

CAPITOL TOPICS.

The Hiawatha Water, Gas & Mining Company, of Hiawatha, the M. E. Church, of Greenwich, Sedgewick county, and the Republic County Mutual Fire Insurance Company have filed charters with the Secretary of State.

The Ft. Scott Prospecting Company, organized for the purpose of sinking a deep well after mineral water; the Masonic Building Association, of Dexter, Cowell county; the Lebanon M. E. Church society; and the Independence Street Railway Company of Independence have filed charters with Secretary of State.

G. W. Wilson was appointed by the Governor as Probate Judge of Edwards county to fill a vacancy.

There are at present in the State Treasury \$60,000 to be applied in purchasing school bonds. When a district votes bonds in accordance with the provisions of the law, they will be taken by the State at par, bearing six per cent interest.

In reply to that letter, sent him one day last week by the Board of Railroad Commissioners, Mr. W. W. Fagan, Superintendent of the Central Branch, says: "Relative to the amount of repairs made on the Central Branch road from Jan. 1, 1884, to date, have expended for ballast the sum of \$1,580.43; we have placed 80,474 cross ties in the track, at a cost of \$44,260.70 (not including the labor); also used thirty sets of switch ties at a cost of \$1,290.33; have also laid 1,416 tons of iron rail (of 17 1/2 miles of track) at a cost of \$50,000.30 for the rail. The cost of spikes, splices and bolts required for the steel named above, cost \$5,722.88. Have also expended \$976 for switch fixtures, making the total cost for track material used this year, \$103,820.72. We have expended for labor during the period named above the sum of \$70,590.15, making the total expenditure on repairs of the track \$174,410.87. In addition to this, liberal expenditures have also been applied to the removal and repairs of bridges and water ways. The Directors have ordered between 3,500 and 4,000 tons of steel rails, also to be used in repairing."

June 30 closes the fiscal year 1884 as far as the business of the State is concerned. No claims on the State for that year will be paid after that date, as the appropriation expires at that time and the books of the Auditor and Treasurer are closed.

The Superintendent of Insurance issued fifty licenses to agents, permitting them to do business in the State, in one day recently.

The Cynse Commandery, No. 23, Knights Templar, of Beloit; the Thomas Drug company, of Madison, Greenwood county, and the Ellsworth County Fair Association, of Ellsworth, have filed their charters with the Secretary of State.

The Independence Water Works Company, of Independence, have filed a charter with the Secretary of State.

The Board of Railroad Commissioners have prepared a schedule of freight rates on all roads in the State. This adjustment is based on the schedule of rates given below, that are made as a final settlement on the disposal of the Newton and Great Bend cases. They apply to all points between the Missouri river and Newton and the Missouri river and Great Bend. All the roads have agreed to issue new tariffs at once, and the Board orders that they go into effect on the 25th of this month:

GRAND TRUNK	NEW TRUNK	GRAND TRUNK	NEW TRUNK
Old Rates	New Rates	Old Rates	New Rates
First Class.....	65	75	65
Second Class.....	55	65	55
Third Class.....	45	55	45
Fourth Class.....	35	45	35
Fifth Class.....	25	35	25
Class A.....	45	55	45
Class B.....	35	45	35
Class C.....	25	35	25
Class D.....	15	25	15
Wheat, potatoes.....	25	35	25
Castor beans and broom corn.....	20	30	20
Flour and corn meal.....	30	40	30
Corn, oats, barley, rye and bran.....	15	25	15
Wheat, potatoes.....	15	25	15
Salt in barrels or bulk.....	25	35	25
Castor beans and broom corn.....	20	30	20
Soft coal.....	15	25	15
Soft lumber, lath and shingles.....	21	31	21
Horses and mules.....	35	45	35
Cattle and hogs.....	40	50	40
Sheep.....	30	40	30

No Marks. Mr. T. M. Casad, editor of the Corydon, Iowa, Times, writes that his little girl burned her foot severely on a stove. One application of St. Jacobs Oil, the great pain-reliever, cured it completely, leaving no marks. By two applications of St. Jacobs Oil he cured himself of a torturing pain in the side.

