

JASPER WEEKLY COURIER.

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OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Dubois and surrounding counties. Will practice in all the Courts of the State, and the United States Courts.

DR. JOHN BAKER, CLEMENT DOANE, VICE-PRESIDENTS, JASPER.

BAKER & DOANE, Attorneys at Law.

WILL practice in the Courts of Dubois county, and attend faithfully to business entrusted to them. Office in the "Courier" building, West Main Street.

CAPT. LEVI FERGUSON, W. M. CAPEHART, PARRISVILLE, IND. JASPER, IND.

FERGUSON & CAPEHART, Attorneys at Law.

WILL practice in all the Courts of Dubois, Pike, and adjoining counties. OFFICE—South side of public square, Jasper, Ind. (44-47)

WILL. TR. YIGOR Attorney at Law. JASPER, INDIANA.

WILL practice in the Courts of Dubois and adjoining counties. Particular attention given to real estate. OFFICE one door East of the St. Charles Hotel. Feb. 14, 1874.-1f

BRUNO BUETTNER, ATTORNEY AT LAW. And Notary Public.

JASPER, INDIANA. WILL practice in all the Courts of Dubois and Perry counties, Indiana. Jan 9 1874.

DR. A. W. BIGHAM, Physician & Surgeon.

HAVING located in Jasper offers his professional services to the citizens of town and surrounding country. A long practice in Southern Indiana has given him a knowledge of the treatment of diseases incident to the climate of this latitude.

Travelers' Home: JOSEPH ACKERMAN, Proprietor. LOOSCOOTEE, I C C C INDIANA.

THE proprietor of this Hotel, situated just north of the railroad depot, returns his thanks to the public for their past patronage, and assures them that his efforts shall be spared on his part to merit their favors in the future. His table and bar are supplied with the best market affords. He also has good stabling and feed for horses. He solicits a share of patronage. Nov. 11th, 1870.

BOOT & SHOE EMPORIUM.

Just received at Henry Landgrebe's, at his old stand in

Wantingburgh.

THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST STOCK OF

BOOTS & SHOES

Ever brought to this market—for Fall and Winter. All those desiring with me will find me always ready and willing to show them my goods; and to cash customers will

Deduct Ten Per Cent. HENRY LANDGREBE. HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES. News-Courier, Sept. 6th, 1874.

THE CROWNING ACT.

The Liquor Law.

FULL TEXT OF THE BILL AS AMENDED AND PASSED.

An act to regulate and license the sale of spirituous, vinous and malt and other intoxicating liquors, to limit the license fee to be charged by cities and towns, and to repeal all former laws regulating the sale of intoxicating liquors and all laws and parts of laws coming in conflict with the provisions of this act, prescribing penalties for the violation thereof and declaring an emergency.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted, That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to directly or indirectly sell, barter or give away for any purpose of gain any spirituous, vinous or malt liquors in less quantities than a quart at a time, without first procuring from the board of commissioners of the county in which such liquor or liquors are to be sold, a license as hereinafter provided; nor shall any person, without having first procured such license, sell or barter any intoxicating liquor to be drunk or suffered to be drunk in his house, out-house, yard, garden, or the appurtenances thereto belonging.

SEC. 2. The words "Intoxicating Liquors" shall apply to any spirituous, vinous or malt liquors, or to any intoxicating liquors whatever, which is used or may be used as a beverage.

SEC. 3. Any male inhabitant, over the age of 21 years, desiring to obtain license to sell intoxicating liquors, shall give notice to the citizens of the township, town, city or ward in which he desires to sell, by publishing in a weekly newspaper in the county, a notice stating in the notice the precise location of the premises in which he desires to sell, and the kind of liquors, whether only vinous and malt liquors, or malt liquors only, or spirituous, vinous and malt liquors, or vinous liquors only, at least twenty days before the meeting of the board, at which the applicant intends to apply for a license; or, in case there is no such paper published in the county, then, by posting up written or printed notices in three of the most public places of the township in which he desires to sell, at least twenty days before the meeting of such board. And it shall be the privilege of any voter of said township to remonstrate in writing against the granting of such license to any applicant on account of immorality or other unfitness as is specified in this act.

