

STATE NEWS.

The Independence Reporter indignantly denies the story that the women of that city are carrying flowers to Emmet Dalton.

From Russell: The Woman's Columbian club of Russell is having a fireplace built of Russell county stone in the Kansas building at the world's fair.

The engineering department of Kansas university is making a map of Kansas showing the geology and the mineral resources of the state. It is to be exhibited at the world's fair.

Emporia Republican: Arthur Capper, of the Topeka Capital, married the lady after whom Florence, Kan., was named. She was Miss Florence Crawford, the daughter of ex-Governor Crawford, who was a that time president of the town company.

Wellington Standard: The county clerk has furnished just 100 tax deeds since the first of September—more than have ever before been given in the same period of time in the history of the county. The deeds were in a large majority on town property.

The La Cygne house, for over twenty years the leading hotel of La Cygne, is destroyed by fire. The flames started in the kitchen. The building and contents were the property of R. E. Thorne. Part of the contents were saved. Insurance on building, \$1,500.

Governor Smith has been directed by the board of managers for the Soldier's home to build a residence for Father Flynn, the Catholic chaplain at the home. Work on the new structure will be commenced at once, and it will be on a par with other fine residence property at the home.

Tonganoxie Mirror: Register Creighton says the ruling interest rate on farm mortgages in this county is 7 per cent. A few mortgages draw as low as 5 per cent, while others double that figure. Mr. Creighton says that releases of all kinds of mortgages are numerous, in fact much in excess of new ones put on record.

McPherson Freeman-Vim: Henry Wischer, residing near Inman, was in town to make final proof on the northwest quarter of section eighteen, in Superior township. This claim had been taken in 1872 by L. Paul, and later on Ed Jackson traded a Texas pony for the same. Mr. Wischer purchased Jackson's claim and homesteaded it and now makes final proof.

Chetopa Democrat: J. M. Morgan, late people's party candidate for district clerk, has been offered a very important position in the state house at Topeka. It is the chief clerkship in the treasurer's office at a salary of \$1,200 with about \$100 on the outside. The only objectionable feature in the bond, which is \$100,000, but it is thought Mr. Morgan can give the bond if he chooses to accept the place.

Atchison Champion: An Indian burying-ground has been discovered about five miles down the river from Atchison. It is located on the bench of a hill facing the river. The graves are covered with stone and present the appearance of being very old. At the base of the hill may be seen the remains of an Indian village. A great many relics have been picked up in the fields along the creek at this place. The graves probably contain many valuable relics.

Junction City special: First Sergeant George Loyd, I troop, Seventh cavalry, one of the oldest soldiers at the post, committed suicide by shooting himself through the head. Death was almost instantaneous. Sergeant Loyd has seen hard service and has been wounded a number of times. At the battle of Wounded Knee he was shot through the body and was left for dead. Since then he has had two ribs broken and it is thought he was deranged when he committed his last rash act.

Robert Merritt, a very respectable colored farmer living about two miles north of Pleasanton, accidentally shot himself and died instantly. He had been out hunting with a dog and gun. On coming to the house of a neighbor their two dogs began to fight. Mr. Merritt, undertook to part the dogs by using his foot and the breech of his gun, and the latter was discharged, the contents passing through the man's head, blowing his brains out. He leaves a wife and several children.

Atchison Champion: Recently a young lady, daughter of one of the wealthy men of Atchison, went out, as is her custom, to see what could be done to alleviate the poor. On stopping at one place she was surprised to find one of the larger girls staying home from school. An inquiry into the matter led to the fact that it was because she had no shoes to wear. Ascertaining that she wore the same number of shoes, she well-to-do young lady pulled off the good pair of shoes she wore and walked home in her ocher shoes.

