

AMERICAN TROOPS DEFEAT BOLSHEVIKI

FIGHTING IN RUSSIA BEGUN WHEN YANKEE OUTPOSTS ARE ATTACKED.

Bolshevik Soldiers Unaware of Presence of Men From America in Russia, Being Kept in Ignorance by Officers.

Archangel.—In an attack against the American outposts south of Archangel Tuesday the Bolsheviki sustained considerable losses. Eight dead were found in one heap in front of an advanced position and three other bodies were found in a forest. Most of the Bolsheviki dead were Letts.

A wounded Bolsheviki soldier declared that a shell from a Russo-aided armored train had killed twenty men on a Bolsheviki train.

The Bolsheviki artillery bombarded the American positions with shrapnel for several minutes, but did no harm.

The fighting in this area is a combination of trench and Indian warfare. The trenches are along the railroad, but in the forests hemming the tracks trees are the only cover.

The Russian railway employees are loyal to the allies. They are operating trains under shrapnel fire and even repair tracks in the open, unperturbed by bursting shells.

The Bolsheviki raid against the American outpost cost the Americans their first battle casualties on this sector of the front. The Bolsheviki apparently attacked in the hope of saving one of their airplanes, which descended the day before just beyond the American lines. They displayed stubbornness and the accuracy of their artillery fire indicated that skilled officers were manning the guns.

A Bolsheviki officer, taken prisoner Sunday, declared that his forces were ignorant that Americans were on this front. The Bolsheviki leaders were using every precaution to prevent this from becoming known. The death penalty was imposed on any one caught reading allied proclamations.

LIBERTY ISSUE SIX BILLION.

Secretary McAdoo Fixes Minimum for New Loan.

New York.—Six billion dollars is the minimum amount which the people of the United States are asked to subscribe for the fourth Liberty loan, according to an announcement by William G. McAdoo, secretary of the treasury, in a stirring address here Tuesday night outlining the government's plan for the campaign, which starts Saturday.

The share allotted to New York federal reserve district is \$1,800,000, 000, or 30 per cent of the greatest sum yet offered. The loan, which will bear 4 1/2 per cent interest, will run for twenty years, maturing October 25, 1938, unless the government should exercise its reserved right to redeem the bonds on or after October 15, 1933.

Sedition Denied by Publishers.

Helena, Mont.—William F. Dunn, Leo Day and R. B. Bruce, editors and manager of the Butte Bulletin, charged in the local district court with sedition for publishing an article saying the state council of defense has no authority and urging the public to disregard its order, were arraigned Tuesday and pleaded not guilty.

Bandit Slain by Police.

Kansas City.—Roy Lancaster, alias "Kansas City Blackie," alleged member of the Lewis band, and sought by federal agents for suspected complicity in the robbery of a Missouri, Kansas & Texas passenger train near Koch, Kan., July 10 last, is dead. In a gunfight with a score of policemen here Tuesday afternoon, two bullets pierced his lungs.

Hertling Would Cheer Germans.

London.—Count von Hertling, the German imperial chancellor, addressing the main committee of the Reichstag Tuesday, declared that the public discontent in Germany was not justified by the military situation on the western front, according to a dispatch from Berlin.

Santa Fe Accepts Proposal.

New York.—Directors of the Atchafalaya, Topoka & Santa Fe railroad recently voted to recommend to stockholders the acceptance of the government's compensation contract for use of the road by the railroad administration.

Greeks After Bulgarians.

London.—The Anglo-Greek forces in the Doiran region have effected a junction with Franco-Greek forces to the west, and continue to pursue the retreating Bulgarians, says the British official statement on Macedonian operations.

President Votes at Primaries.

Princeton, N. J.—President Wilson arrived here Tuesday to cast his vote in the New Jersey primaries. The president was greeted at the station by a large crowd of Princeton students and cadets from the aviation school.

Pershing Decorated.

Paris.—The king of Montenegro has decorated Marshal Foch and General Pershing with the grand cross of the Order of Danilo. A gold medal has been awarded to General Foch for bravery in the fighting at Verdun.

ANNIHILATES TWO TURKISH ARMIES

DISASTER OVERTAKES OTTOMAN FORCES IN PALESTINE WHEN BRITISH FORCES ATTACK.

General Allenby Puts Seventh and Eighth Turkish Armies Out of Business—Huns Suffer Defeat on Four Fronts.