An Offensive Gang. Mr. Carl Schurz, who has been an office-seeker constantly since the day he first arrived in this country, and fourth of the time an office-holder, says Blaine is the "office-holder's candidate." Mr. George William Curtis has been railing against the "machine" for years—the "machine" being a small body of politicians who thwarted the will and preference of the masses of the party. He is now growling and kicking because a man who has been, for nine years past, the undoubted choice of a large majority of Republican voters, and who was twice cheated out of the nomination by the "machine," was selected at Chicago as the party's candidate.

The New York Times and the Springfield Republican acknowledge that Blaine was the choice of a large majority of the Republican party, but oppose his election. These papers assume that the minority, not the majority, should be permitted to make nominations. They assume that they are wiser, purer, better than the great majority of the Republican voters of the country.

The Republican voters have defeated the "machine" and the loudest howlers against the "machine" now denounce the people. The masses of the people have secured the choice, and the loudest howlers against the "machine" are now denouncing the people.

There has been no event in politics, for the past fifty years, so dishonorable, so unspeakably infamous, as the conduct of Curtis, Schurz, Higginson, and that gang of despicable growlers. For shameless inconsistency, for abandoned disregard of the ideas that they have previously maintained, their course has no parallel in the political history of the country. Their conduct can neither be excused or palliated. It justifies the assertion that when they

proceeded to be opposed to the "machine" they lied; that when they maintained that the majority of the party should rule, they lied; that when they asserted that they favored reform in the civil service they lied; and that in all they have said or done, during the past dozen years, they were a lot of hypocrites and liars.

This may be strong language, but it is abundantly justified by the disgraceful, dishonorable, hypocritical action of these self-styled "reformers," whose ideas of reform, it is now plainly apparent, might be summed up in the famous old resolutions:

Resolved, That the earth belongs to the Saints.

Resolved, 2d, That we are the Saints.

When two or three hundred men delude themselves with the offensive belief that all the virtue, intelligence and integrity of the country is embodied in their persons, and that the great mass of the American people are corrupt, ignorant and depraved, it is about time that the people give them a lesson they will not forget. That the people of the United States will attend to this necessary work, in due time, is beginning to be plainly evident. "Boss" rule is bad, the rule of the "machine" is to be deplored, and there are many other abuses in our political system; but nothing that ever has been or can be said of it is quite so bad, or so obnoxious, as the spectacle of a few hundred political Pickniffs assuming that they embody all the decency and intelligence of the country, and threatening that if they are not permitted to rule, they will ruin it.

No Patent. No Pay. Send model or drawing. Stoddard & Co., 413 G Street, Washington, D. C.

373 CONVENTIONS. From The Topeka Daily Commonwealth. There have been in these United States during the past sixty days, 373 conventions, thirty-eight State, 325 Congressional, nine Territorial and the District of Columbia. We mean that number of Republican conventions. It is fair to presume that they represent the best element of the Republican party in their several jurisdictions. They came together pursuant to the call of the committees chosen for that purpose. No one can truthfully say that they were gotten up, controlled, or manipulated by federal or by any other office holders. The civil service act of Congress, which our transcendental Eastern friends at the east affect to honor so highly, was not in the least disregarded. Each State and District represented the best thought of the Republicans. They came together at Chicago at the proper time. They conspired as to what was best for the party, knowing that if it was best for that, it was for the country. After three days of interchange of views, it was found that a large majority of the delegates were determined that either Blaine or Arthur should be their standard bearer during the coming campaign. A few, not to exceed about fifty, said no, we want Mr. Edmunds, Mr. Hawley, or Mr. Somebody else. Neither Arthur or Blaine suited them. Finally, hailed by majorities, and it was determined by majorities that a two-third vote that Mr. Blaine was wanted, and he was selected. Is it possible that the fifty gentlemen knew more than the 770? Would it have been just to the party, or to themselves, for 770 to yield their convictions to those of the fifty? Is it not barely possible that the 770 knew as much and were just as honest and upright as the fifty. Bear in mind that neither Mr. Arthur, Mr. Edmunds, Mr. Hawley or their friends find fault with the result, but cordially accept the views of the majority. In fact most of the fifty have done this, but a few, not to exceed a score, and we guess not a half score, are mad because their views were not adopted. They are followed by a few men in Massachusetts and New York, who are not willing to belong to the party unless they control its actions. To be sure, most of them have not been in accord with the party one-half the time for the past twenty-four years. About the same element kicked at the time of Lincoln's first nomination, they kicked because Grant was nominated, they always have kicked when they could not control. Our Democratic friends are making a great ado over what they call the disaffection in the ranks of the Republican party. They are welcome to all they can make out of it. The Republicans will draw to them from the young and enthusiastic and from honest Democrats more than they will lose by this disaffection.

