

# THE TELLER.

## LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

**HAS COME.**—Dr. Clowe is at the French House repairing the organs of mastication. Go and see how he does it.

**BURNED.**—During one of the rain storms last month, a party of mill men who were camped about two miles from the Elk Creek mill, while out at work a short distance from camp, had all their camp fixtures, including many pairs of blankets, grub, cooking utensils etc., burned up. It had rained the day previous and was raining that day and everything about the camp was wet and it seemed a mystery that fire could reach and consume these articles in so wet a condition.

**CHANGED CURRENTS.**—Since the rain the current of Clearwater has set in and ran around the island at the west end of the town and carried much drift with it. The maximum raise of the Clearwater has been about ten feet while the raise in the Snake has been hardly perceptible. This occasioned the change of current.

**WASHING MACHINE.**—Mr. C. A. McCabe has been in town of late and given great satisfaction to the house wives of the place by his test of a patent washing machine he has exhibited to them, and has met with much success in the sale of his machine. All say it is a great labor saving institution and "what everybody says, must be so." Price only \$11 00

**STILL COMING.**—We have been told that no less than sixty-five families arrived at the Palouse, Pine Creek and Hangman Creek since the middle of November, and more are coming. Every house and shanty is filled with immigrants. All seem well pleased with the country, though many of them are quite destitute of means to make comfortable provisions for the winter.

**ACCIDENT.**—The Mt. Idaho stage in coming down on Monday broke an axle near Mansons, but soon repaired the break. When nearly opposite Spring Ranch in Tammany hollow and while traveling on comparatively level and smooth ground, one of the lead horses broke his leg. No one knows how it was done. The driver managed to bring the stage with about 20 cwt. weight into town before 8 o'clock with the remaining horses.

**AT FAULT.**—It is reported that much of the grain that has been lost North of us, was so lost through negligence of owners in not threshing it when they had an opportunity to do so. Some thought the price of threshing was too high and they waited for a reduction till the storms overtook them. The teachings of nature say "make hay while the sun shines."

**CROWDED.**—We learn that about 85 scholars have been in attendance at the public school, many more than the seats can comfortably accommodate. The district should make provision to properly accommodate its scholars by another apartment and grade the scholars according to their attainments. At present the mass of pupils is too heterogeneous to derive the proper benefit from their time given at the school, and no teacher can do them justice under the present arrangement.

**TO GIVE STRENGTH.**—In the frame-work of the new grist-mill we notice that all the studding is set diagonally inclining from the centre of each side of the building. This is claimed to give much greater strength than bracing in the usual manner. The roofing of the mill is completed and much of the siding already put on.

**TROWN OPEN.**—The late instructions to the Register and Receiver of the Land Office in this city to notify the settlers of the portions thrown open for settlement from the original Railroad withdrawal will be obeyed so soon as this office is provided with a Register.

**THE GRISTMILL.**—The prospect now is fair for the completion of the gristmill before the ditch will be cleaned out and enlarged, unless work on the ditch is soon commenced. A mill without power to run it, will be like a ship in a desert.

**NO MONEY FOR WHEAT.**—We are informed that the mills at Colfax and Palouse city are not paying money for wheat. They grind for toll and purchase wheat for flour.

**MORE LUMBER.**—On Saturday last Mr. Chapman came down the Clearwater from the Elk Creek mill with a raft of lumber containing about 25 000 feet.

**PERSONAL.**—Mr. A. J. Miller who has lately been serving in the capacity of miller at the Mt. Idaho mill has entered the employ of Brearly & Co. at their new mill.

**DEATH AT MOUNT IDAHO.**—We learn by Thursday's stage from Mt. Idaho that Mr. Leper, long and well known as a packer in this vicinity, died at that place on Tuesday last.

**COME AND SEE US.**—We have noticed an unusual number of visitors from the surrounding settlements perambulating in town during the week.

**HUNT.**—Last week John Fields and Charley Fairfield took a hunt on Craig's Mountain and succeeded in killing three deer and one Silver tip bear, called by some Idaho Grizzly.

