THE TIMES.

DODGE CITY, THURSDAY, MAY 26.

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N. B. KLAINE, Editor and Publisher.

ADVERTISING RATES.

REGULAR ADVERTISEMENTS one dollar per inch space per month.

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☞ The DODGE CITY TIMES has a large and growing circulation in Ford and adjoining counties, and is a valuable advertising medium. ☜

Three thousand buildings are said to be going up in Wichita.

Columbus and Oswego are shipping strawberries by the carloads.

Hutchinson has organized a fair association with $50,000 capital.

Topeka is increasing in population at the rate of over 1,000 a month.

It is said that a three foot vein of coal has been found at Solomon City at a depth of fifty feet. It is reported to be cannel coal, the best known.

In some sections of the country the chinch bugs have put in their appearance in great numbers, and have already done considerable mischief to the growing crops.—Garden City Sentinel.

This year will probably witness the last of the range business in southeast Colorado. The settlers are coming in so fast, and so much land is being fenced that the range is about destroyed.

Arkansas City, Winfield and Wellington are having piles of fun out of the prospective Santa Fe shops, and they take turns booming on the strength of them. Winfield has them this week.

Jesse James, the notorious bandit, is reported as having turned up in Arizona, alive and full of vigor. He proposes by convincing evidence to show that his alleged assassination was a ruse. Our great men are not passing away as rapidly as we had hoped.—Ex.

The word boom is all right. It fills a want which cannot be supplied by a substitute, but we would like to see some one coin a word or two from the newspaper fiends who cannot write a personal without wringing in someting about "best girl" and "pleasant call."—Ex.

A Topeka judge has decided that it was the plain duty of the county officer to oppose the granting of permits as vigorously and persistently as he would prosecute a criminal in the interests of the county, and the result is that there is considerable opposition in many localities from reputable druggists who want to sell liquor.

A paper mailed from this city to Hatfield February 23d reached its destination May 16th. It made the rounds of almost all the postoffices in western and southern Kansas. This is only another instance of the manner in which the postal service is conducted in Kansas, but there is no virtue in kicking, so the people must grin and bear it until such time as the people can kick this reform administration out.—Garden City Sentinel.

A better outlook for an abundant harvest never greeted the farmers of southern Kansas as we enjoy in our locality at present. Corn is looking exceedingly well and is growing very rapidly since last week's rains have so well watered it. Small grains have never promised better returns, and likewise everything that our farmers have put into the ground seems sure to return to our husbandmen a tenfold harvest, to the glory and upbuilding of glorious old Clark.—Clark Co. Chief.

A man by the name of Young, who came here a year ago and located southeast of the city a few miles, said: I put in my wheat and oats the first of March against the advice of all my neighbors, who said that I was crowding the season, and that it would never come without rain, etc. But it sprouted and grew fully two inches before we had rain. There was moisture enough in the ground to keep the grain growing another month. It beats all I ever saw the way the soil holds moisture.—Norton Courier.

Talk about Kansas going backward—it is utterly impossible. Its western resources have scarcely been touched yet. Millions of people can find homes and profitable employment here. There are millions of acres of the most productive soils on earth over which no plow has ever passed. There are farms of thousands of acres whose productive capacity has never been tested. When these farms are cut up into forty and twenty acre tracts, and the labor put upon them that is given at the east, the production will astonish the world. There is little inducement for capital and labor in the older states; the avenues for profitable investment of either are all filled. The young life and energy must come west, and no place this side of the Mississippi river is more inviting than Kansas. The state will move rapidly on in the highway of prosperity until every inch of soil is made productive.—Atchison Patriot.

When cattle were twenty dollars 'round nearly everybody wanted cattle. Now when they can be had for less than half that figure, hardly anybody wants cattle. When sheep were three or four dollars per head, nearly everybody wanted sheep. When they got down to a dollar very few people wanted them, and those few were regarded as lunatics. Now that sheep are going up again, inquiry for them is on the increase. It will be the same way with cattle. They are offered much below their intrinsic value, and therefore must go higher. Everybody admits this, but for some reason we never heard explained, they prefer to wait till they go up a few dollars before they buy. This is not true of everybody. Even now, we know men who are straining their credit to the last notch in cattle and grass for them to eat. They will make the money that somebody else has lost, and will be called lucky. In this world, luck and sense are so very intimately blended that it is hard to draw between them the line of demarkation.—San Antonio Stockman.

ALL KANSAS ABOOM.

