

# THE SHOSHONE JOURNAL

VOL. 35

THE SHOSHONE JOURNAL  
Established 1882

SHOSHONE, IDAHO, FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1919

SOUTHERN IDAHO DEMOCRAT  
Established 1914

Number 1

## THE GENTLEMAN IN THE "HORN" SPECS

On the way down to Boise the other day, a long slender gentleman came into the Pullman dressing room about 8 o'clock. Before he had his "specs" on he was at a great disadvantage.

As he blinked his eyes and groped his way through his morning ablutions he was some owl. I offered to help him with his coat. He was profuse with his thanks, but I might have been an Egyptian mummy or a Roman gladiator so far as being "discovered" in my vicinity by the president of the state university. When he got his "horn" specs on he knew me.

If there is anything more delightful than to spend a day on the train with Dr. Lindley, I don't know what it is. The journey to Boise, as you all know, was made that men might learn to swear with ease. It is the devil's own creation in his purpose to catch men off their guard and deliver themselves over to his satanic majesty in fits and outbreaks of rage.

But the day from Pendleton to Boise slipped by—not only for me but for that variegated little bunch in the smoking compartment—the returning soldier who started in to make observations upon the rise and cause of the war, the silent had from Nez Perce whose chief discourse was a beaming smile, the traveling man who saw only the high price of clothing and food, the halfway "red" who slouched as he talked about the great inequalities of life—all finally forgetting to the long thin gentleman who knew so much more about the war than did the soldier, about the farm than did the farmer boy, about economics than did the traveling man, about socialism than did the "red", about journalism than did I.

Anecdote, "stories" observations life philosophies, Dr. Lindley told not as one teaching us but as one of us, as a member of that slice of the human family penned in the little smoking car, forced for the day to be companions. Whatever the topic he illuminated it. Without offense he showed the "red" the fallacies of socialism, reduced to terms of absurdity. He taught his little class, down across Oregon and back into Idaho and across and across the Snake, not obtrusively, not even with their knowledge, but effectively and with the realization on their part that a nix had gone their way and that they had been privileged for a spell to drink from a pure and limpid stream.

It would pay the state, in these days when men are following so many distractions to find their path to Ellysia, to have the gentleman travel up and down the state in smoking cars, telling mingling congresses that co-operative endeavor is the solvent of labor troubles, telling the bankers that usury is not banking, telling farmers the economic factors to be sought in their problems from the field to the market, telling the boys over at Moscow the true and valiant way.

GEORGE R. BARKER,  
Pend Oreille Review.

## REMANDED FOR NEW TRIAL

The Supreme court has remanded the case of Harry Roberts, of Jerome to the District court for a new trial. Roberts was convicted of the crime of rape at the September session of the District court here in Shoshone 1917 and has been serving sentence since that time in the state prison. Sheriff Wheeler brought him home this week and he has been released on bond pending his new trial.

## THE OATH OF CITIZENSHIP

By GROVER CLEVELAND  
In the discharge of my official duty I shall endeavor to be guided by a just and unstrained construction of the constitution, a careful observance of the distinction between the powers granted to the federal government and those reserved to the states or to the people, and by a cautious appreciation of those functions which by the constitution and laws have been assigned to the executive branch of the government.

But he who takes the oath today to preserve, protect, and defend the constitution of the United States only assumes the solemn obligation which every patriotic citizen—on the farm, in the workshop, in the busy marts of trade, and everywhere—should share with him. The constitution which prescribes his oath, my countrymen, is yours; the government you have chosen him to administer for a time is yours; the suffrage which executes the will of freemen is yours; the laws and the entire scheme of our civil rule, from the town meeting to the state capitals and the national capital, is yours. Your every voter, as surely as your chief magistrate, under the same high sanction, though in a different sphere, exercises a public trust. Nor is this all. Every citizen owes to the country a vigilant watch and close scrutiny of its public servants and a fair and reasonable estimate of their fidelity and usefulness. Thus is the people's will impressed upon the whole framework of our civil policy—municipal, state, and federal; and this is the price of our liberty and the inspiration of our faith in the republic.

