

MISCELLANEOUS.

A terrible cyclone is reported in North Carolina.

The estimated decrease of the public debt for July is about \$5,000,000.

The National Association of Photographers is in convention at Cincinnati.

Well-borers at Wabash, Indiana, developed a gas vein which bids fair to illuminate the city.

H. H. Young, statistical agent for Minnesota, estimates the wheat yield of that State at 44,000,000 bushels.

A steam thrasher at Rushville, Ind., exploded killing three men and severely injuring half a dozen others.

Reports from correspondents throughout Iowa show that the crops in that State promise very well for this season.

The Treasury Department has purchased 250,000 ounces of silver for delivery at the New Orleans and Philadelphia mints.

The State department will issue a report on the condition of labor in all countries, together with wages, cost of living, etc.

The Comte de Paris and family have donated £2,000 to the relief of the Toulon sufferers.

Lewis Spencer, a colored man who died in the poor-house of Niagara county, New York, is believed to have been 115 years of age.

The distillery of A. Overholt & Co. at Connersville, Pa., and several thousand barrels of whisky were burned, causing a loss of \$600,000.

It was reported that a case of cholera was found on the steamer Annie F. Silver, plying between New Orleans and St. Louis, but it proved to be a canard.

At a meeting of the directors of the Louisville & Nashville road, Jay Gould, Russel Sage and three others resigned, and their successors were chosen.

Donnell, Lawson & Simpson have obtained consent of nearly all their creditors to take their assets out of the hands of the assignee and utilize them themselves.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company paid \$404,000 for 125 acres of land at Freedom, Pa., on which \$1,500,000 will be expended in round-houses and repair shops.

The New York Board of Apportionment has authorized the issue of three per cent. bonds to the amount of \$1,000,000 for the purchase of school sites and the erection of buildings.

The Commercial bank of Brazil, Indiana, has suspended its assets are nominally \$170,000, and liabilities \$140,000, including the entire school fund of Clay county.

Drought prevails in Indiana, Ohio and Kentucky. Forest and swamp fires rage in Northern Ohio, pastures are almost dead, water is becoming scarce, and altogether things look blue.

Charles Pultz, a fare-collector on the bridge at St. Louis, was hurled from the structure by the protruding step of a mail car. He fell eighty feet to the water, and was drowned before aid could reach him.

Receiver Johnson, of the bursted Marine Bank, of New York City, has made a payment of 15 per cent. dividend. Three hundred depositors were paid \$400,000. The total amount of the dividend will be \$600,000.

Shiple & Wells, a large boiler shop and iron foundry of Birmingham, have notified their men of a ten per cent. wage increase. The alleged cause is the dullness of trade. The men will accept the reduction.

Annie Bennett, of Burlington, N. J., has been for some days suffering in a manner which leads people to think she is afflicted with hydrophobia, although it is not known that she was ever bitten by a mad dog.

The Burlington road is running over its lines a locomotive from which the steam and gas escape through iron pipes at the sides, withering the weeds and grass for a space of two feet on each side of the track.

The vessels of the Greely relief expedition have sailed from St. Johns. The surviving explorers will disembark at Forts Ancher and the bodies of the dead will be placed in charge of Gen. Hancock, on Governor's Island.

The police force of Cincinnati are paid from the tax raised under the Scott liquor law, and the liquor dealers are contending, therefore there are no funds. There is talk of reducing or disbanded the force, unless an appropriation is made.

A reduction of twenty per cent in the salaries and wages of the officers and men employed by the Bethlehem, Pa., Iron Company is announced to take effect August 12. The reduction is made, it is said, to enable the company to sell its steel rails at market prices.

The health department of Chicago has received warning that a physician at San Francisco has started eastward with two lepers, whom he proposes to exhibit in all the large cities and on the steps of Beecher's church in Brooklyn. The show will not secure a license in Chicago.

The Coal Miners State Convention met at Pittsburg. The following officers were elected: President, Geo. Harris; Vice President, Louis Hopkins; Secretary, Richard Davis; Treasurer, Thos. A. Armstrong. It was decided to change the name from the Miners' Association to Miners' and Laborers' Association.

