

MORRILL IS INAUGURATED.

KANSAS' NEW GOVERNOR AT THE HELM OF STATE.

BIG CROWD IN ATTENDANCE.

The Populists Step Down and Out and the Republicans Once More Assume the Reins of Government—Inaugural Address of the New Executive—The Inaugural Exercises.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 15.—Shortly after noon today, in the presence of a host of people from all parts of the state, who crowded Representative hall, which was gaily decorated, Major E. N. Morrill was sworn in as governor of the state of Kansas and the Populist administration ended. The only disappointing feature of the inauguration ceremonies was the absence of ex-Senator John J. Ingalls, who was detained in Illinois to fill a lecture engagement.

During the early hours of the morning a light sleet fell and the pavements were coated with the icy sleet a half inch in depth and more slippery than glass. About 10 o'clock,



GOVERNOR E. N. MORRILL.

however, the sun came out bright and clear and before the parade started the ice on the pavements had melted and, save for little streams of water in the gutters, a more pleasant January day could not be imagined.

The parade formed at 11:30 o'clock. A detachment of members of the G. A. R. formed on Quincy street from Ninth to Seventh street in double line, the parade passing between the lines in review. Marshall's military band of fifty pieces led the marchers. The Topeka Republican club in white jackets and trousers followed, and then came two carriages—the first occupied by four Republican state senators and in the next Major Tom Anderson and Chief Justice Albert H. Horton rode. Then came a detachment of battery B, followed by a carriage drawn by four horses in which L. D. Lowelling, the outgoing governor, rode on the right with Major Edmund N. Morrill, soon to be inaugurated governor, on his left. Governor Morrill wore a high silk hat which he frequently doffed when cheered by admiring onlookers. In the carriage following them were ex-Governors George T. Anthony, Thomas A. Osborn and George W. Glick. The next carriage was occupied by newly elected state officers and the last two in the procession bore the families of the two governors. Battery B of the state militia followed and the G. A. R. divisions through which the parade passed in starting fell in line and followed the procession to the capital building. The bad weather which had interfered with the arrangements prevented an extensive parade and the line of march was so shortened that it lasted less than half an hour.

By direction of the house Friday the sergeant-at-arms turned Representative hall over to the local committee of arrangements, which on Saturday began to prepare it for the inaugural ceremonies.

The exercises opened at 11:50 o'clock, when the state officers-elect and the retiring state officers, attended by Chief Justice Horton and other officiating dignitaries entered while Marshall's band played "The Star Spangled Banner."

Governor Lowelling and Governor-elect Morrill appeared first and as they stepped to the stand below the speaker's desk they received round after round of applause.

On Governor-elect Morrill's right, Chief Justice Horton occupied a seat, while at the left of Governor Lowelling Representative Warner of Cherokee county sat.

Major T. J. Anderson, chairman of the general committee of arrangements, officiated as president, and first called upon the Rev. A. S. Embree to invoke the Divine blessing.

Mr. Anderson introduced Governor Warner as chairman of the joint legislative committee, who would conduct the exercises. Then Mr. Warner introduced Governor Lowelling, who rose and stood waiting until the applause which greeted him had subsided. He wore a Prince Albert coat closely buttoned, and in the left lapel was a large Marshal Neil rose. In introducing his successor, he said:

"It is a distinguished honor to present to the people of this great state the man whom they have chosen as their chief executive. It is true we stood before you in some sense as the representatives of conflicting forces in the great conflict of ideas, but today partisan interests are to be forgotten. We meet as citizens and patriots of a common country, and showed the deepness of partisan strife is to 'pop' me here and there." "We have grown to regard every man appearing in associated press as a lip,

to deliver his inaugural address was the signal for applause, which finally subsided, and the new governor at 12:10 began to read from manuscript as follows:

"Fellow Citizens: A third of a century has passed since Kansas entered the sisterhood of states. It is an appropriate time to review its history and to mark its progress. I ask your indulgence, therefore, while I briefly compare its status on the 30th of January, 1861, with the conditions which now surround it.

"The measure of dignity and strength in statehood attained by a commonwealth will ever be found equal with the measure of love and devotion born to it by its citizens. The respect of mankind for a state can no more rise above the respect of the state for itself, than can public respect for a man rise above his own self-respect. The life and experience of Kansas has fairly verified the legend upon its great seal as an 'embled up to the stars through difficulties.' In its progress it has met and mastered obstacles that would have crushed and conquered a less forceful and self-reliant civilization. It was born of an idea and grew upon the food of a grand purpose—a purpose no less than the great idea of universal freedom."