London.—Disaster has overtaken the Teuton over all fields. In Palestine the Turks are all but absolutely crushed; in Macedonia the entente forces are harrying their foes and threatening them with similar disaster; in France the British and French troops slowly, but surely, are eating their way into the vitals of the German defensive positions, the collapse of which would result in important changes all along the western battle front, and in eastern Siberia the Japanese have made additional strides forward in the process of reclaiming that territory for the Russians.

In all the theatres of the war the entente allies have the initiative and are pressing their advantage rigorously. The Germans and their allies nowhere are able to do more than stand on the defensive. And in Palestine and Macedonia their efforts in this respect have proved sorry ones.

General Allenby has crushed the Turkish Seventh and Eighth armies. His cavalry has closed every exit except one, which cannot be reached by many of the enemy, and in a wide encircling movement his horsemen brilliantly broke down all attempts to put up delaying rear guard fights. The cavalry captured Nazareth, Nablus, Beisan and Jenin and have secured an enormous quantity of valuable booty, and we have not heard the last of their efforts.

Two Turkish armies were put out of business, 40,000 Turks being killed or captured.

From north of Jerusalem to the Sea of Galilee, in the territory lying between the river Jordan and the Mediterranean sea, the Ottoman forces have been caught by the swift drive of the British armies and virtually annihilated. Added to the heavy casualties suffered by the Turks, hordes of them were made prisoner and many more are wandering, bewildered, without leaders, in the hills, eventually to be brought in to swell the great total.

Advised to Hold Wheat.

Washington.—Farmers, who have been selling wheat below the government guaranteed price because of railway embargoes placed on wheat shipments in certain localities, are advised by the food administration that the embargo soon would be lifted and that if they held their wheat the government will buy it at the guaranteed price.

More Than Offsets Ship Losses.

Washington.—Deliveries of completed vessels from shipyards in the United States during July and August, shipping board reports show were more than enough to offset the submarine losses of America since the beginning of the war.

Regulations for Oil and Gas.

Washington.—Regulations are being prepared by the fuel administration under authority granted by President Wilson for the licensing of persons or firms engaged in the transportation and distribution of oil and gas.

GEN. SIR HENRY RAWLINSON



Gen. Sir Henry Rawlinson is in command of the Fourth British army which has been taking part in the offensive in Picardy.

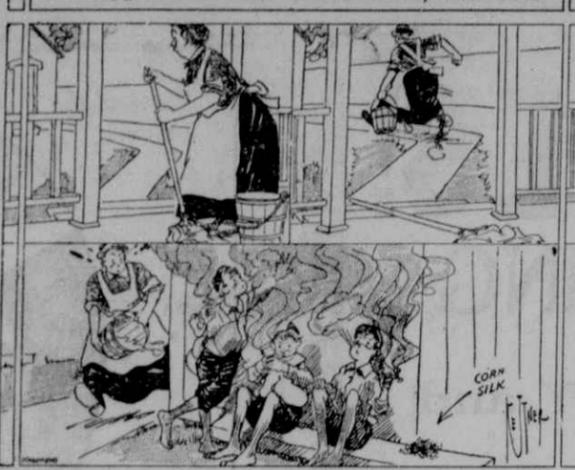
Nab Slackers in Venezuela.

Panama.—Although they fled from California through Central America to Venezuela to evade the draft, Robert and Benjamin Livingstone of Los Angeles have been apprehended by agents of the American government.

Will Feed Hungry Abroad.

Washington.—Ten million occupants of the German occupied positions of France and Belgium will be supplied with food during the next 12 months by the commission for the relief in Belgium.

It Happens About This Time of the Year



HOLLAND IS TOLD TO RAISE EMBARGO

ACQUIESCENCE IN THE HUN THREATS KEEPS U. S. FOOD FROM DUTCH NATION.

Given Notice That Appeals for American Foodstuffs Will Be in Vain if Dutch Shipping Remains Idle in Port.

Washington.—The acquiescence of the Netherlands government in German threats which kept 400,000 tons of Dutch shipping idle in port, while the people of Holland suffered for want of the food these vessels might bring, is commented upon in a statement issued September 20 by the state department. The statement is issued to clear up misapprehension as to the attitude of the United States toward exports to Holland.