John W. Mason, one of the pioneers of Kendall county, Ill., who passed away recently, owned one thousand acres of choice land, but clung like a hermit to an old log house in the densest part of a large grove. He preserved every newspaper he ever received.

At Philadelphia Oliver Ames applied to the United States Circuit Court to be relieved of the receivership of the Credit Mobilier of America. The reason for the action is that he cannot attend to this and his duties as Lieutenant Governor of Massachusetts. Samuel H. Shipley was appointed the successor of Ames.

The lessees of the Arkansas State penitentiary have received a notice from Pope county requesting them to take the prisoners out of the coal mines there within ten days. The people are determined not to let the convicts work in the county. Six convicts have barricaded themselves in one mine and refuse to come out, and the guards are afraid to go in after them.

The official report of the Iowa State Agricultural Society, embracing the condition of crops from June 12 to July 29th, inclusive, shows the condition of corn to be 117 per cent, an increase of 5 per cent over the former report; broom corn, 96 per cent; winter wheat, 95 per cent; spring wheat, 99 per cent.—a few spring wheat districts reporting some damage by chinch bugs, but the crop is too far advanced to create any alarm from their ravages; winter barley, 98 per cent; spring barley, 104 per cent; winter rye 98 per cent; spring rye, 93 per cent; oats, 96 per cent, a decrease of 4 per cent from the former report. Wind and hail storms are reported from forty-one counties as doing damage to crops. In some localities with favorable weather the corn crop will recover.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES.

Col. Morton, Assistant Postmaster at Brooklyn, is missing, and there is a slight discrepancy in the pay rolls.

A. M. Snively was killed by lightning at Mahomet, Ill. He was a prominent farmer near there.

A black bear at Nestor, Michigan, killed and carried off a woman engaged in picking berries.

It is thought that the man who drowned himself in the bay at Erie, Pa., was Ed. Sperry, the \$100,000 defaulter of Chataqua, N. Y.

Mrs. Adam J. Miller was mortally wounded near York, Pa., and an eccentric brother-in-law is thought to be the one who did the deed.

Thos. Hurst shot and killed Mr. Godfrey near Lebanon, Mo., and discovered him in company with Mrs. Godfrey, the parties being surprised.

F. J. Moses, formerly Governor of South Carolina, was arrested in Chicago on a requisition from Boston, for embezzlement, and was placed in jail.

The wall of a rolling mill at Lexington, Ky., was forced out by a load of wheat in the building, and one man was killed and another fatally injured.

Carl Kessler and Albert Kellogg, two newboys at Lafayette, Ind., fought, and the murderer of the latter four times. It is thought that Kellogg will die.

Mrs. Mary S. Auller, the betrothed of Dr. Osman Terburgh, who committed suicide at Pittsburg a few days ago by prussic acid, shot herself through the breast. She will die.

Colonel Phelps, a venerable citizen of Fairfield, Michigan, was driven to suicide by the appearance of his wife on the streets in a condition of gross intoxication.

John Dolan shot and killed Fritz Brockman at the Soldiers' Home, Dayton, Ohio. The murderer was of unsound mind, and that was the cause of the commission of the deed.

R. B. Covey, of Greenport, Long Island, was killed by the explosion of dynamite which he was using on the wreck of the ship Ohio, a huge bolt of iron passing through his skull.

In a drunken squabble at Upperville, Va., John Rawlins was shot dead by Herbert Leister, his cousin. Both were rich farmers. The murderer lost his feet in one of Stone-wall Jackson's battles.

A passenger train on the Bedford Narrow-Gauge road went through a bridge at Bloomfield, Ind., into the river, the engineer being killed and a number of persons seriously injured.

A boy named Upmeyer obtained a discharged rocket and bringing it home proceeded to fire it off. After several unsuccessful attempts his mother dealt it a powerful blow when it exploded with a fearful noise, fatally injuring the mother and younger sister.

A fourteen-year-old daughter of Stephen Kimball, a wealthy farmer near Lyons, Iowa county, Mich., while strolling near her father's house yesterday, was outraged by a couple of tramps. Kimball offers \$500 reward for the arrest of the villains. One hundred men were in pursuit at last accounts.

