

HEAR GOVERNOR THOMAS R. MARSHALL AT 8 O'CLOCK TONIGHT

COLONEL HAS TO BE QUIET A WEEK MORE

Physicians Halt Roosevelt in His Campaign Tour Planning.

IS ANXIOUS TO RESUME

Best Medicine at This Time Is Rest, Say Doctors Attending

CHICAGO, OCT. 17.—THE THIRD DAY OF ROOSEVELT'S STAY AT MERCY HOSPITAL PASSED LIKE A QUIET DAY AT HOME IN THE MIDST OF HIS FAMILY. IT WILL REQUIRE ANOTHER DAY WAITING FOR SYMPTOMS OF SEPSIS BEFORE PHYSICIANS, IF THERE IS NO CHANGE FOR THE WORSE, WILL BE ABLE TO SAY "ALL IS WELL." AT NOON MRS. ROOSEVELT DECIDED NO VISITORS WERE TO SEE COLONEL ROOSEVELT DURING THE DAY, BECAUSE HE HAD NOT SLEPT DURING THE MORNING. ROOSEVELT COMPLAINED SMILINGLY, BUT SHE DID NOT GIVE HIM OPPORTUNITY TO SAY ANYTHING ABOUT IT.

"This fight for the rule of the people is all a sham," he said, with a laugh. "Here I am, a victim of machine rule myself." But there was no appeal from the verdict of Mrs. Roosevelt. It is not unlikely the colonel will be kept in the hospital another week. Although already straining at the leash, the physicians are depending upon the influence of Mrs. Roosevelt to keep him in bed until danger of a setback has passed.

Chicago, Oct. 17.—Colonel Roosevelt was feeling so much better that on awakening today he began planning for a continuation of his campaign trip. Most of the night the colonel spent in restful sleep. His condition was practically normal.

When he awoke at 4 this morning Roosevelt declared he "had a bully sleep," but he would not read because he wished to doze until time for his sponge bath. He said he intended to be fully awake at 7 so he could have breakfast of which he was already beginning to feel the need.

BEST REST MEDICINE.
He ordered bacon, three soft boiled eggs, toast and a pot of tea. He said

SHRANK NOT SORRY; TRIAL IN NOVEMBER



John Schrank, the man who attempted to kill Theodore Roosevelt, still declares that he is sorry his attempt was not successful. He will be tried in November, after the election. If Roosevelt lives, the maximum sentence that can be given Schrank will be 15 years in the penitentiary.

The Weather

Forecast Till 7 p. m. Tomorrow for Rock Island, Davenport, Moline, and Vicinity.

Fair tonight and probably Friday, continued mild temperature. Temperature at 7 a. m., 50. Highest yesterday, 61, lowest last night, 51. Velocity of wind at 7 a. m., 4 miles per hour.

Precipitation, none. Relative humidity at 7 p. m., 64, at 7 a. m., 71. Stage of water, 4 feet, a fall of .2 in last 24 hours. J. M. SHERIER, Local Forecaster.

ASTRONOMICAL EVENTS.
(From noon today to noon tomorrow.) Sun sets 5:16, rises 6:15. Evening stars: Mercury, Venus, Mars, Jupiter. Morning star: Saturn.

he was sure this would not be enough for a man who was "almost well." The many hours Roosevelt had been able to rest was declared by his physicians to be the best medicine for him. All clinical records of the night had shown the colonel's condition to be improved from the last official bulletin issued at 10 last night. At 6 this morning his temperature was 98.4; pulse, 74; respiration, 18.

WOUND LOOKS WELL.
The official bulletin issued at 9:05 this morning stated: "Wound dressed; looks well; some oozing. Lungs in good condition. General condition splendid. Case progressing so favorably unless some complications occur, bullet will not be removed at present."