The department expresses the hope that the Netherlands government will lift the embargo on the movement of its ships, which constitute the only considerable unit of the neutral tonnage, and in effect gives notice that appeals for American foodstuffs will be in vain until Holland follows the example of the Scandinavian countries, Switzerland and Spain and enters into equitable agreements with the United States and the allies.

Reviewing the efforts of the American government to lend its assistance, the statement discloses that after refusing to approve a tentative understanding for the export of food, petroleum, metals and other supplies reached in London last winter, the Netherlands, bowing to the German threat to torpedo even ships sailing between neutral countries, failed to avail itself of the offer of the United States and the allies to permit the export of 100,000 tons of bread cereals as an emergency measure. In spite of the free licensing of bunker coal, for ships other than those originally stipulated and which carried 500,000 tons of cereals to Holland, an additional 500,000 tons, largely by Argentina, has been left untouched for more than six months.

President Will Fix Cotton Price.

Washington.—President Wilson will fix the price of cotton, placing the list of the principal commodities necessary in the prosecution of the war under government regulation, despite strong pressure from the southern states.

Serbian Prisoners Sold as Slaves.

Paris.—The Serbian government is in possession of documents proving beyond possible question that thousands of Serbian prisoners have been sold as slaves for a specified period to Turkey by Bulgaria, Austria-Hungary and Germany, according to a Balkan Agency dispatch from Corfu.

Aged Wrestlers Stage Comeback.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa.—"Farmer" Burns, aged 57 years, trainer of Frank Gotch and a former champion of the world, on Friday defeated "Dad" Clark of West Branch, aged 55 years, for the championship of the world for men over 55 years of age.

Thirty Killed in Collision.

Havas.—Thirty persons were killed and more than a score injured in a train collision between Dijon and Daroche. Three cars filled with passengers, who were mostly children, returning from their vacations, were telescoped.

August Commerce Records Broken.

Washington.—Both imports and exports of merchandise were greater in value during August than in any previous August in the history of American foreign trade.

U-Boat Sinks French Vessel.

Paris.—The French line steamship Admiral Charner, bound from Bizerta to Malta, has been torpedoed with the loss of six lives, according to an official statement. The passengers and crew numbered 174.

Entente Diplomats Arrested.

Amsterdam.—United States Minister Vopicka and all entente ministers who were at Jassy (capital of Rumania), have been arrested by order of the soviet, it was learned here late Friday.

BONE DRY NATION AFTER NEXT JULY

HOUSE APPROVES PROHIBITION MEASURE, WHICH NOW GOES TO CONFERENCE.

Efforts of California and Pennsylvania Representatives to Extend Dates Prohibiting Manufacture and Sale of Wine and Beer Defeated.

Washington.—National prohibition effective next July 1 for the period of the war, was approved September 23 by the house, which adopted, 134 to 27, the senate prohibition rider to the \$12,000,000 emergency agricultural appropriation bill. The measure now will be sent to conference for adjustment of differences between the two houses on appropriation items.

After voting in the committee of the whole to accept an amendment permitting the importation of wine until next May 1, the house later reversed its decision and, by a vote of 121 to 50, retained the original senate provision that importation of wine must cease when the measure becomes effective upon its signature by the president. The amendment was approved by the house agricultural committee to meet an objection by the governments of France, Italy, Spain and Portugal.

All efforts otherwise to amend the legislation were defeated. A proposal by Representative Kahn of California, Republican, to extend the effective date for prohibiting the sale of wine and beer to December 31, 1919, was defeated, 112 to 52, as was one by Representative Beshlin of Pennsylvania, Democrat, to change the date for stopping the manufacture of beer and wine from next May to December 1, 1919.

Influenza Raging in Camps.

Washington.—Spanish influenza has made its appearance in at least 25 army camps over the country. The surgeon general's office announced Monday that the total number of cases has increased to 20,211, including 2,225 new cases reported Monday.

California Flyer Wins Honors.

San Francisco.—General Pershing has informed the war department that Lieut. A. F. Bonnalle of San Francisco, an American attached to the royal air force, has been awarded the British distinguished service order for heroism in an air fight August 13.

GENERAL PERSHING



This is the latest picture of Gen. John J. Pershing, commander in chief of the American expeditionary forces, wearing his steel helmet.

To Investigate Fire.

Newark, N. J.—Separate investigations of the fire at the factory of the American Button company here Tuesday, in which 11 lives were lost, were started Wednesday by state, county and city officials.