The Kansas phenomenon is the wonder of the age. How the cities grow like magic, keeping ahead of the settlements in the rural districts. This prodigious growth is explained in the energy and push of the people. It is one story, and the Garden City Sentinel rustler describes it as follows:

However much matters may be rushing at home, it does one good to get out occasionally and see how things are progressing at other points throughout the state and compare notes. It is hard to realize the vast amount of improvment now taking place in Kansas. We read it in the papers and hear it talked on all sides until it becomes an old story, and yet it is past realization without seeing with one's own eyes. Seeing is believing.

A few days ago a representative of the Sentinel had occasion to visit Wichita, sometimes called by envious cavillers "the windy wonder," but dubbed by Marsh Murdoc "the Peerless Princess of the plains." See the p-oint? Having been cautioned many times that the first visit to Wichita would occasion surprise in the visitor, the writer made room for a full assortment of surprise, but was not prepared for a flood. Spread out over more than thirty square miles of territory, the city is embowered by trees that the visitor who undertakes to look at it from any single point, fails to take in its vastness. On the occasion already mentioned, a company of newspaper men from various parts of Kansas and Missouri spent some hours in business in the sumptuous parlor fitted up by Wichita citizens, which constitutes the editorial sanctum of the "Eagle" and then, after dining with M. M. Murdock, who is its prophet, a committee of the Board of Trade of Wichita loaded the editorial party into cabs and took them for a drive around town. for three hours the party was treated to a succession of amazements at the number, variety, taste and evident costliness of the residences, business houses and educational institutions in course of erection. Wichita has been made by the enterprise, energy, push and united effort of the livest set of business men to be found anywhere. They are of the broad gauge order in every particular and hold together and work together like a disciplined army, or the parts of a machine. Before such energy and co-operation no obstacle can amount to more than an incentive to work. They are absolutely irresistable in anything they earnestly undertake and have made Wichita the wonder that it is to every person who has really taken in the magnitude of the place. The whole state may well be proud of Wichita and wish them continued success and growth. She is not only a thoroughly Kansas institution, but is an inspiration and example to all her younger and lesser sisters. Real estate in and around the city is up to what might be termed fancy prices, it is true, but the people think they are able to stand it.

Hutchinson is another example of what can be done by a real live Kansas town by people who know how to work together. They have waterworks, electric lights and the telephone, all in one plant, costing over one hundred and twenty thousand dollars; have miles of beautiful streets, lined and adorned with fine buildings and shaded by trees. On every hand can be seen the evidences of public spirited, united enterprise. Against heavy odds Hutchinson has secured competing railways, has built up and fostered home undertakings and is booming along to-day on the high road to great and assured prosperity. Kinsley, also, has taken advantage of her opportunities and has added largely to population, buildings, material wealth and outward appearance this season.

And so, if one should visit hundreds of the towns and cities of southwest Kansas he would find things fairly humming; buildings, public and private laid out and waiting for building material; street railways and railroads, electric light plants, water works, mannfacturing enterprises, educational institutions, churches and the thousand and one components of a real, solid, come to stay progress, on every hand.

AMERICA FOR AMERICANS.

Peoria Journal.

The latest in regard to the Knights of Labor is the story that they are to form a new political party whose watchword is to be, "America for Americans." It is said that over 30,000 signatures have already endorsed the principles of the new party, and that before the summer is over the number will be swelled to over 1,000,000. The chief plank in the platform will be a demand for the restriction of immigration. The movement has been secret save its minor manifestations in California. The large increase of adherents is expected through the many thousands of names secured to a petition now in circulation in various lodges throughout the country asking from the judges of Illinois the execution of a death sentence against the Chicago anarchist. David Dudley Field is looked upon by some as the standard bearer, while others lean toward Senator Ingalls. Philadelphia is the headquarters of the party. The object is to rid the country of foreign anarchists. There is no religion in the platform. The party demands the protection of American labor as well as American produce. A prominent man in the movement wants to see the gates shut down on immigrants and the naturalization laws amended. According to this their belief is that the foreigners are not becoming Americanized, but Americans are becoming Europeanized. T. V. Powderly, when spoken to about the new party, declared that in his opinion a fence 500 feet high should be built arond the United States to keep out foreign enterlopers, and that were it in his power he would prohibit the entrance of every foreigner into this country who had not money enough in his pocket to pay five month's board. It is thought that the utterances of Mr. Powderly may antagonize the alien element—presumably a large and influential one—of the Knights of Labor. Sink or float, however, one thing seems quite assured—the new American policy is launched.

THE STATE OF TRADE.

