

RACE RIOT AT AN ARMY POST

Fort Sheridan Negro Soldier Fires on White Troopers.

THREATS OF LYNCHING Flees to Guardhouse to Escape Maddened Crowd.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—Race hatred that has been smoldering among the soldiers at Fort Sheridan for some time broke out yesterday afternoon when Sylvester Jackson, a negro trooper, shot three times at Allen White, a white soldier, and subsequently had a race nearly a mile to the guardhouse to escape lynching at the hands of a mob of infuriated infantrymen.

The beginning of the trouble was in front of the Fort Sheridan park. About 4:30 o'clock White and four companions left the resort after having had several drinks together.

Outside, as White was walking away from the place, he brushed against Jackson, who immediately took offense, believing that he had been deliberately insulted because of his color.

A violent altercation followed. White is a strapping fellow and the black trooper was visibly afraid of him. Jackson in the midst of his wrathful words backed slowly out of arm's reach of the white soldier, who was fast becoming enraged.

Negro Fires at Assault.

A final taunt from Jackson caused White to leap forward to strike, but before the blow could descend the colored soldier drew his revolver and fired three shots. None of the bullets took effect, but all lodged behind White's head.

The flashing of the weapon held so close to his head caused White instantly to draw back, while the crowd of spectators scattered in the fear of their lives. There were screams and shouts as the frightened people fled for places of safety. For a while it was thought that a murder had been committed.

Jackson for a time believed he had killed White. Seeing the white soldier stagger back in the first shock of fear of the exploding weapon, the negro turned to flee.

The soldiers who were with White immediately gave chase, shouting: "Catch him! Catch him!"

At first the fugitive seemed to desire to escape from the fort, but the on-pressing pursuers soon convinced him that he could not have gone far without being overtaken, for he suddenly veered toward the military guardhouse, nearly a mile away, in though preferring the walls of the prison to falling into the hands of his pursuers.

When the panting, breathless negro ran up to the sentry on guard at the door the others were close behind.

Pursuers Cry "Lynch Him!"

Jackson knew there was no time to lose. A hot devil would enable the angry soldiers to drag him away from the shelter of the guardhouse. Already there were voices shouting: "Lynch him! Lynch him!"

Meanwhile Jackson at the guardhouse door was trying to explain to the sentry. In a paroxysm of fear he almost fell upon his knees to the soldier, begging him to close the door of the prison upon him.

The guard was quick to act when he saw the soldiers rushing up and heard their cries of rage. He thrust Jackson within the guardhouse door and then barred the entrance.

WOULD DAM THE MISSISSIPPI

Cities on That River and the Lumber Interests Will Push the Idea.

Keokuk, Ia., Aug. 14.—Mississippi river cities, lumber interests of the northwest, and steamboat lines of the Mississippi river, have determined on a combined and strong effort to induce the Trans-Mississippi Commercial Congress meeting at St. Paul next week to actively favor the building of a great dam entirely across the river at Keokuk at the foot of the Des Moines rapids.

The effect of such a dam would be to render unnecessary the use of the government canal now in use, and incidentally develop 60,000 electrical horse power for commercial use. The survey and report to the war department ordered by the last national congress is now being made. The next congress will be asked to order the dam built. The cities specially interested are all within fifty miles of Keokuk. Dubuque, Davenport and Rock Island.

LITTLE ONES ARE LEFT ORPHANS

Father and Mother Dying in Two Months—Latter's Horrible End.

St. Paul, Aug. 14.—Mrs. Vincent Markel, 522 Edmund street, died yesterday morning after four hours of the most terrible agony, as the result of a most horrible accident. Rising at an early hour to heat some milk for her 6-weeks-old baby she in some way tripped over an alcohol lamp, igniting a gallon can filled with alcohol, which exploded with such terrific force as to practically set the entire room on fire and burn her body until there was not an inch of flesh that was not charred and black.

