The Grangeville Globe

OFFICIAL COUNTY AND CITY PAPER

VOL. XII, NO. 11 — GRANGEVILLE, IDAHO COUNTY, IDAHO, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1919 — $1.50 THE YEAR

FEW CHANGES DESIRED BY ASSESSORS

County Assessors in Annual Meeting at Boise to Exchange Ideas.

VALUES NEARLY SAME

Horses and Sheep Drop Slightly; Assessment on Bees Raised $1 a Stand.

County Assessor Calvin Hazelbaker returned last Thursday evening from Boise where he had been in attendance at the annual meeting of the assessors of the state of Idaho. Mr. Hazelbaker has stated that the deliberations of the gathering will result in a very few changes from the basis of assessment of last year.

After decision on the desired changes had been reached by the assessors, on call of the governor they met with the state board of equalization and discussed taxation problems. The various classes of taxable property and the standards to be followed in bringing about as nearly a uniform assessment as possible were given consideration.

The annual meeting allows an exchange of views from the assessors and uniformity in assessment in the various counties is worked out, which will do away with much confusion.

A resolution opposing the biennial plan of assessment as proposed in pending legislation was adopted. Opposition was also expressed to the proposed bill which would place back on the assessors the collection of personal property taxes, this collection now being made by the county treasurers. The present law has been in effect two years and seems to be working out in a satisfactory manner.

A resolution was also adopted by the assessors recommending to the legislature that caution be exercised in any change of the revenue and taxation laws, as the existing system was working well and that any changes should be made only after thorough inquiry into the subject.

Following is a summary of the action taken as to changes to be made in valuations:

Cattle valuations will remain much the same as last year, milch cows will rank from $40 to $45, common cattle at $30, yearlings at $15 and grade bulls and beef cattle at $50. The assessment of all purebred stock, cattle as well as other stock, will be left to the discretion of the assessors.

Horses dropped a trifle, common being from $30 to $75, and grade from $75 up. Hogs remain at 6 cents a pound, anything under 40 pounds not being assessed.

Sheep took a drop of $2 in assessed valuation, the price decided upon being $6 for common and $10 for graded stock. A motion was made to increase the rate on bees from $2 a stand to $5 a stand, but this was finally reduced to $3, making an increase of $1 over last year's rate.

As to lumber and standing timber, a motion was made to permit assessors of those counties having special interests in lumber and timber to decide those rates out separately.

All of the forty-nine counties were represented by their assessors excepting three.

DON FISHER RETURNING.

Message Received This Week States He Will Be Returned Home.

A message received early this week stating that Sgt. Don C. Fisher, Roy Gillett and Harvey Vaughan, members of former Company E of this place, had arrived safely at Newport News, has been followed up by messages both to Mrs. S. G. Fisher and Mrs. Josephine Rice. Mrs. Fisher was informed that her son was coming straight home from Newport News, and it is believed by the home folks that he is on his way at the present time. He has given out no information as to whether he is on furlough or has been discharged.

Harvey Vaughan's message to his mother, Mrs. Rice, stated that they left France on January 17 and arrived at Newport News on February 2. He was feeling fine and expected to be sent to Camp Lewis soon. Roy Gillette will possibly accompany them.

BASKET BALL.

Arrangements are now being made in which the local basket ball team will meet for the season opener, the husky, undefeated Cottonwood town aggregation on the local floor, Valentine's evening, at 8:15 o'clock. Owing to difficulties arising in getting the use of the school gym, the local lads have as yet been unable to get in much practice but have at last got the "ball a rolling" and expect to trim them as in the days of old.

The Cowboy band will probably give the local boys a hearty sendoff before the game by a few selections on Main street. As this is the first game of the season a large crowd is expected. Plan to be there and strain a few vocal cords and help the boys to win. Admission to the game will be 25 cents.

ENTERTAINED AT "500".

Mrs. Bert Baker entertained quite a number of her lady friends this week with a series of parties at which "500" was the feature. On Tuesday evening Mrs. A. S. Wright won high honors and Mrs. W. W. Brown was awarded the booby prize, after which delicious refreshments were served. Those present were: Mrs. J. J. Lamm, Mrs. W. H. Badgero, Mrs. Bert Pearson, Mrs. J. C. Safely, Mrs. W. W. Brown, Mrs. Edmundson and Mrs. Ted Tollefson.

On Wednesday afternoon the honors were bestowed upon Mrs. A. J. Maugg the consolation offering going to Mrs. Geo. Elmers. On this occasion the following were present: Mrs. Floyd Swank, Mrs. Madison Myers, Mrs. P. A. Wright, Mrs. A. J. Maugg, Mrs. John Elmers, Mrs. Geo. Elmers and Mrs. Pearsen.