There is much excitement in Barry county, Michigan, twelve miles north of Battle Creek, over the discovery of the alleged cremation of a new born child by its mother, an unmarried girl, belonging to a respectable family. It is supposed the child was dead, when the mother deliberately made a funeral pile and burned it, but whether born alive or not is at present unknown. The affair creates much excitement in the neighborhood.

FOREIGN.

An American was among the cholera victims at Marseilles.

Meetings of Salvation army have been prohibited at Berns.

Cholera epidemic at Toulon and Marseilles is on the decrease.

A passenger steamer capsized on the Volga and twenty persons were drowned.

The French Senate has adopted a clause abolishing prayers at the beginning of its sessions.

Michael Davitt is speaking in Ireland in favor of the Franchise Bill and against the House of Lords.

The British Postmaster General is confident that the parcels post will ultimately pay expenses.

The Chinese Ambassador at Paris consents to the payment of an indemnity of twenty million francs.

Parry denounces the holding of a National League convention in Ireland as contrary to Parliamentary policy.

Before Baron Carlingford, the question of importing cattle from the United States to Great Britain was argued at length.

The Duke of Cambridge, Commander-in-Chief of the British forces, has ordered all barracks placed in a sanitary condition.

Mexico is offering in the London market, at 75 per cent, bonds to the amount of \$30,000,000, bearing 7 per cent interest.

Deerstalkers, gillies and laborers on an American estate near Liverpool, had a fight. A gillie named Campbell killed a laborer.

At the Court of Appeals, London, the decree of the lower court, separating Lord Colin Campbell and wife, was indorsed.

Christopher Massiah, Crown lands agent for the Province of Quebec, has been suspended from office for deficiencies in his accounts.

France is advised to cut loose from England and make an alliance with Germany who is an honest enemy and would be an honest ally.

At the request of the United States Government, two Americans who were recently arrested in Mexico for defaming the President have been set at liberty.

Heavy rains retarded the progress of the work on the Panama canal and all the workmen are afflicted with dysentery. The canal physician, Dr. Lopez, died of the disease.

The Canadian Minister of Customs has instructed collectors to permit no test-dogs from American ports to be landed until a sample has been approved by the public sanitary.

The Minister of Finance in Egypt, acting under instructions from England, demands the immediate payment of arrears of taxes and agriculturists will be compelled to sell their crops in the field at a heavy sacrifice.

The Spanish troops at Puerto Principe, Cuba, not having been paid and being refused credit, helped themselves to provisions at the stores. The Captain General caused \$50,000 to be remitted to the scene by telegraph from Villa Clara. Borses, the Havana banker, refused to lend the treasury \$100,000.

POLITICAL AND PERSONAL.

Leo Ebert was nominated for Congress by the Democrats of Portsmouth, O.

Dr. Brooks says that the Prohibitionists will not fuse with the Republicans in Missouri.

Democrats of the Fifth North Carolina Congressional District nominated Jas. W. Reed.

Gilbert A. Pierce was sworn in as Governor of Dakota by a Justice of the Peace at Yankton.

The Greenbackers of the Sixth Iowa District have nominated Gen. Jas. B. Weaver for Congress.

In the Third Congressional District of Virginia the Democrats have nominated G. D. Wise for Congress.

The Republicans of the Ninth Congressional District of Indiana have nominated Maj. J. C. Danes for Congress.

Jos. H. Outhwaite has been nominated by the Democrats of the Eleventh Ohio District to succeed Geo. L. Converse.

Lieut. Schwatka, the Arctic explorer, has resigned from the navy to take position. It is understood, under some foreign power.

The deaths are reported of Walter Harriman, ex-Governor of New Hampshire, and Daniel Pratt, formerly Attorney General of New York.

The Executive Committee of the National Labor party has decided to postpone the convention from July 30th, 1884, to September 1st, in order to hear from Cleveland and Butler in their letters of acceptance.

The President and Secretary of the United States Labor party say that they do not recognize the right of the Executive Committee of the party to postpone the convention. The Executive Committee, they say, represents a factious element.

WASHINGTON TOPICS.