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CLEVELAND HERALD (Rep.): The principle of protection to American industry is woven in the web and the woof of that party, and can not be removed without its annihilation. The New York Times and the New York Post are rampant free-trade papers, not mere tariff reducers, but advocates of the English system in its entirety. They are the organs of the importers and agents of the country. They have labored in vain to convert the Republican party to their views, and had determined to cut loose from the party they could not lead astray to their ruin. Mr. Blaine is thoroughly identified with the American system of protection to home industry, and therefore he was made the chief target of attack before the nomination, but any of the other possible candidates, when nominated, would have fared little better. In any case the bolt would have been made, except in the impossible event of the party being headed in the direction of an English free-trade policy.

A CARD.—To all who are suffering from eruptions and indigestions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary to the South American. Send self-addressed envelope to Rev. Joseph T. Drake, Boston, Mass., U. S. A.

A Mistaken Notion. The Republican tariff taxes the sewing women 40 per cent on flax thread, 50 per cent on cotton thread, and 25 per cent on needles. It taxes the rich lady of fashion only 25 per cent on costly jewelry, and only 10 per cent on diamonds. This is true, as any one who cares to take the trouble can decide for himself. Independence Kansas.

The above is untrue, as anyone who knows anything about it knows. The tariff don't add one unit to the poor woman's flax and cotton thread, and a man only shows stupid ignorance or cheek to say so. If the Kansas proposition is true,

then it is true that the same tariff law adds 40 cents a bushel to every bushel of castor beans; 50 cents to every bushel of wheat, and 10 cents to every bushel of corn raised by farmers in Montgomery county. Does it do it? Let the Kansas answer.—Fort Scott Monitor.

"Thar; I want you to collect that and put it to my credit," said old Farmer Applegate to the cashier of the First National bank of Manassas, N. J., a few days ago. The cashier examined the faded-looking piece of paper handed to him, and said it was a check for \$270 drawn by a New York merchant in 1872 in favor of the farmer. It appeared that the check had been given in payment for a load of cranberries, and had been hidden during the past twelve years in the farmer's feather bed. It was sent to the merchant and duly honored.

Chicago Produce Market. Chicago, June 20, 1884. FLOUR—Quiet. Choice to favorite white spring 5 00/65; fair to good, 4 25/85; good to prime winter, 5 00/85; good to choice spring, 4 50/60; good to fair Minnesota spring, 4 25/85; choice to fancy, 5 00/85; patent, 5 00/85. WHEAT—The market showed one of the most lifeless days ever known on change, and there were scarcely any outside orders. The fluctuations in prices were confined to a range of 1/4c, and prices closed 1/4c below yesterday. June 55/95; closing at 55/95; July, 57/95; 55/95; closing at 57/95; August, 58/95; closing at 58/95; September, 59/95; closing at 59/95. CORN—The market was quiet. Prices opened at 30c; 30c; weak and closed 1/4c below yesterday. Cash, 50/55; June, 55/60; closing at 55/60; July, 56/65; closing at 56/65; August, 57/70; closing at 57/70; September, 58/75; closing at 58/75. OATS—The market was quiet, slow and easy. Cash, 22c; June, 22 1/2c; closing at 22 1/2c; July, 22 3/4c; closing at 22 3/4c; August, 23c; closing at 23c; September, 23 1/2c; closing at 23 1/2c. BARLEY—Dull. Cash, 35c; June, 35c; closing at 35c; July, 35 1/2c; closing at 35 1/2c; August, 36c; closing at 36c; September, 36 1/2c; closing at 36 1/2c. FLAX SEED—Quiet and lower; 1 55. POOR—The market was dull and nominally 10/100 lower. Cash, 18 1/2c; June, 19 1/2c; July, 19 1/2c; August, 19 1/2c; September, 19 1/2c; closing at 19 1/2c. BUTTER—Steady; choice creamery, 18 1/2c; fancy dairy, 14c. EGGS—Dull; 15c. WHEAT—Steady; 1 10.

