

Hutchinson Gazette.

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VOL. 5.

HUTCHINSON, KANSAS, THURSDAY NOON, APRIL 25, 1895.

NO. 34

LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS

-AT-

"Martin's"



AT 50c.

Ladies' Percale Shirt Waists in Pink, Blue and Grey Stripes and Polka Dots, High Roll Collar.

AT 75c.

Ladies' Fine Percale Waists, Black, Red and White Stripes in various widths—High Roll Collar.

AT \$1.50.

Ladies' Extra Fine Lawn and Percale Shirt Waists—all colors and styles.

AT \$ 200.

Ladies' Fine Scotch Gingham, Fancy Lawn and Percale Shirt Waists—the very latest styles—Dressmaker made.

LADIES' SILK WAISTS.

(all Dressmaker Made) in Plain Blue, Stripes and Tullies, and Fancy Striped and Checked Tullies.

\$5.00 TO \$7.50.

P. MARTIN & CO.,

ONE PRICE CASH HOUSE,

Hutchinson,

Kansas.

And what do You think Of this?

Now don't ask us where or how we got them but just come in and get a pair.

They are extra heavy blue denim overalls, with a large bib and elastic suspenders. You know they are the regular 75c and 80c quality, only we are selling them for

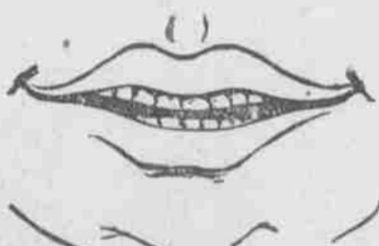
50c

50 dozen on hand. Come and get a pair.

New Daylight Store,

I. COBBERG, Prop.

Cor. Main and First.



THIS IS WHAT TALKS.

You may get through the world, but 'till he is very slow. If you listen to ALL that is said as you go. You'll be worried and fretted and kept in a stew. For meddlesome tongues must have something to do.

And people will talk. Some people have mouths that are open like this. Baiting their neighbors—the venous ones. Of the deadliest serpent could never compare. With malice and gossip they poison the air. Such people will talk.

But our mouth is open to give you a hint. That dollars are coined, but not saved, at the mint. You never will know how they're saved till you buy. All your goods at our store; get our list in your eye. For that is what talks.

And now kindly listen to us, for we tell Of a name bargains of prices that fall From the very first day that we opened our store. Our profits cut into—clear into the core—And this is what talks.

Prices is the argument every time. Not mere lowness without regard to quality, but the high value at the price which insures economy. That we are ever striving for—bargains that shall be bargains—a heaped up money's worth. This week we are selling:

- 30 lbs granulated sugar for... \$1.00
- 24 lbs navy beans... \$1.00
- 5 lbs. Oat flakes... 25
- 5 lbs. pearl barley... 25
- 5 lbs. flax meal... 25
- Breakfast 5-kes... 10
- 4 pounds pearl tapioca... 25
- 3 pounds best milk... 25
- 3 and one-quarter lbs apple butter... 25
- 7 bars Lenox Soap... 25
- 5 lbs Three Crown Raisins... 25
- 5 Gal. canned Concord Grapes... 25
- Pink beans... 25
- A A Crushed Coffee... 20c
- Evaporated raspberries, per lb... 25
- .. Silver Prunes... 25
- .. California Peaches... 25
- .. Calif Raisins... 25
- .. California Prunes... 25
- .. California Apples... 25
- 2 1/2 lbs. Cleaned Currants... 25
- 3 lbs Seed as Raisins... 25
- Gal. canned Peaches... 25
- Gal. canned Cherries... 25
- Gal. canned Concord Grapes... 25
- 5 cans Usage Tomato... 25

The Mountain Lions talk sometimes. Have you ever heard them roar?

Winne & Silsbee,

CASH GROCERS.

No 28 South Main street, Hutchinson. Telephone 99.

A CRUSADE.

The New York Reform Club Will Fight Free Silverites.

THE SIXTEEN TO ONE IDEA.

What is Told at Washington About the Spread of the Silver Sentiment in the West—Wiping Out Old Political Lines.