Atchison Champion: A case of considerable interest to farmers and stockmen was tried before Justice Shiffert. The case was Arthur Lucy vs. Henry and Prior Dickey. The plaintiff bought some hogs of the defendants at an agreed price. When the day for delivery came hogs had advanced 40 cents on the hundred, and the defendant failed or refused to deliver the hogs as per contract. The plaintiff, as purchaser, sued for the difference of 40 cents per hundred between what the hogs were worth the day he bought them and what they were worth the day set for delivery. The justice gave the plaintiff judgment for the full amount sued for. The case was settled and no appeal will be taken.

Kansas City Gazette: United States Deputy Marshal Floyd Williams, who was killed by Outlaw Starr, was a nephew of the wife of Rev. Dr. John W. Alderman, pastor of the Washington Avenue Methodist Episcopal church, of this city, being a son of Mrs. Alderman's brother, who lives in Washington.

He made his home with Rev. and Mrs. Alderman from the time he was 3 years old until he became of age, and was a favorite with them. He was thirty-three years old, and had been riding the frontier as a marshal for nine years. His wife and family live at Fort Smith, Ark., and the funeral will occur there. The sad news had a serious effect upon Mrs. Alderman, who was very much attached to her nephew. She has been in poor health for some months, and was so prostrated by the news that a physician was called.

Quite a sensation was created in Olathe when there appeared in the Spring Hill items of the Olathe Mirror an article from the correspondent of the paper, saying that "a prominent minister of this town, in his sermon Sunday night, loudly denounced the county attorney as a rascal and a perjurer. The city officers were also attacked for the alleged non-prosecution of violators of the liquor and gambling laws of the state." As soon as County Attorney S. D. Scott read the article and learned that Rev. Everett, of the Methodist church, was supposed to be the minister referred to, he at once issued a subpoena, under authority given county attorneys by the prohibitory laws of the state, and had the same served on Mr. Everett, commanding him to appear at his office in this city Saturday to give evidence, under oath, as to what he knows in regard to violations of the prohibitory law of Spring Hill. Mr. Scott also accompanied the subpoena with a letter, saying that the statement made in the pulpit last Sunday must be retracted next Sunday and a card published in the county papers next week also retracting the same or action for damages would immediately follow.

STOCK AND FARM.

Lebanon Criterion: L. W. Baker, of Stuart, reports that corn in his neighborhood is yielding from twenty to forty-five bushels per acre, and thinks the average would be about thirty.

Grainfield Cap Sheaf: The jackrabbits are destroying the Catalpa trees on our timber claim. Those who are planting trees should be careful to select varieties that rabbits will not destroy. We find that the Russian mulberry, white ash and the honey locust are the best varieties.

Stafford People's Paper: At the horse sale Tuesday the stock sold very low indeed. Colts which will be a year old in the spring sold for \$7.75 to \$10 each. Grown horses sold at about \$20. The horses were rather light but fairly well bred, and would make good driving horses.

Buffalo Advocate: It is said that there is getting to be a large number of cheap "plug" horses in this part of the country, and that the feeding of them this winter will be quite an item. There certainly are a great many more horses around here than there is any need of, and they are too "pluggy" to sell on the market.

Cedar Vale Star: G. M. Carpenter is feeding 25,000 bushels of corn to stock cattle this winter, but is full feeding none. He has only missed full feeding one winter in the past twenty-five until this, but thinks he will never winter feed another bunch of cattle. He will put corn into them, though, taking them through the winter in good shape, and market from grass in June and July.

There were more feeder buyers at the Kansas City, Kan., yards than for some days. The break in the market of 25@30 cents per cwt. Friday brought back a number of buyers that were here the first of the week and returned home without any cattle. They saved by the week's delay from \$2.50 to \$3. per head on 1,000-pound steers—quite a consideration.

South Haven New Era: Distemper of the most virulent type is prevailing among the horses in this section. In some cases the veterinary has had to cut open the windpipe of the distressed animals and insert bottle necks for them to breathe through. A number of horses have choked to death before relief could be given. Asafetida placed in the feed box or wrapped on the bridle bit where horses are being used, is said to be a good preventive for the disease.