### LETTER FROM BOSTON.

BOSTON MASS. Nov. 20th, 1876.

EDITOR TELLER:—I am in receipt of Nos one, two and three, of THE TELLER, and from a careful perusal of the same, it is apparent you are as earnest as ever, as fully alive to the situation as in former years, fully demonstrating that you are "never weary of well doing." The revival of the local paper must be very welcome to all the people of your country round about, and I have not "hidden your light under a bushel," but after a thorough reading have passed it around and find many persons express surprise at the number of advertisements in "such an out of the way place," indicating that they had previously entertained the idea that your people were not alive to the advantages to be derived from a judicious expenditure in printers ink. The invariable expression has been, "well, it speaks well for the business men there." Your paper should be well supported, thus giving you the sinew of war to the end, that you may the more effectually disseminate information relative to the resources of North Idaho, which will compare favorably with any other section upon the Pacific Slope, and is head and shoulders beyond anything on this side of the Rockies. The mineral resources of North Idaho are I believe, scarcely appreciated even by the men on the ground. Your agricultural resources are not surpassed by any section, as for climate, I can say the only consolation I have when suffering from the rapid and radical changes of weather on this coast, is that I know a country where climate compared with this is a paradise to the infernal region, and hug myself over the knowledge, getting some little satisfaction from the thought that ere many months elapse I will again be quaffing the life giving breezes of Idaho the gem of the mountains. Your article in No. 3. of THE TELLER upon "Need of Immigration" is the right sort. Were people informed of the advantages offered by your section for farmers from the older states, and were that information persistently disseminated, you would quickly see the benefit thereof in the increased numbers of well to do farmers from this side, who are tired of this country, and of working laboriously six days in the week to keep from running behind, and drawing upon their reserve fund accumulated in days gone by. Your country is indeed somewhat isolated, suffers from limited and insufficient means of transportation, but compared with many sections of the east, now densely populated, which but a few years ago were considered out of the world, you are highly favored, as you have a great natural outlet, it will admit of improvement it is true, and that improvement will invariably follow upon the heels of agitation for appropriation from government for the purpose of improving your natural highway. See that your representatives are liberal, independent and progressive men, who have at least the greatest good of the greatest number, and many things shall be added unto you, the present absence of which work to your serious disadvantage. It is to be seriously regretted that there is no organized movement by men having the future growth of your country at least for co-operation with parties in the east for dissemination of valuable information regarding the resources of your section among men here in the east who are anxiously looking for some country to immigrate to, which shall combine as many natural advantages as possible. California has her agents scattered through the large cities of the east. I am told that Washington Territory has a bureau of immigration, I doubt if there is any agent hereabouts. Oregon has such an agent here in Boston, upon whom I have called, was cordially received and highly entertained by his account of the inducements held out to settlers by Oregon. He was very courteous, but he had very little to say regarding Eastern Oregon and adjacent country, tho he allowed it was a "fine

stock country," and believed they had recently tried to raise wheat which had resulted in a fair crop. But Western Oregon was the country, as he represented a Railroad, which is anxious to induce settlement upon its line. I was not surprised at his preferring Western Oregon. In conclusion I will say: there are hundreds of farmers here in the east who have a few thousands of dollars, who want to go west. They are looking for just what North Idaho offers, but I presume not one fifth of them ever heard of the country, and don't know where it is situated if they have heard of it. Let us have more information and turn immigration towards North Idaho.

Truly Yours,  
OLDOCK.

### REVENUE OF THE TERRITORIES.

The telegraph of Nov. 24. mentions some facts in relation to the forthcoming report of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, giving the revenue of the Territories for the last fiscal year as follows:

Idaho.....	\$17,000
Arizona.....	12,000
Dakota.....	12,000
Montana.....	21,000
New Mexico.....	22,000
Utah.....	33,000
Washington.....	20,000
Wyoming.....	15,000

Idaho paid within \$3,000 as much as Washington, although her population is not more than one-third as much as Washington.

