

ROCK ISLAND ARGUS.

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PRICE THREE CENTS.

WALLER'S APPEAL.

Our Colored Ex-Consul Still in a French Prison.

JOHNNY CRAPAUD IS MIGHTY SLOW.

Will Not Let Entia See the Prisoner, and Has Not Yet Supplied the Case Against Him to Our Representative—Some Information About the Pay of Diplomats, Foreign and American, Given by a Veteran Congressman.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—Great pressure has been brought to bear on the state department to induce it to secure justice for Waller, the United States ex-consul in Madagascar whom the French so arbitrarily arrested and imprisoned, and many prominent men have interested themselves in the case. The two senators from Kansas, of which state Waller is a citizen, have been particularly energetic and Senator Martin has called in person at the state department to urge prompt action. But somehow things do not move with any degree of rapidity. The department some time ago instructed Mr. Kustis, our ambassador at Paris, to make a thorough investigation of Waller's case; to see him and to procure a copy of the record of the court martial showing the evidence on which Waller suffered the extraordinarily severe sentence of confinement for twenty years.

France Inclined to Be "Uppish."

The ambassador has not been very successful in executing his instructions, though it appears that he has done all in his power to carry them out. For one thing the French government has absolutely refused the ambassador the right to see Waller personally, a very extraordinary attitude to assume where the rights of an American citizen are concerned. Then it has failed so far to supply the ambassador with the desired copy of the court-martial record in order that our government may satisfy itself of the sufficiency of the evidence on which Waller was convicted. It is said by Waller's friends here that altogether the proceedings were extremely irregular and a travesty upon justice. The fact that Mr. Kustis as yet has been unable to secure anything like a record appears to give weight to these statements.

The Case of Paul Bray.

Then as to Paul Bray, Waller's stepson, it is clear that he was deported from Madagascar and suffered hardships without the vestige of a trial or any legal proceeding, and as he is a full-blooded American citizen this must form the subject of a demand for redress. Although the case is one threatening to hold out many difficulties in the way of an amicable adjustment, but in view of the pressure which is being exerted on the state department it may be assumed that it will endeavor to do so before congress meets again, and the subject is further complicated by instructions from the legislative branch similar to those which formed the basis of the Mora case.

HOW AMBASSADORS ARE PAID.

Comparison of the Salaries of Foreign and United States Diplomats.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—"Why is it, asked the young congressman from Grass Lake, "that those foreign representatives live so much better than our senators and congressmen?"

"Because," replied the veteran member from the metropolis, "foreign countries pay them about ten times as much for public services as the United States."

And then the veteran member who knew all about the ins and outs of official salaries, backed up his statement with the following details: "Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British ambassador, receives \$100,000 in gold per year, which is equivalent in our money to \$50,000. Besides this he has the sumptuous embassy on Connecticut avenue, one of the finest buildings in Washington.

"It belongs to the British Government, and is not a source of expense to the Ambassador in any respect. It is equipped with six secretaries, who do all his official work, and a small army of butlers, lackeys, etc., who look after his domestic wants. Besides this the British government makes a bulk allowance for running expenses. In the agent, the amount at the command of Sir Julian, over and above his \$50,000, is not much short of \$25,000. That is to say, he has at his command about \$75,000 per year. His salary alone is equal to that of the President of the United States, but the President has no perquisites, whereas Great Britain gives her representative innumerable allowances.

"Ambassador Patenotre, of France, receives \$20,000 a year. In addition the French government pays the rent for the old Forter mansion on E street, at the rate of \$1,000 per year. Then he is supplied with official and domestic help, besides a liberal allowance for official expenses. The German ambassador, Baron Von Thielmann, receives \$30,000 per year. The German government has recently purchased one of the finest residences on Massachusetts avenue, and has equipped it from top to bottom in a most sumptuous style. The embassy is provided with its own stables and carriages and horses, and with a most liberal number of official and household assistants, all at the expense of the imperial government.

"The Russian minister, Prince Catacauz, receives about \$15,000. The Russian house, also taken a house, although they have not purchased, but have taken a long lease. The government pays the rent and also makes ample allowance for official and household help. Even the South American republics pay on a much more liberal scale than does the United States. For instance, Signor Romero, Mexican minister, receives \$20,000 per year. This is doubtless due, however, to the fact that Romero ranks as one of the first men in his country, and President Diaz has long desired to have him return and assume the direction of financial affairs.

