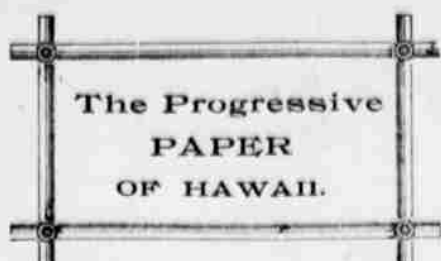




Hilo Tribune.



Vol. 7.

HILO, HAWAII, HAWAIIAN ISLANDS, FRIDAY, APRIL 18, 1902.

No. 24.

The Hilo Tribune.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY
OFFICE: BRIDGE STREET, HILO, HAWAII.
(TRIBUNE BLOCK.)
Hilo Tribune Publishing Company, Ltd.
Publishers and Proprietors.
President.....C. C. KENNEDY
Vice-President.....E. E. RICHARDS
Secretary-Treasurer.....L. W. HAWORTH
Auditor.....A. E. SUTTON
Directors.....GEO. S. MCKENZIE, D. W. MARSH

Advertisements accompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.
Advertisements discontinued before expiration of specified period will be charged as if continued for full term.

Address all communications either to the Editorial or Business Departments of The Hilo Tribune Publishing Company.

The columns of THE HILO TRIBUNE are always open to communications on subjects within the scope of the paper. To receive proper attention, each article must be signed by its author. The name, when desired, will be held confidential. THE HILO TRIBUNE is not responsible for the opinions or statements of correspondents.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Wise & Ross,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Will practice in all Courts of the Territory, and the Supreme Court of the United States.
Office: TRIBUNE BUILDING, BRIDGE STREET, HILO, HAWAII.

Chas. M. LeBlond,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Hawaiian, Japanese, and Chinese Interpreters, and Notary Public in Office.
Office: SEVERANCE BUILDING, Opposite Court House, HILO, HAWAII.

J. CASTLE RIDGWAY THOS. C. RIDGWAY

Ridgway & Ridgway
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Solicitors of Patents General Law Practice HILO, HAWAII.
Notary Public in Office.
OFFICE: Waianuene and Bridge Streets.

PHYSICIANS.

JOHN J. GRACE, M. D., F.R.C.S.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office: WAIANUENE ST.
Office Hours: 8 to 11 A. M.; 1 to 3 P. M.
Evenings, 7:30 to 8.
No morning hours on Wednesdays.

R. H. Reid, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office: SPRECKELS' BLOCK.
Office Hours:
10.30 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.
Sundays, 9 to 12 a. m.

C. L. Stow,

M. R. C. S., Etc.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office Hours: 8.30 to 11 a. m.; 2 to 4, and 7 to 8 p. m.
Office and Residence:
SEVERANCE HOUSE, PITMAN STREET

Milton Rice, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office, Waianuene St.
Hours: 8.30 to 10.30 A. M.; 2-4 and 7.30 to 8.30 P. M. Sundays, 9 to 11 A. M.

REAL ESTATE, ETC.

A. E. SUTTON H. VICARS

A. E. Sutton & Co.
Agents for London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Orient Insurance Company, Westchester Fire Insurance Company.
AUCTIONEERS, COMMISSION, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENTS
Office in ECONOMIC SHOE STORE, HILO, HAWAII.

W. A. Purdy,

LIFE, FIRE, ACCIDENT, MARINE INSURANCE
OLD CUSTOM HOUSE BUILDING, Front Street, Hilo, Hawaii.
Chas. M. LeBlond, W. H. Smith, Attorneys, Manager.

LEBLOND-SMITH

BUSINESS AGENCY
All collections promptly made and accounted for. Bills collected for absentees and estates attended to.
SEVERANCE BLDG., Opp. Court House.

C. H. W. Hitchcock,

NOTARY PUBLIC
HILO, HAWAII, H. T.

Mrs. K. A. Bacon

PROFESSIONAL NURSE
Pitman Street, Next door to Foreign Church TEL. 204

DENTISTS.

M. Wachs, D. D. S.

DENTIST
Office Hours, 9 to 4
HILO, HAWAII

Walter H. Schoening

DENTIST
SEVERANCE HOUSE,
Pitman Street, HILO, HAWAII

VETERINARY SURGEON.

DR. W. H. JONES,

M. R. C. V. S.
Veterinary Surgeon
CITY STABLES TEL. 125

CLASSIFIED ADS.