SEC. 4. The board of county commissioners at such term shall grant a license to such applicant upon his giving bond to the State of Indiana with at least two freehold securities, resident within said county, to be approved by the county auditor in the sum of \$2,000, conditioned that he will keep an orderly and respectable house, and that he will pay all fines and costs that may be assessed against him for any violations of the provisions of this act, and for the payment of all judgments for civil damage growing out of unlawful sales as provided for in this act, which bond shall be filed with the auditor of said county; provided said applicant shall be a fit person to be entrusted with the sale of intoxicating liquors, and if he be not in the habit of becoming intoxicated; but in no case shall a license be granted to a person in the habit of becoming intoxicated; provided that no appeal taken by any person from the order of the board granting such license shall operate to stop the person receiving such license from selling liquors thereunder until the close of the next term of the court in which such appeal is pending, at which such cause might be lawfully tried. And he shall not be liable as a seller without license for sales made during the pendency of such appeal, but he shall be liable for the violation of any of the provisions of this act during such time, the same as if regularly licensed.

AMOUNT OF LICENSE.

SEC. 5. If said applicant desire to sell spirituous, vinous and malt liquors in quantities of less than a quart at a time, he shall pay the treasurer of said county \$100 as a license fee for one year before license shall issue to him, and if he desire to sell only vinous or malt liquors, or both, in quantities less than a quart at a time, he shall pay to the treasurer of said county \$50 as a license fee for one year before license shall issue to him, such fee to be paid into the school fund of the county in which such licenses are obtained.

SEC. 6. No city or incorporated town shall charge any person who may obtain a license under the provisions of this act more than the following sums for license to sell within their incorporated limits: Cities may charge \$100 and incorporated towns \$100, in addition to the sum provided for hereinbefore.

SEC. 7. Upon the execution of the bond, as required in the 4th section of this act, and the presentation of the order of the board of commissioners, granting him license, and the county treasurer's receipt for \$50, if the application be for vinous and malt liquors only, or a receipt for \$100, if the appli-

cation be for the sale of spirituous, vinous and malt liquors, as aforesaid, the county auditor shall issue a license to the applicant for the sale of such liquors, as he applied for, in less quantities than a quart at a time, with the privilege of permitting the same to be drunk on the premises as stated in the aforesaid notice, which license shall specify the name of the applicant, the place of sale and the period of time for which such license is granted.

SEC. 8. No license as herein provided shall be granted for a greater or less time than one year.

SEC. 9. A license granted under the provisions of this act shall not authorize the person so licensed to sell or barter any intoxicating, vinous or malt liquors on Sunday, nor upon any legal holiday, nor upon the day of any state, county, township or municipal election in the township, town or city where the same may be held, nor between the hours of 11 P. M. and 5 A. M., and upon the conviction thereof, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and be fined in any sum not less than \$10 nor more than \$50, and for a second conviction he shall forfeit his license, which shall be a part of the judgment of the court trying the same.

NO SALES TO DRUNKARDS.

SEC. 10. Every person who shall directly or indirectly sell, barter or give away any intoxicating, spirituous, vinous or malt liquors to any person who is in the habit of being intoxicated, after notice shall have been given him in writing by the wife, child, parent, brother or sister of such person, or by the trustee of the township where he resides, that such person is in the habit of being intoxicated, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than ten nor more than fifty dollars.

SEC. 10. Any person of sound mind found in any public place in a state of intoxication, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, be fined in any sum not less than \$2 00, nor more than \$5 00 for each offense.

SEC. 11. Any person not being licensed according to the provisions of this act, who shall sell or barter, directly or indirectly, any spirituous, vinous or malt liquors in a less quantity than a quart at a time, or who shall sell or barter any spirituous, vinous or malt liquors to be drunk, or suffered to be drunk in his house, out-house, yard, garden, or the appurtenances thereto belonging, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not less than \$20 nor more than \$100, to which the court or jury trying the cause may add imprisonment in the county jail of not less than 30 days nor more than six months.

SEC. 12. If any person shall sell, barter or give away, directly or indirectly, any spirituous, vinous or malt liquors to any person under the age of 21 years, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined in any sum not less than ten nor more than fifty dollars.

SEC. 12. If any person under the age of 21 years shall misrepresent his age and state himself to be over 21 years of age, in order to purchase spirituous, vinous or malt liquors, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined in any sum not less than \$10 nor more than \$50.