Her husband died at the city hospital less than two months ago, and her baby was born since his death. Three children are left orphans by her death—a baby 6 weeks old, one a year old, and one under 5.

CHARLEVOIX HAS HOPES

That She Will Be Selected as a Naval Training Station.

Charlevoix, Mich., Aug. 14.—On account of the long stretch of shore line in the state of Michigan on Lakes Michigan and Huron to be examined for a suitable site for a naval training station, and the length of time required to make a careful examination, it has been found necessary to divide the work among the members of the board. Rear Admiral H. C. Taylor is proceeding from Mackinac to the south in the lighthouse tender Marigold in Lake Huron to examine the coast on the east side of the state of Michigan.

At the same time Lieutenant Commander C. McR. Winslow and Civil Engineer H. H. Rousseau are visiting localities on Lake Michigan, on the west side of the state of Michigan, on the lighthouse tender Dahlia. The Dahlia arrived here Saturday evening with a party which included Commander Lucius Young, lighthouse inspector for this district. Charlevoix still claims to be the best location for the training station.

DANGER IN FALSE TEETH

Sudden Laughter Sometimes Will Carry Them Down Your Throat.

Janesville, Wis., Aug. 14.—While laughing heartily over a funny story, it is said, John G. Robertson, of Cookesville, a village near here, swallowed his false teeth, July 6, and has since suffered to intensely that he has been sent to Chicago to undergo an X-ray examination and a possible operation. The man swallowed his teeth when he suddenly burst into laughter, and for sometime afterward his health remained as usual.

His condition, however, has grown much worse within the last few days. At times his suffering has almost killed him. The plate is of extra large size and physicians here sent the patient to Chicago for an operation, which, it is feared, may result fatally on account of Robertson's advanced age.

SITUATION AT CARACAS IS REPORTED CRITICAL

Washington, Aug. 14.—Under the date of Wednesday, the 13th, Minister Bowen, at Caracas, reports to the state department that the situation there is very critical. At the time of filing the dispatch he had heard nothing from the Cincinnati or Marietta, and says the sinking of Barcelona continues, and much valuable property is being destroyed.

At the navy department a cablegram was received from Commander McLean reporting the arrival of the Cincinnati at Barcelona. The Marietta is at Port of Spain, Trinidad, and is subject to the orders of McLean. The department also received a cablegram from McCrea, of the Machias, dated St. Haytien, Wednesday, announcing that the blockade established by Admiral Killick was ineffective and had been abandoned.

Effect of the Combination.

Elizabeth, N. J., Aug. 14.—Lewis Nixon resigned yesterday as president of the Cincinnati or Marietta, and Mason F. Chance, of Elizabeth, was elected in his place. Nixon's resignation is incident to the recent organization of the United States Shipbuilding company.

Our Duchess Comes to See Us.

London, Aug. 14.—Among the passengers on the North German Lloyd steamer Kron Prinz Wilhelm yesterday for New York were the Duke and Duchess of Marlborough and Mr. and Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont. The duchess was Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt.

Death of Judge Sprague.

Richfield Springs, N. Y., Aug. 14.—Judge D. N. Sprague, of the state district court of down, died here yesterday morning, aged 70 years. Judge Sprague was born in Exeter, N. Y. His remains were sent to Wallingford, Ia., last night.

Remorseful, He Suicided.

Muncie, Ind., Aug. 14.—Remorseful over being intoxicated for two days, and also over the sorrow it had caused his young wife, Moses McConnell, 23, a well known iron worker, took morphin and died. He had been married only a year.

He Dines Our Navy Boys.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 14.—Admiral Makaroff, governor of Kronstadt, gave a dinner on Monday to the captains and eight other officers of the United States cruisers Chicago and Albany.

Fell from a High Bluff.

Murphysboro, Ills., Aug. 14.—Robert Brice fell from a bluff 100 feet high as Grand Tower and was instantly killed.

