon getting the genuine pills, which are sold only in packages bearing the full trade-mark, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People."



Meats at the Alexander Young Cafe are served with two or three vegetables and the price is not greater than is charged in places where one is served. The service and surroundings are better.

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