R. G. Dun & Co., in their weekly trade review say: The most important news of the week, if confirmed, is that the Inter-State Commerce Commission will revoke all temporary suspensions of the short haul clause, terminating them July 1. The revolution in business must therefore progress until its full effects has been realized. Some of them are seen in the contract taken by the Canadian Pacific to move eastward the wool of California and 10,000,000 pounds of sugar, and in the marked revival ol shipments "Around the Horn." Others appear in the decline of trade at the large centers of distribution and the mannfacture increase of distribution at smaller towns, with an upspringing of new manufacturing works at many localities. For twenty-five years, the railroads have been annihilating barriers of distance. The new law tends to restore the old barriers and to put sections, cities and towns further away from each other. Closely connected are the numerous labor troubles most of which grow out of narrowed fields for distribution of products. Local reports are generally encouraging with no instances of unusual delays in connections. Where business is deemed dull it is in every case pronounced larger than at the same season last year. A remarkable feature is that money is repoeted in abundant supply everwhere except Chicago and New York, while the demand is said to be more limited at Detroit, but very good at Cleveland, where the largest rates are reported, as at Omaha 8 to 10 per cent. Capitalists offer banks large sums at six per cent, which are refused. Real estate speculation is maintained there and at other points by the rapid investment of local and eastern capital. At Nashville the ruling excitement is the coming sale of lots in the new town, West Nashville, where new iron works are to be located. The increased demand for money at Chicago springs from wheat speculation, and produce operators are busily seeking assurances of more aid from banks, while New York exchange falls to 40 per cent discount. Wheat rose 2 cents last Saturday, but weakened again, and after a week of uncertainty with sales of 32,000,000 bushels here, closes less than a cent above last week. Corn and oats are weaker, oil over 1 cent lower; pork products dull, and sugar unchanged. In coffee there has been a wild advance, with sales of 952,500 bags here, but the rise of 1 cent is wholly speculative. Stock speculation has been active with some advance, but the American public is not absorbing securities. The enormous offering on the Paris loan and the low rate for money at London, account for the temporary use of large amounts here. The weak point is the decline of 3 per cent in produce exports for the past three weeks against an increase of 5 per cent in imports. In dry goods a strong improvement in cottons causes an advance in many brown and bleached goods, and drills with standard browns at 7¼ cents, but the exceeding dullness in woolens continues unreleaved. The recent heavy failures in German houses in the American trade discloses over-production and unprofitable competion on that side. The businrss failures during the last seven days number for the United States 152; for Canada 28. Total 180, against 167 last week, and 167 for the corresponding week last year. Failures in the south are very light, and the other sections of the country are below the average, perhaps, except in the Pacific States and Canada, where casualties are on the increase.

All indications go to show that in a short time the K. P. & W. and the D. M. & A. will be finished and running trains to this point. The first place in southeast Ford county to be reached by the railroads. Everything is very much in our favor that if Mullenville and Dodge people take hold of the matter in the proper manner we are almost sure of a branch of the great Rock Island diverging from the main line at Mullenville and making Fonda, Ford to Dodge. The proposed line for the branch of the Rock Island has features about it which commend it far above all the other proposed lines, a few of which we may be permitted to mention: 1st. Leaving Mullenville and diverging northwest to the section line running on the north side of Fonda, it can run this air line the entire distance to one mile west of Fonda and be on a line that will be by thousands of dollars easier and cheaper to construct than any line that can be found. 2nd. It will run through a very fertile country, well watered, and in which water can be obtained much easier than the proposed line south of us. The fourth line of road is the north and south road from Concordia to the southeast, this line will doubtless run on the north side of the river until nearly due north of us, and then cross the river through the finest gap in the sand, thus allowing us to have a line making for Ashland and other points in the southwest. We say today that we stand the best chance of any town in the county of being the second railroad center to Dodge City. We are entitled to this by the advantages of our situation, this fact is growing more apparent every day and the general public is fast becoming cognizent of the fact and are investigating all these things with a view to making an early use of these great advantages.—Fonda Democrat.

THE WINFIELD ASSEMBLY.

The railroads of the state have granted one-half rates of fare to those attending the Chatauqua Assembly, which meets in Island Park, Winfield, June 7th, to 18th. Among the eminent persons who will participate in the exercises are Senator Horr, Chaplain McCabe, Ex-Senator Bruce, Rev. Sam Jones, Governor Martin, Ex-Governor Anthony, Col. Geo. W. Bain, Dr. Henson and many others. The city of Winfield is noted for the beauty of its surroundings, and Island Park is said to be one of the finest parks in the state. Buildings have been erected and arrangements made for a large gathering.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

The following is a complete list of all real estate transfers in Ford county, for the week ending Saturday, May 21st, 1887, as compiled by Jernigan & Lee, abstractors and conveyancers:

W J Fitzgerald to Emma E Root lot 10 12 S blk 4 Shinn's add Dodge City	400 00
G F Haskins to A V Hite se qr 4 29 25	1000 00
Geo Kile to S P Ewing nw qr 8 27 22	2400 00
B M Legg to S P Ewing se qr 8 27 22	2800 00
J L Mitchell to S P Ewing ne qr 9 27 22	2400 00
E Chilcote to S P Ewing lot 1 and s hf of ne qr and se qr of nw qr 28 26 22	3480 00
A W English to S P Ewing nw qr 33 26 22	2000 00
S J Crumbine to S P Ewing se qr 15 27 22	2400 00
J W Stamats to S P Ewing ne qr 32 26 22	3200 00
C P Elliott to S P Ewing sw qr 23 27 22	3000 00
W C English to S P Ewing nw qr 34 26 22	2050 00
G A Mathews to S P Ewing sw qr 33 26 22	2710 00
W G West to S P Ewing se qr 4 27 22	2960 00
E Redman to S P Ewing ne qr 34 26 22	2085 00
J M Hastings to Mary E Harmony blk 5 McClure Place add Dodge City	575 00
J M Hastings to Mary E Harmony blks 27 28 29 lots 2 5 8 10 11 16 blk 6 lot 3 blk 13 lots 1 2 3 9 12 13 blk 14 lots 6 11 blk 15 lots 6 11 blk 16 and lot 4 blk 17 McClure Place add to Dodge City	5000 00
S Dawson to L E McGarry, et al lot 3 blk 34 Dodge City	2000 00
Thos Rouse to L L Dysert se qr 19 27 25	1200 00
F Skinner to Ella Thurstan sw qr 9 28 22	1800 00
W C Shinn to O Marsh nw qr of sw qr 2 27 25	1150 00
Annie E Cooper to A H Wells sw qr 34 26 23	900 00
Lizzie Hibbard to O M Roberts lot 5 blk 40 Ford	350 00
O M Roberts to R G Jones lot 5 blk 40 Ford	500 00
D Fisher to J W Powers nw qr 29 28 23	1250 00
S D Hobson to J W Powers sw qr 4 28 23	1300 00
O Ittleson to G L Ensign ne qr 13 29 23	2000 00
S McIlvan to J A Norris e hf of se qr 2 29 24	200 00
H R Doughtery to James Langton lots 15 16 sec 29 sw qr of sw qr sec 28 and part of n hf of ne qr 32 26 24	4500 00
J W Hughlett to F E Ford hf of s hf of se qr and ne qr of se qr and se qr of ne qr 6 28 22	1620 00
David Wild to J A Arment pt of blk 3 Dodge City	350 00
Ark V T & L Co to Kate H Walden lots 1 2 3 blk 47 and lots 9 10 blk 61 Cimarron	322 00
J W Hobbie to Susie Rankin pt of lot 11 M Collar's add Dodge City	175 00
C A Lane to W W Dunn lots 1 2 blk 25 Fonghty's add to Cimarron	125 00
J E Fishbock to South Ark V T Co nw qr 18 29 23	2250 00
H C Graten to H Mitchner lots 3 4 blk 29 Cimarron Land Co's add Cimarron	70 00
Mrs G L Hendricks to P B Martin blk 1 Shinn's add Dodge City	1500 00
M W Brown to J R Brown lot 1 blk 5 Wilburn	150 00
E G Hudson to N C Frederiksen sec 1 25 27	3515 60
Union Town Co to Dale Wallace lots 1 2 3 blk 30 Ford	350 00
G L Ensign to Minnie A Beery lot 4 blk 41 Cimarron	1500 00
Ford Town Co to W Catright lots 17 18 blk 60 Ford	65 00
L K McIntyre to H R Brown lot 3 blk 55 Dodge City	250 00
J A Boblet to C E Argabright lot 1 2 and e hf of nw qr 18 27 21	1500 00
W C Shinn to R H Thorton lots 49 51 53 55 57 59 blk 34 Fairview add Dodge City	1550 00
E F Sheldon to R S Pinegar hf of lot 9 blk 35 Cimarron	1500 00
M Collar to Julia Goodmun blk 21 Enterprise add Dodge City	1250 00
Robert Downs to C M Brown se qr 13 29 24	1000 00
N C Van Hern to Jas Langton lot G Shin's add Dodge City	200 00
J S Pendleton to G G Muny lots 11 12 blk 46 Ford	600 00
J S Rush to J S Bagby lot 7 blk 21 Dodge City	300 00
Ark V T & L Co to C W Jewell lot 4 blk 39 Cimarron	50 00
L J Watkins to D C Shannon sw qr 1 29 24	1200 00
Martha A Nichols to N C Frederiksen lots 3 4 and e hf of sw qr 7 28 27	880 00
W N Lock to N C Frederiksen e hf of nw qr 34 27 25	475 00
Dodge City Town Co to Moses Delaney lots 11 12 blk 33 Dodge City	120 00
Ark O T & L Co to L J Skinner lot 12 blk 69 Cimarron	150 00
L J Skinner to W D Deneal lot 12 blk 69 Cimarron	800 00
C P Elliott to S P Ewing se qr 23 27 22	3000 00
M Collar to W S Green lot 7 blk 10 Dodge City	200 00
W H Harris to Mrs Lena Ryan 22 ft of lots 18 19 20 Chestnut st Dodge City	2350 00
M A Lillard to Robt Downs n hf of se qr & n hf of sw qr 15 28 23	1200 00
Frank Warren to O H Peacock hf of s 50 ft of lots 41 43 45 47 Locust st Dodge City	800 00
Frank Warren to L N Palmer hf of s 50 ft lots 41 43 45 47 Spruce st Dodge City	800 00
W S Pagan to R. H Thornton hf of ne qr 31 29 23	800 00
A H Boyd to R A Thornton lots 5 6 blk 13 Boyd's add Dodge City	215 00
A H Boyd to R A Thornton lots 9 10 blk 18 Boyd's add Dodge City	180 00
J L Barnett to J C Brown ne qr 14 29 22	800 00
H T McNeal to W B Dickie lots 1 2 blk 21 Boyer's add Dodge City	500 00
J W Howe to L M Danford lot 18 blk 32 Ford	50 00
A H Boyd to Geo Pagan Sr lots 7 8 9 10 11 12 blk 10 Boyd's add Dodge City	700 00
W C Shinn to Geo Pagan Sr pt of lot 27 Chesnut st Dodge City	500 00
C M Simons to G W Holmes e hf 33 26 25	1600 00
G M Goldsmith to C M Simons s hf 33 26 26	3500 00
J D Shaffer to S L Shaffer lot 13 blk 22 Spearville and e hf of se qr and nw qr of se qr and ne qa of sw qr 28 26 22	1800 00
J E VanVoorhis to J D Shaffer lot 13 blk 22 Spearville	150 00
Henry Dowdy to Ida I Campbell lot 3 blk 26 Dodge City	250 00
D G & T J Stratton to Chas Dixon lot 5 blk 60 Cimarron	150 00