SON OF FRANK TAYLOR DEAD.

Howie Taylor, son of Frank Taylor of the White Bird section, who passed away at Weiser some three weeks ago, will be buried at Freedom, tomorrow, Rev. Father Phelan, of Grangeville Catholic church, officiating.

The young man with his brother Everett, was attending school at Weiser and both boys were afflicted with the influenza at the same time. Howie was unable to respond to treatment and passed away, and for quite a time it was not thought that Everett could survive. The remains of Howie were held at Weiser until a change for the better took place in Everett's condition, when they were shipped to the family home.

STITES FOLKS BOOSTING FOR LINK

Desire Everyone to Co-Operate and Declare Actual Work Will Soon Start.

At a meeting called for the purpose of organization for good roads and to furnish information and data to State Engineer Allen in connection with a link road connecting the North and South highway with the Lewis and Clark highway, after letters had been received by H. M. Williams from State Engineer Allen, and from Senator N. B. Pettibone, asking for this information.

Organization was accomplished by naming H. M. Williams, chairman, and P. E. Ellis, secretary, and after due consideration of the subject matter referred to in Mr. Allen's letter regarding the proposed link a committee was appointed to confer with the county commissioners at Grangeville. The committee that appeared before the board from Stites was composed of the following: P. E. Ellis, M. P. Strecker and J. W. Phillips, and James Surridge from Harpster and R. H. Farris, chairman of the Clearwater Highway district, from Clearwater. This committee was given every consideration, and the proposition met with favor, the commissioners agreeing to assist in every way possible to the end that this very important link should be constructed and designated as a portion of the state highway. Being located on the most practical route and being able to go from Grangeville to a water grade on the South Fork of the Clearwater river at or near Harpster, and then hold said water grade to connect with the Lewis and Clark highway at Kooskia, seemed to meet with the approval of all.

After the meeting of this committee with the board of county commissioners the detail matter was forwarded to State Engineer Allen, and the secretary has since received the following letter from Mr. Allen in support of this very important road:

"Boise, Idaho, Jan. 17, 1919. H. M. Williams, Stites, Idaho. Dear Sir:—I have yours of the 14th inst. relative to have yours of the 14th inst. relative to proposed state highway connecting Grangeville and Kooskia. As a connecting link this has merit. I believe that if the highway districts interested in the project show the proper spirit of cooperation as to a road-building program in that direction, and make some known to the commissioner, some definite action may be taken. I think that the "desired information" would be something along the lines given in your letter, that is, a statement of the economic advantages of the road to your section of the state, as you see them."

The committee is asking for the united cooperation of every one in Kooskia, Stites, Clearwater, Harpster and Grangeville, and the entire farming section which will be served to bring about the realization of this very important link. We feel there may become a reality. We feel there is no link of road that would be of as much importance to the traveling public as this link would be, for the distance and cost of the same, and with the support of everyone it will only be a matter of a short time until this sure will be made. All efforts of the committee have been met with favor which is very encouraging, and with favor of the state engineer, with Senator Pettibone assisting him in the matter, it is felt that it will only be a short time until the actual work on this road will commence. Everybody is asked to cooperate and any information or data will be appreciated, and any information wanted can be had by writing the secretary, P. E. Ellis.

"FOUGHT LIKE AMERICANS; LIKE SOLDIERS THEY FELL"

Memorial Service at I. O. O. F. Hall Sunday Afternoon Attracted a Crowded House, With Citizens From Miles Around in Attendance.

One of the largest crowds that has assembled here for a long period gathered at the I. O. O. F. opera house last Sunday afternoon to honor the memory of the twenty young men of Idaho county who made the supreme sacrifice for their country in the great world's war. Not all of the twenty died on the field of battle, but the service was arranged for those who died in the service from sickness and accident as well.

The committe in charge of the service had done their work well. The stage was tastefully decorated with American flags, bunting, and Allied flags, appropriately set off with potted plants.

On the back curtain of the stage the names of the young martyrs appeared on large posters, to which the speakers from time to time referred.

Besides the speakers the stage was occupied by the chairman of the committee, J. J. Pulse, an adult double quartet composed of R. F. Fulton, A. Urbahn, M. L. Ayers, H. Taylor, Mrs. Hattabaugh, Miss Brooks, Miss Laurie and Miss Clark, and a double quartet made up from the school mates of a number of the boys whose names appeared on the roll of honor, as follows: Hardwick Hanson, Leo Kabat, Willard Rush, Millard Heath, Esther Telcher, Velma Frizzell, Marjorie Grimth and Naomi Maurine.