MARRIED  
George L. Roy Vallman of Jerome and Ethel Mummery of San Francisco Calif. were united in matrimony at the M. E. parsonage, March 1st. Mr. Vallman was one of Lincoln County soldier boys. These young people will reside at Jerome, Idaho.

## LEAGUE OF NATIONS

The following from the recent speech in the Senate by Senator Reed, of Missouri is reproduced because it so clearly applies the teachings of Washington to our present crisis. It shows that the wisdom of Washington anticipated exactly such a possible crisis in our National affairs.

At the beginning, I shall breach a senatorial precedent by reading a statement by George Washington. I know that Washington is very much out of fashion. His memory and teachings are fading from the minds of modern statesmen. Nevertheless, out of reverence for the past, I challenge your thought to these words uttered by Washington in the very sunset of his life, when looking backward through the mellow light of experience he surveyed the history of mankind, and when he was also able to catch a prophetic vision of the future.

"Against the insidious wiles of foreign influence (I conjure you to believe me fellow citizens), the jealousy of a free people ought to be constantly awake; since history and experience prove that foreign influence is one of the most baneful foes of republican government. \*\*\* Real patriots, who may resist the intrigues of the favorite are liable to become suspected and odious, while as tools and dupes usurp the applause and confidence of the people to surrender their interests."

"The great rule of conduct for us in regard to foreign nations is in extending our commercial relations to have with them as little political connection as possible. So far as we have already formed engagements let them be fulfilled with perfect good faith. Here let us stop."

Again—  
"Europe has a set of primary interests which to us have none or a very remote relation. Hence she must be engaged in frequent controversies the causes of which are essentially foreign to our conscience. Hence therefore, it must be unwise in us to implicate ourselves by artificial ties in the ordinary vicissitudes of her politics; the ordinary combinations and collisions of her friendships or enmities."

A little farther on he says:  
"Why forego the advantages of so peculiar a situation? Why quit our own to stand upon foreign ground? Why, by interweaving our destiny with that of any part of Europe, entangle our peace and prosperity in the toils of European ambition, rivalry, interest, humor or caprice?"

It is our true policy to steer clear of permanent alliance with any portion of the foreign world. \*\*\*  
Taking care always to keep ourselves by suitable establishments on a respectable defensive posture, we may safely trust to temporary alliances for extraordinary emergencies."

So spoke the creator of this Republic. Who will be its destroyer? Under Washington's policy we have lived 142 years. Our national domain has been extended from a narrow fringe along the Atlantic until it embraces the continent. Our population has increased from 3,000,000 to 104,000,000 people. We have gathered in our laps more of wealth than there is in all the rest of the world. We have glorified our land with magical cities. We have covered the once barren prairies with habitations of civilization. From countless chimneys ascends the smoke that marks the family altars at which husband, wife, and child bow to the God of freedom and bless the memory of George Washington. Our hills are crowned with churches and school-houses, twin products of civilization, the glory of humanity. We have become the foremost Nation in the world, not only in wealth but in man power, in education, in intelligence.

So great have we become that when the Teutonic powers were in the very act of conquering Europe we were able to rescue them from destruction. Standing in a position of isolation and independence, without a great standing Army or Navy, but with the strength of a just cause and with the indomitable will and fearless heart of a brave people to sustain us, we stepped into the breach and saved civilization. France had been driven back across bloody fields. The English forces were reeling and staggering to their fate—Haig had exclaimed, in the agony of his heart, "Our backs are at the wall; Britains, stand and die." At that moment new voices were heard coming from the rear. The mingled Yankee cheer and rebel yell of the American soldier. Our troops swept through Chateau Thierry and turned back the waves of onrushing Huns. From that hour until the armistice was declared not only the American flag but the flags of all our allies moved forward to victory and to glory. Such is the story told in a word, and most imperfectly told at what has been accomplished by following the teachings of Washington.