WRIGHT WRINKLES.

—Thomas Person at the section house was taken sick Saturday, and has had to be taken to the hospital, at Emporia.

—Our two new grocery stores are building up a steady and increasing trade.

—Wm. Hunt now handles the mail and tosses the mail pouches. Edwin Kinsey having resigned.

—Mrs. Frank Davidson was very sick last week, but is reported much better.

A WHOPPER.

A cat fish weighing 79½ pounds was caught in the Arkansas river and the whole of it sold in a lump. It was shipped to the St. Louis market. Our reporter tried hard to get a slice but the owners would not allow the fish to be cut. The monster realized the lucky fisherman $27.32. The head of this fish was cut off and can be seen at the house of Mr. John F. Isamith, south of Alden and about a mile across the river. The head weighs 19½ pounds. Mr. Isamith and two sons who caught the fish, recently moved to this section from below Cairo and are old Mississippi river fishermen. They say that cat fish of this size are rare in the Mississippi as high up as Cairo, although lower down they are frequently caught much larger. The Sterling fishing party perhaps would have fared better nearer home.—Sterling Republican.

Petitions have been circulated here during the past few days asking the county commissioners to call an election to vote on the proposition of extending aid to the Rock Island, Dodge City & Denver, and the Dodge City, Montezuma & Trinidad railroads.—Ford Gazette.

LOOK OUT FOR HIM.

A very slick man is traveling through this country selling groceries to the farmers. He calls "eighty dollar lots," that is good to the amount of eighty dollars, taking the farmers' notes payable one year from date. It is not so much the amount of groceries or the quality, that attracts the farmer as it is the promise for the future which the slick talker makes. He is going to revolutionize the grocery business, and sell the farmers their goods at wholesale rates, etc., etc. in fact, he will promise almost anything in order to sell a bill of goods and get a note of eighty dollars. These notes are of course sold as soon as possible. When the farmer receives his bill of goods he is disappointed, both in quality and in quantity. In fact, he can get better goods for less money at the various grocery houses in Wellington. The operations of this individual have been carried on on an extensive scale. One man informs us that he has sold eighty bills in his neighborhood, or over six thousand dollars worth. —Wellington Press.

SHERWOOD & DICKINSON,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

BARGAINS EVERY DAY IN CITY AND COUNTRY PROPERTY.

We give especial attention to the Sale of City Property, and have on our books a full list of all the most desirable business and residence lots in the city at Low Prices and on Liberal Terms. Any parties wishing to invest either large or small amounts in Real Estate will surely find it to their advantage to call at our office before buying.