The governor reviewed at great length the history of Kansas, and said among other things:

"There can be no more complete refutation, no more emphatic condemnation of the organized and persistent assaults upon the fair fame, good name and business credit of the people of Kansas than is found in the simple recital of facts I have given in your hearing. In the light of this record of phenomenal progress let every lover of the state, every one with faith in its future, gather comfort and courage. In it we learn that through all its trying vicissitudes Kansas has been true to its motto and gone steadily on its course 'up to the stars.' Its credit as a commonwealth is the peer of any of its sister states. A Kansas state bond would be as eagerly sought by the investor as a United States bond if put upon the market to-day. Its outstanding debt is but \$780,000, of which \$412,000 is in our state treasury and the property of the school fund, and but \$368,000 is held against it by all the world without. And over against this we have taxable wealth, the accumulation of but thirty-four years, the cash value of which is \$1,800,000,000. The day of ten per cent school and municipal bonds, selling at eighty cents of their par value, has long since passed. Such bonds now, bearing 5 per cent interest, will find their par value waiting them at the door of our own state treasury, or in the open market. Private credit, which has been the chief sufferer from this credit destroying crusade, is being rapidly lifted up and strengthened by the payment and cancellation of obligations and the changed sentiment of the people in regard to both ability and duty to pay their honest debts. The time I believe to be close at hand when Kansas securities, public or private, will take their place beside those of the most favorable sections of our whole country. If we are faithful to ourselves and live up to our opportunities, the average life of farm mortgages will find abundant money seeking investment in their renewal at no more than five per cent interest, and that without commissions. But to accomplish this we must cease talking about repudiation, and we must show an earnest purpose to pay our obligations by striking from our statute books every law that has been enacted to delay and hinder the collection of just debts. To accomplish this is the first duty and should be the determined purpose of every lover of his state."

THE STATE OFFICERS SWORN IN.

Having concluded his address, the new governor, turning to Chief Justice Horton, said: "Mr. Chief Justice, I am now ready to take the oath of office as governor of Kansas."

Chief Justice Horton, calling upon the vast multitude present to witness, then at 12:25 o'clock administered the oath which made Major Morrill governor and Lorenzo D. Lowelling an ex-governor. The latter retired and at the suggestion of somebody in the crowd, three cheers were given "for Governor Morrill and for Kansas."

Chairman Warner appointed Speaker Lowell and Senator Scott to present the new officers to the chief justice and commencing with Associate Justice Johnston they were sworn in one by one, the last being Edmund Stanley, the superintendent of public instruction.

This completed the exercises, whereupon T. J. Anderson announced the program for the rest of the day—Governor Morrill's reception to old soldiers this afternoon, his reception to the public to-night, the ball afterward and the old soldiers' campfire in Hamilton hall at 3 o'clock. The assembled multitude sang the hymn "America," accompanied by Marshall's band, after which the crowd dispersed and the new officers took charge of their respective departments.

One Nomination Rejected.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 15.—The Populists were early astir this morning, Governor Lowelling and the senate having much unfinished work to do before the former's surrender to his Republican successor at noon. A motion to reconsider the vote by which Henshaw's appointment was confirmed Saturday was reconsidered, and afterward Henshaw was rejected.

Governor Lowelling sent in the name of J. J. Barnes of Pratt county to be a penitentiary director in place of G. W. Hollenbeck rejected, and the appointment was confirmed. The name of State Senator H. J. Landis was sent in to take the place of Henshaw on the board of charities, but no action was taken.

A. P. A. Fight on Carter.

BUTTE, Mont., Jan. 15.—J. W. Caldwell, state president of the A. P. A., has issued an address to the A. P. A. members of the state legislature to vote against Hon. Thomas Carter, one of the Republican caucus nominees for United States senator. Carter being a Catholic. The A. P. A. claim to have twenty-one members in the legislature and say that if they vote principles they can

BOMB EXPLOSION IN PARIS.

BURSTS IN THE CENTER OF THE FRENCH CAPITAL.

IT IS CHARGED TO THE ANARCHISTS.

The Heroism of the Porter of the Building Aimed at Prevents a Dismal Explosion—No Person Injured, but Much Damage Done—A Panic Barely Averted by the Police.

PARIS, Jan. 15.—A bomb explosion occurred at about midnight in front of No. 65 Rue Monceau and is believed to have been the work of Anarchists. Nobody was killed, but considerable damage was done in the vicinity.

A panic followed particularly among the people living in the immediate vicinity of Nos. 65 and 63 Rue Monceau. The latter house was formerly the residence of Prince Victor Napoleon and its front was considerably damaged.