FOR SALE.

Thoroughbred Bull Terrier pups; \$25 each. FRANK L. WINTER.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—In Paueo, new and modern cottage; inquire of ALLAN WALL, at the Hilo Market.

NOTICES.

Fine job work in all its branches. Give us a chance to estimate.—TRIBUNE.

NOTICE—Neither the Masters nor Agent of vessels of the "Mason Line" will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew. R. T. GUARD, Agent.
Hilo, April 16, 1901. 24-

WANTED.

WANTED—Young Japanese wants position as office boy with doctor or lawyer. Speaks English well; writes a little. P. O. Box 4, Hilo, Hawaii. 23-26

LEGAL NOTICES.

In the Circuit Court, of the Fourth Circuit, Territory of Hawaii.
SUMMONS.

The Laupahoehoe Sugar Company, a corporation, plaintiff, vs. H. E. Soule and I. E. Ray, defendants.
The Territory of Hawaii; to the High Sheriff of the Territory of Hawaii, or his Deputy, the Sheriff of the Island of Hawaii, or his Deputy, or any Constable in the Territory of Hawaii: You are commanded to summon H. E. Soule and I. E. Ray, defendants, in case they shall file written answer within twenty days after service hereof to be and appear before the said Circuit Court at the January Term thereof, to be holden at South Hilo, Island of Hawaii on Thursday the 2nd day of January next, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause why the claim of the Laupahoehoe Sugar Company, a corporation, plaintiff should not be awarded to them pursuant to the tenor of their annexed petition. And have you then and there this writ with full return of your proceedings thereon.
Witness Hon. Gilbert F. Little, Judge of the Circuit Court of the Fourth Circuit, at South Hilo, Hawaii, this 10th day of December, 1901.

(Signed) DANIEL PORTER, Clerk. I certify the foregoing to be a true copy of the original Summons in said cause and that said Court ordered publication of the same and continuance of said cause until the next Term of this Court.
DANIEL PORTER, Clerk.
Hilo, Hawaii, Jan. 22, 1902. 13-29

In the Circuit Court of the Fourth Circuit, Territory of Hawaii, Island of Hawaii, AT CHAMBERS.
Order for Special Term.

Deeming it essential to the promotion of justice, I do order that A Special Term of the Circuit Court of the Fourth Circuit be held in the Court House in Hilo, commencing on Monday, June 2nd, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day and continuing from day to day and from time to time for the period provided by law, unless sooner adjourned sine die.

By order of the Court:
Done at Chambers this 7th day of March, A. D. 1902.
(Sign) GILBERT F. LITTLE, Judge.

The foregoing order is hereby approved.
(Sign) W. F. FREAK, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, Territory of Hawaii.
Dated, March 11th, 1902. 20-25

Election of Officers.

At the annual meeting of the WAIAKEA MILL CO. held this date, the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing year:
President.....F. M. SWANZY
Vice-President.....A. YOUNG
Treasurer.....T. C. DAVIES
Secretary.....W. H. BAIRD
Auditor.....T. R. KEYWORTH
W. H. BAIRD, Secretary.
Honolulu, March 21, 1902. 22-23

BOERS HOPE FOR VICTORY.

Leaders Think England's Alliance With Japan Will Cause War.

New York, April 7.—A cable to the Tribune from the Hague says: "There is little faith among the Boer sympathizers here that peace is imminent in South Africa. The credulity of the burghers in South Africa is matched by the assumption of their agents here that deliverance is coming from England's foreign complications. Boer advocates are asserting that England is fatally embarrassed by her alliance with Japan, and will certainly be drawn into a war of tremendous magnitude in the Far East. Boer sympathizers consequently are justifying the indefinite continuance of the guerrilla warfare, and forecasting the ultimate triumph of the cause of independence when troops cannot be spared from the larger theater of warlike operations.
The Dutch were once the most astute neutrals in the world; now they are the most aggressive partisans. Kuyper's conservative government has been committed from the outset to the active support of the Boer cause, but the bolt was shot when the Prime Minister vaguely suggested the expedience of granting the Boer envoys a safe conduct from South Africa. Nobody supposes he had a diplomatic errand to Berlin. There are the strongest reasons for believing that Krueger and his associates have been in direct communication for a long time with the burghers fighting in the field. Krueger himself is old, enfeebled and worn, and takes little interest in the negotiations now in progress. His associates control the action of the broken old man, except in money matters. He retains a strong grip upon that which remains in the war chest.