KANSAS RAILROADS.

Kansas has nearly 3,000 more miles of railroad than Missouri.

The Santa Fe paid over a million and a half dollars for taxes last year.

The total amount of taxes levied upon railway property in Shawnee county, for all purposes, as assessed by the state board of railway assessors for the year 1892, and which has just been certified by the county clerk to the auditor of state, is \$31,547.67.

Topeka special: Notice was given here that W. S. Page, assistant general superintendent of the Rock Island west of the Missouri river, had resigned, and that all business heretofore transacted by him would be looked after by C. Dunlap, general superintendent.

The Kansas Swine Breeders' association, the State Poultry association and the Stock Dealers' association, all of which are to meet in Topeka during January, have applied for reduced rates. A one and one-third rate will probably be granted to all of them, including the inaugural ceremonies.

KANSAS CHURCHES.

The brick work on the new Catholic monastery at Atchison is completed and will soon be ready for occupancy.

IT WAS NOT GUFF.

From the Kansas City, Mo., Journal. It will be the natural tendency of those who do not read for themselves to look upon the result of the late election as a proof that all the arguments of the republicans were pure inventions for campaign purposes. Especially is this likely to be the case in regard to the McKinley tariff law and its relations to the American laborer. But a little study of the news columns of the daily papers, now that the election is over and all foreign news can be considered solely on its merits, will show that at least one important argument used by the republican press was not only well founded, but that the predictions that were based upon it are already being fulfilled.

The voter was told that the policy of the democratic party, call it free trade or by any other name, is the policy that has the full sympathy of the English press and public. He was told that the law which closed the doors of the English factories was opening the doors of hundreds of factories on our own soil for the employment of American labor. He was told that laborers employed on this side the water would consume American farm products, and that the building up of competitive industries would provide against extortionate prices under the law that provides protection against foreign competition.

The very first dispatches from London following the announcement there that the "tariff for revenue" party had gotten control of the government, tell of the joy that prevails among all classes. The outcome of the election is the most gladsome news that the cable has ever given them. In a dispatch to the St. Louis Republic, good democratic authority, it is stated that "in the great industrial centers of population throughout the midlands and the north, in every shipping port, and in fact, wherever throughout the kingdom men of affairs gathered together on Wednesday, this subject drove every other from their thoughts and talk." If this means anything, it means just what republicans undertook to impress upon the minds of the voters. It means that England rejoices in the success of Cleveland because its own industries were being wiped out by the policy of the republican party. There need be no dispute as to the meaning of free trade in this connection. England knows what free trade is, and it knows what "tariff for revenue" means as well. The London Times says the tariff proposed by the democratic platform is what is known in England as free trade. It is the triumph of that principle that all England is celebrating. The circumstance is worthy of mention now simply as proof that the republican party made a campaign of honest arguments.

JERRY'S THEACHERY.

A Washington correspondent says: "Simpson's treachery and hypocrisy assisted in its defeat last session. The cattlemen on the strip had promised to vote their cowboys for Simpson if he would play the role of a traitor to the wishes of the people of the Seventh district."

"He followed out his part and it is now known that illegal voters from the strip were permitted to vote at certain places where all the election judges were alliance men, and they came in strong enough to save Simpson from defeat. His conniving with cattle plutocrats on the strip extended his job and salary two years. This much he got out of it that is visible to any one who has been in a position to get at his schemes here and knows how the cowboys voted on the border."

"Those who are deeply interested in opening the strip have no hopes of getting Simpson's support. They, knowing he was controlled by the Cherokee strip cattlemen before, of course will remain his lobbyist, as the job having paid him so well so far it will not be in the makeup of his appetite to give it up."

"It has always been true that the strongest opposition, in fact the only formidable opposition, to getting lands open in the territory has come from the cattlemen, who are financially interested. They put up the financial opposition, which is a power when it hits a certain class of office-holders. They will fight the treaty ratification bill just as hard this session as ever, and it is feared, will control Simpson and others. He will overcome the same old enemy is the question."