MUST REMAIN TILL SUNDAY.
It was positively announced Roosevelt would not leave the hospital at least till after Sunday. Dr. Lambert, his family physician, explained there was no significance to the fact that a bulletin said the bullet would not be removed "at present."

"It depends upon two things," Dr. Lambert said, "if it will ever be removed. The one is, if it starts causing trouble. The other is, if Roosevelt would rather carry his souvenir in his pocket than in his chest."

REASSURING BULLETIN.
The most reassuring bulletin yet issued by the physicians concerning Roosevelt's condition was given out at 1 o'clock. "Pulse, temperature and respiration normal. Blood count dropped to normal. Breathing easier."

NEVER WANTED PLACE.
Louisville, Ky., Oct. 17.—Albert J. Beveridge, former senator from Indiana, brought to Kentucky last night Colonel Roosevelt's message to the nation dictated from the colonel's bed in Mercy hospital at Chicago.

Colonel Roosevelt told Mr. Beveridge, "It matters little about my injury, but it matters all about the cause we fight for. If one soldier who happens to carry the flag is stricken another will take it from his hand and carry it on."

"You know that personally I did not want ever to be a candidate for office again," the message from the ex-president continues, "and you know that only the call that came to the men of the sixties made me answer it in our day as they did more nobly in their day."

Colonel Roosevelt was scheduled to speak here last night.

ORDER TO CRUSH DIAZ REBELLION

Mexico City, Oct. 17.—In order to crush the rebellion of Felix Diaz at Vera Cruz, the federal armies from north and south and the forces of General Beltran, stationed at Esperanza, have been ordered to Vera Cruz. Vera Cruz is completely isolated except by water. It is rumored Orozco and Diaz have reached an understanding to unite all rebels against President Madero. The government recognizes the importance of the capture of the seaport, which permits the rebels to bring in war supplies. It is hinted funds are coming to Felix Diaz from some who were high in Porfirio Diaz's administration.

President Madero's administration appears to have reached a critical point. The resignation of the cabinet was demanded in the chamber of deputies last night by Deputy Moheno but the president of the chamber refused to permit a discussion and the motion will come up again today. With General Felix Diaz in undisputed control of Vera Cruz, Mexico's most important seaport, reports reached here of new uprisings in various parts of the republic, including the city of Pachuca, 55 miles from the capital.

Diaz has been proclaimed provisional president by his cousins, Colonel Jose Diaz Ordaz, commander of the 21st Infantry, stationed at Vera Cruz. Diaz and his supporters are said to have already selected a provisional cabinet, including General Bernardo Reyes, now in a military prison at the capital as the result of failure of the rebellion a year ago.

Springfield, Ill.—A man who suffers from pulmonary disease cannot be compelled to work out his poll tax on the streets or other highways, the appellate court ruled.

WOMAN BACKS UP STORY OF ROSE

Mrs. Lillian Rosenberg, Wife of Lefty Louie, Testifies in Becker Trial.

MURDER IS ADMITTED?

One Witness Alleges Lieutenant Makes Statement in the Tombs.

New York, Oct. 17.—Mrs. Lillian Rosenberg, wife of "Lefty Louie," one of the four gun men charged with shooting Gambler Rosenthal, was one of the several witnesses at the Becker trial today who corroborated portions of "Bald Jack" Rose's story.

"When this sensation blows over the public will give me a pension for killing that ——— crook, Rosenthal."

These are the words attributed to Police Lieutenant Charles Becker by James D. Hallen, a fellow prisoner in the Tombs.

Hallen was one of 15 witnesses who testified for the state. Assistant District Attorney Moss announced that he had only one or two more witnesses to call to complete the case for the people.

MRS. ROSENTHAL IS HEARD.
Mrs. Rosenthal, widow of the slain gambler, testified that Becker, her husband's alleged partner in a gambling house, had said to her after a raid he had made on the establishment: "It's either Herman or me."