CABLE PROSPECTS.

Line to Honolulu will be put in Before December.

By next Thanksgiving day San Francisco will be doing business with Honolulu and getting news from the Hawaiian Islands by wire, instead of waiting for the steamers to come out of the sea.
Yesterday George Gray Ward, vice-president of the Postal Telegraph Company, and vice-president and general manager of the Commercial Cable Company and Commercial Pacific Cable Company, came to San Francisco from Monterey, and his mission was to select a landing place for the California end of the Hawaiian cable. With him came Charles Cuttriss, chief electrical engineer of the Commercial Cable Company. They have been looking over Monterey bay as the suggested place for the cable landing, but Mr. Ward favors a point on the shore near San Francisco, and the chart signs incline him to a spot near the old Pacific Ocean house.—Chronicle.

Freighter Oregonian.

The big freighter Oregonian, Captain Carty, of the American-Hawaiian Steamship Company, arrived at Honolulu March 28 from San Francisco and docked at the company's wharf. She sailed from the Coast on the 10th and experienced no weather had enough to bother her. She has 800 tons of cargo from New York for Honolulu and several thousand tons for this port and Kahului from San Francisco.
Included in her cargo are several large boilers for Maui plantations, where oil is to be used for fuel.
After discharging her Honolulu freight the Oregonian will proceed to Kahului. From this port and from Kahului the great vessel will take about 5000 tons of sugar to New York.

EXCLUSION BILL PASSED.

Anti-Chinese Law Re-enacted With New Restrictions.

Washington, April 7.—At 5 o'clock this afternoon, after a day of wrangling over amendments, the Chinese exclusion bill was passed by the House by a viva voce vote. It was launched, in the main, as though the skids were greased and all props knocked away. As it went sailing down, Champ Clark sent up an echoing cry claiming the credit for the Democratic party. But Chairman Hitt of the Foreign Affairs Committee, in charge of the bill, rebuked Clark, and said the measure was one that should have no politics injected into it, and that Clark might better have spoken as an American than as a Democrat. This sentiment was applauded by the whole Republican side.
As passed the bill practically re-enacts all the existing exclusion laws and incorporates with them the existing treaty regulations. It extends these exclusion laws to the Philippines and the other possessions of the United States and forbids Chinese labor in our colonial possessions coming into this country. The Philippine Commission, by the terms of the bill, is directed to adopt proper measures for the enforcement of the provisions of the bill in the Philippines.

GLASGOW DISASTER.

Total Collapse of Grand Stand at Foot Ball Game.

Glasgow, April 6.—The casualty lists of the Ibrox Park disaster, when a number of persons were killed or injured by the collapsing of a spectators' stand during the international foot ball game yesterday afternoon between England and Scotland, have been completed today. They eclipse all the reports and estimates of the casualties which were current last night.
The disaster has resulted in the death of twenty-one persons and the injury of 250. Nearly 200 of the latter are so seriously hurt that they were taken to infirmaries for operation and treatment. One hundred and fifty of them still remain in the infirmaries. A large proportion of the injured had limbs broken, bodies crushed and mangled, and heads and faces gashed. Several more deaths will undoubtedly result from the most critical cases of fractured skulls.

KRUGER FEALTY TO BRITAIN.

Son of Oom Paul and Twenty-four Other Take Oath of Allegiance.

Cape Town, April 6.—Casper Kruger, the eldest son of President Kruger, and twenty-four other relatives of Mr. Kruger bearing the same family name, are among those who have recently taken the oath of allegiance to Great Britain.
Kroonstad (Orange River Colony), April 6.—Owing to the great distance separating the members of the Transvaal mission here from Mr. Steyn, the former President of the Orange Free State, and General Delarey, the negotiations between the Boer leaders in South Africa looking to the conclusion of the war, make little progress. It is expected, however, that Mr. Schalk Burger and his colleagues on the mission will shortly leave here for a more convenient center from which to conduct the negotiations.

Decline in British Trade.

London, April 7.—The Board of Trade returns for March show the remarkable decreases of £5,528,195 in imports and £2,804,055 in exports, compared with March, 1901. This is attributed mainly to the abnormal clearances of last year in anticipation of the new duty.

PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

Boer Officials Greatly Handicapped by Distance.

Kroonstad (Orange River Colony), April 6.—Owing to the great distance separating the members of the Transvaal mission here from Steyn, the former President of the Orange Free State, and General Delarey, the negotiations between the Boer leaders in South Africa looking to the conclusion of the war make little progress. It is expected, however, that Schalk Burger and his colleagues on the mission will shortly leave here for a more convenient center from which to conduct the negotiation.
Johannesburg, April 6.—A meeting of the Chamber of Mines, the first since the beginning of the war, has been held here. The president of the Chamber said in an address that it was greatly due to General Botha that much wanton destruction had been avoided, as he has held the commandant of the town personally responsible for the destruction of any property which might occur.
The president also said it was highly probable that by next July half the mining industry would be in operation, and that before many months full working would be resumed.

Rhodes' Great Gifts.

New York, April 5.—The Sun's London cable says: The will of Cecil Rhodes for the present has banished every other topic of public interest in England. Evening papers vie with the morning press in eulogies of Rhodes' colossal munificence. The annual sum devoted to Oxford scholarships, together with £100,000 donation to Oriel College, Oxford, is not so startling to American ears, accustomed to hearing of enormous gifts to American universities, but here a university benefactor on anything like a large scale is practically unknown. For years the colleges of Oxford and Cambridge universities have been hampered for want of funds and obliged to cut down their number of scholarships and professorships and other expenses and to decrease their value. This is accounted for chiefly by the depreciation of the agricultural land values in England, university and college revenues being largely derived from landed estates in various parts of the country.

The Empire's Heart.

Washington, April 5.—America's "seat of empire" is found in the prairie region of the Central West, of which Chicago is the commercial metropolis. A census bulletin just issued shows that at last the flat or undulating prairie, in its natural state almost bare of trees, but covered with luxuriant grasses, now constitutes the topographic division of the United States which contains the greatest population. The prairie as the home of American citizens has outstripped all competitors. Neither the populous New England hills nor the great Atlantic Coast plain, with its large cities and many thriving towns, nor yet the vast interior timbered region with all its wealth and opportunity, has kept pace with the beautiful prairies of the West.

Boer Leaders Located.

Pretoria, March 31.—President Steyn and General Delarey have been located and meeting a between them and acting President Schalk Burger is expected to be arranged without further delay. It is reported that General Botha will also attend the conference.
Commandant Mears has sent in word that his command will abide by the decision of the Boer Government. Commandant de Villiers, who has been operating in the Kimberley district has sent in a flag of truce, asking for terms.
The peace movement, however, has in no way interfered with the military operations. The British are again sweeping the northwest districts of the Orange River Colony, where, it is believed, they have about a thousand of General De Wet's men within the cordon.

Carnegie on Rhodes.

New York, April 5.—Andrew Carnegie said of Rhodes' gift: "I am delighted with the grandeur of the will. Mr. Rhodes' imperialism was like my own—not restricted to one branch of the race, but including all. I believe that patriotism of race is to be the next great force in the world, supplementing, not supplanting, the narrower sentiments of national patriotism. Great Britain, an alien in Europe, must finally look across the Atlantic to those of her own blood. It is a small step to a federal council of peace within the race. This reached, let it be the mission of the English-speaking race to labor to banish war from the world."

CANAL RIGHT OF WAY.

Secretary Hay Makes Bid for Nicaraguan Right of Way.

Washington, April 7.—It is understood that Mr. Corea, the Nicaraguan Minister here, has forwarded to his Government a proposition as to the price the United States would be likely to pay for Nicaragua canal rights, the proposition having been submitted to the Minister by Secretary Hay. Secretary Hay's proposition is said to be in the nature of a counter proposal to that set out in the canal protocol drafted by United States Minister Merry last year.
British Camp in U. S.
Washington, April 5.—The State Department today made public the correspondence that has so far taken place between the United States Government and the Governor of Louisiana concerning the latter's statement touching the shipment of live stock and supplies for the British army in South Africa from Chalmette, La. There are three principal letters and a number of appendices. The principal letters are one from the Governor of Louisiana, dated March 28th, touching the conditions at Chalmette; a reply from Secretary Hay, dated April 4th, announcing that he had ordered an investigation (which will be made by an Army officer), and a long opinion from the Attorney-General on the legal points involved in the Chalmette shipments.