UNSEEN NAVAL PERIL

The Submarine, and What Is Thought of It by Some of Our Heroes.

NAVIES MUST POSSESS THE TERROR

Its Moral Effect a Consideration Not To Be Ignored—France's Recent Experiments.

Washington, Aug. 14.—It was thought that in the coming naval evolutions the superiority of United States marine boats over the French type would be demonstrated, but from present prospects, owing to the recent accident on the Holland, which prevents her from taking part in the maneuvers, such a test will not take place. Naval officers who believe in the submarine boat as a formidable engine are greatly interested in the result of the sham battle last week of Hyeres, on the French Mediterranean coast, when the submarine boats Zede and Gynnote were sent from the harbor to attack the fleet representing the enemy. Traveling ten feet below the surface they reached the fleet and "torpedoed" three battleships, the crews of which were unawares of the presence of the submarines until the "torpedoing" was done.

France Leads in Submarines.

In the opinion of naval men favoring submarines this feat demonstrates the importance of considering them as valuable adjuncts to the sea power of any nation. France, the first country to maintain this stand, leads the navies of the world in the number of her submarine boats. M. de Lansensan, who was minister of marine in the Waldeck-Rousseau cabinet, regards the submarine boat as a more formidable instrument of combat than the torpedo boat. Before resigning he declared that both from the military and the economic point of view the French navy forces should consist of two kinds of submarine boats—small size, destined for defensive action within a limited distance of the shore, and a large size capable of carrying offensive operations even as far as the enemy's boats.

John Bull Is on the Alert.

He congratulated the French navy on being the only one possessing a considerable number of submarine craft. England, ever on the alert against her hereditary enemy across the channel, was not slow in reckoning with such a contingency and now has a small number of submarines in commission, and additional ones in process of construction, all of the American type.

BELIEVED IN BY ADMIRAL DEWEY

And Others, Who Think the Submarine

Such men in the United States navy as Admiral Dewey, Captain Wainwright and Captain Sigsbee highly approve submarine boats for harbor defense. In discussing this subject yesterday Captain Sigsbee, who as chief intelligence officer of the navy and a member of the board of construction is well informed in such matters, declared himself, as in the past, in favor of submarine boats. He was disposed to discount the accident on the Holland as of little consequence, arguing that too great significance was given to the presence of gasoline on such boats as a constant source of menace to the safety of the crews.

There is a certain danger in all engines of war," argued the captain, "and antagonism to submarines based solely on the use of gasoline in the engines is too trivial to be discussed. Vessels of this kind have not reached a high state of perfection, and they have progressed sufficiently to make them exceedingly dangerous to an enemy. Assuredly they have passed the experimental stage. Naturally the submarine boat of say five years hence will greatly exceed the one of today, but it must be conceded that the latter represents the best type with which we are acquainted at present. There may be better boats invented, but they are on paper, and we can only deal with those in practical shape."

That the Effectiveness of Submarine

boats ever would reduce the number of battleships in the navy was ridiculed by Captain Sigsbee. "First and always battleships," he said. "They have the greatest offensive as well as the greatest defensive power. Nevertheless, submarines could relieve the larger vessels in a great measure as harbor defenses, for the effect on an enemy contemplating an attack on a port patrolled by submarines is tremendous. The moral effect of knowing that there is real danger which you cannot fight effectively is immense, and such is the fear inspired by the presence of submarine boats."

Admiral Dewey expressed his opinion on the question in 1900, when he said to the house committee on naval affairs, in speaking of submarine boats: "If they had had two submarine boats in Manila I never could have held it with my squadron. The moral effect, to my mind, is infinitely superior to mines or torpedoes, or anything of the kind. With those craft moving under water it would wear people out. With two of these in the bay, the navies of the world could not blockade that place."