The program was commenced with the invocation by W. N. Knox and a selection by the double quartet.

The speakers were M. Reese Hattabaugh, Father Phelan and Rev. J. A. Pine, whose remarks were interspersed with selections by the quartets, with Mrs. Chester Arnold as accompanist. Below we give a synopsis of the remarks of the speakers in the order in which they appeared on the program:

M. R. Hattabaugh.

Mr. Hattabaugh said in part:

Mr. Hattabaugh was the first speaker, and presented the thought that the one great thing the world could no longer resist was the moral force of sincere and triumphant convictions for world betterment.

This idea the speaker illustrated from the downfall of various rulers, and argued that the German military power was going to meet the same fate. He paid a tribute to the valor of the Idaho county boys who had fallen in battle, or who had died of wounds or from disease for humanity. He stated that it was pleasing to note that when the backbone of Germany was broken on the day preceding the armistice that western men played the most gallant part, and particularly the men of the 91st division. The speaker stated that our boys would have died in vain if the thoughtful men and women of the hour did not bend every energy to direct and control the misguided people who were agitators, who were spreading Bolshevism and kindred ideas which if unchecked in America would mean ruin. He argued, however, it would be checked.

Father Phelan.

"We are here today in memory of those, who in the critical hour of their country's need, responded to their country's call. 'Their's not to reason why, their's but to do or die.' And to do partial justice to our honored dead whose bodies are lying in Flanders fields, we must allow our minds to go back to that great historic day in April, 1917, when this mighty republic declared war on German autocracy. Little did we think on that eventful day that the cause of liberty, the cause of justice, the cause of democracy, would soon be triumphant. To what, then, is due this sudden and unexpected victory on the battlefields of Europe? It is due to the innate sense of justice in the hearts of the American people; to their great spirit of sacrifice, and absolute devotion to the flag of America, wherever it may float. It is due to the high and sublime inspiration that the sons of Columbia infused into the allied nations of Europe in those awful days of 1917 and 1918.

"These young men, our soldier heroes, our martyred dead, left home and friends and willingly went forth with a smile in their eyes and courage in their hearts—went forth into the very gaping jaws of death—into the mouth of hell, and bravely sealed with their life-blood their loyalty, their devotion, and their patriotism to their country and its cause. Yes, America the daughter of Europe, crossed the ocean to rescue her mother from thraldom, and to save civilization.

"And the world today is thanking God for America and her heroes, both living and dead. The great war has crystalized some grand truths and one of these is that there is a one and indivisible America. On the Pacific coast among these Rocky mountains, in the thrifting, throbbing middle west, in Republican Pennsylvania, in Democratic Texas, in populous New York, out here in agricultural Idaho, the people are true to the spirit of Washington, to the Declaration of Independence, and to the oft-repeated slogan, 'The world must be made safe for democracy.' That was the slogan that called to the front all the elements of this great wonderland, and that is why you and I are here today, paying a tribute of respect to our absent heroes, who fought that we may live.

"The laurels in this war are not all for the men who wear badges of honor on their sleeves, or for the veterans with distinguished crosses on their breasts, or for those who sleep in France today, no, for we who know the heart of a mother know that in all the world there is no more heroic, no more beautiful, nor wonderful exposition of loyalty than the mother who subdues her mother love to love of country, and gives her son to her country's call. When the call came you sent your boys, the bravest and best, to conquer or die—to conquer for God and country—to die for justice and liberty. No, we do not forget, nor can we forget those glorious women who rose like the maids of Saragossa, or the mothers of Sparta, and conjured men whom they loved better than life, but less than honor, to leave them to poverty and penury and speed to the front and woe a soldier's death if need be under the sacred shadows of our Stars and Bars.

"Long, long ago, on the rugged hills of Calvary, the first Mother and the mother of all of us, gazed for three long hours at the foot of the Cross and witnessed the crucifixion of her only Son. For many weeks, aye for many months, our American mothers gazed in the distance at another cross, and waited with bated breath for the fatal telegram, or scanning with agonizing eyes the roll of honor of our honored dead, to see if her boy had been crucified as other brave boys have been transfixed on the barn doors of Belgium. No, we cannot forget 'those' who wept through sleepless nights and woke next morn with dread, fearing to see their loved ones' names as they scanned the lists of dead.

"And whenever and wherever I see a mother with that pure white band across her forehead, and the blood-red cross emblazoned thereon, I am reminded that the blood of Calvary has not been shed in vain. And we knew from the very beginning that it would be triumphant over the foulest wrong ever inflicted, and over the bloodiest war ever staged within the memory of man. And looking today into the faces of my hearers I see the same kindly smiles as of yore, only some—Oh, how saddened! And I know they have stormed the heights of sacrifice, and that by the anguish of Verdun, by the blood of Vimy Ridge, the Battle of the Marne, the mothers of America were behind their boys on the blood-stained fields of France.