SEC. 14. Any person who shall sell, barter, or give away any spirituous, vinous or malt liquors to any person at the time in a state of intoxication, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined in any sum not less than ten nor more than fifty dollars.

PENALTY OF ADULTERATION.

SEC. 15. Any person who shall adulterate, or shall sell or offer for sale any spirituous, vinous or malt liquors which have been adulterated by the admixture of any deleterious substance therewith, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not less than \$50 nor more than \$500, to which the court or jury trying the same may add imprisonment in the county jail of not less than 30 days nor more than six months.

SEC. 16. Every place, house, arbor, room or shed wherein spirituous, vinous, or malt liquors are sold, bartered, or given away, or supplied to be drunk, if kept in a disorderly manner, shall be deemed a common nuisance, and the keeper thereof, upon conviction, shall forfeit his license and be fined in any sum not less than ten nor more than one hundred dollars. Provided, that no prosecution shall be instituted or maintained against any person for the violation of the provisions of this act occurring between the time when it shall take effect and the close of the first regular session of the board of commissioners of the proper county, the beginning of which session not taking place in less time than four weeks after this act shall have taken effect.

COURTS HAVING JURISDICTION.

SEC. 17. Criminal circuit courts and

circuit courts within their respective jurisdictions shall have power to hear and determine all complaints for the violation of the provisions of this act, and the grand juries of the several courts shall have power and it is hereby made their duty, to take cognizance of offences against its provisions, as in case of felonies.

SEC. 18. Justices of the peace within their respective counties shall have jurisdiction to try and determine all cases arising under the provisions of this act, except as provided in section 15 of this act; Provided, that if in the opinion of the justice or jury trying any such case a fine of \$25 shall be inadequate punishment for such violation, then the justice in such case shall recognize the party in sufficient bond and surety to appear at the next term of the Criminal Circuit Court, or Circuit Court of the proper county, to answer said charge.

SEC. 19. Every person who shall sell, barter or give away any intoxicating liquors in violation of any of the provisions of this act, shall be personally liable and also liable on his bond filed in the auditor's office, as required by section 4 of this act, to any person who shall sustain any injury or damage to their person or property, or means of support, on account of the use of such intoxicating liquors so sold as aforesaid, to be enforced by appropriate action in any court of competent jurisdiction.

SEC. 20. All former laws regulating the sale of intoxicating liquors, and all laws and parts of laws coming in conflict with any of the provisions of this act, be, and the same are hereby repealed; provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to affect in any way suits or indictments now pending in any of the courts in this state under the provisions of any of the laws hereby repealed, and the same shall be tried and determined as though this act had not been passed.

SEC. 21. It is hereby declared that an emergency exists for the immediate taking effect of this act. It shall therefore be in force from and after its passage.

For the Jasper Courier.

Bainbridge Township Teachers' Institute. JASPER, March 15th, 1875.

The Institute promptly met at 9 o'clock and President Downey Home took the chair. A. M. Foot then moved that the stove-pipe be lit up. Adopted.

Then followed Geography by Prof. Logan, in which the isle of Borneo was secretly located not far north nor south from the Equator, on the map of Asia. The house being too crowded, a movement of Dr. A. M. Sweeney was unanimously concurred in to widen the room to Hon. Mr. Peckinpaugh's residence, by way of the Extension law; after which A. M. Foot proceeded to explain some of the mysteries of a Flying Dutchman's Insane Asylum, which took up the whole forenoon.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Rev. Downey Home opened with prayer and song, and the house filled so rapidly that Hon. Trustee Erney Mack thought it proper not to allow any more persons to enter the school rooms. The house, on movement of Dr. Sweeney, was adjourned "sine die," so as to prevent the floors from breaking down, and prohibit any general disaster.

Submitted to a careful perusal of the interested and non-interested, for public welfare.

Yours truly, A. M. SWEENEY, Secretary. A. M. FOOT, Second Ass't Sec'y.

For the Jasper Courier.

JERUSALEM ITEMS.

--The greater number of our public schools will close with this month. A few exceptions on account of sickness of teachers, will not close until about the middle of May.

--There is considerable excitement now existing concerning the hog disease. The disease is similar to that of the cholera, only it is less severe. The disease rages in epizootic form, attacking many and killing but very few.