TROUBLE ABOUT WARSHIP ARMOR.

Navy Department Having Had Luck with the Heavy Plates.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The navy department has been having bad luck lately

in securing heavy armor plate for the big about a dozen great plates the completion of the armor plating of these ships may be delayed for some months. Most of the plates were intended for the battleships Massachusetts and Iowa. When they were submitted to the naval inspector he report to the department showed that the plates were badly burned in places on the surface. In some cases there were depressions in the face of a fifteen-inch plate four feet long and two feet broad, where the face had been burnt out to the depth of seven-eighths of an inch.

Not only was the plate weakened by the loss of metal at such points, but the metal below was decarbonized and reduced to the condition of wrought iron, so that it could not be hardened by the Harvey process. Just what caused these flaws is not known at the department, but it is supposed they arose from the adoption of some experimental treatment intended to cheapen the cost of production or else resulted from forcing the temperature too high while the plates were being Harveyized, in the effort to expedite the process.

Princeton Students in Danger.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—Several telegrams having been received at the war department from the officers of Princeton university and the friends and relatives of the Princeton students, who have been on a geological tour in the Wind River country, Wyo., expressing anxiety as to their welfare, Acting Adjutant General Vincent has telegraphed to General Coppinger, commanding the United States army forces in that section, asking him for information on this point.

New Weather Sharp for Chicago.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—Secretary Manton has appointed Edward B. Garrigot, of Missouri, local forecast official in charge of the weather bureau in Chicago. He succeeds Willis L. Moore, the new chief of the weather bureau.

EX-GOVERNOR RICE DEAD.

Prominent Citizen of Massachusetts Passes to the Hereafter.

MILWAUKEE, July 23.—The Hon. Alexander H. Rice, ex-governor of Massachusetts, died at the Langwood hotel here yesterday afternoon of paralysis.

Alexander Hamilton Rice had held many offices, municipal, state and national. He was born in Newton Lower Falls, Mass., Aug. 29, 1818. He was graduated at Union college, 1844, and was engaged in the paper business in Boston. For a number of years he was a member of the school committee. In 1855 and again in 1857 Mr. Rice was elected mayor of Boston. After that he was for several years president of the board of trade.

From Dec. 5, 1859, to March 2, 1877, he served in the national house of representatives. In 1875, 1877, and 1878 the Republicans elected him governor of Massachusetts.

THE BIG STRIKE IN THE MINES.

Directors to Meet and Decide What Course They Will Take.

CLEVELAND, July 23.—The directors of the several mining companies with mines in the vicinity of Negaunee, Mich., will hold a meeting here within a day or two to consider what action shall be taken concerning the big miners' strike. The men demand \$3 per day for miners; \$1.75 for unskilled underground labor, and \$1.50 per day for unskilled surface labor.

More than 5,000 men are affected by the strike. William Mather, who is largely interested in the Cleveland Cliffs Mining company, said that the demand for an increase in wages had come so unexpectedly that he was unprepared to state whether it was justified or not.

Alleged Coming Railway Troubles.

VINTON, Ia., July 23.—In reference to a special telegram in the Chicago Inter Ocean regarding trouble between the Gould system and Order of Railway Telegraphers, Grand Chief Powell says he does not anticipate any such trouble. He left this city last night for Little Rock, and will make personal investigation of the matter. It is true, he says, that the Cotton Belt railroad has abrogated the contract with his order, but believes it can be settled satisfactorily to both sides without trouble.

Strike Demonstration at Ishpeming.

ISHPEMING, Mich., July 23.—The strike demonstration held here yesterday was the largest since the strike began. A great many women and children were out in sympathy with the men. The engineers, firemen, pumpmen, machinists and other mechanics held a meeting and decided to stand by the miners. The business men of both cities have promised to give them all the support possible.

Strike Reports Unfounded.

ST. LOUIS, July 23.—Reports sent out from Little Rock, Ark., to the effect that a general strike on the Gould system is imminent because of trouble between the Missouri Pacific management and the Order of Railway Telegraphers prove to be unfounded upon investigation at the headquarters of that road in this city.

Strike Among the Weavers.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., July 23.—All the weavers of the Sells Textile company, to the number of 150, have struck because the company refused to discharge two Austrians whom they employed last week. The majority of the strikers are Englishmen.