"The talk to day between Secretary Noble and Senator Platt had also something to do with staidhood for certain territories, Oklahoma included. The secretary favors staidhood for Oklahoma just as soon as congress can act. He is heartily in favor of legislation to this extent, and also favors opening the strip."

THAT FRAUD.

A correspondent of the New York Tribune, writing from Havana, shows that there was, in 1892, an increase of Cuba's imports from the United States of \$9,586,862. He says that the reduction of the duty on flour, brought about through the reciprocity treaty, "gave the American millers complete control of the Cuban market, the price of flour having been reduced \$4 and \$5 per barrel in that market in consequence." And while this is true it is also true that meats, lard and many other classes of provisions which were formerly brought from other countries are now imported from the United States.

And yet the democratic platform pronounces reciprocity a fraud, and the people have placed that party in power that is pledged to give our markets to the foreigner instead of making him pay for them.

We have secured the Cuban market for our flour, meats and other farm products, because and only because we had a protective system that enabled us to compel Spain to agree to our terms. Had we had free trade or a revenue tariff, we could not have secured this advantage, either with Cuba or with

any other countries that are now taking large quantities of our products. It remains to be seen whether the democratic party will dare touch "that fraud" with a destroying hand.

THE SHAM STILL WORKS.

From the Kansas City, Kan., Gazette. Chairman Briedenthal says there will be a great number of farmers in Topeka at the inauguration; that they never saw an inauguration, and that they never elected a governor before, and they will have some curiosity to see him inaugurated. The money lenders, commission men, bankers and broken-down lobbyists, running the people's party evidently take the Kansas farmers for a lot of yajpas. Of the ten governors Kansas has had up to date, three of them, Robinson, Harvey and Glick, never did anything else than farm; and they reside on their farms yet. Carney was a merchant, Martin a newspaper publisher, Crawford, St. John and Humphrey were lawyers, and Osborn and Anthony general hustlers. Carney was the only one among them that had any means, and a leading manipulator of the people's party to-day helped bleed him into bankruptcy. Every legislative body that ever assembled in Kansas contained a majority of farmers. There is not a law on the statute book to-day that was not made by farmer votes in the legislature. How tiresome this farmer racket is! and how long can the sham be worked?

AMERICAN DOCTRINE.

From the Atchison Champion. Our London cablegram is a pretty effectual answer to the democratic campaign liars. "The robber tariff" they said was the cause of the "strikes," "tramps" and "poverty" in this country. The horrible condition in England and Europe where "the blessings of free trade" and the much boasted democratic "unrestricted trade" have full swing, seems to show that the democratic campaign liars are confronted by "a condition, not a theory," and a very serious condition it is too. Another thing Mr. Cleveland and his friends will do well to bear in mind is, that the "single gold standard" prevails in those countries where famine, strikes and tramps are now doing their deadly work. Free labor, and plenty of it, is the American doctrine.

TOTAL POLITICAL DEPRAVITY.

There is much talk about the sensational trip of Gorman, Carlisle and Brice to New York. The best authority puts it down as a rank political fake. It is known to a certainty that the particular trio now in New York would do everything in their power to prevent the senate from being democratic. They are not in New York for the purpose of making the senate democratic, but to see if anything can be done secretly, according to Gorman's plan of doing business, to keep it from being democratic. They want the senate to remain republican so they will not be expected to keep their campaign promises. This may startle the honest people of the country who do not understand the total depravity of the Gorman school of politics.

REPUBLICAN CORRUPTION.

From the Leoit Gazette. As a proof of the wonderful extravagance and corruption of the republican party, the alliance journals should lay before their readers the fact that the Kansas state board of charities, during the two years ending July 1, 1892, returned to the state treasury \$61,933.96 of the amount appropriated to run the several state charitable institutions during that time. The largest surplus was from the fund for the Topeka insane asylum—\$18,265.74. Of the Industrial school appropriation, \$1,902.18 was not used. Such facts as these give the lie to nine-tenths of the idiotic howls made during the recent state campaign.