BANKS AND TRUSTS OWE GOVERNMENT \$300,000

Washington, Aug. 14.—Commissioner Yerkes, of the internal revenue bureau, has directed immediate steps to be taken for the collection of the tax on profit and loss accounts, or undivided profits accounts, of banks, trust companies or private banks under the war revenue act of June, 1898. The amount to be collected will approximate, it is said, \$300,000.

MR. AND MRS. FAIR KILLED IN FRANCE

Americans Victims of an Automobile Accident Near Paris.

Epreux, France, Aug. 14.—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fair, Americans, related to Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., (Miss Virginia Fair), were returning to Paris from Trouville today when their automobile swerved and crashed into a tree, 15 miles from here. Both were killed. The chauffeur became insane as a consequence of the shock.

San Francisco, Aug. 14.—Charles Fair was a son of the late Senator Fair and one of the heirs to the immense estate of the late senator.

THERE WAS MONEY IN THE MATTER

Cause of the Shooting of His Daughter by Albert Uhlman.

Geórnórowé, Wis., Aug. 14.—Relative to the shooting of Ida Uhlman by her father, Albert Uhlman, last Sunday week, it seems that money was at the bottom of the crime. He met his daughter in a lonely piece of woods, on her way to church, so he declares, and demanded to know what she had done with the money he claimed she had stolen from his pocketbook March 4. The girl, according to the man's story, disclaimed all knowledge of the money, and when threatened with a revolver she cried: "If you should shoot me, I could not tell where the money is." Whether questioned about the shooting Uhlman said he pulled the trigger, but did not know it was a self-cocking revolver. After the shooting the man dragged his victim to the roadside, then walked back to his city. The girl, on the other hand, says her father stole \$50 which she had saved for a trip to Minnesota.

PHILIPPINE ARMY REUNION

Begins at Council Bluffs, with 2,000 Delegates Present.

Council Bluffs, Ia., Aug. 14.—The third annual reunion of the Society of the Army of the Philippines began in this city yesterday with nearly 2,000 delegates and veterans in attendance. After a brief reception early in the day the society was called to order in Arcanum hall by the president, General Irving Hale.

Following the address of General Hale routine business was taken up, the session lasting a greater part of the afternoon. Last night a reception was held at Lake Manawa. There was an address by the president, General Cummings and other addresses by Governor Savage, of Nebraska, and General Hale.

TYPO CONVENTION DOINGS

Hours Per Week Restricted to Fifty-Four—Ladies' Auxiliaries.

Cincinnati, Aug. 14.—The convention of the International Typographical Union made many changes in its laws yesterday. After providing for the oldest substitute getting the first vacancy, it restricted the hours per week to a maximum of fifty-four, but evening papers with Sunday editions on the seven-day basis, and made many minor changes. An effort to include printing plants as well as foundries in the membership failed.

It developed that there will be strong opposition among the delegates to endorsing the newly organized International Ladies' Auxiliary, although there is no opposition to local ladies' auxiliaries. The convention defeated a proposition to prohibit any member from belonging to the militia. The sentiment was generally expressed, however, against union men belonging to the militia.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Aug. 14.—The International Typographical convention today voted to meet next August in Washington.

Bloomington, Ill., Aug. 14.—The Police Chiefs and Sheriffs' association of Illinois today voted to meet next year at Joliet.

Death of Judge Bookwalter.

Danville, Ills., Aug. 14.—Circuit Judge Ferdinand Bookwalter died at 8:45 o'clock Tuesday night of Bright's disease. Judge Bookwalter was born Nov. 7, 1845, on a farm near Newburg, Pontiac county, Ind. In March 24, 1862, he enlisted at a private in company H, Sixtieth Indiana Infantry. On account of sickness he was honorably discharged May 13, 1863. Later he was graduated from the Michigan University law department and located here in the practice of his profession.

CANADA IS STILL SAFE

For Gaynor and Greene, Wanted by the United States with a Great Want.

THEIR FRAUDS REACHED MILLIONS

Unless There Is Some Mistake, and Judge Caron Refuses to Extradite Them.

