

\$23,415,455.14 FOR COMING YEAR

Annual Budget Is Several Millions More Than Before and Includes All of the Appropriations.

DETAILED ESTIMATE

Postoffice Department Expense Not Included For It Is Now Practically Self-Sustaining Branch.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Exactly \$23,415,455.14 was asked from congress today for all government expenses for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1913. This was the aggregate of estimates for Uncle Sam's expenses submitted by Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh to Speaker Clark. It promises another "billion dollar" congress this winter.

This annual "budget" is an increase by \$87,680,000 over the expenses for the present fiscal year. It comprises appropriations asked by the outgoing republican administration for the nation's running expenses during democratic regime.

Not included in the estimates are predicted expenditures by the postal service of \$281,791,000 during the year ending July 1, 1914 but these will be paid in full or nearly so, by postal receipts, that department now being practically self-sustaining.

The estimates are the basis of all appropriation bills to be passed before March 4. Following are the detailed estimate in the expenses:

Legislative establishment, \$7,492,000; executive establishment, \$27,725,000; judicial establishment, \$1,295,000; department of agriculture \$18,287,000; foreign relations, \$3,965,000; army \$96,409,000; navy, \$144,947,000; Indian affairs \$11,303,000; pensions \$185,220,000; public works \$118,396,000; miscellaneous \$80,855,000; permanent annual appropriations \$127,325,000.

Wars, past and prospective, are the heaviest financial burden, according to the estimates. Increase of the army, navy and payment of pensions are the chief national liabilities.

The budget includes appropriations asked by every cabinet official, based on future needs. It also includes appropriations for river and harbor work, public buildings, irrigation projects, and other great public works.

Completion of the Panama canal within a year, it is estimated, will cost \$30,174,000. This includes \$23,400,000 for construction work next year and \$6,769,000 for fortifications, the latter including \$2,365,000 for sea coast batteries and \$1,581,000 for cannon.

Three new battleships, to cost about \$15,000,000 each, of superdreadnaught type, are asked by the navy department. Seven million dollars for reclamation and irrigation work—one million less than expenditures this year—are also asked.

Estimates for maintenance of the senate total \$1,844,000; \$23,000 more than this year's appropriations. For the house \$4,974,000 is asked, an increase of \$300,000 because of nearly fifty new representatives added March 4 under the new congressional reapportionment.

White house expenses next year are figured at \$171,000.

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HOCKIN FIRED OUT OF OFFICE

Iron Workers Official Who Doubled-Crossed His Peers Is Removed From His Soft Job.

FOUR MEN DISMISSED

President of Organization Now on Witness Stand and Denies Every Statement by McManigal.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 2.—Herbert S. Hockin of Detroit, alleged "double-crosser" of his peers and a defendant in the dynamite conspiracy trial here, has been removed as secretary-treasurer of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers. The unions' executive board, also on trial for the alleged conspiracy, took this action Saturday night, but it became known only today.

Closing its two months' direct presentation in the dynamite conspiracy trial today, the government gave up the center of the stage to the defense lawyers for the forty-five labor leaders. The defense was expected to consume at least one month in presenting its direct case.

Defendants William Benson of Detroit; John B. Carroll of Syracuse; S. P. Meadows of Indianapolis; and W. H. Davis of Philadelphia, were discharged on motion of District Attorney Miller, in the dynamite conspiracy trial today.

Judge Anderson overruled motions to discharge Defendants Paul Morrin and John Barry, both of St. Louis; Michael J. Cunnane, Philadelphia; M. L. Pennell, Springfield, Ill.; James E. Ray and Edward Smythe, both of Peoria, Ill.; W. J. McCann and W. Bert Brown, both of Kansas City; Clarence E. Dowd, Rochester, N. Y.; Charles Baum, Minneapolis, and Fred J. Mooney, Duluth. Exceptions were noted in every case.

Miller's motion to discharge the four defendants took the defense by surprise. In explanation, the prosecutor stated that although he believed the four men had guilty knowledge of the conspiracy, the evidence showed they had withdrawn from it.

The government closed its case with the testimony of President W. P. Fortune, of the Seaboard Construction Co., who told of explosions on his open shop contracts.