MONEY TO LOAN

ON REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.

Correspondence Solicited. Business for Non-Residents Promptly Attended to.

Office: Ground floor in Beeson Block. DODGE CITY, KANSAS.

McCLURE PLACE.

AN ADDITION

TO DODGE CITY, KANSAS.

84 ACRES IMMEDIATELY EAST OF THE WATER WORKS STAND PIPE and ADJOINING BOYD'S ADDITION on the North has been Platted into

THREE HUNDRED NICE LARGE RESIDENCE LOTS,

and Placed on Record.

FOR 15 DAYS, COMMENCING APRIL 21st, 1887, LOTS in this ADDITION

Will be for sale at a GREAT REDUCTION. Come quick. Now is the time to secure a Rargain. TERMS: ONE-THIRD CASH, Balance payable in six and twelve months.

Call at The Dodge City Land, Law and Loan Company, Under Gluck's Jewelry Store.

EXEMPTIONS IN KANSAS.

Kansas not only pays good wages, but makes ample provision for its poor. The provisions of law concisely stated, are as follows:

A homestead to the extent of one hundred and sixty acres of farming land, or one acre within the limits of an incorporated city, occupied as a residence by the family of the owner, together with the improvements on the same, shall be exempt from forced sale under any process of law, and shall not be alienated except by joint consent of husband and wife, when that relation exists.

No value is affixed to the homestead. It may be worth a million dollars. No personal property is exempt for the wages of a servant, mechanic, laborer or clerk. Every person residing in this state, and becoming the head of a family, shall have exempt from siezure, attachment, execution or other process issued from any court in the state, family bibles, school books family library, famly pictures, musical instruments used by the family, one sewing machine, one spinning wheel, one cooking stove and appendages necessary for the use of the debtor or his family, and all the implements and all other household furniture not herein mentioned not exceeding $500; two cows, ten hogs, one span of horses or mules, or in their stead, one yoke of oxen and one horse or mule, twenty sheep and their wool, necessary food for the support of the stock for one years, 2 plows, and other farming implements not exceeding in value $200; grain, meat, vegetables, groceries for family one year; the tools, etc., etc., ments of any mechanic, and implements of any person, kept for the purpose of carrying on his business, and not exceeding $400 in value, library and implements and office furniture of any professional man.

L. K. McIntyre, one of the most popular men of Dodge, was in town Wednesday in the interest of the Rock Island line in the interest of the Rock Island, Dodge City & Denver, and the Dodge City, Montezuma & Trinidad Railway.—Ford Gazette.

Ordinance No. 131.

[Published May 26, 1887.]

AN ORDINANCE providing for a business license tax and to repeal Ordinance No. 54, Ordinance No. 57, Ordinance No. 62, Ordinance No. 81 and Ordinance No. 84, of the city of Dodge City.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Councilmen of the city of Dodge City, Kansas,

SECTION I. That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons companies or corporations to engage in any branches of business or industry within the corporate limits of the city of Dodge City set forth in section three of this ordinance, without first having obtained a license therefor, signed by the Mayor and countersigned by the Clerk of the City and attested by the seal of said city.

SECTION II. No license shall be granted under the provisions of this ordinance by the Mayor until the person or persons companies or corporations having applied for the same shall first have paid the amount required to the City Treasurer and filed the receipt therefor with the City Clerk.

SECTION III. That the license tax on the following trades, professions and avocations be as follows:

Auctioneers of manufactured goods on the street per day, $10.
Auction houses per year, $50.00.
Auctioneers not otherwise mentioned, $10.
Abstract makers per year, $25.
Artists per year, $15.
Boarding Houses, per year, $10.
Billiard tables for one table per year, $15.
For each additional table per year, $10.
Banks per year $50.
Bowling alley per year $15.
Butchers per year $25.
Brick yards per year, $25.
Barber shops per year one chair, $5.
Each additional chair $2.50.
Blacksmiths, one forge per year, $15.
Each additional forge per year, $10.
Bath houses first tub, $5.
Bath houses, each additional tub $2.50.
Cigar and tobacco store per year, $15.
Contractors and builders per year $50.
Contractors per year, $25.
Commission merchants per year, $15.
Concerts per day, $5.
Live stock dealers, per year, $10,
Coal yards per year $25.
Confectioners per year, $20.

Provided than when a party carries on the business of confectionery in connection with any other business the license tax shall be $5 per year.

Corn doctors, (transient) per day, $2.
Candy manufacturer, per year, $50.

Provided that when a party carries on the business of candy manufacturing in connection with any other business the license tax shall be $25 per year.