New York Money Market. New York, June 20, 1884. MONEY—Easy at 1 1/2 per cent per annum, closing offered at 1 1/4 per cent. PRIME MERCANTILE PAPER—6 1/2 per cent. STEELING EXCHANGE—Weak. Sixty days \$1 80; demand, \$1 80. GOVERNMENT BONDS—Lower for the coupon. Three.....100% Four-and-a-half.....111 1/2 Fours.....120 1/2 STATE SECURITIES—Dull. Missouri sixes.....105 St. Joe sixes.....108 RAILROAD BONDS—Firm. New Orleans Pacific first rose to 51 per cent, and Texas Pacific to 43 per cent. Chicago & Alton.....127 Dever & Rio Grande.....110 1/2 Hannibal & St. Joe.....95 Hannibal & St. Joe, preferred.....92 Missouri Pacific.....91 1/2 Northern Pacific.....105 Chicago & North Western.....105 New York Central.....100 1/2 Rock Island.....106 Union Pacific.....96 1/2 Wabash.....95 Western Union.....95 \*Asked. †Extra dividend.

Parsee Women. Brooklyn Eagle. The development of feminine intelligence is not confined to one country or one race. Even the Parsee women are rising in the scale of enlightenment. A Parsee lady writes to an Indian paper a letter in which she shows that whereas, in 1842, not more than five Parsee girls had learned English. Their knowledge of the English language is not very wide. They prefer to imitate the European rather than the Hindu, and in an interesting history of their picturesque costume, their champion "takes occasion to rejoice that the days of nose rings, forehead marks and rattling anklets are now over, and she maintains that these changes in the surface are only typical of many social reforms." It is admitted that the Parsee girls are still prone to emulation in dress and personal ornamentation, but that is a weakness which is not unknown in more civilized communities.

The increasing sales of Flax's Cure attests its claim as the best cough remedy. A German biography of Shelly has just been published in Berlin by H. Druskowitz, an Austrian writer. "BUCH-PAIBA." Quick complete cure, all annoying Kidney or Urinary Diseases. \$1. Sixty cigars for every man, woman and child were made in and imported into this country last year. We take pleasure in informing the public of the merits of Pappillon Catarrh Cure. It will cure Chronic Catarrh, Cold in the Head, Nose-bleed, and Hay Fever no remedy is as effective. It has cured hundreds of cases. The publisher of Walt Whitman's works declares that they are having an excellent sale.

Base Ball. Philadelphia ladies are learning base ball; one of them has caught her husband on several times already, and says that if he will buy and use Carboline she will forgive him. A Spruce-gun dealer at Bennington, Vt., sells twelve thousand pounds annually of the commodity. A recent cold or chronic Catarrh yield promptly to Pappillon Catarrh Cure. It does not irritate. Flower-thieves are annoying the residents of Port Jervis, N. Y. Nearly every family has been visited. "ROUGH ON CORNS." Is. Ask for it. Complete cure, hard or soft corns, warts, bunions. "ROUGH ON ITCH" cures burning, eruptions, ring worms, better, safe, soothing, treated feet, chafing.

THE STAGE-DRIVER'S STORY. How General Scott's Life was Saved and How His Driver Twice Escaped Death. The traveler of the present day, as he is hurried along by the lightning express in his buffet cars and palace sleepers, seldom reverts in thought to the time when the stage coach and packet were the only means of communication between distant points. It is rare that one of the real old-time stage drivers is met with nowadays, and when the writer recently ran across Fayette Haskell, of Lockport, N. Y., he felt like a bibliographer over the discovery of some volume of "forgotten lore." Mr. Haskell, although one of the pioneers in stage driving—he formerly ran from Lewiston to Niagara Falls and Buffalo—is hale and hearty and bids fair to live for many years. The strangest of his adventures would fill a volume. At one time when going down a mountain near Lewiston, with no less a personage than Gen. Scott as a passenger, the brakes gave way and the coach came on the heels of the wheel horses. The only remedy was to whip the leaders to a gallop. Gaining additional momentum with each revolution of the wheels the coach swayed and pitched down the mountain side and into the streets of Lewiston. Straight ahead at the foot of the steep hill flowed the Niagara river, towards which the four horses dashed, apparently to certain death. Yet the firm hand never relaxed its hold or the clear brain its conception of what must be done in the emergency. On dashed the horses until the narrow dock was reached on the river bank, when by a mastery exhibition of nerve and daring the coach was turned in scarce its own length, and the horses brought to a standstill before the pale lookers on could realize what had occurred. A purse was raised by General Scott and presented to Mr. Haskell with high compliments for his skill and bravery.

