

MONTPELIER EXAMINER

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C. E. WRIGHT, Editor and Manager
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REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For United States Senator, (Long Term.) William E. Borah.
For United States Senator, (Short Term.) Frank R. Gooding.
For Congress, Southern District, Addison T. Smith.
For Governor, D. W. Davis.
For Lieutenant Governor, C. C. Moore.
For Secretary of State, R. O. Jones.
For State Auditor, Edward G. Gallet.
For State Treasurer, John W. Eagle-son.
For Attorney General, Roy L. Black.
For Superintendent of Public Instruction, Ethel E. Redfield.
For Inspector of Mines, Robert N. Bell.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

For State Senator, A. A. Hart.
For State Representative, Fred C. Evans.
For Commissioner, First District, E. M. Allred.
For Commissioner, Second District, Charles Nate.
For Commissioner, Third District, Silas L. Wright.
For Clerk of District Court and ex-officio Auditor and Recorder, Francis M. Winter.
For Sheriff, John J. Jones.
For Treasurer, Arthur T. Pendrey.
For Probate Judge, John H. Grimmett.
For Supt. of Schools, Oliver C. Dunford.
For Assessor, James Dunn.
For Prosecuting Attorney, David C. Kunz.
For Coroner, Frank M. Williams.

SPECIES OF FRIGHTFULNESS

As the spread of the scourge called the Spanish influenza goes on with its alarming rapidity one's memory goes back to the summer of 1916 when infantile paralysis swept especially the lower districts of New York city and from there spread throughout the entire country. And when it was finally whispered about that the epidemic was another demonstration of German hate, the product of a military autocracy that could look far enough into the future to desire to bring harm to future generations in the United States, the people could scarcely believe that Prussian soldiers hacked Belgian babies to pieces.

After thousands of children had died American secret service agents learned that the germs of infantile paralysis had been isolated in Germany. They knew that if it was possible to isolate the germ, then it also was possible to spread the disease by artificial means. If it was possible to do such a terrible thing the secret service knew that Germany at least must be trying to do it.

Then began a series of investigations, and it was learned that a certain physician had come to America from Germany and that he was receiving money from the German government. It was also discovered that blue-bottle flies were placed in bits of germ culture and then turned loose in the crowded tenement districts of New York. The blue-bottle flies did the rest—the plague was spreading at a terrible rate. But before the secret service could round up its facts Fate intervened. The German doctor became inoculated with the germ and died in the frightful agony that he had brought upon countless innocent children. Then the plague began to

die down, proving conclusively that the physician was the sole cause of it. And even now it is more than a suspicion that the Spanish influenza that is sweeping the United States, that is killing thousands of the brave boys in the cantonments, is not the Spanish influenza, but another German scourge, made in Germany and especially distributed throughout the United States in an attempt to murder and destroy our soldiers and our morale before our men get on the other side. This germ also has been isolated in Germany and can be produced whenever they desire, and that it is really, to use an unscientific word, a composite germ, produced by the grippe germ and pneumonia germ. Almost unceasingly pneumonia is created by the pneumonia qualities of this composite germ. Another species of Hun frightfulness which no doubt would burn at the stake every man, woman and child in the world, if that would enable them to win this war.

Isn't it awful even to believe that such inhuman monsters can exist in the form of human beings as these Germans are showing themselves to be?

CHARACTER.

At a time when politicians in both parties were flirting for the Townley endorsement, when D. W. Davis, the republican candidate for governor had good reason to know that both Senator Borah in the republican party and Senator Nugent in the democratic party were making strong bids for such endorsement, Mr. Davis refused to consider it. In his letter to Chairman Taylor refusing to be recorded as the silent recipient of such endorsement he wrote him: "I cannot recall a time when I have been persuaded to compromise on convictions that I did not regret it," and then refused to be even in a receptive mood for such endorsement "by Townley, Coats and others at the head of it."