This was the so-called "rake" raid which the prosecution says was forced on Becker by his superior officers, Mrs. Rosenthal testified also that when she buried her husband she had only \$100, all that had been left her by Rosenthal.

"We introduce this testimony," said Mr. Moss, because it has been claimed by the defense that gamblers gave Rosenthal \$25,000 or some sum to insure his silence."

SAW ROSE GIVE BECKER MONEY.
Members of the household of "Jack" Rose, Becker's alleged graft collector, told of frequent visits of the accused police officials to "Bald Jack's" home. Rose's maid swore Becker was accustomed to breakfast with her employer "nearly every day since Christmas."

Two waiters of the Union Square hotel, told of frequent meetings between Rose and Becker in the hotel dining-room, when they talked a long time. "One of the waiters said he saw Rose pass the police lieutenant a roll of bills."

Mrs. Rosenthal described a meeting of her husband and Becker at the Elks' club New Year's eve, when, she says, the lieutenant "put his arm around Herman's neck and said he was ready to do anything for my husband at any time."

QUOTES BECKER AS TO "LOAN."
Discussing the raid made by Becker, she testified Becker was at the Rosenthal home when detectives raided the gambling place. She added:

"I heard a hammering on the door and went down to let them in before they broke the door in. I couldn't find the key and went up stairs to see Mr. Becker. I said to Mr. Becker, 'For heaven's sake, what does this mean?' Mr. Becker said, 'It had to be Herman or me.' Then he said, 'Tell Herman that debt is off. I'll go down and tell that man to call it off, as Herman and I are square and he doesn't owe me that \$1,500.' I said, 'What man?' He said, 'Never mind what man. Herman knows.'"

Mrs. Rosenthal told of having seen her husband pass money to Rose.

The witness was turned over to the defense for cross-examination.

"Was Rose a partner with your husband in the gambling business?" asked Mr. McIntyre.

"Yes, until early in March or the last of February," replied the widow.

After Justice Goff had excluded several questions as leading Mr. McIntyre asked:

"Did you know of a plot to assault your husband planned when Rose, Webber, Schepps and Sam Paul were present?"

District Attorney Whitman objected and Mr. McIntyre excused the witness.

POLLOCK QUOTES BECKER.
Harry Pollock testified he saw Becker after the crime and told him Rose was at Pollock's house.

WAR OPENED BY TURKS ON TWO STATES

Bulgarian and Servian Ministers Are Given Their Passports.

ARMY NOW ON MOVE

Hostilities Begun by Ottoman Troops at Various Frontier Points.

BELGRADE, OCT. 17.—TWO HUNDRED ARNAUT TRIBESMEN WERE KILLED THIS MORNING IN A BATTLE WITH SERVIAN TROOPS ON THE FRONTIER NEAR PRIEPOLE. KING PETER LEFT FOR MISH.

London, Oct. 17.—War today became general throughout the Balkan peninsula. Turkey, for a week fighting with Montenegro, this morning issued a formal declaration of hostilities against Servia and Bulgaria. Greece was not mentioned in the official document delivered to the Servian and Bulgarian legations at Constantinople, and the Greek minister was not asked to leave the Turkish capital, as were his Servian and Bulgarian colleagues. The Turkish minister, however, left Athens without formalities. The declaration of war of Turkey places the blame upon Bulgaria and Servia. Kiamli Pasha, president of the council of state and real head of the Turkish government, has been desirous all along to avoid a fight with Greece, whose interests he recently told the Greek premier are identical with those of Turkey. He also desired to cede the island of Crete to Greece. The British cabinet held a session this morning to discuss the French proposal for a conference of the powers.

TURKEY ISSUES NOTICE.
Constantinople, Oct. 17.—A formal declaration of war against Servia and Bulgaria was published by Turkey today.

Hostilities were opened at 2:30 this morning by Turkish troops at various points on the Bulgarian and Servian frontiers. The Turkish army has been ordered to make a simultaneous forward movement. The powerful Turkish army concentrated near the Greek frontier has not yet been put into action. Turkey today handed the Servian and Bulgarian ministers here their passports.