At a time like this, when a peace is about to be declared, a peace that is the most glorious of all history, a peace that was made possible by the valor and power of this country, it is proposed that we shall abandon our ancient and traditional policy and shall become entangled in every broil of Europe as these broils may now or as they may hereafter exist. It is the

## CAPT. O'LEARY AT THE BAUGH

The lecture at the Baugh last Monday night by Capt. O'Leary was the most thrilling and instructive war lecture Shoshone has had the privilege of hearing the experiences of Capt. O'Leary presents new and emphatic evidences of the atrocities of the Hun. After listening to his recital of his experiences every person present is filled with a consuming desire to WHIP THE HUNS whether it be disguised as a fight for world democracy or for the protection of small nations, or for maintaining the sovereignty of the United States you want to whip the Hun BECAUSE HE IS A HUN and are satisfied to leave the ethical side of the question to the pacifists whose blood is not stirred by the recital of such brutish and hellish practices.

This is the first occasion Shoshone people have had to listen to a war lecture containing the added interest of local associations. Capt. O'Leary was at one time a resident of Shoshone and received his education in our city high school. While here as a high school pupil he met Miss Campbell and that meeting in these after years ripened into romance and marriage. Miss Campbell is a niece of Mrs. C. R. Wheeler. Her home was at Heyburn and she was living with her aunt, Mrs. Wheeler while attending the Shoshone high school.

Capt. O'Leary and Miss Campbell were married last week at Rupert and they expect to locate there permanently. So Shoshone people anticipate still other entertaining evenings to be spent with the Captain.

## HOMEWARD BOUND

Thursday evening a train of 8 coaches loaded with returning soldiers, passed through Shoshone. The boys were from the 162 Inf. and the 53 Depot Brigade, mostly. The greater number of these boys were originally from the 3rd Oregon and the 2nd Montana. They were on their way to Camp Lewis to be mustered out of service. They came across on the same boat with a part of the old 2nd Idaho who are at Camp Logan, Colo.

## COURT HOUSE NOTES

E. C. Gleason has filed his certificate as appraiser for Jerome county. The appraiser for Lincoln county will probably be appointed next Monday at a meeting of the Board of Commissioners. District court will convene March 17. A large docket of civil and criminal cases is before the court.

In the Probate Court, March 8, the jury rendered a verdict in favor of Wm. H. Murphy and Carrie L. Murphy against J. N. Appar for failure to comply with a contract. Appar has been operating the big Murphy ranch north of town under a lease and was charged with violating the terms of the lease. As a result of this trial Appar was ordered to make restitution to Murphy for damages to the property and the lease was cancelled.

Suit for breach of contract has been filed by C. D. Sparks against Lucy L. Sims. W. G. Bissel appears as attorney for the plaintiff.

## M. E. CHURCH NOTES

Sunday, March 9th  
10: A. M. Sunday School, Classes for all grades.  
11: A. M. Public Worship, Sermon by the minister, Subject: "God's Ownership and Man's Acknowledgement."  
7:30 P. M. Evening Service.  
The public very cordially invited to all our services.

## A STRONG ORDER

The Artisans announce that although the country has just passed through the greatest war in history and also through one of the most disastrous and fatal epidemics that ever swept the earth they have met all their losses without a single extra assessment or making a draft on their reserve fund, which is a record of which all members may well feel proud.

## JOE INEAS HEARD FROM

The many friends of Joe Ineas will be gratified to know that he has been heard from. He is with the army of occupation near Koblenz and at the date of his letter, Feb. 6th he was all right. The letter was received here last Sat. This is the first word from Joe since last June, although every effort had been made to get word.

## A TIMELY SUGGESTION

The next time you have a cough or cold try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is pleasant to take and you are sure to be pleased with the relief which it affords. This remedy has a wide reputation for its cures of coughs and colds.

## HARRY COLLINS RETURNS

Harry Collins was in town this week from Glenns Ferry. Harry is a former Shoshone boy who has been with the 27th infantry in the Philippines the past two years. He and Walter Myers enlisted in the regular army after returning from the Mexican border with the 2nd Idaho. The two were together in Manila, Passay and Corregidor. Harry reports that Myers expects to return soon. Harry is now employed by the O. S. L. as extra gang foreman.

## WHAT OF FOUR-FOOTED HEROES OF THE WAR?

The world knows that millions of men went bravely to their deaths in the great war, but what of the four-footed heroes of the conflict? There were millions of them, too, and they had much to do with the winning of the war for civilization.