--A pretended gentleman who thinks himself prominent, was heard to make some vicious remarks about the Courier correspondents of this place. Upon inquiry we learned that the reeky, ignoble, would-be gentleman had not seen a copy of the Courier for more than six months. A close inspection of the colder confirmed us in our opinion that he was devoid of even instinct, and had not the least indication of intellect.

--Strange as it may seem it is nevertheless true that one of Warwick-han-some young men is making regular weekly visits to this place. The object of his visits is not perceptible by the most comprehensive, but to a close observer, it is evident that his every visit creates quite a commotion among the ladies. Though not as complainant as some, he is thought to surpass the commonality. His name is not wagon wheel, nor wagon tire, but it is --- We will defer giving names until again asked. K.

For the Courier.

BOONE TOWNSHIP ITEMS.

PORTERSVILLE, March 23d, 75.

MR. EDITOR:--Would a few notes from this place be acceptable? (Yes, always.--Ed.)

--There will likely be another store opened here the first of April, by H. Losier of Otwell.

--Mr. Richard Milburn leaves to-day for Mt. Carmel with a raft of logs.

--Mr. A. T. has proved his ability to Chat-ten, and is now in possession of a handsome Fan.

--Three of our young hopefuls are becoming very familiar with the Bible by means of fortune telling.

--From the tide of emigration we would suppose the Matrimonial state was becoming thickly settled.

--The burning of the "midnight oil" we fear is not very profitable, when hopefuls only manifest their interest in games of euchre.

--We would advise our interesting "widower" and lively "old back" to place a double guard over their hearts, or our "girlie," whose cheek has worn the roseate hue for two and thirty summers, might entice them to pop the question.

--A lad of fourteen is manifesting ardent affections for a young Miss R., of twelve. The juveniles here consider themselves capable of "padding their own canoe" at an early age.

--We suppose our friend, J. C. Schafer, still loves to wear that Cape over his heart.

--We were surprised to think our friends, bachelor Wertz and widower Capehart, would allow their eyes to deceive them so badly. What could have circumscribed their area of vision?

ROSE CINNAMON.

For the Courier.

KANSAS ITEMS.

--The Spring season seems to be very backward about making its appearance.

--Patoka river is now a large stream, and now is the time for boat-men to start on their money making trips.

--Kansas folks have plucked all the prospects for peaches in trying to find the live ones.

--Our County Surveyor is still living in Kansas, but is about to move further up the hill.

H. D. has a new way of getting boots, and that is by kicking two calves out of their hides, and traveling on. He takes the tails for tacing.

--R. A. B. and Wm. F. S. are the great scriptorial debaters of lovely Kansas. Songer affirms that men are otally depraved, and Dolin dispute it.

--Not long ago there was a letter dropped on the porch floor of Mr. N. C.'s, informing the public that the young man was going to do better hereafter.

--Sallie declares France is the prettiest human she ever saw during her short life; and if he thinks that of her we guess they will unite heart and hand and pass through life like two pet lambs.

--Every thing is quiet under the administration and government of the Spotted Tail Chief and his allies. With him vox populi, vox dei. He is suaviter in modo forlitter in re. He says Salus populi suprema est lex.

--General Overbee has subdued the insurrection in Ireland vi et armis. His report to the Chief is, Veni, vidi, vici.

--George Cox, Jr., is using his Scandalum Magnum.

--The Bible class meets every Sunday morning, at 10 o'clock, at the Vaughan school house, and also the Christians meet to break the loaf and sip the wine.

--Dan W. and G. Cox are working at the baker trade. It is supposed that the former will unite with a baker, soon, and the two will then be one.

--N. C. Kelso has repaired his mill, and he is now running two pair of burrs.

TEENYMERS.

--The debate on total depravity, with R. A. B. and Wm. F., is now at a close. The Christian brethren are responsible for all damages done to the school house, and so they stopped it. They were afraid so much talent and eloquence would press the Gabriel ends out of the house and it would be hard on them to foot the bill. OASZUVER.

--The third term will probably last one day. March 4, 1877 falls on Sunday, and the President elect will be inaugurated on the 5th. The opinion of Chief Justice Marshall was that incumbent must hold over one day. Polk held over March 4, 1849. Grant will do the same.