The Surgeon General of the Marine Hospital Service, having received information that the yellow fever is spreading rapidly in Sonora, Mexico, has instructed Inspector of Nogales, Arizona, to use extra vigilance to prevent its introduction into the United States.

Representative Wm. A. Culbertson, of Kentucky, shot himself in his room at the National Hotel, at Washington, in a critical condition. The only cause assigned for the attempt at suicide is nervous depression, resulting from a little too free use of stimulants during the hot weather. The Surgeon-General was taken to the Providence Hospital.

The Civil Service Commission has examined about 500 candidates for 150 places as Special Examiners for the Pension Office, and the papers are now being marked by a special Board of Examiners. No further examinations for this branch of the service will be held at this time except for about thirty persons in the Southern States whose applications have just been received.

Gov. Cameron has convened the General Assembly of Virginia, upon request of two-thirds of the members of each House, to meet in Richmond August 13th.

Some time ago the Commissioners of Internal Revenue issued an order providing that on and after September 1st, 1884, the collection of tax on whisky by assessment shall be continued. Strong efforts have since been made to have him rescind the order, but without avail, and he has notified the petitioners that the original order will be enforced. Under this ruling the tax will be collected on the day it proceeds to the market. The order will be in effect until the 1st of September next.

The issue of silver dollars for the month ending July 29th was \$200,489; corresponding period of last year, \$290,491.

The American Consul, Mason Long, has made a report to Secretary Frelinghuysen on the cholera epidemic now raging in France. In substance it is as follows: The terrible lesson on former epidemics has been well learned by municipal governments, and long before the first rumor of trouble at Toulon, Marseilles was cleaned and made ready for such a visit. But all the intelligent liberality which the city has exercised in the construction of her drainage system, there is an insurmountable difficulty in which all the Mediterranean cities are alike compelled to face. Their sewers flow into a delta and generally placid sea. The result is that the latter grows foul and pestilential. The same conditions are unmitigated by equally vigorous sanitary measures which prevail at Toulon, and it is thought that it were the dredging of a disused dock there during the months of April and May which disclosed the seeds of the present epidemic. The Marseilles Government relies solely upon the most rigid and searching enforcement of recognized sanitary measures.

The dredging of the ports has been stopped, and that source of miasma as far as possible abated during the Summer. The weather in compliance with the instructions has been literally washed with water and disinfectants. The attack of cholera is less than more vigorous and fatal this year than in the great epidemic of nineteen years ago, and all present indications point to a speedy and successful termination of the people of Toulon and Marseilles. All that energy and liberality could perform and all that sanitary science could suggest has been done, but the pestilence here and deluges remain.

The present situation may be summarized as follows: The epidemic which now prevails at Marseilles and Toulon is Asiatic cholera, imported beyond all reasonable doubt from Saigon, China, by the French transport ship, to the port of Toulon. At first the disease was a pe medically classified as "benign," but its malignity has since increased by its further diffusion and development under the influence of continued bad weather, and the emigrants usually go by rail to this port of departure to embark for the United States. It is therefore respectfully suggested that all vessels bringing emigrants or baggage to the United States from Bordeaux, Havre or any other French port not yet declared infected should be subjected upon their arrival to the most careful sanitary regulations. Clean bills of health have been refused at this consulate to all vessels carrying for ports in the United States since June 25th, and none such will be granted until Marseilles is officially declared free from contagion.

TEXAS FEVER.

Considerable Excitement Caused by the Arrival of Sick Cattle at Kansas City and the Discovery of Texas Fever.

The arrival of a number of sick cattle having been reported in the Union Stock Yards in Chicago, an examination was made by a number of veterinarians who are not yet ready to submit an official report. The fact is, however, they have agreed that the disorder is Texas fever, superinduced by drinking water strongly impregnated with alkali. The cattle being severely quarantined and isolated. Those in the lot that are unaffected are to be slaughtered subject to the inspection of the Health Department. Those that are unable to recover are being hot, and those that are droopy will be held in quarantine until further developments.

Another train consisting of twelve cars containing 240 cattle, arrived the 28th.

