

THE NEZPERCE HERALD

Thursday, January 9, 1919.

W. F. Conger & P. W. Mitchell
Editors and OwnersEntered at the Nezperce, Idaho, Post-
office as Second-Class Mail Matter.**MOHLER BOY HONORED
FOR BRAVERY IN ACTION.****Corporal Elmer Ralstin Sustains
Glory of Home and Country
in Argonne Fighting.**

Corporal Elmer Ralston, 361st Infantry machine gun company, 91st division, was cited for bravery and efficiency in the Argonne drive, according to a letter received by Miss Irene Anderson, of Clarkston, says Sunday's Lewiston Tribune.

Corporal Ralstin is the son of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Ralstin, of the Mohler section. He tells with a real "punch" the experiences of going through the fire, the number of losses in his company, looking over at the enemy guns firing bullets in his direction, climbing of a church tower in a French city and other thrilling experiences of the latter days of the fighting on the western front. His letter, in part, is as follows:

"I got a citation on the recommendation of my company officers from divisional headquarters for bravery and efficiency in the Argonne drive. I sure went through some great hornet's nests of machine gun bullets, and worst of all barrages of high explosives which I can tell about better than write; and you can believe me, I got all I want of it. It was a hard life, but a great experience and I don't regret that I had to go thru it, but I am sure ready to return to the good old U. S. and home.

"I haven't any desire to live in this foreign land, even if people have treated us in pretty good style.

"The Flanders front was an easy thing beside the Argonne. We were able to get straw to sleep on and most of the time in some building, while in France we laid on the ground or in a hole for protection.

"The cities the 361st took are not far from here. First the town of Mortegem and then the more important city of Audenard, where we were billeted in the prison later. While taking that town Roy Drake was wounded.

"The Germans had fine observation of our advance for two or three miles and I don't see how it was our losses weren't heavier. Nick Klaus and I climbed up a big church tower that was a fine observation post. There was a winding stairway inside the tower of 265 steps. Quite a climb, but well worth it. The Germans shelled it and the city after they left, so part of the tower was badly torn up. A number of big shells that failed to explode were lying in the town, which wouldn't have left any tower if they had gone off.

"The engineers built two bridges across the river before they could cross. The Germans blew up the first one. Where some of the troops lay they could see the guns on the opposite hillside that were firing at them. The last day of real fighting we had two of our boys killed and eleven wounded. The last afternoon that we were in the Argonne drive, one shell killed three and wounded two. I don't remember just what our casualties were, but something like 10 or 11 killed and 35 wounded. Some of the wounded may have died, but at that we can consider our company very lucky."

District Court Terms for 1919.

In the district court of the Tenth judicial district of the state of Idaho, in and for the counties of Nez Perce, Idaho and Lewis.

In the matter of fixing the terms of court for the year 1919 of the above entitled court:

It is hereby ordered that the terms of court for the above district for the year 1919 be held at the following times and at the county seats of the respective counties above named as follows, to-wit:

At Lewiston, Nez Perce county, February 10th, June 16th, October 27th.

At Grangeville, Idaho county, April 7th, September 1st.

At Nezperce, Lewis county, May 12th, October 6th.

Each of said terms to convene at 10 o'clock a. m. on said respective dates.

Done at Grangeville, Idaho, this 7th day of January, 1919.

2w Wallace N. Seales, Judge.

Trade with
NEZPERCE HARDWARE CO.
and save money.

CENTRAL RIDGE NEWS

Wm. Ingram returned last Wednesday from Camp Lewis. A grand reception was given for him by his mother on his return.

A number of the farmers went to Peck Monday to attend the bridge meeting. Most of them remained over night.

Mrs. Galloway was on the sick list last week, but is reported to be able to be up again.

The many Central Ridge friends of Mrs. Mat Ransier are glad to know she is recovering from the influenza.

Miss Davis of the Liberty school was ill and dismissed her school for three days last week.

Newt Kirby of Peck went to the Ridge Sunday.

The telephone meeting held at the Liberty school house last Saturday was well attended by the farmers.

Frank McGee is moving this week.

W. R. Galloway, of Nezperce, is hauling bean straw on a truck from his ranch near Steele to Nezperce.

Lillian McGee is visiting her brother, Frank, this week.

Jack Rugg and Ed McGee took a truck load of fat hogs to Nezperce Monday for Chas. Coon.

Mrs. Lizzie Ransier and daughter, Eleanor, are visiting with Mrs. Ransier's mother, Mrs. Will Ingram.

Stockholders' Meeting.

The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Nezperce Hotel Co., Ltd., will be held in the Nezperce Hotel on Monday, Jan. 13, 1919.

C. W. Kettman, Secretary.

When you can't get your work done anywhere else, bring it to Doggett's—they can do it.

Notice of Sale of Estray by Sheriff.

Public notice is hereby given that on Thursday, the 20th day of February, 1919, at the hour of 11 o'clock a. m. of said day at John Schadt's place on the Rod Pfeiffer ranch, 11 miles northwest of Nezperce, in Mohler precinct, in the county of Lewis, state of Idaho, I will sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder, for cash, lawful money of the United States, the following described estray animal, to-wit:

One dark Jersey heifer, with mealy nose, coming two years old; weight about 600 pounds; no brands or marks visible.

