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A Short Light Kimona at 25c and a Long Kimona for 69c

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619 Kansas Avenue

LETS ORCHARD GO

Haywood's Counsel Finishes His Cross Examination of Witness.

Author of Many Crimes Nine Days on the Stand.

UNDER FIRE 28 HOURS

Defense Will Recall Him at a Later Date.

State Begins the Introduction of Corroborative Evidence.

Boise, June 14.—The cross examination of Harry Orchard was concluded at 2:30 Thursday afternoon. He has been on the stand for nine days and under cross examination for 28 hours. Richardson announced that he desired later to lay a foundation for impeachment.

At the afternoon session of court Attorney Richardson asked:

"Did you ever hear McParland use profane language?"

"Yes sir."

"And tell Bible stories at the same time?"

"I heard him tell Bible stories, too."

"You had heard them before?"

"I had read the Bible some, but had forgotten it."

Orchard said McParland told him he was in a position to do the state a great deal of good and that the state usually acted fair with its witnesses.

"And you felt you were safe if you helped the state?"

"I was in doubt as to what he told me about the state using its witnesses so well."

"Didn't it leave an impression on you?"

"It may have—I thought of it some."

Orchard said McParland offered him cigars but he did not smoke. It was on the third visit of the detective that Orchard began to tell something of his past life.

"Did you tell your attorneys had deserted you and that the state could use you either way it wanted to?"

"No sir."

"You hadn't given orders not to admit your attorneys, had you?"

"No."

Orchard said McParland told him he believed the Western Federation of Miners was responsible for the murder of Steunenberg and many other crimes.

Said He Was a Tool.

"He told you you were just a tool, didn't he?"

"Yes sir. He said he knew I was guilty of the Steunenberg murder and that others were connected with me."

Orchard declared that his talks with McParland may have induced him to tell his story earlier than he otherwise would have done, but he had made up his mind to do it.

"I didn't want to live any longer in that way," he went on, "and I was tempted to put myself out of the way."

"But you changed your mind after talking with McParland and wanted to save yourself by putting the crime on somebody else?"

"No sir. I had no thought of getting out of it by laying it on anybody else. I began to think about my past life and the unnatural monster I had been and I did not care much what happened to me. I was afraid to die, too, for I came to believe the grave did not end it all. It was after I received a Bible from a missionary society in Chicago that I came to the conclusion that I would be forgiven if I truly repented and made a clean breast of it all. And I have never been in doubt from that moment."

Several times Attorney Richardson attempted to stop Orchard in his dramatic recital but he was prevented by Attorney Hawley.

When Orchard paused at last Richardson sneered, "Did McParland help you on this speech?"

"No, sir," replied Orchard calmly.

Orchard said he once told Steve Adams in the penitentiary that if anything happened to him to rip a letter from where he had it sewn in his vest and send it to his brother.

"Did you tell Adams you were going to commit suicide with the crystal of your watch?"

"I don't know."

Was Once a Mason.

Orchard said he had once been a member of Colburn, Canada, lodge of Masons. He knew that Peabody, Bell, Goddard and others whose lives he had attempted, were high degree Masons. He did not know that Steunenberg was, however.

At this point, luncheon adjournment until 1:30 p. m. was taken.

After recess Orchard was questioned further about his contemplated suicide. He said this was some time before he had confessed. As to his confession Orchard said he felt he owed it as a duty his God, his country, society and himself.

"Where did you get that language?"

"God gave it to me."

"You got it from McParland didn't you?"

"I did not."

"Well, he spoke to you about God and your country and yourself, didn't he?"

"I don't think he said anything about myself."

Richardson read to the witness the oath or obligation taken by members of the Western Federation of Miners and asked if he had taken any other secret oath. Orchard said he did not.

The Federation Oath.

"The oath of the federation exacts nothing which conflicts with your duty to God, to your country and your fellowmen, does it?"

"Not as I remember."

"Did you ever tell McParland you had taken the ironclad oath of the 'inner circle' of the W. F. of M.?"

"No, sir, I did not."

Orchard said that a few weeks after he made his confession he was removed to the penitentiary hospital building.

"I was sick," he added.

Orchard said he had been out of the penitentiary only on the occasions when he had gone to Caldwell to appear before the grand jury. On the strength of Orchard's confession Steve Adams was arrested.

"And you were put in the same cell with him?"

"No, sir."

"He was thrown into the next cell?"

"No, sir."

"Where was he?"

"In the same cell with me."

"He was put in with you, then?"

"Yes, sir."

Orchard said he promised McParland and the penitentiary warden to do what he could to make Adams tell what he knew—to tell the truth.

"I told Steve that I thought of making a confession, that he had better do the same thing—that the truth had to come out some day."

"So after making your confession you lied to Steve?"