NEW YORK, April 24.—An important crusade against the free coinage of silver will be inaugurated in the metropolis at once. A series of editorial articles will appear regularly in nearly 1,000 newspapers all over the country, beginning this week, attacking the fallacies of the free silver advocates. The head and center of the metropolitan movement is the Reform club, of New York, which numbers nearly 1,000 of the most representative men of the metropolis, and twice as many more who are scattered all over the union. The club has been working quietly for some months past, but now that all indications point to a presidential campaign next year, in which the leading issue will be the free coinage of silver, they feel that an aggressive crusade is necessary. Former Secretary Fairchild, the president of the Reform club, is enthusiastic over the outlook, and when asked about the matter he said: "We are greatly interested in the Memphis sound money convention, and feel decidedly encouraged. We certainly shall co-operate with that body in advocating correct principles of finance. The currency question is bound to play an important part in the coming presidential campaign, and the friends of monometallism cannot enter the lists too soon against the silver fanaticism that abounds in many parts of the country. It is in the west that we shall have the hardest work, and it is for this reason that we have organized our forces to combat false theories of finance. If this country is to prosper it must be established on a firm financial footing, and not on the shifting sands of silver free coinage. Of course, if we get international bimetalism that is another thing."

The Sixteen to One Idea.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—Every member of the administration who has been west within the past few weeks has returned with marvelous stories about the spread of the 16 to 1 idea. E. A. Mosely, secretary of the interstate commerce committee, has just come from a trip extending as far as the Pacific coast. "I not only did not meet a man," he said, "but did not hear of one, with the single exception of the editor of the Portland Oregonian, who was not an advocate of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. It is everywhere manifest, and absolutely wipes out old political lines. The reception given to ex-Congressman Sibley and Gen. A. J. Warner, at Denver, was significant. When Sibley spoke the entire crowd was with him; there were neither democrats nor republicans, but all silver men, who unanimously approved everything he said. There was another thing that struck me," continued Mr. Mosely. "In the sleeping car coming out of St. Louis there were ten gentlemen, and six of them were reading 'Coins Financial School,' and reading it as if it were gospel to them. It looks to me as if much missionary work would have to be done if the spread of the silver sentiment is to be overcome."

WATERWAYS MEASURE.

Proposed Through Route from the Atlantic Seaboard to the Gulf.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 24.—A bill "to promote the construction of waterways" was yesterday introduced in the senate by Mr. Bogardus and in the house by Mr. Ellsworth. It provides for the construction of a ship canal from Lake Michigan to the Mississippi river, and declares it to be the policy of the state of Illinois to procure the construction of a trunk waterway through the state from Lake Michigan via the Des Plaines and Illinois rivers to the Mississippi river, of such dimensions and capacity as to form a homogeneous part of a through route from the Atlantic seaboard, via the great lakes, to the gulf of Mexico.

EUROPEAN NATIONS OBJECT.

Russia, Germany and France Protest Against Dismemberment of China.

BERLIN, April 24.—A dispatch received here from Tokio to-day says that the envoys of Russia, Germany and France have formally protested to the Japanese ministry of foreign affairs against the incorporation by the terms of the treaty of peace between China and Japan of any of the Chinese mainland in the Japanese empire.

Missouri Homeopath Officers.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 24.—At today's session of the Missouri Institute of Homeopathy the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Dr. H. J. Ravold, of St. Joseph; Dr. J. F. Elliott and Dr. T. H. Hudson, of Kansas City, vice presidents; Edward F. Brady, of Kansas City, general secretary, and Moses E. Rannels, of Kansas City, treasurer.

Chinamen in Perforated Coffins.

MONTREAL, Can., April 24.—The United States custom officers have un-

shipped Chinese across the border to Vanceboro, Me., in perforated coffins from St. John, N. B., where they were kept in hiding.

Six Men Killed.

LEON, Mex., April 24.—Six men were killed and several wounded at the village of Huila, west of here, by the collapsing of an amphitheater which surrounded a cockpit. The arena was crowded and the deaths were principally due to suffocation.

Old Soldiers and Settlers.

PARSONS, Kan., April 24.—At a mass meeting of citizens last night it was decided to hold a grand reunion of old soldiers and settlers in this city August 17 to 24.

KANSAS CROPS.

The Report of the Weather Service Summarized Briefly.

TOPEKA, Kan., April 24.—The weekly weather-crop bulletin of the Kansas weather service for the week ended the 23d says: The temperature fell below the normal during the first days of the week and light frosts formed over the state, but the warm days following have carried the temperature above the normal and at the close of the week there was an accumulated excess of about 30 degrees. The rainfall, however, remains deficient, except in Grant, Trego, Ness, Elk and the northeastern counties, though fairly good rains have fallen in the northern counties.