"Heroes, why, as a celebrated writer says, 'why unurn the ashes of the half forgotten dead, and pore over the musty pages of the storied past, for names to glorify?' If you could find heroes grander, masters more noble and saints of more sanctity than Rembens ever painted, or immortal Homer ever sang, seek not in the musty tomes of history, but in the hearts and homes of the self-sacrificing wives and mothers of this republic, the greatest that ever gleamed on the skeleton hand of time.

"Mothers of Idaho county, weep not today for your boys, for they, too, were Americans, and like Americans they fought, like soldiers they fell. Weep not for your boys, because by their splendid manhood, fighting shoulder to shoulder with the allied heroes of the world, they have won immortal glory. Their victories are cherished by every nation of the world, for now it means that birds will sing again in Flanders fields, and little children play, and firesides flame again with the rekindled embers of love and happiness. We know their victory is the most momentous victory that humanity ever celebrated in song or story. Weep not for your boys, because of their blood they have established a reign of justice through an endless peace that henceforth the strong nations shall not trample under foot the weak, that lust of power and dreams of world dominion by the sword shall no more devastate this earth, or flood the world with blood and tears. These are the ideals for which noble men everywhere in ages past have struggled and fought and died for. Many homes, it is true, are shadowed by sadness and sorrow, but there is little regret, because those who will not return gave their lives to the cause of country humanity and justice.

"Our service flag may fade from view, but not from the memory of those who remain, and it should be the duty of all to erect a memory in our hearts and to give the assurance that this monument will never die to give the assurance that their names will be cherished with affection and honor. On the pages of history they will spread an imperishable lustre, and their deeds and bravery held in benediction by liberty loving people in this hour of joy and sorrow our eternal gratitude goes out to those heroes who loved liberty better than life, and who sleep yonder.

'On fame's eternal camping ground
Their lonely tents are spread,
And glory guards with solemn round
The bivouac of the dead.'

"Pride not sorrow, smiles not tears reflect the courage of your boys who are pillowed on the field of honor where they fell.

"A short time ago the mantle of war was put into their hands. They took it up and carried it amid the din and crash of battle. They bore it aloft under the protecting aegis of their star-gemmed banner, whose bright unsullied folds have never yet been wrinkled, and to their everlasting honor be it said, it did not bite the dust in their manly hands.

"Mothers of Idaho county, we know you are grieving today over the sorrows that have befallen you. May I venture into the sacred precincts of your sorrowful sanctuaries to say a word of sympathy and comfort? He was your boy, the boy reared, the boy you loved, the bone of your bone, the flesh of your flesh. He was your pride and your joy, the idol of your heart. But your desire was that when he grew up you wanted him to be a man—a manly man, true and fearless. He was; he heard his country's call; he counted not his own life, but offered it up on the altar of his country to defend the weak from the strong, the right from the wrong. Weep for him yes, but do not forget to be proud of him, for he is a martyr to his country and a soldier to his God. He went forth an American boy from Idaho county, your boy, to fight for the liberty and peace of the world. He fought and conquered. You sent him, there-

(Continued on Page 5)

NEW PRIMARY SIMPLIFY MATTERS

Each Party Will Act Independently; Convention for State Candidates.

Boise, Idaho, Feb. 3.—As recently forecasted Idaho is in line for a new direct primary law. It will not disturb the fundamental principle of popular action but will simplify the procedure and, it is believed, result in more satisfactory selection of candidates and in less expense.

The new measure has general approval of Republicans and Democrats alike, it being recognized, they declare, that there is a popular feling that the present primary is unwieldly and totally unsatisfactory and that the public demands a change.

The proposed law provides for county primaries at which county tickets will be named by the various parties. At the same time delegates will be named to county conventions of the parties that will name delegates to the state conventions.

Each party acts independently and has its own organization, and a party is designated as an organization having cast at the preceding elections for one of its candidates 10 per cent of the entire vote cast for all candidates for that particular office. An affiliation of voters to the number of 5 per cent of the total vote cast at the preceding general election also gives party standing.

Independent tickets may be named by petition, 300 bona fide electors being required for state or federal positions, 900 for district, 300 for county and 30 for precinct.

Provisions are also made for paying actual expenses of delegates to state convention. This provision is made so no delegate need be under obligations to any interest or candidate and so that no desirable man can refuse to go as a delegate because of his inability to pay the expenses of the trip to the state convention of his party.