They were branded the same as the herd which was found to be diseased yesterday, and are from Southwestern Kansas. Fifteen were found dead in the cars, thirty-five had been thrown out dead on the way, and great many others were sick and had been treated on. Dr. Pooren, State Veterinarian, and Dr. De Wolfe, City Health Commissioner, declare the trouble to be bloody murrain.

The entire herd, including those of yesterday, were ordered to be killed making about 500 head in all. Officials declare that the cattle were evidently diseased before shipment, and from all that can be learned, the entire herd was in the Kansas City Stock Yards thirty days before their shipment to this city. In view of the fact that the cattle were thoroughly quarantined before being killed, it is not believed the trouble, whether it is Texas fever or bloody murrain, will extend any further.

HIAWATHA.

Hiawatha, Kansas, special says: Texas or Spanish fever has appeared in this vicinity. A number of animals have died and several have been shot. Some weeks ago a train loaded with Texas cattle passing north was partially wrecked, near this place, and some stray animals were left behind. It is supposed they contracted the disease which was first observed within the past few days and began to spread rapidly. Every effort is being made to check its progress.

MANHATTAN.

A Manhattan, Kansas, special says there have been fifteen additional deaths from Texas fever in the shipment of cattle received here from Kansas City. The herd had been driven from Cimarron river to Caldwell, crossing the Texas cattle trail on the way from Brady Island, where they were to Kansas City, where they were bought by Major Adams and at once shipped here. The sickness of the animals first appeared on their way to this place. Veterinarian Holcomb is expected soon. Experts here do not anticipate an epidemic, believing the disease is not communicable except through Texas cattle.

NEBRASKA.

Information of the cattle disease, said to be Texas fever, prevalent at Maxwell, Neb., was read here the 29th. Gov. Dawes immediately dispatched a Commission to investigate, which will report to-morrow. Commissioner Loring has also ordered Dr. Trumbower, of Illinois, to Maxwell.

OMAHA.

Omaha, Neb., special says the Texas fever has broken out among the cattle in that vicinity. At Brady Island, in Western Nebraska, 100 animals are dead and hundreds more will probably die. Experts are on the ground investigating, and Gov. Dawes has promised to send a commission of veterinarians. Steps will be taken to prevent the further importation of cattle from the infected regions of Texas without a thorough quarantine.

ILLINOIS.

A dispatch from Roodhouse, Ill., says six Texas car loads of cattle from the Indian Territory arrived at the Chicago & Alton Stock Yards there Sunday night. Nineteen dead died on the road from Kansas City, and it was believed the whole lot were infected with Texas fever. All that could stand up, twelve car loads, were forwarded to Chicago. The remainder, seventy-two in number, were dead Monday morning. Andy Jacobs, of Kansas City, in charge of the cattle, denied that they had Texas fever, and said that they were poisoned by eating loco weeds on the trail, but L. C. Tiffany, veterinary surgeon from Jacksonville, pronounces the disease Texas fever. The stock yard at Roodhouse have been disinfected with lime, and cattle for Chicago by this route were unloaded at Jacksonville last night instead of at Roodhouse. The matter caused great excitement among the cattle and railroad men.

TRUESDAY.

The disease is being investigated in all States where it has made its appearance, and the temporary scare it occasioned has abated. It is now thought that it can easily be eradicated.

SPANISH FEVER SCARE.

Two Hundred Head of Colorado Cattle, Purchased by Hon. N. A. Adams, Dying Like Sheep.

Topeka Commonwealth.

Manhattan was thrown into a state of the wildest excitement yesterday over the fact that a bunch of Colorado cattle shipped there by Maj. N. A. Adams, are dying off so rapidly that it is concluded they have the Spanish fever, consequently the people are greatly frightened. Maj. Adams had been wanting to buy some stock cattle to put on his ranch near Manhattan, and talked about going to Colorado after them, expressing a preference to have Colorado cattle. Last week he learned that there were 200 head in the stock yards at Kansas City that would suit him, and at once bought them. They were fine-looking animals, Friday and Saturday he began shipping from Kansas City to Manhattan, expecting that he would drive them out to his ranch, which is located on the Little Blue, some distance from town, yesterday. But it seems that the last car load got delayed at this city Sunday. When they arrived here four head were dead in the car, two more almost dead, so, supposing that they were probably over-taxed and badly crowded, the whole lot was unloaded and driven over to Wolf & McIntosh's Stock Yard. The two soon afterwards died there. The others that had gone on were in the shipping yards at Manhattan.