In the eastern division farming operations are being vigorously pushed. Corn planting is well along in the central counties and has begun in the northern. Corn is coming up as far north as the Kaw river, while in the extreme south farmers have begun cultivating it. The greatest advance, however, is in the fruit trees and grass; the orchards are full of bloom and the prairies are carpeted with green. Wheat and oats are looking fine, though rain is much needed generally.

In the middle division the orchards are giving fine promise now; much corn is going in; wheat still improving some; oats doing well, and gardens nicely. The sand and dirt storm the first of the week was probably unprecedented. It did some damage by blowing away loose dirt. A good rain is greatly needed.

In the western division the severe wind the first of the week filled the air with the dry sand and caused considerable damage to growing crops and fruit blossoms. Wheat does not yet give much promise and some fields are being put into other grains. Oats, barley and grass are making good headway, and much stock feed is being put in in the shape of Kafir and Jerusalem corn. Fruit here, as elsewhere, gives abundant promise.

KANSAS REPUBLICAN LEAGUE.

A Big Convention Expected at Topeka Thursday—Women Will Also Meet.

TOPEKA, Kan., April 24.—Delegates are already arriving to attend the convention of the Republican State League Thursday. Secretary Gault has received the credentials of over 500 delegates and he looks for 1,200 to claim seats in the convention. Among those talked of for the presidency of the league are H. J. Bone, W. Y. Morgan and D. W. Mulvane.

Minnie D. Morgan, state president of the Woman's Republican association, which will meet Thursday afternoon, has opened headquarters at the National hotel. There will be a meeting of the executive committee in her rooms at 10 o'clock Thursday morning.

SCHWEINFURTH'S CASE.

The Grand Jury Investigating the Rockefeller "Heaven" and its "Angels."

ROCKFORD, Ill., April 24.—George Jacob Schweinfurth's case is now being investigated by the grand jury. Lynn Grandy returned from Chicago yesterday to testify, and most of the witnesses who gave evidence in the Coudrey case in Chicago will give evidence to-day. Schweinfurth and most of the "angels" at the "Heaven" will be subpoenaed. Yesterday, when a deputy sheriff went down to serve a writ of execution on Schweinfurth for Coudrey's \$50,000 judgment, he claimed that all the property he had on earth was a blooded 3-year-old colt.

IN HIS OWN DEFENSE.

Warden of the Kansas Penitentiary Answers Stories Told by Witnesses for the State.

TOPEKA, Kan., April 24.—Warden Chase was a witness in his own behalf before the penitentiary investigation committee to-day. He went over the entire history of his service as warden and gave his side of the stories told by witnesses of the state. He denied that he had introduced corporal punishment in the prison. He said that he had inherited the "crib," the "buck and gag" and other instruments of punishment from Warden Case. He denied the Lou Williams story.

HAS WATSON GIVEN UP?

The Noted Georgia Populist Suddenly Resumes the Franchise of Law.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 24.—Thomas E. Watson, ex-congressman from the Tenth district, has returned to the practice of law. When he entered politics his shingle was taken down. Black defeated Watson at the last election, but resigned so that a new election could be held. Watson had been nominated to make the race again by the populists. He returned to the law at this time.

GROVER FOR GOLD.

The President Writes a Letter to

The "Sound" Money Club of Chicago.

He Stands for a Gold Standard.

And Draws the Lines for Future Political Action.

The financial question is crowding itself to the front. The Illinois democracy is in the throes of a party fight between the gold standard and the free silver elements. The gold standard fellows irrespective of party realizing that the tariff will not be a political question in '96 have organized a society to fight the "more money" idea. Lyman Gage and Mayor Swift and Pullman, and many other pets of the republican party are ring leaders in it.

They lately invited President Cleveland to come to their city and deliver a non-partisan lecture on money. The president having no desire to get west of the Alleghany mountains wrote a letter of regret and added a few words to it as follows:

To Messrs. William T. Baker, George W. Smith, John A. Roche, T. W. Harvey, David Kelly and Henry S. Robbins.