Frank M. Ryan, president of the iron workers union, first witness for the defense, this afternoon categorically denied every statement made in Ortle McManigal's confession, implicating the witness in the alleged dynamite conspiracy.

Inebriate Hospital.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] CHICAGO, Dec. 2.—The John Worth school at the Bridewell, Chicago's prison, will be converted into a hospital for treatment of "alcoholism" and delirium tremens, according to an announcement by John Whitman, superintendent of the institution today.

Mysteriously Shot.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.] FREMONT, O., Nov. 2.—Mysteriously shot in the presence of his 18 year old sweetheart, Ralph Kiser, 20, was said today to be beyond recovery. The shooting last night in a public school yard is unexplained, as neither Kiser nor the girl, Mabel Vickery, would discuss the affair today.

RAILWAY TRUST NEEDS BUSTING

Supreme Court Holds That Harriman Railroad and Shipping Monopoly Is an Illegal Combine.

UNANIMOUS OPINION

Merger of the Southern Pacific, Union Pacific and Salt Lake Road Is Ordered Dissolved.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Declaring illegal the Harriman railroad and shipping monopoly, the supreme court today sustained the government's "trust busting" suit by ordering dissolved the merger of the Southern Pacific, Union Pacific and "Salt Lake" railroads.

"Wizard" Harriman's monument of railroad and Pacific coast shipping combines was held to be a gross violation of the Sherman anti-trust law. The highest court emphatically refused to invoke its "rule of reason" laid down in the Standard Oil and tobacco trust cases, to approve the railroad combine. The merger was declared "unreasonably" in restraint of trade.

Ownership by the Harriman "rail trust" of 45 percent of all Southern Pacific stock is declared illegal and roundly disapproved by the court.

The interest of the Harriman company in the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe and "Salt Lake" railroads was held not illegal.

The decision was unanimous, Justice Vandever taking no part.

The court directed the circuit court of Utah, to take charge of the dissolution of interests of the Southern Pacific stock held by the Union Pacific.

Presentation of the plans to the supreme court of the United States within three months is ordered. Justice Day read the opinion. It said in part:

"This court reaches the conclusion that the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific systems—prior to the stock purchase were competitors engaged in interstate commerce, acting independently as to a large amount of carrying trade, and that since the acquisition of the stock in question, the dominating power of the Union Pacific has suppressed competition between the systems and has effected a combination in restraint of the interstate commerce within the prohibitions of the act.

"In order to enforce the statute the court is required to forbid the doing in the future of acts like those which are found to have been done in violation thereof and to enter a decree which will effectually dissolve the combination found to exist in violation of the statute.

"The decree should provide an injunction against the right to vote this stock, while in the ownership or control of the Union Pacific or any corporation owned by it, or while held by any corporation or person for the Union Pacific and forbid any transfer or disposition thereof in such wise as to continue its control, and should provide an injunction against the payment of dividends upon such stock while thus held, except to a receiver to be appointed by the court who shall collect and hold such dividends until disposed of by the decree of the court.

"As the court below dismissed the government's bill, it was unnecessary there to consider the disposition of the shares of stock acquired by the Union Pacific company, which acquisition we hold, constituted an unlawful combination in violation of the anti-trust act. In order to effectually conclude the operating force of the combination such disposition should be made subject to the approval and decree of the court, and any plan for the disposition of this stock must be such as to effectually dissolve the unlawful combination thus created.

"As to the suggestion made at the oral argument by the attorney general, in response to a query from the court as to the nature of the decree, that one might be entered which, while destroying the unlawful combination insofar as the Union Pacific secured control of the competing line of road extending from New Orleans and Galveston to San Francisco and Portland, would permit the Union Pacific to retain the Central Pacific connection from Ogden to San Francisco and thereby to control that line to the coast, thus effecting such a continuity of the Union Pacific and

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NO FIGHTING FOR TWO WEEKS

Protocol for Fourteen Day Armistice Probably Be Signed by Turkey and the Allies in a Few Hours.