Sunday night and yesterday morning they began to die, and at 2 o'clock in the afternoon a gentleman who came down from there says he saw the twenty-fifth fall and expire. In the meantime such an alarm had spread that the sheriff took possession of the cattle and quarantined them, and those acquainted with the disease said that the animals are afflicted with Spanish or Texas fever.

The sheriff had a long trench dug in the ground into which the dead carcasses were to be thrown and burned and their ashes covered up. Governor Glick received several telegrams from there to-day, and he ordered Dr. Holcomb, the State Veterinarian, to report at Manhattan immediately and make an investigation of the trouble.

There is but little doubt that the disease is Spanish or Texas fever, and that while these cattle became inoculated with it there in the stock yards at Kansas City, because they came there clean, nice, healthy brutes, and were in good condition. When an animal gets sick with the disease, it mopes around with hair turned forward, head down, eyes droopy, until finally it falls over and expires. There is not much danger of the disease spreading so long as the afflicted herd can be kept isolated where other and healthy cattle cannot come in contact with them. Had the one carload not been delayed here, so that Major Adams could have started to drive on to his ranch on time, as intended, Riley county would be in a bad fix now.

Mrs. Pauline Grimm, a hotel proprietress at Indianapolis, committed suicide.

KANSAS CITY, FRONCONA MARKET.

WHEAT—Market lower. No. 2 red cash, sales at 69 1/2c; August, 68c bid, 67 1/2c asked; September, sales at 70c; No. 2 soft, cash, 72c asked.

WHEAT—Market lower. No. 2 red cash, sales at 41 1/2c; August, 40c bid, 39 1/2c asked; July, 39 1/2c; August, 40c; September, no bids, 40c asked.

WHEAT—No. 2, cash, nominal.

BUTTER—Steady.

Quotations: Creamery, good to choice, 16 1/2c; fine dairy, in single package, 15c; store packed, 14 1/2c.

FLOUR—No. 100 1/2c; superfine, 95c; No. 100, 90c; No. 100, 85c; No. 100, 80c; No. 100, 75c; No. 100, 70c; No. 100, 65c; No. 100, 60c; No. 100, 55c; No. 100, 50c; No. 100, 45c; No. 100, 40c; No. 100, 35c; No. 100, 30c; No. 100, 25c; No. 100, 20c; No. 100, 15c; No. 100, 10c; No. 100, 5c; No. 100, 0c.