Mr. Davis has been a true friend of the farmer. As a banker at American Falls he developed through farm loans a great wheat belt and helped as much as any individual in his community to make Power county known to fame as the great producing wheat belt of the state. His sympathies are with the farmer and had he been assured in his own mind that the non-partisan league was a farmers' organization and that politicians were not exploiting the farmer for their own selfish purposes through the non-partisan league he would have taken a different stand than the one he took.

Mr. Davis, at a time when it looked to him as it did evidently to others that a non-partisan league endorsement was an asset, did not yield to the temptation of such an endorsement, because he would not sacrifice his principles in the matter even if it cost him the ambition of being governor.

By this action Mr. Davis showed himself a man, a man who can safely be intrusted against temptation in office, a man who will put principle above the temporary advantage of the moment, the sort of man Idaho needs for governor at a time when political expediency has reduced the moral fiber of many men.

If the state needed an exhibition of Mr. Davis' true character they got it here.—Sandpoint Review.

FARMERS ASKED TO HAVE PATIENCE IN WHEAT MOVING

An appeal has been sent to farmers from Herbert Hoover, national food administrator, asking that patience be shown in the matter of moving the great wheat crop, inferring that there is good news behind it. The progress on the western front has demanded a diversion of grain ships for the aid of General Pershing, whose demands in combatting with the retreating Huns are becoming much enlarged.

Mr. Hoover wishes the farmers to understand that the diverting of the grain ships is temporarily curtailing the wheat movement from the seaboard and has filled the terminal elevators to capacity, thus checking the movement of grain. He urges that there is no need of farmers selling their wheat at less than government price, if the holders will have a little patience, and that the wheat will shortly be moved and the full price secured by every grower.

Not only in Idaho, but elsewhere farmers have become worried over the movement of the grain to the terminal markets, even to the extent that the wheat might almost become a drug on the market, not understanding that every grain that has ripened in the wheat fields is precious in winning the war. Mr. Hoover evidently wishes it understood that the government wants the farmers' wheat but at present everything must give way towards rushing men and munitions to Pershing and the boys in khaki, who are winning the war.

TO PREVENT CONTAGIOUS DISEASE

It is alike the duty of the citizens and the health authorities. Neither can succeed without the co-operation of the other. By their combined faithful discharge of the obligations resting upon them, many lives may be saved and much suffering prevented. No fact is better established than that contagious diseases may be positively prevented by means of the restriction and destruction of the germs, which are the sole cause, and the practical methods by which this may be accomplished are quarantine and disinfection.

Owing to the numerous cases of Spanish influenza throughout our state, the Board of Health have closed the city schools, churches, Sunday schools, theatres, moving picture houses, ward meetings, dance halls, private dances, pool halls, card rooms, social gatherings of all kinds, and all public gatherings of any kind or nature.

A strict quarantine will be enforced and the Board of Health ask the support and co-operation of all citizens until this epidemic is stamped out.

Dated this 9th day of Oct. 1918.
By order of Board of Health City of Montpelier.

GEO. F. ASHLEY, Chairman.
C. H. TOOMER.
J. G. MERRILL.
M. B. CHERRY.

Approved by City Council October 9th, 1918.

R. N. SNEDDON, Mayor.

To Our Friends and Customers.

Our stock of fall and winter goods has been selected with the greatest possible care in order to give the trade the best possible values. Merchandise is very scarce and we advise our customers to cover their wants just as early as possible. H. B. WHITMAN.

Coats...

...We take a great deal of pride in our showing of Ladies' and Misses' Coats, for it is the result of searching for the best in the markets. For the children we have a number of very attractive models to select from. Here there is ample choice in style and quality appealing to every taste and price. An early inspection is advisable.

Brennan & Davis.

TWO BEAR LAKE BROTHERS DRIVING HUNS TO COVER.