Quebec, Ont., Aug. 14.—Colonel John F. Gaynor and Captain Benjamin D. Greene scored a decisive victory yesterday in their fight against extradition to the United States, where they are wanted in connection with alleged frauds in harbor work for the federal government involving millions of dollars. Judge Caron, in the superior court, discharged the prisoners from the custody of Sheriff's Municipal, of Quebec, who spoke in French, in whose official care they have been since their sensational arrest in Quebec last May. Many of the prisoners' friends were in the court room, and they congratulated the two men upon their release. Colonel Gaynor and Captain Greene left the court room soon after Judge Caron had concluded and proceeded to the Chateau Frontenac.

Point Made for the Prisoners.

It is understood that the United States government will institute new proceedings for extradition. Judge Caron, who spoke in French, occupied about two hours in delivering his judgment. In reviewing the legal proceedings since the arrest of the two prisoners he pointed out that their counsel had raised an important question to the effect that the warrant issued by Magistrate Lafontaine was illegal on the ground that it did not contain the date nor the year in which the alleged offense had been committed. He could Magistrate Lafontaine was illegal on the ground that it did not contain the date nor the year in which the alleged offense had been committed. He could Magistrate Lafontaine was illegal on the ground that it did not contain the date nor the year in which the alleged offense had been committed.

Not a Crime Included in the Treaty.

According to a deposition made in Montreal by Erwin, counsel for the United States, in May last, continued Judge Caron, the accused were charged with fraud committed on or about Jan. 1, 1897. That crime was not included in the treaties, and that of receiving money under false pretenses was only included in the treaty of 1900. This was fatal to the prosecution, and the warrant issued by Judge Lafontaine was defective, as the offense included therein did not fall under the extradition treaty; consequently the arrest was illegal and the accused must be set at liberty.

COMMENTS OF OUR OFFICIALS

Will Pick Their Films and Try the Matter Again.

Duxbury, Mass., Aug. 14.—The decision of Judge Caron, of Quebec, releasing Benjamin D. Greene and John F. Gaynor, was shown to Solicitor General Richards at his summer home here yesterday. He expressed no surprise at the action which had been taken, and said that he would not at this time enter into a discussion of the case or express an opinion as to the attitude of Judge Caron. He would say that if there were any technical defects in the warrant these could be easily corrected by the United States government, and having done this the government would renew its efforts to get the two men back into this country for trial.

Richards said that in his own mind he had formed an opinion as to the standing of the men in the light of the law, for it had been part of his duty to argue the original case—against Captain Carter—in its several stages until it was before the supreme court. Captain Carter had been convicted and imprisoned.

When it came to the cases of Greene and Gaynor, he said there might be some question as to extradition under the treaty between the United States and Great Britain, but if there was such a question this could be argued. He had no reason to believe that under the treaty Greene and Gaynor could not be extradited. Assistant Attorney General Hoyt, who is a visitor here, would not comment on the release of Greene and Gaynor.

Beverly, Mass., Aug. 14.—Attorney General Knox was informed by the Chicago Press last night of the release of Greene and Gaynor at Quebec, and also was shown Judge Caron's decision. He read the latter carefully, and then said: "I have nothing to say in regard to Judge Caron's decision. It would be highly improper and extremely indelicate for me to make any comment on any decision of a foreign court in which the United States government is involved, especially when the case goes against the government."

CHICAGO MURDER SUSPECT IDENTIFIED BY WOMAN

Chicago, Aug. 14.—The identity of the mysterious woman in black who yesterday gave important evidence to the police in the Bartholin murder case, was cleared up today. The woman is Mrs. Mary Taitlerday. Today she positively identified Thompson's wagon and horse as those she had seen with the men.

Akron to Join the Combine.