The explosion caused a strong force of police to gather from all sides and the Rue Monceau was soon the center of attraction for large crowds of people. But order was soon restored, the inhabitants being reassured by the police.

The police express the opinion that the explosion was directed against M. Albain, the magistrate who conducted the inquiries into the outrages committed by Ravachol and another anarchist who lives in the Rue Versailles facing the scene of the explosion.

In order to quiet the alarmed people, it was stated by the police that the chief of the municipal laboratory was inclined to think that the explosion was more in the nature of a dangerous joke than an Anarchist outrage, and that he had ascertained that the bomb contained no projectiles and was apparently only charged with gunpowder. The windows broken are also said to have been broken by concussion and by fragments of the box, and not by shot or bullets. The machine, it was added, was made to explode on contact with the ground. The appearance of the surrounding houses do not, however, bear out these stories, and everyone believes that anarchists are again at work.

A SIOUX CITY PARKHURST.

The Rev. Mr. Mahood Implicates Officials With Disreputable Women.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa, Jan. 15.—The Rev. J. W. Mahood, supported by members of the Ministerial association, appeared in the police court today and testified against several disreputable women. The room was crowded, for it had been announced in advance.

Mr. Mahood told in detail of his visits to disreputable places, naming the men he saw there. Among them were four members of the county sheriff's force, who took leading parts in the revelries. Subpoenas were issued for these officers and the case continued.

Mr. Mahood implicated the police officers as practically countenancing these things. The men whom he named were subpoenaed and the case continued.

ANOTHER CASHIER SHORT.

The Dover, N. H., National Bank Done Up for Many Thousand Dollars.

DOVER, N. H., Jan. 15.—A notice was posted on the doors of the Dover National bank to-day announcing that the institution had suspended and that by order of the directors the bank's affairs had been taken in charge by Bank Examiner C. M. Dorr.

Examiner Dorr said that Cashier Isaac Abbott's accounts were badly mixed and there was a shortage which might amount to between \$60,000 and \$80,000. He could not say definitely how much it might be, as the books had not yet been thoroughly examined.

DIVORCED IN OKLAHOMA.

A Nice of George W. Childs Freed From Her Ties to Carlos W. Whitney.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Ok., Jan. 15.—Mrs. Annie Childs Whitney, a wealthy society woman of New York city, and a niece of the late George W. Childs of Philadelphia, has secured a decree of divorce in the district court in this city from Carlos W. Whitney, a scion of the famous Whitney family of New York, and a club man of that city. The grounds were marital neglect, incompatibility of temperament and constructive abandonment.

BROOKLYN CARS TIED UP.

Five Thousand Employees on the Electric Line Strike in a Body.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Jan. 15.—At 5 o'clock this morning all the trolley cars in Brooklyn were tied up, the 5,000 employees refusing to take out the cars. The strikers include motormen, conductors, electricians, switchmen and others employed at the various power houses. All but one of the surface roads, and that a comparatively minor concern, are affected. No surface cars are running.

Louisianans Plead for Relief.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—The entire Louisiana delegation in congress, senators and representatives, appeared before the house appropriation committee to-day to urge that some provision be made for the recent losses suffered by the sugar producers and planters of that state by the repeal of the bounty provided for in the McKinley act. Arguments in favor of relief were made by Representatives Boatner and Price and Senators Caffery and Blanchard.

Modus Vivendi Agreed Upon.

MADRID, Jan. 15.—The council of ministers have agreed upon a modus vivendi under which the United States will obtain the second column of the Cuban tariff in exchange for the concession to Spain and Cuba of the "most favored nation treatment."

ROME'S WARNING.

Bishop Fink Proclaims the Ban on Secret Societies in Kansas.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 14.—Catholics of Kansas City, Kan., and vicinity will be notified through their pastors, of the ban put upon secret societies recently by Rome. The Rt. Rev. L. M. Fink, bishop of Kansas City, Kan., has made public the following letter, which he has sent to each parish priest:

"Rev. Dear Father: I send you a certain Roman document concerning three secret societies and their condemnation by the holy see. You will read it from your pulpit, together with this letter, in all the public masses on the Sunday after its receipt and if any of our Catholics have been so unfortunate as to join any of them, you will endeavor to induce them to cheerfully submit to the decision of the Holy See. You will impress on the faithful that anyone who would refuse submission or neglect severing his connection with any of them, will cut himself loose from the church and the use of the sacraments, no matter what his excuse might be. The decision is nothing new or unheard of, but the reassertion of Catholic principles, which a false liberalism intended to stifle. I congratulate our good priests on the firm stand they took in regard to secret societies and our good people on their obedience to their superiors by which they were kept from them, despite examples to the contrary around them. On this occasion you will not fail to warn the faithful not only against the three societies which are specially mentioned in the decision of the holy see, but against all secret and non-Catholic social societies, according to the intention of the Third plenary council at Baltimore, and urge upon them the necessity of establishing Catholic benevolent and social societies, or forming branches of such as have been established elsewhere in order to afford the necessary relief and assistance in sickness and death. The establishment of such societies is especially necessary in city congregations, consisting in great part of mechanics, business men, laborers, etc. The document in question, whose English translation I insert, is addressed to the apostolic delegate, who is ordered to send it to all the bishops in the United States."