Railway Income Shows Increase.

Washington.—Railroads in July for the first time this year got more net income than in the corresponding month of last year. Operating income amounted to \$135,630,000, or \$40,000,000 more than in July, 1917.

NOT SINGLE TRICK TAKEN BY KAISER

WEEK'S FIGHTING RESULTS IN SERIES OF UNBROKEN DEFEATS FOR GERMANS.

Believed That in Future Huns Will Act Solely on Defensive While Attempting to Open Negotiations for Peace.

With the American Army in France, the allies are still forging forward, smashing the German lines.

Field Marshal Haig's troops Sunday night smashed into the German lines at four different points on the battle front. The Flanders battle still continues, with the British making steady gains.

American troops made two successful raids, on the German lines northeast of St. Mihiel early Sunday morning, taking prisoners in the region of Haumont and southeast of Charey. Both raids were preceded by barrages.

General Allenby's forces in Palestine have taken 18,000 Turkish prisoners and have captured 120 guns, besides four airplanes and a large quantity of uncounted transport.

This means the virtual annihilation of the Ottoman forces in this region. The British losses were surprisingly slight, considering the importance of the advance.

During the past week gains have been made by the allied troops on the fronts in France, in Macedonia and in Palestine, while there has been some activity in Italy. The Americans, after clearing the St. Mihiel salient of German troops, advanced to within ten miles of the outer forts of Metz. They have withstood all counter-attacks and are continually harassing the enemy in the Lorraine sector. Heavy rainstorms have interfered with the work of the airmen to some extent, but the bombing planes went over the enemy lines as usual and succeeded in doing great damage. When the Americans halted before the defenses of Metz the French began a new offensive on the Allette and Aisne rivers, and the Americans advanced in the Moselle sector, both movements being entirely successful, many prisoners and guns being captured, while the Germans were again forced to retreat.

While the Huns were being attacked from time to time by the Americans and French, the British troops have done much of the fighting during the week, and a desperate battle for possession of St. Quentin is now raging.

In Macedonia the French and Serbians have defeated the Bulgarians, Austrians and Germans, and advanced their line several miles. Several thousand prisoners were captured during the fighting on this front. The British and Greeks were also successful in a local attack.

It may be truthfully said that the Kaiser has not taken a single trick in the war game during the entire week. The U-boats have succeeded in sinking two or three British and French vessels, and two or three hundred lives have been lost as a result. German airmen bombed another American hospital, the attack resulting in the death of eight wounded soldiers. Some towns and villages in northern France were utterly destroyed by the retreating Huns, orders to that effect having been issued by the high command. In the large operation of the war, however, the Kaiser has suffered an unbroken series of defeats, and it has been announced that in future the Germans will act solely on the defensive while attempting to open negotiations for peace.

NAVY RECRUITING PLANS.

Monthly Quota to Be 15,000 Men, 1500 to Go to Marine Corps.

Washington.—The program under which the navy and the marine corps will secure men needed hereafter was announced Sunday by Secretary Daniels after conference with representatives of his department, the marine corps and the provost marshal general's office. The navy is to have an average of 15,000 men monthly, while the marine corps will get 5000 monthly for four months and 1500 each month thereafter.

MURDERING ALLIED CITIZENS.

Russian People's Committee at Vologda Active for Persecution.

Amsterdam.—The Russian peoples' commissary at Vologda, according to the Petrograd correspondent of the Hamburg Nachrichten, has urged on the population of the entire Vologda province the most ruthless persecution of British subjects and French and American citizens. Rioting against entente nationals has taken place, the correspondent says, and some Frenchmen and Americans are being murdered.

Move to Divide Austria-Hungary.

Chicago.—A nation-wide movement, said to be approved by the federal government and sponsored by the state council of defense, for the separation of Hungary and Austria, has been launched by Hungarians here.

Kaiser Seeks Recruits.

Pekin.—News has been received here that the German emperor on September 10 issued an order to all Austro-Hungarians and Germans in Russia, saying it was their first duty to join the Russian soviet troops.