GREEK ENVOY DELAYS

If Peace Is Agreed Upon Both Sides Agree Not to Start Shooting Again Without Giving Notice.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 2.—Signing of the protocol for a fourteen-day armistice for the discussion of peace terms between Turkey and the Balkan allies, it was officially announced, was delayed "until today or tomorrow," but it was probable that there would be no signing until Tuesday, because at 2 o'clock yesterday, the hour set for the final conference, the Greek envoy asked for forty-eight hours additional time in which to consult the government.

While the exact provisions of the armistice were not given out it was known that four of its important points were:

The armistice is to last fourteen days.

The agreement covers the whole of European Turkey.

The Turks are to be allowed to reactivate daily the besieged towns, Adrianople and Scutari and all the Turkish forts.

The opposing armies are to remain in their present positions.

Both sides agree to give forty-eight hours notice in the event that hostilities are to be resumed.

The government has ordered the re-opening of the public schools, beginning today.

Russia Wants Peace.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 2.—Russia, according to a statement today by M. Sazonoff, the foreign minister, now is doing everything in his power to prevent war between Austria and Serbia. Sazonoff pointed out that the Muscovite government so far had taken no step that could offend any of the nations. The recent mobilization orders for strengthening of frontier garrisons, said the foreign minister, were merely precautionary measures rendered necessary by the circumstances.

TURTLE SOUP IS SURE CURE

German Physician Cures Consumption With Serum Secured From Turtles.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]

BERLIN, Dec. 2.—After two years of tests in which he has submitted his serum to every conceivable ordeal, Dr. Frederick Franz Freidman, the German tuberculosis expert, today exhibited a score of patients he pronounced absolutely cured of consumption. He declared that the remedy sought by scientists for centuries is at last available. The doctor also said he is now chiefly concerned with getting the remedy into the hands of the doctors who can use it everywhere.

"The serum originally produced from turtles," said the doctor, "is easily used. One injection usually drives all signs of tuberculosis from the system. Not only that but it immunizes against tuberculosis. Cures come within a few weeks. Of course lung tissue that is gone cannot be replaced but all of the germs within the body are destroyed, the wounds in the lungs heal and all fever disappears. I inject the serum into the buttock or into the arm."

Dr. Freidman said that he did not know when he would send the serum to the United States for use there. He has been in touch by cable with a number of Americans and has been deluged with offers to place his discovery on the market, but has positively turned them down. He made it plain today that he will send the serum only to responsible physicians and prefers to instruct them in person.

Scientists from all over the world are reported to be coming here to investigate.

—Gate City Want Ads. bring results.

DUMPING MONEY INTO THE RIVER

Nearly Fifty-Seven Millions Asked by Bixby for Improvements to Be Made During the Year.

\$1,500,000 NEAR HERE

One of the Biggest Items Is For Work on the Mississippi Between St. Louis and St. Paul.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Nearly fifty-seven millions for rivers and harbors improvements was asked in estimates submitted to congress today by Brigadier General W. H. Bixby, chief of army engineers. This is an increase of nearly \$17,000,000 over the appropriations recommended for the last fiscal year.

The greatest single sum requested is \$5,000,000 to cover work on the Ohio river channel, and \$7,000,000 for additional work on Ohio river improvements already outlined. Emphasis is laid on the necessity for availability of this sum early in the fiscal year of 1914.

A six million dollar estimate is made for continuing the work of the Mississippi river commission.

Among the more important estimates urged upon congress are:

Louisiana Southwest pass, Mississippi river, \$500,000.

Texas, Galveston harbor, \$50,000; channel, \$325,000; channel to Texas City, \$200,000; to Port Bolivar, \$50,000; Houston ship channel, \$550,000;

Inland waterway, Texas coast, \$10,000; Turtle Cove channel, including four other projects in \$50,000 appropriations; Sabine Natchez canal, \$290,000; Sabine Pass harbor at Port Arthur canal, \$600,000; Trinity river, \$270,000.

Illinois, Mississippi between Missouri river and St. Paul, Minn., \$1,500,000.

Missouri, Mississippi river between Ohio and Missouri rivers, \$1,000,000. Missouri river, general improvements \$2,100,000; north of Leban, \$150,000; south of Leban, \$150,000; Kansas City to Fort Benton, \$300,000; Osage river, \$15,000; Gasconade river, \$10,000.