What of the Missouri mule, which played a glorious, if inconspicuous, part in the struggle? The British Tommies welcomed his muleship when he took his place in the firing line, but they haven't any use for him now that peace has come. The Britishers distrust this faithful American animal. They know he is a worker, but they do not like the way he manipulates his hoofs. Consequently the thousands of American mules now in France have been converted into as many white elephants.

Lloyd Allen, who is now in Europe writing interesting stories about things that most correspondents have overlooked, has written for this paper a very entertaining article in which he tells the story of the four-footed fighters and the problems that have come up in connection with their demobilization. Mr. Allen's article under the heading, "Demobilizing Four-Footed Heroes of the War," appears on another page of this issue. You will find it worth reading.

## THE W. Y. C. A. DRIVE

The Womens Defense committee has charge of the March drive for funds for the Young Women's Christian Association work. Mrs. Merrifield is chairman of the committee. The quota of Lincoln county is but \$75. If you wish to contribute to this fund without waiting to be solicited just call Mrs. Merrifield.

## WHO PAYS THE BIG TAX

According to the statistics given out by Leslie's Weekly the six million farmers of the United States last year produced a gross value of twenty billion dollars worth of produce on which they paid but \$1,815,000 income tax. The Steel Corporation paid an income tax of two hundred fifty million dollars, or a hundred twenty times as much as all the farmers put together paid.

## SOUTHERN IDAHO EXTERMINATING RODENTS

Practical demonstration shows that the ground squirrel pest in Southern Idaho can be controlled. 265,068 acres of land were treated with poisoned baits. According to the estimates of the farmers benefited, \$1,188,074 worth of crops were saved as a cost of \$39,924. In one county the farmers estimated a saving of \$50,000 for every dollar expended and in the this county, the County Commissioners have increased their appropriation for this work of poisoning squirrels from \$300.00 for 1918 to \$550.00 for 1919. This work was carried on under the direction of the Farm Bureau, co-operating with the biological survey of the United States Department of Agriculture.

With possible an early spring the ground squirrels will be making their appearance very soon, except during hibernation, all times are good times to exterminate the squirrel. There is but one best time, however, and that is the very first moment it appears above ground from hibernation. Strike them unrelentingly and persistently, as these animals are extremely hungry at this time and are readily poisoned.

The following formula for the preparation of the poison has been successfully used:

1. Mix thoroughly one ounce of strychnine alkaloid (powdered) and one ounce baking powder soda (one heaping tablespoonful.)
2. Sift this into three fourths pint of thin, hot starch paste and stir to a creamy mass. The starch paste is made by dissolving one heaping tablespoonful of dry gloss starch in a little cold water, which is then added to three fourths pint of boiling water. Boil and stir constantly until clear, thin paste is formed. Add one fourth pint (3 table spoonfuls) heavy corn syrup and a tablespoonful of glycerine and stir thoroughly.
3. Add one eighth ounce (one teaspoonful) saccharine and stir thoroughly.
4. Pour this poison solution over 20 quarts of clean oats and mix thoroughly so that each grain of oats is coated. Prepare it 24 to 48 hours before use. For mixing small quantities, an ordinary galvanized wash tub is convenient. For larger quantities, a tight smooth box or a wagon canvas can be used, and mixing may be done with a shovel or by thoroughly shaking.
5. A teaspoonful of poisoned oats should be placed near each ground squirrel hole or scatter slightly as it falls. (Placed in this way it will not endanger stock.) Do not put the poisoned grain on the loose dirt of the mound or in the holes. Each quart of the poisoned grain is sufficient to treat about sixty holes.

On its recent visit to the cosmic barber the world had an uncommonly close shave.  
And when the boys get home nothing will be good for them—not even their old jobs.  
An increase in war gardens next summer will help bring about a decrease in the high prices.  
Hinderberg says he will not desert the German people—there being no place to which he can desert.