THE ROLL OF HONOR

- APP, CHARLES W.
- ANDERSON, CLARENCE M.
- ATKINSON, F. M.
- BANNER, GEORGE H.
- BALLINGER, MERRILL
- BATE, JOHN W.
- BATE, OLLIE M.
- BEACH, LEO
- BELTON, GUY C.
- BENNER, FRED C.
- BERGMAN, H. W.
- BOCK, ARTHUR
- BONO, STEPHEN
- BORDEN, ROSS P.
- BURNS, ELBERT J.
- BURRELL, ORMAND
- BUSHNELL, DOUGLAS
- CANNON, ALLEN W.
- CANZLER, ALVE
- CARNEGIE, VERN A.
- CARTER, CHARLES
- CASEY, DWIGHT
- CASEY, CARL
- CLEMENTS, FERDINAND
- CASEY, THOMAS
- CHENEY, FRANK B.
- CHRISTOFFERSON, JOHN
- CLOSE, GEORGE H.
- COOK, MONT. E.
- CRANDALL, BUD W.
- DALE, CHAS. K.
- DALLIMORE, DR. F. C.
- DAMON, HARRY
- DAVIES, JOHN E.
- DEXTER, CLARENCE
- DRUMMOND, DONALD F.
- EDDIE, LESLIE
- ELLIOTT, JOHN
- ELLIOTT, CLARENCE B.
- ELROD, JESSE E.
- ERICKSON, JOHN T.
- FIELDS, ARTHUR
- FIELDS, ESLEY
- FIREBAUGH, JOHN P.
- FRANTZ, JAMES F.
- FULLER, AMOS G.
- FULLER, RUSSELL
- GAGE, HARRY B.
- GEORGE, JIM.
- GROOMAN, OSCAR W.
- GROSSE, EDWIN
- GREENE, EARL
- GWIN, ERNEST E.
- HANSEN, CHARLES J.
- HANSON, ERNEST ALLEN
- HATCH, D. P.
- INEAS, JOSEPH
- JEWETT, CLAUDE
- JOHNSON, CHESTER
- JOHNSON, ROBY
- JORGENSEN, KAR
- KEPFOED, ALVA G.
- KLIEVER, CORNELIUS
- LACY, ERICK E.
- LEITHEISER, FRED
- LINHARES, JOSEPH
- LOFTON, PERRY P.
- MCGRAW, E. F.
- MCINTYRE, PAUL
- MCMAHON, JOHN TRUMAN
- MCQUILLAN, JOS. ALVIN
- MABBUTT, FRED
- MABBUTT, CHARLES
- MANKER, ARLOW
- MATHIS, FRANK J.
- MAY, MCGOY
- MASON, PETER
- MEYER, LAWRENCE B.
- MEYERS, WALTER
- MILLER, JACOB
- MILLS, CHAUNCEY C.
- NELSON, DAVID E.
- OSBORN, BERT W.
- OSBORN, CLARENCE W.
- PARKER, CLAUDE R.
- PEAKE, FRED
- PERSONIUS, H. C.
- PEAKE, JUDGE F.
- PINNEY, H. C.
- POHJOLA, MILO
- PORTER, J. W.
- POWERS, DAN.
- PROPST, EVERETT O.
- RADER, CHAS. R.
- REAS, HENRY
- RECHEL, ZENO C.
- RICKEY, LEROY
- ROBINETTE, CLARENCE L.
- SATORY, B. H.
- SCHEU, JACOB
- SCOTT, JAMES G.
- SHEEHAN, JOHN
- SHELLMAN, LYLE
- SINCLAIR, E. W.
- SLIGER, FLOYD E.
- SLUDER, CLARENCE
- SPRENGER, JOSEPH
- SPROUL, WM. J.
- SPURCK, LESLIE B.
- STONER, HARRY L.
- SWOPE, EARL
- TERHUNE, H. ARTHUR
- THEVENIN, FRED
- THOMPSON, MILTON C.
- TRUMAN, REX.
- VASCONSELLS, FRANK
- VAUGHN, MAYO HARRY
- VAUGHN, L. F.
- VIKAREA, MORRIS
- WALKER, FRED
- WEBB, OTIS H.
- WEEKS, WESLEY H.
- WEEKS, B. E.
- WEISS, PAU. W.
- WHEELER, RAYMOND
- WHITE, WM. H.
- WILSON, CHARLES
- WILLIAMS, E. B.
- WILLIAMSON, ASHER
- WINDLE, FAY
- WIRTZBERGER, HER. BERT C.
- YADEN, BYRON
- YADEN, DAVID
- ZIMMERMAN, GARRET B.
- SARAH PURDUM, Red Cross Nurse