Akron, O., Aug. 14.—Hon. George Miller, president of the Aultman-Crosser company, makers of the Buckeye mower and reaper, said yesterday in regard to the combine of harvester manufacturers: "I cannot say positively that the Akron company will join the combine, but I think there is no doubt but that we will enter it."

DETECTIVES DO THE HAMLET ACT

How Cleveland Officers Obtain the Name of a Murderer.

Cleveland, Aug. 14.—Mrs. Ignatz Wurchowski has made a written confession to the police that the man who shot and killed her husband Sunday night was Charles Janaski, a former boarder at the Wurchowski home, and who is alleged to be infatuated with Mrs. Wurchowski. Mrs. Wurchowski and her husband were on their way home late Sunday night when a man rushed from the bushes and killed Wurchowski instantly. Mrs. Wurchowski told the police that it was a robber that committed the crime.

Since the commission of the murder Mrs. Wurchowski and Janaski have been under arrest. Tuesday night two of the city detectives went through the crime in minute as nearly as possible from Mrs. Wurchowski's description. One detective acted as escort for Mrs. Wurchowski, while the other rushed at them from the bushes. When the revolver was pointed at the detective's head the woman went into hysterics and cried out: "My God, it's Charles Janaski." The confession was verified and written out.

Later Janaski, the man accused by Mrs. Wurchowski, confessed having committed the crime and implicated Mrs. Wurchowski.

CHARTERS CANCELLED

Thirty-Five Thousand Illinois Corporations Are in Trouble.

Springfield, Ills., Aug. 14.—Over three-fourths of the corporations existing under the laws of Illinois have sacrificed their charters through failure to comply with the law. A law was enacted in 1901 requiring all corporations organized under the laws of Illinois to make a report to the secretary of state between Feb. 1 and March 1 of each year, giving, among other items, the location of principal office, the kind of business engaged in, and names of directors or managers, and other information.

It also provided that the secretary of state should file with the recorder of deeds of the various counties in the state a complete list of all corporations complying with the law, and providing further that he should enter upon the records in his office the cancellation of the charters of all corporations failing to make the report. Under this law only about 10,000 of the 45,000 corporations appearing on the records have made a report. On the first of July the secretary of state filed his list with the recorder of state and proceeded to enter the cancellation of charters of all other corporations.

WHAT CAN A POOR MAN DO

When It's Against the Law to Tell of the One That Got Away?

Woodward, Wis., Aug. 14.—W. T. Luciw, a LaCrosse attorney, who introduced into the last Wisconsin legislature a bill containing drastic restrictions against the marriage of people incapacitated by disease from bearing healthy children, has drafted a bill which he will present to the legislature next winter, the purpose of which is to prevent the telling of "fish stories."

The bill provides that every fisherman and every fish dealer who registers the weight of every fish taken exceeding one pound in weight. It provides for the appointment of a state officer with county deputies, with whom the register shall be made, and whose duty it shall be to see that the law is enforced.

ELKS TO HOLD NO MORE STREET CARNIVALS

Salt Lake, Aug. 14.—The grand lodge of Elks today adopted a recommendation of the committee on the holding of street fairs or carnivals under the auspices of Elks' lodges. The law is to go into effect Jan. 1 next.

"Kid" Wants to Win Laurels.

Saginaw, Mich., Aug. 14.—Kid Lavigne has arrived home from the Pacific coast, thin and lighter than usual. He says he intends to stay at home for a while, but he promises to go out and win back all the laurels which he once gained and later lost.

Still Another Farcical.

Ottumwa, Ia., Aug. 14.—J. H. Sims, a wealthy farmer, was shot and killed by his son John, when endeavoring to murder his wife with a butcherknife. The dead man was intoxicated and made a vicious attack upon his wife for a fancied wrong, and the son interfered just in time to save her life.

Charged with Fraud.

Boston, Aug. 14.—Frederick E. Betts, broker, is under arrest on a charge of using the United States mails in a conspiracy to defraud in connection with the affairs of J. M. Fisher & Co., whose affairs of J. M. Fisher & Co. for some time. Betts is held under \$10,000 for hearing.