## A HOLE IN THE GROUND.

There is a hole in the ground in New York's City Hall Park. Not many weeks ago there stood on that spot an obelisk of brick. It was erected at a cost of thousands of dollars. The public was stridently invited to watch the building of it by purchasing Liberty Bonds. "Every bond meant a brick," people were told, and it was said that the President of the United States himself had thus paid for one brick. So the thing rose, brick by brick, while the Liberty Bond campaign was on. At the end of the campaign the obelisk was not finished, but it was capped with an absurd little misfit wooden roof, and so stood, a wonder and an eyesore, until it was time to tear it down. And now there is nothing there but a hole in the ground.

The vital feature of the whole business was this: that while it was being built, and for a little while afterwards that shaft was conspicuously, vociferously, and most unequivocally declared to be a permanent memorial of the patriotism of those who subscribed for Liberty Bonds. There were those who were surprised at the erection of a permanent eyesore of that kind in such a place. But there the assurance was, in letters a foot tall, on the authority of the city of New York. It was a permanent memorial. On the assurance of its permanence, people were invited, induced, to purchase bonds. And now there is nothing to be seen of that permanent memorial but a hole in the ground.

That, we are all agreed, was a contemptible bunco game, of which the city of New York ought to be heartily ashamed, and which the National Government ought to resent as an insulting reflection upon its own good faith. Yet what is the wider application of the lesson?

It was not so long ago, though perhaps a little longer than the building of that Tower of Babel, that we were resolving, oh, so vehemently, that there must be the "strictest accountability" for the unappealable infamy of the Lusitania, and for all other abhorrent category of German crimes. The murder of Edith Cavell, the destruction of Louvain, the crucifixing of wounded soldiers, the mutilation of children, the wanton bayoneting of babies, the ravishing of women, the driving of a whole people into alien slavery; these were the things for which the blond beast would be called to account, instantly upon the winning of victory, and with a resolute sternness which no blandishments could turn aside. Brick by brick the permanent memorial of Hunnish iniquity and of the righteous indignation of outraged humanity was built up, and we were patriotically exhorted to think on these things, and because of them to give our full support to the government in order that "this intolerable Thing" should be crushed.

Today, all such things seem to be forgotten. There must be no vindictiveness. There must be no punitive action. We must forget all those things which were the cause of our engagement in the war and must busy our minds with thoughts of Leagues of Nations, and of international legislation to legalize picketing in strikes in Hester Street, and of anything and everything in the world except the punishment of the guilty and the restoration of the injured. We had supposed the object of the war was first of all to crush that "intolerable Thing" and that the prime purpose of the peace Congress would be to make sure that it was crushed and that it would stay crushed, so as to offer no further menace to the world. But now our self-appointed delegate to that Congress comes home, not to tell us how the fangs of the Blond Beast have been drawn, how fully the wrongs of Belgium have been righted, but how far he has tried to commit an unwilling nation to mischievous meddling in things which have no relation whatever to the cause or objects of the war.

Can it be that, after the example of Tower of Babel, the PERMANENT MEMORIAL of the great war and the Peace Congress will be merely a hole in the ground? ---THE WEEKLY

## A BIRTHDAY PARTY

Last Saturday evening Mr. and Mrs. Walter Gwin gave a party in honor of the (-) birthday of Ernie Gwin. After dinner cards were enjoyed by the guests and all reported a "sweet" time. Those present were Lenora Noble, Leona McFall, Leah Borden, Katherine Logan and Mrs. Capt. O'Leary, Messrs Ed. Christman, Earnie Gwin, Fred Turner, Sterling Newman, Delno McMahon and Capt. O'Leary.

## FLOYD HEAD RETURNS

Floyd Head, of Bellevue, was in Shoshone this week after his return from France. Mr. Head was by the side of Wesley Weeks when he was killed in action and he also assisted Garrett Zimmerman, of Dietrich to a dressing station after Zimmerman had received a serious wound in the abdomen. Mr. Head has gone to Hazelton where he has accepted a position with Guy Sanders of that place.

John Davis left Wednesday morning for Thompson Falls Mont, where he has secured a position as printer, with a chance to learn to operate a linotype. John is a first class printer and should soon develop into a first class operator. He is a musician of no small talent. Was a member of a military band while in the service the past year at Camp Lewis and his new position offers him an opportunity to exercise his musical talents as well as to perfect himself as an operator. The best wishes of his many Shoshone friends go with him.