Executive Mansion, Washington, April 13.—I am much gratified by the exceedingly kind and complimentary invitation you have tendered me on behalf of many citizens of Chicago to be their guest at a gathering in the interest of sound money and wholesome financial doctrine. My attachment to this cause is so great, and I know so well the hospitality and kindness of the people of Chicago that of accepting your flattering invitation; but my judgment and estimate of the propriety of my official place oblige me to forego the enjoyment of participating in the occasion you contemplate. I hope, however, the event will mark the beginning of an earnest and aggressive effort to disseminate among the people safe and prudent financial ideas. Nothing more important can engage the attention of patriotic citizens, because nothing is so vital to the welfare of our fellow countrymen and to the strength, prosperity and honor of our nation.

The situation confronting us demands that those who appreciate the importance of this subject and those who ought to be first to see impending danger should no longer remain indifferent or overconfident. If the sound money sentiment abroad in the land is to save us from mischief and disaster, it must be crystallized and combined and made immediately active. It is dangerous to overlook the fact that a vast number of our people with scant opportunity, thus far to examine the question in all its aspects, have nevertheless been ingeniously pressed with spurious suggestions which in the time of misfortune and depression find willing listeners prepared to give credence to any scheme which is plausibly presented as a remedy for their unfortunate condition.

What is now needed more than anything else is a plain and simple presentation of the argument in favor of sound money. In other words it is time for the American people to reason together as members of a great nation which can promise them a continuance of protection and safety only so long as its solvency is unquestioned, its honor unsullied and the soundness of its money unquestioned. These things are ill exchanged for the illusions of a debased currency and groundless hope of disadvantages to be gained by a disregard of our financial credit and commercial standing among the nations of the world.

If our people were isolated from all others and if the question of our currency could be treated without regard to our relations to other countries, its character would be a matter of comparatively little importance. If the American people were only concerned in the maintenance of their precious life among themselves they might return to old days of barter, and in the primitive manner acquire from each other the materials to supply the wants of their existence. But if American civilization were satisfied with this it would abjectly fall in its high and noble mission.

In these restless days the farmer is tempted by the assurance that though our currency may be debased, redundant and uncertain, such a situation will improve the price of his products. Let us remind him that he must buy as well as sell; that his dreams of plenty are shaded by the certainty that if the price of the things he has to sell is nominally enhanced, the cost of the thing he must buy will not remain stationary; that the best prices which cheap money proclaims are unsubstantial and elusive and that even if they were real and palpable, he must necessarily be left far behind in the race for their enjoyment.

It ought not to be difficult to convince the wage-earner that if there were benefits arising from a debased currency they would reach him

RAFF DRY GOODS,

No. 24 North Main.

RAFF does as he advertises. RAFF guarantees goods as represented or money refunded. RAFF sells first-class goods as cheap as others sell inferior goods.

LINEN ... SALE

AT RAFF'S, The Money Saver.

Ladies Love

Fine LINEN.

Raff is selling now, at a Sacrifice

Unbleached Linen Toweling,

4c Yard.

Good Linen Crash Toweling,

8c Yard.

Very Fine Glass Linen,

10c Yard.

Bleached Linen Huck Towels, Large

Size,

22c Each.

Fine Satin Damask Towels,

15c Each

Good Towel in Satin Damask or Linen

Damask, for

13c Each.

RAFF The Money Saver.

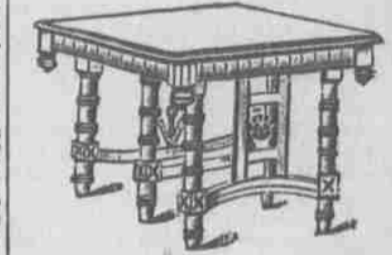
Mail Orders Solicited. Prompt attention.

First-Class in All Its Appointments.

RATES: \$2.00 PER DAY.



THE NEW ALBANY HOTEL, Geo. E. Green, Prop. 1001 Union Ave. Opposite Union Depot. Cable and Elevated Cars pass the house to all parts of the city.



For Fine Furniture At Low Prices,

KING Leads Them All.

He buys by the carload, direct from the factory, and pays spot cash. He gives his trade the benefit of this, and sells from 10 to 20 per cent. cheaper than all competitors.

He has two large rooms packed full, with a fresh stock of furniture. Call and see him and save money. Get prices, whether you buy or not.

H. KING,

No. 323 and 325 Santa Fe Block. Hutchinson, Kansas.

(Continued on 8th page.)