**THE SIOUX WAR.**—The telegraph of the 29th ult announces that Gen. McKenzie with a command of 1,000 strong came upon a village of the Cheyennes of 200 lodges and a fighting force of 500 and immediately attacked the Indians. This was on the 25th of November. The Indians offered a determined resistance and up to the latest accounts held their ground. About twenty Indians were known to be killed, the whites had killed, two officers and one private, and four officers and fourteen privates were wounded. The Indians were commanded by chief Dull Knife.

**MORE ABOUT THE INDIAN FIGHT.**—A Chicago telegram of Nov. 30 states that Gen. McKenzie in his fight with the Cheyennes on the 25th ult, succeeded in completely routing the Indians and capturing all their horses and other property. Twenty-five dead bodies of Indians were found on the field and many more were known to have been killed. The dispatch says that one officer and five soldiers only were killed and twenty-five wounded.

**REPUBLICANS DISAPPROVE.**—The New York Times' special from Washington says "Republicans are hardly to be found who uphold the proceedings in South Carolina."

The New York Herald's Columbia special says: The outrage was so flagrant that leading Republicans are ashamed, and it is conceded here now that the sham government set up with Chamberlain will not last any longer than the soldiers are here proping it up with their bayonets.

**SOUTH CAROLINA.**—Latest dispatches say that both factions of the Legislature were in possession of the Legislative hall and apparently enjoying themselves in a friendly manner.

**LOUISIANA.**—The Oregonian expresses the hope to be able to give the count of the vote of Louisiana on the 4th and we may expect it here on Monday next.

**THE REASON WHY.**—It was George D. Prentice who declined to discuss the question of Woman's Suffrage, because he considered women from the creation, as a side issue.—Ex.

**TELEGRAPH.**—The papers say that the telegraph is now in operation to Deadwood City, Dakota Territory.

### ALFRED DAMAS,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN

**GENERAL MERCHANDISE,**  
Forwarding and Commission.

Goods Stored in Fire-Proof Storage.

Money Advanced on Consignments.  
Lewiston, Oct., 21, 1876. 1-tf

### J. K. VINCENT,

**AUCTIONEER,**

LEWISTON, I. T.

ALL BUSINESS ATTENDED TO Promptly and Faithfully. 1-tf

### JOHN BREARLEY,

**BROKER AND ASSAYER**

N. W. Cor. Montgomery & Fourth Streets

LEWISTON, I. T.

### PURCHASER OF

Gold Dust and Gold Bars. Legal Tenders and Government Vouchers Bought and Sold.

ALSO

### EXCHANGE

SOLD ON

Portland and San Francisco. 1-tf

### HOTEL DE FRANCE,

Corner Second and C Streets,

LEWISTON I. T.

THIS HOTEL IS THE STAGE OFFICE and Headquarters for all the expressmen to the Upper Camps.

### THE TABLE

Is always supplied with the BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS.

### THE ROOMS AND BEDS

Are comfortable, neat and well-furnished, and every want of the guest is anticipated and supplied. 1-tf  
RAYMOND SAUX, Proprietor.

### CITY HOTEL,

LEWISTON, NORTH IDAHO.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS NOW LOCATED in the above named hotel, and having thoroughly remodeled it, can assure patrons the

### VERY BEST OF

ACCOMMODATIONS AFFORDED

IN THE CITY.

The rooms are conveniently arranged and completely renovated, and open to accommodate the public in style not surpassed in Lewiston. A. BITTNER, Proprietor. 1-tf

### GREAT

### REDUCTION

IN PRICES

OF

Clothing,  
Dry Goods,  
Boots & Shoes,  
Groceries,  
Etc., Etc.,

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK AND you will rest satisfied that our prices defy competition. 1-tf  
GROSTEIN & BINNARD.

### FRUIT MARKET,

THIRD STREET,

LEWISTON, I. T.,

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS FOR SALE 100,000 lbs., of Choice apples which he offers for sale CHEAP FOR CASH, and in quantities to suit customers. He will also exchange apples for other products, such as wheat, oats, barley, flax seed etc., on reasonable terms. 1-tf  
WESLEY MULKEY.