GREEKS FORCE BLOCKADE.
Athens, Oct. 17.—Fighting between Greek and Turkish forces stationed along the frontier began today. Two Greek gunboats this morning forced a Turkish blockade at the entrance of the Gulf of Arta, one side of which is Turkish and the other Greek. They reached the Greek town of Vonitza with little damage from the heavy Turkish fire.

KING OFF FOR FRONT.
Sofia, Oct. 17.—King Ferdinand left for the headquarters of the Bulgarian army near the Turkish frontier.

MONTENEGRINS DEFEAT TURKS.
Podgoritz, Montenegro, Oct. 17.—The surrender of Berana to the Montenegrin forces was preceded by the severest fighting. Seven thousand Turks and Albanians escaped, but 1,200 troops, 14 guns and two months' supplies were captured.

Under cover of darkness the Montenegrins stormed two important positions of Rogame Heights and captured two Krupp guns with ammunition. During the night they entrenched themselves and the battle was resumed early in the morning.

In the meantime a Montenegrin division under General Vukotitch broke through the Turkish lines to the east and completed an enveloping movement.

When the garrison saw that they were completely surrounded they hoisted the white flag. Touching scenes were witnessed when the troops marched through the city. The whole population gathered on the streets to welcome their mountain kinsmen. People wept for joy at what they regarded the final release of the Servians from the subjection of centuries.

The king wired congratulations to the commanding general on his great victory. The news spread rapidly along the whole frontier and there was great rejoicing among the troops to whom the fall of Bernana was formally announced.

Copper Dividend.
New York, Oct. 17.—Directors of the Amalgamated Copper company declared a quarterly dividend of 1 1/2 per cent.

NEW WAY TO CARRY PISTOL.
Schrank had evolved a way to carry

SCHRANK CLAIMS FREE CONSCIENCE

Roosevelt's Assailant From Cell, Declares Nothing is Bothering Him.

BULLETS NOT POISONED

Man Who Fires Shot Found to Own \$25,000 New York Property.

Milwaukee, Wis., Oct. 17.—"Why shouldn't I sleep well? There's nothing bothering my conscience." This was Schrank's remark this morning when asked how he rested.

Schrank showed the sheriff several pages of written matter which he prepared yesterday, but refused to give them up. Part was written in German and part in English. It was headed, "Fortresses Are God," and consisted of a large number of disjointed sentences pertaining to third term candidates. The writing did not make much sense. Colonel Roosevelt, the district attorney said, would not be summoned to attend the trial. The large number of witnesses who saw the shooting will be sufficient.

NO POISON FOUND.
John Schrank did not poison the bullets with which he intended to shoot Colonel Roosevelt.

A chemical examination was made of the bullets which were not used and which were found in the revolver of the assassin, but no trace of poison was found. The examination was made by Sommer and Worthington, chemists, Wednesday.

"We made every kind of an examination possible," said Mr. Worthington, "but there was not a single trace. Of course, there is a chance that the one he used might have had poison on it, but it is hardly possible, since it was one of several bullets he might have used and which were not poisoned."

MADE EARLIER ATTEMPT.
One of the striking stories of the Roosevelt shooting in Milwaukee concerns an earlier effort of the assassin to kill him, and prevention of his act by the local police. Schrank, it appears from this story, was at the Northwestern station, loitering about when the Roosevelt train was expected, but Sergeant Gleason, in charge of the police detachment, saw him there and ordered him sent away. Before a policeman who was ordered to make the man move on could approach him, the man had seen Gleason's order and disappeared.

"We suspect everybody in a case like this," said Sergeant Gleason, "so no special report was made to headquarters of the man's behavior. However, after the shooting, when I saw Schrank at headquarters, I recognized him as the man we had driven from the station at 6 o'clock."