Cigar factory, per year, $15.
Circuses, per day, $100.
Doctors, per year, $10.
Dentists, (resident) per year, $15.
Dentists, (transient) per day, $5.
Druggists, per year, $25.
Dealers in stone, per year, $10.
Dray, carts, hacks, and other vehicles used for transporting goods from place to place, per year $15.
Express companies, per year, $25.
Electric light companies, per year, $25.
Furniture dealers and undertakers per year $25.
Flouring mills per year $25.
Fruit stalls and lemonade stands per year $10.
Fur, hide and pelt dealers per year $15.
Gift enterprises per day 10.
Grocers per year $25.
General merchandise per year $50.

Provided that when any party shall take out a general merchandise license he shall be exempt from any other merchandise license tax.

The term, general merchandise, as used in this ordinance shall be construed to mean any place of business where more than one line of goods is kept in stock.

Gunsmiths per year $10.
Hotels, first class, charging $2 per day or upwards, per year, $50.
Hotels second class, charging less than $2 per day, per year $25.
Hotel runners or solicitors, per year $10.
Hackney or livery carriages, per year, $15.
Insurance companies, including accident, life, fire or marine insurance companies, per year, $25.
Ice dealers, per year, $25.
Intelligence offices, per year, $10.
Insurance agents, per year, $15.
Jewellers, per year, $15.
Livery stable keepers, per year, $25.
Lawyers, per year. $10.
Lumber dealers, per year, $25.
Locksmiths, per year, $10.
Lunch counter, per year, $15.
Lung testers, per day, $3.
Loan agents, per year, $25.
Laundry, per year, $20.
Merchants selling one line of merchandise, per year $25.
Money brokers, per year, $25.
Millinery, per year, $25.
Milk dealers, per year, $25.
Additional wagon per year, first wagon $15, each additional $10.
Muscle testers, per day, $3.
Newspapers, per day, $3.
Omnibuses and publishing houses per year $25.
Operas houses, per year each, $15, per day, $5.
Photo houses, per year, $50.
Public halls, per year, $25.

Peddlers of any description, per day, $5. (This shall not apply to any farmer or gardner selling the produce of his farm.)

Pawn brokers, per year, $50.
Photographists, per year, $15.
Porters, per year, $5.
Public Lectures, when admission fee is charged, per day, $5.
Patent right dealer, per day, $10.
Street exhibitions, per day, $5.
Pistol or shooting gallery, per year, $15.
Plumbers, per year, $25.
Planing mills, per year, $25.
Street railroads per year $25.
Real estate agents, per year, $25. This term shall include all persons selling real estate on commission.
Real estate brokers, per year, $25.
Restaurants, per year, $15.
Stock and bond brokers, per year, $50.
Saddle and harness dealers, per year, $25.
Stationers, per year, $15.
Second hand dealers, per year, $25.
Soda and mineral waters factories, per year, $25.
Skating rinks, per year, $25.
Shows, per day, $5.

The word "show" shall include slight of hand performences, tumbling feats or any exhibition for pay.

Theatrical performances not under contract, per day, $5.

The words "theatrical performances" shall include all dramatic exhibitions of every character for pay, except scientific and literary lectures, and entertainments given exclusively by the citizens of this city.

Telephone companies, per year, $25.
Tailor shops, per year, $25.
Ticket Brokers, per year, $15.
Wagon yards or corrals per year $15.
Water Works company per year $50.
Wagon and carriage manufacturers per year $25.

SECTION IV. All license issued in pursuance of any of the provisions of this ordinance, except when the fee to be paid for the same is fixed by this ordinance per day, shall be from the last day of June to the last day of June following, unless issued between such dates, then and in that event, the same shall be from the date of issuance to the last day of June following, and the amount of such tax shall be pro-rated in proportion as the length of time from the date of issuance to the last day of June following, shall bear to one year, the time to be reckoned from the 1st day of the month in which the application is made for a license, PROVIDED, that the license holder may remove his business from one place to another on such license.

SECTION V. Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction before the Police Judge shall be fined in any sum not less than five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars.

SECTION VI. It shall be the duty of the Marshal, Assistant Marshal or any policeman in the city of Dodge City, upon the violation of this ordinance, to at once notify the City Attorney, or in his absence, the Police Judge, who will cause the offending parties to be brought before the Police Judge and dealt with according to the provisions of this ordinance.

SECTION VII. Any person or persons continuing after any complaint is filed before the Police Judge, in practicing, prosecuting or carrying on any of the trades, occupations or business mentioned in Section 3 of this ordinance without having procured a license as herein before provided, shall upon conviction, be fined in any sum, not less than five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution; and the continuing of such practice, profession or business after each and every complaint, shall be deemed a separate violation of this ordinance, and any one upon conviction thereof may be fined in any sum not less than five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, and costs of prosecution.