"I don't know that I lied to him—I didn't tell him I had confessed."

"Didn't you tell Steve that when you got out you were going to put water between you and what was left of the Western Federation of Miners?"

"No, sir; I said something about if it ver happened that I got out I'd go across the pond."

Planned to Cross Ocean.

"What were you going across the pond for?"

"There'd been so much talk in the federation between Moyer, Haywood, Pettibone and the others that if anybody coughed up it wouldn't do them any good—that they would get them sooner or later."

"You knew you had murdered Governor Steunenberg and that you deserved hanging, didn't you?"

"Yes, sir."

"And having confessed and expecting to be hanged you were discussing with Steve Adams the plans for your future?"

"Yes, sir."

"And this was because of what McParland had told you?"

"No, sir; I don't known that I had any hope."

When McParland came to the penitentiary after the arrest of Adams, Orchard told the detective he had done what he could to get Adams to tell the truth.

Since Adams left the penitentiary Orchard said he had not been placed in a cell and had the freedom of the buildings and grounds. He insisted McParland had made him no promise of immunity.

"He said he could not make me any promise," said Orchard, "and if he did he couldn't keep it. He said once he would have the prosecuting attorney come out and see me. I told him he needn't for when I made up my mind to confess I would tell everything of my own free will."

"So McParland said he would send the prosecuting attorney to see you and fix it?"

"I don't know that he said fix it—that was the construction I put on it."

"And he intended that you should put that construction upon it?"

"I don't know that he did."

"Governor Godding has been out to see you many times, hasn't he?"

"Yes, sir."

Governor Calls Him Harry.

"And calls you Harry?"

"Yes, sir."

"And shake hands with you?"

"Yes, sir."

"And talks with you in a very friendly way?"

"Yes."

"Now, you know from his manner to you that he never intends you shall be hanged?"

"He has never told me anything of the sort."

"But you know from his manner that he regards you as a friend."

"He has told me he thought I was doing right and doing a great thing for the state and country."

"And he said the state would be under obligation to you?"

"No, sir."

Orchard said Warden Whitney also called him "Harry."

"You've been made a hero of by McParland, the governor and the warden, haven't you?"

"No, sir, I don't know what you mean by hero."

Orchard denied that he ate his meals at the warden's home or that he ever had wine with his meals.

His food came to him from the warden's kitchen.

Orchard was questioned at length about his written confession. He said he wrote two, having left some of his misdeeds out of his first.

"Did you write in this confession or book the speech you made here on the witness stand about your duty to your God and your country?"

"No, sir."

"Who wrote that statement for you?"

"Nobody."

"You had no preparation for it?"

"I may have thought of what I would say."

Orchard denied that he had ever been put in a chair and examined and cross examined by the attorneys for the state in preparation for the trial.

Orchard was remanded to the custody of Warden Whitney.

The state at once entered upon its plan of corroborating Orchard's testimony, taking up the first attempt on the life of Fred Bradley of San Francisco.

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QUESTION BONE.

U. S. District Attorney Is Given a Severe Examination,

As a Witness in the Uncle Sam Oil Hearing.

A GENERAL DENIAL.

Says He Was Not in a Plot to Indict Mr. Tucker.

J. B. Tomlinson Tells of the Advice He Gave Promoter.

Leavenworth, Kan., June 14.—The trial of the Uncle Sam company's bankruptcy suit was resumed in the district court here this morning. Harry Bone, United States district attorney for Kansas, who was charged by H. H. Tucker, Jr., deposed manager of the company, with being in a conspiracy with the Standard Oil company and others to have a fraud order issued by the postoffice department against the Uncle Sam company, was the last witness yesterday. The allegation by Tucker and his attorneys that Mr. Bone, D. R. Hite and W. S. McClintock, lawyers, were in a Standard Oil conspiracy to indict Tucker was read to Bone and he was asked if it was true.

"No," replied Mr. Bone.

Mr. Bone said that he never met a Standard Oil officer in his life and never had any connection with the company. He said that he had only a general knowledge of the Uncle Sam Oil company until Mr. Harrison, the chief postoffice inspector of this district, called him up from Kansas City by telephone April 7 and called his attention to the company. The following morning three postoffice inspectors came to Topeka with evidences of fraud against Tucker and acting as prosecuting attorney he had them appear before the grand jury and Tucker was indicted on their testimony.

Attorney Wilson cross-examined Bone and wanted to know if he had said the Uncle Sam company was a fraud. Bone replied that from what he had learned of the company recently he was satisfied it was conducted in a fraudulent manner.