Below are photographs of the two sons of Mrs. Mary E. Sorensen of Liberty, who are now serving their country in France. One of the sons enlisted soon after war was declared against Germany, and when the other son was called under the draft early last fall, Mrs. Sorensen, with true American spirit, did not ask exemption for him, although he was her only remaining support on the ranch, requesting only that he be left at home until the year's crops were harvested.



Ivan, who is 20 years old, enlisted on April 18, 1917. He is now with a coast artillery regiment in France.



Chauncey is 23 years old. He left for Camp Lewis on Oct. 3, 1917, and in just three months from that date he landed in France. He is a member of Company A, Second Military Police.

FARMERS SHOULD HAVE GRAIN PROPERLY GRADED

State Grain Inspector R. J. Leth is responsible for the statement that there are very few grain firms in the state who have the necessary equipment for properly grading wheat. In most cases neither the farmer nor the dealer is assured of the correct grade. The farmer is not the only loser in this game, however. Much wheat is purchased on too high a grade and the dealer stands the loss. Possibly such losses and gains may compensate for each other to the dealer, but not so to the individual far-

COMMISSIONERS' PROCEEDINGS.

The board of county commissioners met at ten o'clock a. m. this 9th day of September, 1918, pursuant to law, for the purpose of fixing the levies on the taxable property within the county for the year 1918.

Present: Ezra E. Howell, chairman, John T. Peterson and Fred C. Evans, commissioners, H. H. Broomhead, clerk and D. C. Kunz, county prosecuting attorney, and the following proceedings were had, to-wit:

In the matter of fixing the levies for the year 1918 for raising revenue for state and county purposes:

It appearing to the board that the assessed valuation of Bear Lake county as shown by the Assessment Roll after equalization by the State Board of Equalization is \$8,260,211

Exemptions allowed by law amount to 189,218

Leaving a net valuation of \$8,071,000

As compared to the year 1917 7,866,318

An increase for the year 1918 of \$ 204,690

It is therefore ordered that the following levies be and they are hereby fixed according to law on all property subject to taxation in Bear Lake county, Idaho, levied on each One Dollar of assessed valuation:

	1918	1917
State account	2.7 mills total \$21,792.	2.1 mills total \$17,300
Current Expense Act.	3 mills total 40,355.	4.5 mills total 35,398
General Schools	4 mills total 32,284.	3.5 mills total 27,532
Road and Bridge	4 mills total 32,284.	4 mills total 31,468
Sinking and Bond Int.	0.7 mills total 5,650.	0.1 mills total 6,922
Totals	16.4	\$132,365.15
Attest:	H. H. BROOMHEAD, Clerk	EZRA J. HOWELL, Chairman

Attest: H. H. BROOMHEAD, Clerk

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You Can Own an Eden Easily!

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just get hubby to do this once and let us send the Eden Washer Demonstrator so he can use it the next time.

Absolutely Free. 3 Plans:--6, 12 or 18 months in which to pay

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to pay for it: You make a small payment at time contract is signed, then pay a small payment on each month until paid for

The Eden Washer is sold only under a liberal guarantee. It should last a life time under reasonable care. It is the one recommended by Good Housekeeping Institute and is the highest developed Washer sold.

The Idaho Electric Company

FOR RENT.—Modern house on Main street; apply to A. B. Gough.

BUCKS FOR SALE.
Forty-four good grade, early Cottswold buck lambs, \$22.50 if taken soon, as I am crowded for room. Come see them 10 miles north of Cokeville.—E. J. Eneck.

A Beautiful Woman.
Do you know that a beautiful woman always has a good digestion? If your digestion is faulty, eat lightly of meats, and take an occasional dose of Chamberlain's Tablets to strengthen your digestion. Price 25c.

The Examiner is only \$2 a year.

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Office in Riter Bros. Block.
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THE RIMS PREVENT LENS BREAKAGE
Dr. Chilton will be in Montpelier on Oct. 21, 22, 23, 24 and 26; office at Goodman & Christman's jewelry store; at the Stucki home in Paris on Oct. 25.