THEISSEN ADDS TO HERD.

Sweetwater Breeder of Whitefaces Secures Animal in Kansas City.

Henry Theissen of Sweetwater, returned a few days ago from Kansas City where he purchased a fine Hereford calf which he expects to place at the head of his herd. The animal is regarded as one of the finest specimens in the entire country, and cost Mr. Theissen well into five figures, states Harry C. Cranke, of Nez Perce, who is in the city today. The calf is 11 months old and weighs 1065 pounds. He is a 3-4 brother to Ardmore, the Hereford bull that sold for $27,000 at the Chicago International Livestock show in 1917.

Mr. Theissen has an enviable record as a breeder of purebred Herefords and the purchase of this animal demonstrates the fact that nothing but the best will suffice to head his herd.

COUNCIL MEETING MONDAY.

The members of the city council met at the clerk's office in the Bank of Camas Prairie building last Monday night in regular session. The usual allotment of monthly bills were acted upon as was also other routine business.

Since the destruction of the city hall by fire several months ago the council has been compelled to meet in the clerk's office, and the matter of securing a suitable place for the transaction of the city's business was given discussion. Among the locations considered is the brick building next to the City Bakery, which, it is stated can be purchased very reasonably.

FOR UNIFORM MEMORIAL IN STATE

House Representatives Would Set Aside $50,000 for That Purpose.

LEGISLATIVE DOINGS

Ex-Governor and Former Adjutant General Stil Under Fire; Other Matters.

House Bill No. 46, introduced by 33 members of that assembly, is creating a healthy interest in all sections of the state. The bill provides for the erection of uniform state monuments in each county of the state in honor of those soldiers who gave their lives to their country.

There is absolute unanimity in the legislature on the subject of a memorial for Idaho's soldiers, dead and living. There is a disagreement, however, as to the form of the memorial.

The house has passed the bill appropriating $50,000 to be divided among the counties—about $1000 each—providing each county puts up as much as it receives for a memorial.

It is contended by some that this money will be frittered away without memorials of attractiveness and of an enduring nature being procured.

These argue there should be a centralized effort on a few dignified memorials in general subdivisions of the state instead of application of effort and money to a lot of small statues and tablets.

The provisions of the law follow:

"That there is hereby created a commission, to consist of three persons, to be appointed by the governor within 30 days after the close of the present session of the legislature, said commission to receive no compensation for their services, but shall be allowed reimbursement for their necessary expenses while performing their duties, but not to exceed $500 to each of said commissioners, said commission to meet 60 days after their appointment at Boise, Idaho, and determine the kind, character, design and style of memorial to be erected at the county seat of each county in the state of Idaho, to the memory of deceased soldiers, sailors and marines who lost their lives in the late war with Germany and her allies. Said commission to have full power and authority to determine the kind, character, design and style of said memorial to be made for and in behalf of the citizens of this state and for the purpose there is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of $50,000, for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this act.

Counties to Go 50-50.

"That each county in the state of Idaho shall be entitled to receive from the state of Idaho, for the erection of such memorial, the sum of $1000 whenever the county commissioners of said county shall appropriate at least $1000 to be used with the money granted by the state of Idaho for the erection of said memorial. Each memorial erected with state aid hereinbefore provided for shall be of the character design and style decided upon by the said commission. And in addition to the appropriation of at least $1000 to be made by each county desiring to receive the sum of $1000 from the state of Idaho, the said county commissioners of said county must provide a suitable location for the erection of said memorial, and also submit to said commission the plans and specifications of its proposed memorial giving full detail, and no portion of the sum hereby appropriated shall be paid to any county until the county shall certify to the commission herein provided for that at least $1000 has been appropriated and is available for the erection of said memorial and that a suitable site has been provided, and said plans and specifications have been approved by the said commissioners.

"All counties shall be given two years from the passage and approval of this act to avail themselves of the privileges hereof, then all remaining funds shall be turned over to the treasurer of the state of Idaho and be placed in the general fund."

Check Bill is Killed.

The no-fund check measure, House Bill No. 37, by Representative Nielson of Bonneville county, has been killed at the request of its author after it had been recommended that "it do not pass." The measure sought to amend section 7101 of the compiled laws making it read as follows:

"Any person who shall make or draw or utter or deliver any check, draft or order for the payment of moneys upon any bank or other depository, who has not sufficient funds in or credit with such bank or other depository for the payment of such check, draft or order in full upon its presentation, shall be guilty of a misdemanor."

Return the Railroads.

The legislature is asked in a memorial introduced today to ask con-

(Continued on page two)