Wouldn't Be Appointed Collector.

Knoxville, Tenn., Aug. 14.—Sixty-five miners employ by the Middle Ridge coal mines near Coal Creek are on a strike because the company refused to permit an official to withhold 10 per cent. of every union's miner's wages to be given to the anthracite coal strikers in Pennsylvania.

Status of the C. and E. I.

St. Louis, Aug. 14.—B. F. Yoakum, president of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad company, has returned to St. Louis from the east. "The Chicago and Eastern Illinois will maintain the same relations with all of its connections and all other roads as heretofore," said Yoakum.

FIRE IN AN IOWA COLLEGE

State Institution at Ames is Damaged \$10,000.

ORIGIN IS A MYSTERY

South Wing of Main Building Totally Destroyed.

Des Moines, Iowa, Aug. 14.—The south wing of the main building of the Iowa State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts at Ames was totally destroyed by fire at 4 o'clock this morning.

The north wing of the same building was destroyed in a similar manner in December, 1900.

Had Been Condemned.

The portion which was burned today had been condemned by the state architect and was being torn down to make room for a new building provided for by the last general assembly.

The loss to building and contents will not exceed \$10,000. A valuable botanical collection and the equipment, together with the museum and office and school furniture, were saved.

No Insurance.

The origin of the fire is a mystery, as there is no fire about the building during vacation. The state carries no insurance on its property.

Minister Kills Two Men.

Knoxville, Tenn., Aug. 14.—Rev. Whig Duncan, Baptist minister, living near Winfield, Scott county, killed John and William Tramwell, brothers, in a battle on the streets there today.

The Tramwells attacked Duncan, whom they charged with paying too much attention to John Tramwell's wife. One of them attacked him with a cowhide and the other with a club.

The minister retreated, warning the men not to approach nearer if they valued their lives. The warning went unheeded, the men approaching and striking Duncan.

The minister drew his revolver and killed both men. John being shot through the heart and William once in the head and in the body, dying within a few hours.

Elks Meet at Baltimore Next.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Aug. 14.—The grand lodge of Elks yesterday selected Baltimore as the place of meeting for the annual reunion of the grand lodge in 1903, and practically completed its business. The spectacular feature of the programme was the parade of the uniformed bodies of Elks in which over 3,000 of the fraternity took part. Prizes amounting to \$1,750 had been offered for the marching clubs, and Joliet, Ills., with a body of men in penitentiary stripes, keeping the prison lockstep, was given third prize in this class.

Three Injured in a Wreck.

Des Moines, Ia., Aug. 14.—While running at full speed near Dunreith, the brakebeam under the caboose of a Washab freight train broke, causing the car to spring into the air and turn over. The conductor and two brakemen escaped miraculously with serious though not fatal injuries. The injured are: J. P. Childers, Des Moines, conductor; T. E. Newton, Moberly, Mo., brakeman; Art Sicks, Des Moines, brakeman, scalp badly cut and hand partly severed.

Cigarette Was the Cause.

Indianapolis, Aug. 14.—Arthur E. Ferguson has filed a suit for divorce from Goldie M. Ferguson, whom he married two years ago. Ferguson alleges that his wife is so addicted to cigarette smoking that she forgot to prepare his meals. He says that he had to cook his own meals.

Governor Under Arrest.

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 14.—Governor Henry T. Gage was yesterday placed under arrest by detectives of San Francisco, who served on him a warrant charging him with criminal libel of John D. Spreckels. The governor was immediately afterward released on a writ of habeas corpus.

Bragg Incident Is Closed.

Washington, Aug. 14.—Unless the Cuban government makes some further representations in the case of General Bragg, the United States consul general at Havana, and indicates that he is not wanted there any more, the United States will not disturb its representative.

Explosion Was Fatal to Three.