Tennessee, Cumberland river below Nashville, \$205,000; above Nashville, \$5,000; Tennessee river above Chattanooga, \$510,000; below Riverton, \$110,000.

Illinois, Illinois river, \$100,000; Chicago harbor, \$250,000; Chicago river, \$60,000; Calumet river (Illinois and Indiana), \$20,000.

THE WEATHER.

For Keokuk and Vicinity: Fair tonight and becoming cloudy Tuesday night and warmer.

For Illinois: Fair tonight and Tuesday. Colder tonight.

For Iowa: Fair tonight and followed by increasing cloudiness Tuesday. Warmer Tuesday and west and central portions tonight.

For Missouri: Fair tonight and Tuesday. Colder east; portion tonight and rising temperature Tuesday.

Weather Conditions.

Since Saturday the depression from the mountains has moved to the lower lakes, causing warmer weather with rains from the Missouri valley to the eastern coast.

It was followed by an area of high pressure developing in the British northwest and moving to Kansas, which caused much colder weather from the mountains to the Mississippi valley, Huron, S. D., reporting zero this morning.

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FIVE RED HATS FROM THE POPE

Cardinals Get Their Christmas Presents Ahead of Time at Ceremonies Which Were Elaborate.

LAST OF THE EIGHTEEN

Membership of the Sacred College Is Now Sixty, More Than Half Being Appointed Since Nov. 9, 1903.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]

ROME, Dec. 2.—At a public consistory of the sacred college, Pope Plus X, today conferred the red hat on the last five of the eighteen cardinals created a year ago who as yet had not received the final insignia of their rank as princes of the church. The five included three Spanish cardinals and two Austrians, who at the time of their elevation November 27, 1911, instead of coming to the Vatican for the red barrette and red hat, received the barrette from the king of Spain and the emperor of Austria and waited for their hats until summoned to Rome by the pope.

The five honored today were: Giuseppe Maria de Cosy Macho, archbishop of Valladolid.

Antonio Viteo, apostolic nuncio to the court of Madrid.

Enrico Almaraz Santos, archbishop of Saltillo.

Francesco Bauer, archbishop of Odmutz.

Francesco Nagel, archbishop of Vienna.

Contrary to expectations, the pope failed to announce the elevation to the sacred college of Monsignor Mendes Bello, primate of Lisbon. At last fall's consistory Monsignor Bello was created a cardinal "in pretore," that is, it was made known that he was to be a cardinal when his duties at the Portuguese capital would permit. Pope Plus is believed to have preferred that he remain at his post until the present conflict between church and state in Portugal becomes more settled.

The final elevation of these five cardinals brings the membership of the sacred college to sixty. Of these Pope Plus has created thirty-five since November 9, 1903, when he held his first consistory. Thirty-three of the cardinals are Italians and twenty-seven of other nations. Since the eighteen cardinals were created a year ago, four members of the sacred college have died, Cardinal Fisher of Cologne; Cardinal Samassa, of Austria; Cardinal Couille, of France, and Cardinal Capecealatro, of Italy.

The ceremony today was carried out in the Hall of Beautification of the Vatican with all the pomp and pageantry that has marked papal functions for centuries. The hall was divided according to the rank of the brilliant audience, including members of the diplomatic corps accredited to the Vatican, all in full uniform and decorations; the generals, superiors and high officials of the various religious orders and the members of the Rome aristocracy who have refused to ally themselves with King Victor Emmanuel.

Preceding the public consistory, the five cardinals met in the Sistine chapel and took the oath, and then the papal cortege moved into the public hall.

The scores of American visitors to Rome who attended the consistory were disappointed that Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, was not elevated to the sacred college. It had been hinted strongly that Pope Plus today

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SENATE MET FOR HALF HOUR

Sixty-Six Members Were Present and But Little Time Was Required For the First Session.

AS MARK OF RESPECT

Adjournment Taken Until Tomorrow Out of Respect to the Late Vice President Sherman.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Twenty-four minutes sufficed for the senate to transact its opening day's business this afternoon. There was some debate at first as to who should call the upper house to order as Senators Gallinger and Bacon have been alternating as president pro-tem. Finally, however, Senator Bacon took the seat where the late Vice President Sherman was wont to preside, and called the senate to order. Gallinger was the first speaker, announcing the presence of a quorum.