Notwithstanding all his strength and his robust constitution the strain of continuing to do his duty proved too much for Mr. Haskell's constitution. The constant jolting of the coach and the necessarily cramped position in which he was obliged to sit, contributed to this end, and at times he was obliged to abandon driving altogether. Speaking of this period he said: "I found it almost impossible to sleep at night; my appetite left me entirely and I had a tired feeling which I never knew before and could not account for." "Did you give up driving entirely?" "No, I tried to keep up but it was only with the greatest effort. This state of things continued for nearly twenty years until last October when I went all to pieces." "In what way?" "Oh, I doubled all up; could not walk without a cane and was incapable of any effort or exertion. I had a constant desire to urinate both day and night and although I felt like passing a gallon every ten minutes only a few drops could escape and they thick with sediment. Finally I ceased to move entirely and I thought death was very near."

"What did you do then?" "What I should have done long before; listen to my wife. Under her advice I began a new treatment." "And what with result?" "Wonderful. It unstopped the closed passages and what was still more wonderful regulated the flow. The sediment vanished; my appetite returned, and I am now well and good for twenty more years, wholly through the aid of Warner's Safe Cure, that has done wonders for me as well as for many others." Mr. Haskell's experience is repeated every day in the lives of thousands of American men and women. An unknown evil is undermining the existence of an innumerable number who do not realize the danger they are in until health has entirely departed and death perhaps stares them in the face. To neglect such important matters is like drifting in the current of Niagara above the Falls.

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A Port Hope, Ontario, beggar was found to have one hundred and thirteen dollars on his person when searched at the police station. "I do not like thee, Dr. Fell. The reason why, I cannot tell." It has often been wondered at the bad odor this oft-quoted Doctor was in. "I was probably because he, being one of the old-school Doctors, made up pills as large as bullets, which nothing but an ostrich could bolt without nausea. Hence the dislike. Dr. R. V. Pierce's "Pleasant Purgative Pellets" are sugar-coated and no larger than bird-shot, and are quick to do their work. For all derangements of the liver, bowels and stomach, they are specific.

Gold mining in the Georgia gold region is attracting a good deal of capital. \*\*\*Rupture, pile tumors, fistulas and all diseases of lower bowel (except cancer), radically cured. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., and enclose two (2c) stamps for book. In Crystal and Beaver lakes, in the Adirondacks, New York, the ice is still solid. "ROUGH ON HATS." Clears out rats, mice, flies, roaches, bed-bugs, ants, vermin, chipmunks. 15c.

The Dominion Government has granted \$5,000 in aid of the provincial exhibition. French Grape Brandy, distilled Extract of Water Pepper or Smart-Weed, Jamaica Ginger and Camphor Water, as combined in Dr. Pierce's Compound Extract of Smart-Weed, is the best possible remedy for colic, cholera morbus, diarrhoea, dysentery or bloody-flux; also, to break up colds, fevers and inflammatory attacks. 50 ct. Keep it on hand. Good for man or beast. Land has increased in price 100 per cent in Opaka, Florida, during the past two weeks.

We recommend Carter's Iron Pills to every woman who is weak, nervous and discouraged; especially those who have thin, pale lips, cold hands and feet, and who are without strength or ambition. These are the cases for which Carter's Iron Pills are specially prepared, and this class cannot use them without benefit. Valuable for men also. In metal boxes, at 50 cents. Sold by druggists or sent by mail. See advertisement elsewhere. A large number of Negroes in the vicinity of Anderson, S. C., are emigrating to Arkansas.