DRY SALT MEATS—Shoulders, 7c; clear sides, 8c; long clear sides, 9c; clear rib sides, 10c; short clear sides, 11c; short ribs, 12c; clear ribs, 13c; rib sides, 14c; clear ribs, 15c; rib sides, 16c; clear ribs, 17c; rib sides, 18c; clear ribs, 19c; rib sides, 20c; clear ribs, 21c; rib sides, 22c; clear ribs, 23c; rib sides, 24c; clear ribs, 25c; rib sides, 26c; clear ribs, 27c; rib sides, 28c; clear ribs, 29c; rib sides, 30c; clear ribs, 31c; rib sides, 32c; clear ribs, 33c; rib sides, 34c; clear ribs, 35c; rib sides, 36c; clear ribs, 37c; rib sides, 38c; clear ribs, 39c; rib sides, 40c; clear ribs, 41c; rib sides, 42c; clear ribs, 43c; rib sides, 44c; clear ribs, 45c; rib sides, 46c; clear ribs, 47c; rib sides, 48c; clear ribs, 49c; rib sides, 50c; clear ribs, 51c; rib sides, 52c; clear ribs, 53c; rib sides, 54c; clear ribs, 55c; rib sides, 56c; clear ribs, 57c; rib sides, 58c; clear ribs, 59c; rib sides, 60c; clear ribs, 61c; rib sides, 62c; clear ribs, 63c; rib sides, 64c; clear ribs, 65c; rib sides, 66c; clear ribs, 67c; rib sides, 68c; clear ribs, 69c; rib sides, 70c; clear ribs, 71c; rib sides, 72c; clear ribs, 73c; rib sides, 74c; clear ribs, 75c; rib sides, 76c; clear ribs, 77c; rib sides, 78c; clear ribs, 79c; rib sides, 80c; clear ribs, 81c; rib sides, 82c; clear ribs, 83c; rib sides, 84c; clear ribs, 85c; rib sides, 86c; clear ribs, 87c; rib sides, 88c; clear ribs, 89c; rib sides, 90c; clear ribs, 91c; rib sides, 92c; clear ribs, 93c; rib sides, 94c; clear ribs, 95c; rib sides, 96c; clear ribs, 97c; rib sides, 98c; clear ribs, 99c; rib sides, 100c; clear ribs, 101c; rib sides, 102c; clear ribs, 103c; rib sides, 104c; clear ribs, 105c; rib sides, 106c; clear ribs, 107c; rib sides, 108c; clear ribs, 109c; rib sides, 110c; clear ribs, 111c; rib sides, 112c; clear ribs, 113c; rib sides, 114c; clear ribs, 115c; rib sides, 116c; clear ribs, 117c; rib sides, 118c; clear ribs, 119c; rib sides, 120c; clear ribs, 121c; rib sides, 122c; clear ribs, 123c; rib sides, 124c; clear ribs, 125c; rib sides, 126c; clear ribs, 127c; rib sides, 128c; clear ribs, 129c; rib sides, 130c; clear ribs, 131c; rib sides, 132c; clear ribs, 133c; rib sides, 134c; clear ribs, 135c; rib sides, 136c; clear ribs, 137c; rib sides, 138c; clear ribs, 139c; rib sides, 140c; clear ribs, 141c; rib sides, 142c; clear ribs, 143c; rib sides, 144c; clear ribs, 145c; rib sides, 146c; clear ribs, 147c; rib sides, 148c; clear ribs, 149c; rib sides, 150c; clear ribs, 151c; rib sides, 152c; clear ribs, 153c; rib sides, 154c; clear ribs, 155c; rib sides, 156c; clear ribs, 157c; rib sides, 158c; clear ribs, 159c; rib sides, 160c; clear ribs, 161c; rib sides, 162c; clear ribs, 163c; rib sides, 164c; clear ribs, 165c; rib sides, 166c; clear ribs, 167c; rib sides, 168c; clear ribs, 169c; rib sides, 170c; clear ribs, 171c; rib sides, 172c; clear ribs, 173c; rib sides, 174c; clear ribs, 175c; rib sides, 176c; clear ribs, 177c; rib sides, 178c; clear ribs, 179c; rib sides, 180c; clear ribs, 181c; rib sides, 182c; clear ribs, 183c; rib sides, 184c; clear ribs, 185c; rib sides, 186c; clear ribs, 187c; rib sides, 188c; clear ribs, 189c; rib sides, 190c; clear ribs, 191c; rib sides, 192c; clear ribs, 193c; rib sides, 194c; clear ribs, 195c; rib sides, 196c; clear ribs, 197c; rib sides, 198c; clear ribs, 199c; rib sides, 200c; clear ribs, 201c; rib sides, 202c; clear ribs, 203c; rib sides, 204c; clear ribs, 205c; rib sides, 206c; clear ribs, 207c; rib sides, 208c; clear ribs, 209c; rib sides, 210c; clear ribs, 211c; rib sides, 212c; clear ribs, 213c; rib sides, 214c; clear ribs, 215c; rib sides, 216c; clear ribs, 217c; rib sides, 218c; clear ribs, 219c; rib sides, 220c; clear ribs, 221c; rib sides, 222c; clear ribs, 223c; rib sides, 224c; clear ribs, 225c; rib sides, 226c; clear ribs, 227c; rib sides, 228c; clear ribs, 229c; rib sides, 230c; clear ribs, 231c; rib sides, 232c; clear ribs, 233c; rib sides, 234c; clear ribs, 235c; rib sides, 236c; clear ribs, 237c; rib sides,