## DIETRICH.

S. A. Bate, Sr., has been suffering with a lame back for the past week.

E. E. Estes has returned from a sojourn of several weeks at the coast.

Percy Smith lost one of his fine horses a few days since.

Mr. and Mrs. George Saviers with George Jr. spent Sunday with Mrs. Savers' parents.

N. O. Neilson has moved his house farther south on his hill farm, thus taking in better scenery, he says.

Lein O'Connell is in charge of the Frees farm while the family is away helping Mr. Frees in search of health.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Jewett returned home Tuesday from a two-months visit with relatives at Mt. Vernon, Wash.

Fred Harrison is building an addition to his house on his farm three miles south of the station.

Leonard Bridge has recently moved a house onto his farm south of Dietrich and will soon occupy the same.

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Kilker visited with the families of J. J. Murphy and Percy Smith last Sunday.

The hay baling crews are laid off temporarily waiting for better roads and more cars.

Mr. Nelson, father of Mrs. Charles Grant, has removed his family to their new home in the southwest part of the tract.

Kasey Crist, and Vance Shellman took a bob-sleigh and load of the girls and Soldier boys Thursday to Shoshone to see the movies.

W. O. Hamilton has returned from his visit to Yakima, Wash., and reports the season sufficiently advanced there for spring plowing.

The O. S. L. is increasing the accommodations of its part of the village by adding more car residences for the benefit of section hand.

Wednesday evening a party was given Mrs. Glenn Kershner at her home in celebrating her birthday anniversary.

A. C. Kershner last Saturday became the owner of the J. D. Turner property in Dietrich, and has since sold it to Fred Lehman who, with his family, will occupy it.

A. M. Casper and D. C. Casper have arrived on the Dietrich tract from Star, Idaho, bringing with them two car loads of horses, cows and household goods.

Work has commenced in the work of adding a porch to the depot building on the north side thereof. This porch is to be enclosed with screens, thus making a summer sleeping room for Mr. and Mrs. Clark.

L. P. Mustard went to Richfield, Wad. and thence to the Magic Dam, where he will be engaged a month or more working for the Irrigation Company in putting in a new head gate at the Reservoir.

Chris E. Frees, left in bad physical condition from his recent attack of flu and pneumonia, has gone to Shoshone for treatment of his present ailments. Mrs. Frees and the children accompany him in search for his former health.

Fred D. Most and family who recently sold the former King ranch to Eloise Snider of Hattiesburg, Miss. are to move to a ranch north of Shoshone for a one year's tenancy. Then, Mr. Most, being a wise man, will come back to Dietrich Precinct.

A progressive high-five party was given at the hotel last Saturday evening, under the auspices of Mrs. E. C. Smith and Mrs. Kasey Crist. W. T. Patterson won the high five prize and Miss Susie Harris won easily the booby prize.

The correspondent is informed by those in charge that great preparations are being made for the welcoming reception of our returning soldiers next Tuesday evening at the high school auditorium. All indications now point to the greatest gathering of our people that Dietrich has seen in many a day.

The soldiers who are now home from training camp or battle field are: Alva G. Kephart, T. N. Gunderson, J. E. Tinson, Floyd Brotzman, Ansel E. Carnegie, Harry Gage, Samuel Hughes, E. C. W. Slatery, Frank J. Scheibling, Loyal H. Schellman, Paul W. Weiss, Loyal Jack Pense, S. S. King is to say something by way of welcome and others will tell us something about army and camp life. And the women, bless them are to feed the multitude.

DR. FIELD LOCATES IN SHOSHONE  
Dr. E. H. Field has decided to locate in Shoshone for the practice of his profession. Dr. Field comes from Jerome. However, he is now just discharged from the army. He has been stationed with the Coast Defense Forts of the Columbia during his term of service. Dr. Field has secured the rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Zeller and has his office now open for practice. Dr. and Mrs. Field will occupy some of the rooms for living rooms for the present until other quarters can be secured. Shoshone extends a welcome to the Dr. and his wife.