There were sixty-six senators present, Gallinger said. The New Hampshire senator then offered the customary formal resolution notifying the house that the senate was ready to transact business.

Upon its adoption, Senator Cullom of Illinois, offered a resolution calling for appointment of a committee of senators to act with a house committee in waiting on President Taft to notify him that congress was ready to transact business. Senators Cullom and Martin were named as the senate members.

Senator Lodge offered a motion making the hour of meeting at 11 o'clock. This prevailed.

Senator Root then announced with a brief eulogy the death of Vice President Sherman and offered resolutions expressing the regret of the senate at its loss.

A cablegram of condolence from the senate of Brazil was read, with an answer sent by Senator Bacon.

The death of Senator Heyburn was then announced by Senator Borah, and that of Senator Rayner by Senator Smith, of Maryland, with the customary resolutions.

The session closed at 12:24 p. m., with the adoption of Senator Cullom's resolution that the senate adjourn as a further mark of respect to the memory of the deceased.

Among the absentees were Senators Bradley, Oliver and Sutherland, whose illness was announced by Senators Curtis, Penrose and Smoot, respectively. Senator Works announced the unavoidable absence on business of Senator Jones, of Washington.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Amid applause on both sides of the chamber, the house of representatives began its work of the last of the 62nd congress at noon sharp. Chaplain Couden offered prayer and then ensued a long wait while the roll was being called to determine the presence of a quorum.

Speaker Clark, Minority Leader Mann, Majority Leader Underwood, Governors-elect Cox of Ohio, and Sulzer of New York, were cheered and applauded as they entered the chamber.

The roll-call disclosed more than a quorum and Floor Leader Underwood offered the customary resolutions for appointment of committees to notify the president and the senate that the house was ready for work. Then came the final swearing in of four

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EXPECT TO BE MARRIED IN FLYING AUTOMOBILE

Black Jack and White Lucile Are Bound to Become Man and Wife.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]

CHICAGO, Dec. 2.—A big touring car stood in front of Jack Johnson's home, ready to leave the minute Johnson received a special delivery letter he was expecting from Lucile Cameron, the nineteen year old Minneapolis white girl.

"Just as soon as I get the letter," said the negro pugilist, "I will rush to where Lucile is, and we will be married in the automobile. We will have no trouble to get a minister. The fee and the chance to perform the cere-

mony while we are speeding as fast as the law allows, will attract any number of them."

Johnson's only fear was that the government agents who have been watching him in an effort to locate the girl who disappeared from her mother's hotel last week, will intercept his mail. A government official today said that Johnson's marrying Lucile Cameron will not affect the charges of violating the white slave law which have been made against him in four indictments returned by the federal grand jury. The charges concern his relations with Belle Schreiber, of Milwaukee, and the Cameron girl was merely a witness.

Attorney Charles E. Erbstein, who represented Mrs. F. Cameron-Falconet, Lucile's mother, said that when the woman went back to Minneapolis, she had given up all hope of keeping her daughter away from Johnson.

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MESSIAH IS IN HIDING IN ZION CITY AT PRESENT

Will Come Out Into the Open When Costly Robes and Jewels Are Ready.

[United Press Leased Wire Service.]

WAUKEGAN, Ill., Dec. 2.—The Messiah is now on earth. He is in hiding in Zion City. When he comes out in the open, he will wear costly robes and jewels that have been prepared for him by the followers of the late John Alexander Dowle.

These prophecies were made today by H. L. Burnette. He has been preparing for the "second coming of

Christ" ever since three years ago when he fled in a circuit court in every state in the country a deposition setting forth that the Messiah would appear on earth in 1913. Today's announcement was a bit premature. Burnette didn't want it known until Christmas day but some of the skeptical persons to whom Burnette imparted the information previously, allowed the news to leak.

To keep the Messiah company until time for his appearance two brothers named Bushaw are now occupying the Zion City hiding place with him. They came from New York last Wednesday. They are caring for the costly garments and they will help name the eight men who are to be on the reception committee to greet the "Savior."