Illinois Legislators in Session.

SPRINGFIELD, July 23.—The senate was in session but a few minutes and transacted little business. In the house quite a large number of bills were introduced, including one for the regulation of telephone companies, and one to regulate the employment of minors, providing among other things that no child under 14 shall be permitted to work in any mercantile institution, store, laundry, manufacturing establishment, or workshop in the state.

The Kentucky river had its name from an Indian expression, Kain-tuk-ee, "at the head of the river."

A man's wisdom is his best friend; folly his worst enemy.

REDS WANT BLOOD.

Massacre of Settlers Imminent in Jackson's Hole.

SEVENTEEN INDIANS SHOT DOWN.

Taken Prisoners for Killing Game Unlawfully They Attempt to Escape and Are Slaughtered as They Run—All the Squaws Sent Away and the Bucks on the Waypath—Settlers Intrenched and a Butchery Expected.

MARLET LAKE, Ida., July 23.—Thirty men left Jackson's Hole to arrest all Indians breaking the game laws of Wyoming. In Roback canon they surprised a camp of seventeen Indians and took them all prisoners and started with them for Jackson's Hole. In the canon they tried to escape and all the Indians were killed except one papoose, who was brought into the Hole. There were 133 fresh elk skins in this camp.

Settlers in Danger of Massacre.

John N. Carnes, a squaw man, and the oldest settler in Jackson's Hole, has gone over into Idaho and says every settler in Jackson's Hole will be butchered. There were 30 Bannock warriors on Botack river when Carnes was here, and he says all the squaws have been sent away and that the bucks are daily joining the main band. Jackson's Hole settlers are now intrenched and awaiting the attack. Unless the cavalry gets there quick every settler between Jackson's Hole and this railway station is in danger of massacre.

No Danger From the Indians.

DENVER, Colo., July 23.—A special to the News from Pocatello, Idaho, says there is no truth in the sensational reports sent out from here regarding the outbreak of Indians. No demonstrations have been made, such as the Indians always make before hostilities are commenced. There is no excitement at Pocatello and no further trouble is anticipated.

ABBREVIATED TELEGRAMS.

Elisha Brigham was killed and Chas. Blyth and Jacob Wishart were badly injured by their houses near Salem, O., being struck by lightning.

Lady Sholto Douglas, the Los Angeles variety actress who recently married the youngest son of the marquess of Queensberry, will soon have \$25,000. Her father has fallen heir to an estate in Ontario and says he will share with his daughter.

Southern coal producers are organizing a big combine to control prices. The capital stock will be \$50,000,000.

Dr. P. J. Gibbons, of Rochester, N. Y., who was present at the electric execution of the negro Johnson, at Auburn, declares that the condemned man was partly resuscitated after being taken from the chair, when the warden prevented further attempts to restore consciousness.

Forest fires have broken out again in the vicinity of Traverse City, Mich.

Obituary: At Portland, Ore., ex-Judge R. S. Strahan. At New Orleans, Captain Frank Williams, former manager of the Olympic club. At Lafayette, Ind., John R. Caffroth, 67. At Princeton, Ill., Henry Snow, 65. At Lawrence, Kas., Professor F. D. Robinson.

Henry Vezzie, of Tacoma, Wash., aged 23, has married his stepmother, aged 45, and his father, William H. Vezzie, a prominent and wealthy millman and logger, has disinherited him.

Reliable estimates of the census of the city of Milwaukee, now approaching completion, place the population at from 255,000 to 265,000, an increase of over 50,000 in five years.

A fisherman of good repute at Fall River, Mass., reports seeing distinctly a sea snake off Coxswain's ledge, 500 feet long and as large around as a hog.

Total absence of potato bugs in Minnesota this year has been noticed and gleefully commented upon by the farmers of that state. The cause of the freedom of the potato vines from this pest for the first time in many years is that a parasite is boring holes in the bug.

The advance sale of seats for the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight has reached \$35,000.

Eddie Bowen, 19 years old, was killed at North McCroger, Ia., while riding on a freight car being switched.

A lone highwayman held up a Wichita, Kan., electric street car in the sight of fifty persons, and after robbing it of a passenger and the conductor made his escape.

James Roy Tucker, of Fulton, Mo., is either a record maker or a calumniated man. He is reported to have taken fifty different girls out riding in fifty days, rain or shine, on a wagon.