Dated at Nezperce, Idaho, this 6th day of January, 1919.

A. W. Mitchell,
32-4 Sheriff Lewis County, Idaho.

Notice of Sale of Impounded Stock.

Notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of the impounding ordinances of the village of Nezperce, Idaho, I will sell at public auction the following animal found running at large within said village:

One bay gelding, aged about 12 yrs., weight about 1100, dim brand on left stifle, indistinguishable; wire cut on right fore leg.

And notice is further given, that on Saturday, the 11th day of January, 1919 at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., at the village pound of the village of Nezperce, Idaho, I will sell said horse to the highest and best bidder for cash to pay the costs of taking up, sale and feed on said animal.

Dated this 1st day of January, 1919.

A. Farmer, Poundmaster.

Stockholders' Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Farmers State Bank will be held at the office of the Farmers State Bank on Monday, January 20, 1919, at 10 o'clock a. m.

C. W. Kettman, Cashier.

Try the new dray line by Herbert Doggett. Phone 7538 or 4638.

Are You Open-Minded?

The average American
is open-minded.

American business is conducted by true Americans of vision, open-minded men who believe in their country and strive to meet their country's needs. The men in the packing industry are no exception to the rule.

The business of Swift & Company has grown as the nation has progressed. Its affairs have been conducted honorably, efficiently, and economically, reducing the margin between the cost of live stock and the selling price of dressed meat, until today the profit is only a fraction of a cent a pound—too small to have any noticeable effect on prices.

The packing industry is a big, vital industry—one of the most important in the country. Do you understand it?

Swift & Company presents facts in the advertisements that appear in this paper. They are addressed to every open-minded person in the country.

The booklet of preceding chapters in this story of the packing industry, will be mailed on request to
Swift & Company
Union Stock Yards - Chicago, Illinois

**Swift & Company
U. S. A.**



NOT SHARING BUT GIVING THEIR ALL

At the foot of Mt. Ararat cluster the Armenians, truly the people of the Ararat. Nestling under its shoulder is Etchmiadzin, where Gregory, the Illuminator received the vision that resulted in the conversion of the Armenian nation, far back in the year 303. On that spot is built the venerable church about which all the history of this ever-persecuted nation centers. There is to this day the seat of the Catholicos, or head of the Armenian church, whom I had visited the day before I went to Kanakar.

Kanakar was a "sample" village where about 50 orphans were receiving relief from the American Committee. The place itself contains about 300 mud houses, of the conventional one-story type. It is entirely agricultural, having no manufactures. Into 210 of these houses refugees who have made the long journey from devastated Armenia have been taken, to the total number of about 1000 persons, mostly women and children, of course.

If it had not been for the charity of the poor villagers to whom the smitten refugees have turned, the tale of Armenian dead would be nearly double its present total of a million. These people who in their poverty have shared their all are the really great givers toward this cause. No momentary impulse of generosity has led them to contribute what money they could spare; they have given of their homes, their fires, their food, their clothes, and have done so continuously. No honor roll of these givers is kept this side of the pearly gates.

The plan of orphan relief is simple. It is the rule of the Armenian Committee in Erivan to give no money to men or women, except the latter be seriously ill; work it does provide for a few adults by its wonderful industrial establishment. For one child out of a family of orphans, it provides a stipend of six roubles monthly, increased at the time of our visit to ten roubles, owing to the depreciation of the rouble; which is now worth less than 10 cents.

Each case is investigated by men trained in the mission schools of the Armenian Board, some having been ministers or professors back in Armenia. This relief work, I found, will stand the acid test of the Associated Charities or of the Rockefeller Foundation; for there is a system in it all, down to the minutest detail. Nobody need fear that Armenian relief funds are either wasted or given to the undeserving.

WILLIAM T. ELLIS, Swarthmore, Pa.

This space paid for and contributed by DeMOUDE'S CITY DRUG STORE.

A Proclamation By the President of the United States

For more than three years American philanthropy has been a large factor in keeping alive Armenian, Syrian, Greek and other exiles and refugees of Western Asia.

On two former occasions I have appealed to the American people in behalf of these homeless sufferers, whom the vicissitudes of war and massacre had brought to the extremest need.

The response has been most generous, but now the period of rehabilitation is at hand. Vastly larger sums will be required to restore these once prosperous, but now impoverished, refugees to their former homes than were required merely to sustain life in their desert exile.

It is estimated that about 4,000,000 Armenian, Syrian, Greek and other war sufferers in the Near East will require outside help to sustain them through the winter. Many of them are now hundreds of miles from their homeland. The vast majority of them are helpless women and children, including 400,000 orphans. The American committee for relief in the Near East is appealing for a minimum of \$30,000,000 to be subscribed January 12-19, with which to meet the most urgent needs of these people.

I, therefore, again call upon the people of the United States to make even more generous contributions than they have made heretofore to sustain through the winter months those, who, through no fault of their own, have been left in a starving, shelterless condition, and to help reestablish these ancient and sorely oppressed people in their former homes on a self-supporting basis.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WOODROW WILSON,

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