District Attorney Zabel announced that, inasmuch as Schrank has told the police that he has \$25,000 worth of property in New York, he will strenuously oppose any attempt to defend Schrank when he comes up for trial. He says that the state law permitting the court to engage counsel for prisoners applies only to poor men unable to pay for their own defense, and that as Schrank has property the court will not be permitted to name a counsel. So far Schrank has not manifested any desire to see a lawyer, and the local lawyers are not looking for the opportunity to defend him.

ENGAGES THREE ALIENISTS.
District Attorney Zabel has taken all the preliminary steps for the effort of the state to prevent the success of any possible plea of insanity. It was learned that Zabel yesterday named a commission of three alienists to test Schrank without his knowledge, watch his acts and converse with him, and it is understood that these men have been in the jail already in the guise of prisoners.

Zabel has not given out the names of the commissioners, but inasmuch as Dr. Walter Kempster, one of the alienists in the Guitau trial, who testified for the government at that time, is a Milwaukee man, it is presumed that he is one of those chosen. He is known widely for his work in this branch of medicine. There is no surmise as to the identity of the other alienists, except they may be men from the county asylum. Zabel says if the first commission is not certain in its report he will name a second commission.

Schrank put in most of yesterday writing, but so far nothing he has written has been made public. Sheriff Arnold says Schrank has not attempted to pass out of his cell anything that has been written.

The letters found on Schrank indicate a kind of mind known to alienists as paranoia, the mental disease from which the slayers of Garfield, McKinley and Mayor Carter Harrison, Chicago, as well as Harry K. Thaw suffered, in the opinion of Dr. F. F. Fowle, first assistant physician at the Milwaukee county asylum for the insane.

IS GONE 3 WEEKS; HOLDS BIG FUND
Aurora, Ill., Oct. 17.—Alfred A. Mottinger, 35, a prominent citizen of Plainfield who left town three weeks ago, has not been heard from or seen since. He was clerk of the village board and clerk of the school board and usually had \$25,000 of public funds in his custody at this time of year. His wife and relatives believe him temporarily deranged. He was twice county clerk of Will county.

SOX WIN TODAY

Chicago, Oct. 17.—Cheney and Archer for the Cubs, and Lange and Schalk for the Sox, were announced as the batter-ies for today's game in the city championship series.

The Sox won today's game, 8 to 5. This ties the two teams, each having won three games.

his revolver so that it would be at all times easy to get at and at the same time be out of sight. He cut a hole in his lower vest pocket on the left side. Through this hole he pushed the barrel of the revolver, allowing it to extend down between his trousers and body, so that only the handle was in the vest pocket. In this manner it was not visible and was obtainable at once. Schrank says he carried the revolver in this manner for days.

Schrank wants to be let alone. He is tired of the crowds of curious people.

"Now, Schrank," said Sheriff Arnold, "a number of people have asked to see you; several newspaper men outside want to talk with you, and there is a man who wants to take your picture. Do you want to see them?"

"No," said Schrank, "I am tired. I have told all that I know and I am not going to talk any more. They have taken about 40 pictures of me, and that ought to be enough for the newspapers in the entire United States."

Schrank is indignant because several of his questioners have seemed to doubt some of his statements.

"I have used my own money all the way through. When I get my papers here you will find out I own property in New York—a flat building. I have the deed for it in my suitcase in the Mosely hotel. I don't belong to any organization and I want people to believe that."

THOUGHT FRIENDS MIGHT COME.
Schrank told Sheriff Arnold not to permit anyone to see him unless some friends from New York came.

"Are you expecting friends from New York?"

"No, but some might come." "Who are those friends?"

"Oh, just some friends," he answered. "I guess they won't come any way, so it doesn't matter."

Schrank was asked whether he wanted to talk with a lawyer.

"Well," he replied, "if I don't get one the state will assign one to represent me, will it not?"

He was told that the court had the power to appoint a lawyer.