Directions For Sterilizing Milk.

Provide six or eight half pint bottles, according to the number of times the child is fed during the 24 hours. Put the proper amount of food for one feeding in each bottle and use a tuft of cotton batting as a stopper. Have a sauceman that the bottles can stand in conveniently. Invert a perforated tin pie plate in the bottom and put in enough water to come above the milk in the bottles. Stand the bottles on it; when the water boils draw the sauceman to a cooler part of the stove, where the water will remain near the boiling point but not actually boiling. Cover the sauceman and let the bottles remain in it one hour. Put them in the icebox or a cool place in winter.—Ladies' Home Journal.

On the Base Ball Diamond.

CHICAGO, July 23.—Following are National league scores at base ball: At Cleveland—Washington 6, Cleveland 8; at Pittsburgh—Baltimore 12, Pittsburgh 0; (second game) Baltimore 8, Pittsburgh 9; at Cincinnati—New York 6, Cincinnati 12; at Chicago—Brooklyn 9, Chicago 8; at Louisville—Philadelphia 18, Louisville 0; at St. Louis—Boston 13, St. Louis 2.

A good appetite and refreshing sleep are essential to health of mind and body, and these are given by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

ARBITRATION BILL WINS.

Only One Vote Against It in the House at Springfield.

SPRINGFIELD, July 23.—Hogan's arbitration bill passed the house, Murray alone voting against it. The Ferris revenue bill was then read for the first time.

HOLMES CONFRONTS HIS WIFE.

She Fails to Confirm Everything He Has to Say.

PHILADELPHIA, July 23.—H. H. Holmes, the alleged swindler and murderer, met his wife from Indiana, Mrs. "Howard," who looked at him with apparent horror. To prove the story he told the other day he produced a diary kept by himself and wife in Toronto. The diary would have confirmed some of his statements had not his wife declared that while they were living together in a Toronto hotel Holmes went away for two days.

CHICAGO, July 23.—In the digging in the cellar of the house on Sixty-third street in which Holmes, the insurance swindler, lived some bones were found, but it is not known that they are of human origin. In a chest belonging to Holmes a vest was found that had stains on it that looked like blood. Some of the bones are certainly beef bones.

Holmes will be charged with the crime of murder in this city today. A warrant for his arrest on the charge will be sworn out by A. Minier, nephew of Julia L. Conner, of Muscatine, Ia. Holmes will be charged with having murdered Mrs. Conner some time between the 1st of August and the 1st of November, 1892. Julia Conner is missing and none of her friends knows where she is.

The Weather We May Expect.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The following are the weather indications for twenty-four hours from 8 p. m. yesterday: For Illinois—Fair weather, except showers in extreme southern portion; cooler in central and southern portions; northerly winds. For Indiana—Fair weather; slightly cooler in southern portion; northerly winds. For Michigan, Wisconsin and Iowa—Fair weather; variable winds.

More Men Would the Strike.

ISHPEMING, Mich., July 23.—The men employed at the Dexter mine, eight miles west of Ishpeming, have joined the strikers' ranks, and it is reported that the Champion and Republic miners will also fall in line within a few days unless an adjustment of affairs is reached.

The Scoundrel who stole the world's title.

'Tis so, don't which prides.

'Tis so, don't which we cry.

'Tis so, don't which we sell.

'Tis so, don't which we buy.

Weak, Weary and Wasted

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A TEAR IN THE PRICE OF PANTS.

The Greatest Pant Sale on Record.

We have put on sale about 300 pair fine, all wool trousers at

\$1.99 **\$1.99**

WORTH \$3 and \$4.

Come and jump in a pair. Just the thing to finish out your summer suits.



\$1.99.

\$1.99.

It's Awful

Sustain Home Industry

On Tap everywhere. Only Union labor employed.

The Rock Island Brewing Company, successors to George Wagner's Atlantic Brewery, I. Huber's City Brewery and Raible & Stengel's Rock Island Brewery, as well as Julius Junge's Bottling Works, has one of the most complete Brewing establishments including Bottling department in the country. The product is the very best. Beer is bottled at the brewery and delivered to any part of the tri-cities, and may be ordered direct from the head offices on Moline avenue by Telephone.

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We know we can save you money if you will give us an opportunity.

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Our purpose in advertising is to let everybody who buys clothing—that is all mankind here about—know that our suitings are in