To this letter is attached the letter from the pope condemning the Odd Fellows, Knights of Pythias and other secret societies.

The Rt. Rev. Fink's diocese extends about 200 miles into Eastern Kansas and includes most of the important cities of the state.

A PETRIED OUTLAW.

The Body of an Old-Time Texas Desperado Turned Into Stone.

WACO, Texas, Jan. 14.—George Renick, who catches for animals, on his round of his traps on the bank of the Brazos, saw a leg sticking out of the sand and unearthed the petrified body of a man, perfect in every limb and feature, except a gash in the abdomen. He took it to the nearest town when it was recognized as the petrified body of Bill Johnson, a murderer and outlaw, who, after killing five men of the sheriff's posse in 1859, was mortally wounded and afterwards taken from the jail by lynchers and hanged while he was dying. He was shot in the jaw, twice in the breast and in both legs, and the bullet marks are on the petrified body.

TOM CARTER FOR SENATOR.

The Ex-Republican National Chairman Honored by Montana Republicans.

HELENA, Mont., Jan. 14.—The Republicans of the legislature in joint caucus nominated ex-Congressman Thomas H. Carter for senator. When the result was announced he was lifted on the shoulders of men and carried triumphantly through the corridors. He is a Catholic and his nomination is a defeat for the A. P. A. He was chairman of the national Republican committee in the last campaign.

AID ASKED FOR KANSANS.

New York's Mayor Appealed to to Assist the People of Kansas.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—Mayor Strong has given an appeal from the Rev. E. E. Gunshel, pastor of the Methodist church, and a committee of the Christian Endeavor society of Ransom, Kan., asking for aid for the people of that section who have been unable to raise any crops during the past two years on account of the severe drought. The people are suffering from want of food and clothing.

Honduras Holds Down Foreigners.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—One article of the new constitution of Honduras, which has just gone into effect, provides that foreigners cannot have recourse to diplomatic intervention except in case of denial of justice. A judgment or sentence not favorable to the claimant shall not be understood as a denial of justice, and if reclamations are not conducted in a friendly manner and cause damage to the country, the claimants will lose the right to remain in Honduras.

May Yohe Is Lady Hope.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—The report that May Yohe, the American burlesque actress, who has been a London favorite for several years, has been married to Lord Francis Hope, brother of the duke of Newcastle, turns out to be correct. The Hampshire parish register shows that they were married there on November 27 last. The register gives Miss Yohe's name as May Augusta Yohe, 25 years of age, spinster. Lord Hope is 32.

The Kaiser and Agriculture.

BERLIN, Jan. 14.—The Emperor William has ordered detailed reports as to the agricultural depression and the proposed remedies. The funds at the disposal of the minister of agriculture will be increased for this purpose.

Lost With All on Board.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—It is regarded as certain that the British steamer Prescott, bound from Sunderland for Marseilles, founded with twenty-three persons during the recent gale.

A Psychological Experience.

Professor—Did you ever have any psychological experiences? Mrs. Eyeglass—Indeed I did—a most remarkable one.

"Prophetic?" "Yes." "I should greatly like to hear it." "One night I dreamed that the sky suddenly blazed with light; the heavens were filled with a thronging host; a trumpet sounded, the dead rose from their graves, and then a voice shouted: 'Something terrible is going to happen!'" "Well?" "Well, the very next day our cook left." "New York Weeklv."

MARKET GARDENERS GROW RICH.

There is lots of money made in early vegetables. Everybody admits that the very earliest vegetables are produced from Salzer's Northern Grower seeds. Think of having radishes in fourteen days; lettuce in twenty days; potatoes in forty days; peas in forty-six days, and splendid cabbage in fifty-five days from day of sowing seed!

If You Will Cut This Out and Send It

with \$1 money order to the John A. Salzer Seed company, LaCrosse, Wis., you will get free thirty-five packages earliest vegetable seeds and their great seed catalogue, or for six cents postage a package of Fourteen Day Paris Radish seed and their seed catalogue. W. N. U.

Rather Topheavy.