MOTHER SEEKING JOHNSON'S CLERK

Chicago, Oct. 17.—The police today questioned Jack Johnson, champion pugilist, regarding the whereabouts of Lucile Cameron, 19, for whom her mother in Minneapolis asked a search.

The girl is employed as cashier at Johnson's cafe. The pugilist said he knew where the girl was located, but refused to give the address, pleading the girl was anxious to avoid further publicity because of the recent suicide of his wife, to whom Miss Cameron was companion.

Captain Nootbaar said he learned nothing to tend to show Johnson was to blame in any way for the girl's whereabouts.

1 DEAD, 4 HURT IN AN AUTO WRECK

Chicago, Oct. 17.—C. W. Prior, editor of a trade publication, was instantly killed and Mrs. Prior and her 4-year-old daughter and Mrs. Walker and her daughter were seriously injured today when Prior's automobile left the road on a steep hill near Hinsdale, a suburb, and turned over.

A New Misdemeanor.
Springfield, Ill., Oct. 17.—The Illinois Anti-Horse Thief association will ask the state legislature to pass a law, which will make it an offense to trespass on property owned by farmers unless they have secured the consent of the farmers. This was decided upon at the annual convention held in this city yesterday and which was attended by 260 delegates representing that many districts in the state.

BUY UP VOTES OF MEN JUST LIKE CATTLE

Detroit Primary is Thus Described by Taft Supporter.

LAVISH USE OF MONEY

County Convention Delegates Demand and Are Paid as High as \$300.

Washington, Oct. 12.—Lavish use of money by supporters of President Taft in the Michigan primary campaign was charged before the Clapp committee today by James O. Murfin, a Detroit lawyer. Murfin said when he and Captain Alger raised \$1,500 and offered it to John D. McKay, in charge of the Taft campaign, McKay said he had plenty money—more than he ever had before in any campaign. Murfin testified he understood McKay to have said that candidates for delegates to county conventions were "holding him up" for as much as \$300 each.

MOST CORRUPT KNOWN.
"It is a matter of general knowledge that the primaries in Detroit this year were the most corrupt on both sides ever known," said Murfin. "Just as bad on one side as on the other, but our people were the most skillful and we got the delegates. But both were absolutely rotten. Both sides bartered for delegates like so many sheep. Some accepted money from both sides."

NEW YORK BANK RECORD.
A copy of the republican national committee's bank account of 1904 at the Fourth National bank, New York, placed in evidence today, showed one deposit of \$240,000 in the latter days of October of that year. That was the sum of the disputed "Harriman" fund and the approximate time of its collection. Chairman Cortelyou of the national committee of 1904, said Treasurer Bliss told him there were no contributions from Standard Oil. Cortelyou also said Roosevelt was not active in the 1904 campaign.

Frank Munsey testified his total contributions to Roosevelt's campaign this year were \$118,000. His pre-convention contribution to the national campaign was \$67,000, and the balance was given to the state committee.

Munsey estimated the total expenditures of the Roosevelt pre-convention campaign at \$574,000, not including "dribbets" of five and ten thousand.

LAWSON ON PARKER FUND.
Thomas W. Lawson of Boston told the Clapp committee he understood the Standard Oil "had contributed" to Parker's campaign for the presidency in 1904. He said he once supplied "proof in a general way" that the company spent \$500,000 to \$700,000 in Mr. Parker's behalf.

HE HELPED DOWN TEDDY'S ASSAILANT

Henry F. Cochems.

Henry F. Cochems, Wisconsin progressive leader, was one of the men who helped down John Schrank, the would-be assassin of Colonel Roosevelt, at Milwaukee. Cochems is a graduate of the University of Wisconsin and of Harvard, and was a famous athlete while in college. He demonstrated that he still possesses some of his athletic prowess when he helped Martin, Roosevelt's stenographer, down and disarm Teddy's assailant.

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