GROVER SIGNED IT.

From the Philadelphia Press. The "15,000 survivors of the Mexican war, with 7,000 widows," who are on the pension list, fill an evening contemporary with surprise because "the United States never had much over half of 22,000 men actually engaged in the war with Mexico." Quite true, but Grover Cleveland signed a pension bill giving a service pension to everyone who had enlisted for the Mexican war and been a short time on the rolls, whether he ever went to the front or not. And, it will be generally remembered that the Mexican war pensioners referred to were, almost all of them, confederate soldiers later on.

CONFEDERATE BONDS.

From the London, Eng., Money Market Review. The impending return to power in the United States of the democratic party opens agreeable prospect to a large number of English as well as continental investors who are interested in various forms of paper issued by the southern states. The democratic party has always been considered identified in an especial degree with the interests of the south; while the converse has held good with regard to the republicans. The shifting of political power which has just taken place, therefore, is necessarily of good augury for southern interests.

FIFTEEN THOUSAND PER CENT.

From the New York Mail and Express. In 1881 the total production in the United States of wire nails amounted to 30,000 kegs. In 1891, after ten years of republican protection, our production of wire nails was 4,500,000 kegs. This increase of 4,070,000 kegs, or 14,800 per cent, was principally due to republican protection.

If the democrats could see just how to wipe out protection without wiping out wages and revenue, they would be a good deal happier.

STATE AFFAIRS.

And Capital City News of State Interest.

State Treasurer elect W. H. Biddle has recovered from his recent sickness and is able to be out.

D. D. Hornaday, of Abilene, has been appointed to the position of bond clerk in the state superintendent's office.

Sheriff Flora, of Leavenworth county, received the \$300 reward offered for the arrest and conviction of Penson, the murderer and suicide. Flora drew the money from the state treasury.

Legislature of 1868.

John M. Price has issued the following call:

The association of officers and members of the legislature of 1868 will have its twenty-fifth anniversary at the state capitol in Topeka, January 16, 1893, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. All state officers and members of the legislature of 1868 are members of the association and are urgently requested to be present at meeting. The annual election of officers of the association will be held at this meeting, and addresses will be delivered by Hons. John M. Price, Benjamin F. Simpson, James D. Snoddy and others. All persons who held state or territorial offices or who were members of the legislature prior to 1868 are especially requested to favor the meeting with their presence.

Sunday School Union.

Several of the Sunday School union men occupied city pulpits Sunday. At 8:30 a mass meeting was held at the First Congregational church and was addressed by Hon. J. E. Larimer, Hon. Martin Mohler, Mrs. E. E. Fowler and W. L. DeGroof.

During the past year the American Sunday School union has organized 1,664 schools, with 66,000 scholars. In these, 6,600 persons have been converted. In addition 2,127 schools were aided, containing 150,000 scholars, and 4,536 were aided a second time, with 325,000 scholars, a total of 8,327 schools, with 541,000 scholars; 15,573 Bibles and Testaments were distributed and 56,582 families visited.

At the close of this service the conference adjourned, feeling that the conference had resulted in much good.

Report of Kansas Industries. Labor Commissioner F. H. Betton has sent out a bushel of letters to the manufacturers of the state with a view to securing the most complete and correct report of Kansas industries that has ever been compiled.

The blanks that will be sent out the first of the year will contain requests for the amount of capital invested in each institution in land, buildings and fixtures, machinery, implements and tools, etc. There are blanks also for the total cost of materials used, for salaries and for wages. Under the expenses of production also occur the amounts paid for rent, taxes, insurance, freight, new equipments, repairs, etc.

Inquiry is also made as to the number of employes, the average daily wages paid to skilled and unskilled laborers and as to how many hours constitute a day's work, how often wages are paid, whether wages have been increased or decreased during the year, the number of strikes and accidents occurring, etc.