Boy—That toy boat you sold me is no good. Dealer—What's wrong with it? Boy—It won't stand up. Flops right over quick as I put it in the water. Guess you thought I wanted it for a man-of-war.

Sure to Move There. Traveler—Deadlock in your state legislature, eh? Native—Yes. "Why don't you break it?" "Wish we could." "Nothing is easier." "How?" "Introduce a bill to raise salaries."

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that

Contain Mercury.

Mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reliable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle. Hall's Family Pills, 25c.

Not Adopted.

First Fashion Leader—Why not adopt this style? It is very becoming to both of us.

Second Fashion Leader—Yes, it is becoming to us, but it does not make other people look ugly enough.

A Tobacco Taster.

Judge—How do you earn a living? Italian Prisoner—Me raisa tobacco. "You raise tobacco?" "Yessa. Me raisa in from de gutta."



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.



Are You Fortified?

When you are in a low state of health, and on the verge of illness, there is no nourishment in the world like

Scott's Emulsion

to restore strength. Scott's Emulsion nourishes, strengthens, promotes the making of solid flesh, enriches the blood and tones up the whole system.

For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Weak Lungs, Consumption, Scrofula, Anemia, Loss of Flesh, Thin Babies, Weak Children, and all conditions of Wasting.

Buy only the genuine! It has our trademark on salmon-colored wrapper.

Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. FREE.

Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists. 50 cents and \$1.

Young Medical Student (to his sweetheart)—Do you know, Julia, that the human heart is equal to the lifting of 120 pounds. Every twenty-four hours? Jal! (demurely)—Well, that's just my ght.

35 Cent Patterns for 10 Cents.

These patterns retail in fashion bazaars and stores for twenty-five to forty cents each, but in order to increase the demand among strangers we offer them to the lady readers of this paper for the remarkably low price of only 10 Cents Each. Postage one cent extra.

The patterns are all of the very latest New York styles, and are unequalled for style accuracy of fit, simplicity and economy. For twenty-four years these patterns have been used the country over. Full descriptions and directions—such as the number of yards of material required, the number and names of the different pieces in the pattern, how to cut and fit and put the garment together—are sent with each pattern, with a picture of the garment to go by. These patterns are complete in every particular, there being a separate pattern for every single piece of the dress. Your order will be filled the same day it is received.

Order patterns by number and give size in inches. Every pattern guaranteed to be perfect. THEY ARE GLOVE FITTING. To get the Bust and Breast measure, put the tape measure ALL of the way around the body, over the dress close under the arms. Price of each pattern, 10 cents, when ordered on coupon printed below.

Postage one cent extra on EACH pattern.



LADIES' HOUSE GOWN. Pattern No. 6108 is cut

in five sizes, viz: 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40 inches bust measure.

—Lavender wool challie facing a clover leaf design in olive green is here stylishly trimmed with olive satin.

The revers, sleeves, collar and sach are of satin lined with the challie, while the sleeve caps are of the challie lined with the satin.

The sash is made of the wool challie. The gown is in "Princess" shape, fitting the figure smoothly and falling in ripple-like folds around the skirt.

Made in walking length this model is a favorite for a street dress with ladies who like the weight of their gowns to depend from the shoulders. The style is also desirable for dresses of silk or woolen fabrics.

Gimp, braid, insertion, etc., can be used for trimming.

The retail price of this pattern is 35 cents.

LADIES' PUFFED WAIST. Pattern No. 6193 is

cut in five sizes, viz: 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40 inches bust measure.

—Lavender organdie over silk lining of the same shade, made this dainty waist, which is one of the latest importations.

The upper fronts and back are shirred in upright puffs to square yoke depth each row of shirring being covered with pearl braid. The fullness in front and back is prettily gathered into small space at the waist line, where it is held in by the belt. Ample puffs are gracefully disposed over fitted sleeve linings, the lower portions being arranged around the arm in puffs to match the stimulated yoke. The standing collar of silk is covered with a puff of the organdie, bordered on each edge with the pearl braid. The closing is invisible in center front.

A belt of corded lavender silk is worn at the waist, fastened with a pearl buckle. All styles of silk in fashionable veves, crepe, challie, velvety, landowna and novelty silk and wool mixtures, lace, net, grenadine, Swiss mousseline de soie and various other seasonable fabrics are all used to develop themes. The decorations can be selected from the great variety now fashionable, to suit individual taste.

The retail price of this pattern is 35 cents.



COUPON

In ordering, give No. of patterns wanted, Bust, and Waist measurements. Either of these patterns will be sent to any address upon receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps when this coupon is enclosed with order and one cent for postage, with your address. Address SCOTT'S PATTERNS CO., 123

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