ASTHMA Relieved immediately and cured by using COSE ASTHMA CONQUEBER. Price \$3.00 per bottle or 3 bottles for \$8.00 delivered. Address Dr. C. MARKET, MANASSAS, HAMILTON, OHIO. PATENTS! Theo. P. Simpson, Washington, D. C. No pay asked for patent until obtained. Write for Inventor's Guide. FORTY THE SYSTEM. All who have experienced and witnessed the effect of Hester's Stomach Bitters upon the weak, broken down, desponding victims of dyspepsia, liver complaint, fevered ague, rheumatism, nervous debility, premature decay, know that in this supreme tonic and alterative there exists a specific principle which reaches the very source of trouble and effects an absolute and permanent cure. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally. ROCKFORD WATCHES. Are unequalled in EXACTING SERVICE. Used by the Chief U. S. Coast Survey; by the Admiralty commanding in the U. S. Naval Observatory; by the U. S. Army and Navy; and by the Government of the Republics of Mexico, Central America and the West Indies. They are accurate, durable and reliable. For all uses in which clock time and durability are required. Sold in principal cities and towns by the COMMERCE TRADING COMPANY. (Leading jewelers, who give a Full Warranty.) PATENTS! Pamphlet of information sent free. H. N. LOU, Counselor at Law and Solicitor of Patents, 501 ST. STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C.

**PURGATIVE PILLS**  
MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD  
Positively cure RICK-HEADACHE, Biliousness, and all LIVER and BOWEL Complaints, MALARIA, BLOOD POISON, and Skin Diseases (OVER 25 YEARS' EXPERIENCE). Do not be deceived. These PILLS have no equal. I find them a valuable Cathartic and Liver Pill.—Dr. F. W. ZEIGLER & CO., Manufacturers, Philadelphia, Pa. Send no money. Write for free information. Valuable information FREE. F. W. ZEIGLER & CO., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Kansas City Produce Market. Kansas City, June 20, 1884. The Daily Indicator reports:—WHEAT—Market weak. No. 2 red, cash, 75 1/4 bid, 75 1/2 asked; July, 77 1/2 bid, 78 asked; August, sales at 77 1/2; September, 78 asked. No. 2 CORN—Market weak. No. 2 mixed, cash, sales at 45 1/2; July, 45 1/2 bid, 4 3/4 asked; August, 46 1/2 bid, 4 3/4 asked. No. 2 white mixed corn, cash, 50 1/2; June, 50 1/2; July, 50 1/2 bid, 50 1/2 asked; August, 50 1/2 bid, 50 1/2 asked. RYE—No. 2, cash, nominal; July, 2 1/2 bid, 2 1/2 asked. RYE—No. 2 mixed, cash, 61 1/2 asked. EGGS—Dull at 15 1/2 a dozen. BUTTER—Unchanged. Quotations: Choice creamery, 18c; good do, 14c; fine dairy, in single packages, lots, 12 1/2c; store packed, 10c, in rolls, 8c. FLOUR—Fine, 100 lbs, \$1.00; superfine, \$1.05; extra, \$1.10; \$1.15; \$1.20; \$1.25; \$1.30; \$1.35; \$1.40; \$1.45; \$1.50; \$1.55; \$1.60; \$1.65; \$1.70; \$1.75; \$1.80; \$1.85; \$1.90; \$1.95; \$2.00; \$2.05; \$2.10; \$2.15; \$2.20; \$2.25; \$2.30; \$2.35; \$2.40; \$2.45; \$2.50; \$2.55; \$2.60; \$2.65; \$2.70; \$2.75; \$2.80; \$2.85; \$2.90; \$2.95; \$3.00; \$3.05; \$3.10; \$3.15; \$3.20; \$3.25; \$3.30; \$3.35; \$3.40; \$3.45; \$3.50; \$3.55; \$3.60; \$3.65; \$3.70; \$3.75; \$3.80; \$3.85; \$3.90; \$3.95; \$4.00; \$4.05; \$4.10; \$4.15; \$4.20; \$4.25; \$4.30; \$4.35; \$4.40; \$4.45; \$4.50; \$4.55; \$4.60; \$4.65; \$4.70; \$4.75; \$4.80; \$4.85; \$4.90; \$4.95; \$5.00; \$5.05; \$5.10; \$5.15; \$5.20; \$5.25; \$5.30; \$5.35; \$5.40; \$5.45; \$5.50; \$5.55; \$5.60; \$5.65; \$5.70; \$5.75; \$5.80; \$5.85; \$5.90; \$5.95; \$6.00; \$6.05; \$6.10; \$6.15; \$6.20; \$6.25; \$6.30; \$6.35; \$6.40; \$6.45; \$6.50; \$6.55; \$6.60; \$