SECTION VIII. Whenever any of the trades, occupations, professions, or business herein before enumerated shall be practiced, prosecution or carried on by any company, co-partnership or corporation, it shall be sufficient for such company, co-partnership or corporation, to obtain a license therefore and the individual members shall not be required to have a separate license.

SECTION IX. No license granted shall be assignable or transferable nor shall any person or persons, company or corporation be authorized to do business or act under such license but to the person or persons, company or corporation to whom it is granted nor shall any license authorize any person or persons, company or corporation to act under it at more than one place at the same time, nor at any other time than is therein specified.

SECTION X. Ordinance No. 54; Ordinance No. 57; Ordinance No. 62; Ordinance No. 81; Ordinance No 84 and all other ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict with this ordinance is hereby repealed.

SECTION XI. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the Dodge City TIMES.

Passed the Council May 24th, 1887.
Attest: GEO. F. JONES, City Clerk.
Approved May 24th, 1887.
R. W. TARBOX, Mayor.

Ordinance No. 132.

[Published May 26th, 1887.]

AN ORDINANCE in regard to fences within the corporate limits of the city of Dodge City, Kansas:

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Councilmen of the city of Dodge City:

SECTION I. It shall be unlawful to build, erect, construct or maintain within the corporate limits of the city of Dodge City, around or upon any lot, park or enclosure, what is commonly known or termed a barbed wire fence, whether the same be constructed with one wire or more.

SECTION II Any fence of the kind or discription mentioned in the first section of this ordinance now existing within the corporate limits of the city of Dodge City, shall be deemed and is hereby declared to be a public nuisance, and the owner or owners thereof shall remove the same within thirty days after the passage and publication of this ordinance.

SECTION III. Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding twenty-five dollars.

SECTION IV. This ordinance shall be in force from and after its publication, once, in the Dodge City TIMES.

Passed the Council May 18th, 1887.
Attest: GEO. F. JONES, City Clerk.
Approved May 18th, 1887.
R. W. TARBOX, Mayor.

Ordinance No. 133.

[Published May 26th, 1887]

AN ORDINANCE fixing the salary of the City Treasurer.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Councilmen of the city of Dodge City, Kansas:

SECTION I. The City Treasurer shall receive a salary of fifty dollars per month.

SECTION II. All that part of ordinance No. 99, relating to the salary of City Treasurer, is hereby repealed.

SECTION III. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication, once, in the Dodge City TIMES.

Passed the Council May 18th, 1887.
Attest: GEO. F. JONES, City Clerk.
Approved May 18th, 1887.
R. W. TARBOX, Mayor.

Ordinance No. 134.

[Published May 26th, 1887.

AN ORDINANCE regulating the use of the streets by persons constructing new buildings.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Councilmen of city of Dodge City, Kansas:

SECTION I. That all persons engaged in the construction of any new building or buildings within the city, shall have the use of one half the street or streets fronting on the lot or lots so improved, Provided, where parties occupy any portion of the street for building materials, shall protect the same by building a guard or fence around same, and place signal lights on same at night.

SECTION II. That any person doing business on any lot or lots within the fire limits of said city, shall have the right to use one half the street or streets adjoining or fronting on said lot or lots being improved, and shall have the right to build or place thereon temporary frame buildings, and occupy the same for business purposes during the construction of the buildings on said lot or lots aforesaid, Provided said building or buildings shall be constructed within a reasonable time, and, provided, further, that the Street Committee shall be the judges of what is a reasonable time, and that said buildings shall be removed from the street within ten days from the time the owner or occupants thereof is notified by the chairman of said committee, so to do.

SECTION III. This ordinance shall be in force on and after its publication, once, in the Dodge City TIMES.

Passed the Council May 18th, 1887.
Attest: GEO. F. JONES City Clerk.
Approved May 18th, 1887.
R. W. TARBOX, Mayor.

Ordinance No. 135.

[Published May 26th, 1887.]

AN ORDINANCE to repeal Ordinance No. 104.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Councilmen of the city of Dodge City, Kansas:

SECTION I. That ordinance No. 104, passed June 10th, A. D., 1886, and approved June 10th, 1886, entitled: "An Ordinance providing for, and regulating the building of sidewalks," and all amendments thereto be and the same are hereby repealed.

SECTION II. That this ordinance shall be in force and take effect from and after its publication once in the Dodge City TIMES.

Passed the Council May 24th, 1887.
Attest: GEO. F. JONES, City Clerk.
Approved May 24th, 1887.
R. W. TARBOX, Mayor.