For flour and feed mills a special blank is included asking information regarding the daily capacity, motive power, the number of pounds of various grains ground, the amount and value of the various products, etc.

Supreme Court Decision.

Among the decisions handed down by the supreme court during the present sitting was the one in the case of J. M. Myers et al, against Sallie O. Smith, in which case the decision was in favor of Mrs. Smith. The case involves the title to over 1,800 acres of land in Wyandotte county that is worth, at a very moderate estimate, fully \$40,000. It includes the town-site of the village of Vance, and the farms of J. M. Myers, Mr. Mallott, and a number of other prominent citizens there.

The point in the case is the validity of the will of the late Isaac Johnnycake, who was chief of the Delaware Indians until he met a tragic death down in the Nation, about fifteen years ago.

The tract of land was occupied by him for years and was known as the Johnnycake homestead. Shortly after his death a paper purporting to be his last will and testament was produced, filed in the court and probated. The will was drawn according to the laws and customs of the Cherokee nation, and was probated in a Cherokee court, and supposedly in due and legal form. By the provisions of the will the entire estate was left to his sons, being divided into a number of large farms. The widow and daughters were left out entirely, and as such an act created much comment, and after a time, when the sons had sold the farms to the present occupants, and they had been improved and become very valuable, Mrs. Sallie O. Smith, one of his daughters, having become convinced that the will was void, began ejectment proceedings against the parties.

It was fought through the lower court and finally landed in the supreme court, where it was argued and submitted. The court took it under advisement and the decision has long been delayed, in order to give ample time for its consideration.

It was not proven positively that the paper was the will of the late Mr. Johnnycake, and the further fact was demonstrated that the will was not probated properly and according to law, so that the carrying out of its purported provisions was without the warrant of law and consequently illegal.

The 1,800 acres of land in the old Johnnycake homestead thus come back to the widow and children of the deceased to be divided according to law. The widow, Mrs. Jane Johnnycake, will get one-half of the homestead, and the remainder will be divided among the children.

"August Flower"

Miss C. G. McClave, School teacher, 753 Park Place, Elmira, N. Y. "This Spring while away from home teaching my first term in a country school I was perfectly wretched with that human agony called dyspepsia. After dieting for two weeks and getting no better, a friend wrote me, suggesting that I take August Flower. The very next day I purchased a bottle. I am delighted to say that August Flower helped me so that I have quite recovered from my indisposition."



AT BEDTIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERB DRINK. THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BUILT UP. My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called LANE'S MEDICINE. All druggists sell it at 50c and \$1 a package. If you cannot get it, send your address for a free sample. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels once a day. CHAS. H. WOODWARD, LANCY, N. H.

DO YOU COUGH DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM OF SCOTCH WHISKY. It cures Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A cough cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. One at a time, you will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by Grocers everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and \$1.00.

Unlike the Dutch Process No Alkalies or Other Chemicals are used in the preparation of W. BAKER & CO.'S Breakfast Cocoa which is absolutely pure and soluble. It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Sugar, Arrowroot or Syrup, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EARLY DIGESTED. Sold by Grocers everywhere. W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

CATARRH ELY'S CREAM BALM. Cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Pain and Inflammation. Heals the Sores. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. HAY-FEVER Try the Cure. A particle is applied into each nostril and is immediately relieving. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

Bile Beans Small. Guaranteed to cure Bilious Attacks, Headache and Constipation. 40 in each bottle. Price 25c. For sale by druggists. FINEST "7, 17, 27" and sample from free. J. F. SMITH & CO., Proprietors, NEW YORK.

SHILOH'S CURE. Cures Constipation, Gravel, Gout, Rheumatism. Sold by all Druggists. For a Lane's Bile Beans, see our Catalogue. For more particulars write to J. F. SMITH & CO., Proprietors, NEW YORK.

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