Bone said the first draft of the indictment was prepared by Judge West, and later, after getting more evidence from the inspectors, another draft was made, D. R. Hite, assisting. Attorney Wilson in cross-examination tried to make Bone admit he had openly spoken unfavorably of the company on several occasions, and had shown an unfriendly feeling in other ways. This Bone denied emphatically, admitting that he had, however, stated over the telephone to some one who called him from Kansas City that he did not think it was a good company to invest in, basing this opinion on what the postoffice inspectors had told him.

Wilson started to ask Bone what the postoffice inspectors told him about the Uncle Sam company when objection was made and Judge Amidon said to Wilson:

"I will allow you to ask any question you know anything about that will indicate that an improper influence was exercised, but I am not going to try the criminal case."

Wilson—That puts rather a hard condition on me. I was not present at any of these conferences.

Judge Amidon—You have made certain charges in your answer, you ought to have something to base these charges on and if you have anything relating to this matter, you may ask this witness about it.

Judge Amidon said this in a very earnest manner pointing a pencil at Wilson to emphasize his remarks. Wilson showed embarrassment and did not ask any more questions to back up his allegations of conspiracy.

Earlier in the afternoon J. B. Tomlinson, former attorney for the Uncle Sam company, testified that at the time of the indictment of H. H. Tucker, secretary and manager of the company, in the federal court on a charge of fraud, there was about $40,000 in debts and $3,000 in the bank. He said he advised Tucker to draw the money from the bank, that he would need it to live on and to make his defense in the criminal case against him. He said Tucker put the money in a safety deposit vault.

The cross examination of Mr. Tomlinson by Alfred Wilson was snappy. Wilson's questions were aggressive and insinuating while Tomlinson's answers were defiant. The lawyers indulged in arguments making remarks reflecting on each other's legal ability. Judge Amidon finally said to Mr. Tomlinson:

"Forget you are a lawyer and make your answers as short as possible."

Wilson asked Tomlinson a line of questions about the solvency of the Uncle Sam Oil company and the witness finally answered that the company was solvent when the bankruptcy proceedings were instituted. When asked why he urged the bankruptcy suit Tomlinson said that it was to head off others from getting a receiver appointed. He was afraid that some judge in the state courts would appoint one and tie up the company property. Tomlinson stated that two judgments had been secured against the Uncle Sam company in Montgomery county and a receiver could have been procured on them at any time.

Tomlinson told of going with Tucker to Washington in 1905 to prevent a mail fraud order issuing against the Uncle Sam company. Tomlinson prepared the answer to the charges filed with the postoffice department. He said in answer to questions from Wilson that D. W. Mulvane accompanied Tucker and himself to Washington, but that Mr. Mulvane did not appear as an attorney or do anything before the postoffice department. The fraud order was not issued at that time on promises from Tucker to conduct his business in a different manner.

Arthur Miller, Edwin Comack and John M. Davis, lawyers' clerks in the office of Karnes, New & Krauthoff, were put on the witness stand and testified that they used the bonds furnished them by Tucker to begin the bankruptcy suit. Under cross examination they acknowledged they had no financial interest in the bonds. Wilson asked them a line of questions, trying to impeach the truth of their affidavits, when they swore in the original petition in the suit that they owned the bonds and were creditors of the Uncle Sam company and that the company was bankrupt.

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FITWELL SHOE STOCK

and fixtures at 35 cents on the dollar and we offer you the benefits of this purchase. Come to the store tomorrow. There is a bargain shoe for you and a pair for every member of your family.

$40,000 Worth of Shoes Are Offered

In this Bankrupt Sale. Store will be open till 11 o'clock Saturday night. Here are some of the bargains. The store is full of bargains:

1 lot Infant's $1 Shoes, spread on tables at pair 40c

1 lot Children's and Misses Shoes, worth $1.75 to $2.00, spread on tables, at pair $1.15

1 lot Boys' Shoes, worth $2.00 to $2.50, spread on tables at $1.45

1 lot Men's Shoes, mostly size 7 and 8, worth $2.50 and $3 spread on tables, at $1.45

1 lot Men's Shoes, mostly sizes 7 and 8, worth $3.50 and $4.00, spread on tables, at $2.45

1 lot Ladies Shoes and Oxfords, nearly all sizes, worth $2.50 to $4.00, spread on tables, at $1.95

1 lot Men's $2.00 fine Shoes all sizes $1.45

1 lot Men's $2.50 and $3.00 fine Shoes, all sizes $1.95

1 lot Men's $3.50 and $4.00 fine Shoes, all sizes $2.45

1 lot Men's $4.00 fine Shoes, all sizes $2.95

1 lot Men's $5.00 fine Shoes, all sizes $3.45

1 lot Ladies' $3.50 and $4.00 fine Shoes, all sizes $2.45

1 lot Ladies' $4.00 fine Shoes, all sizes $2.95

We have thousands of pairs of Working Men's Shoes at bankrupt prices, in all sizes and kinds. Visit the store early to avoid the rush.

John I. ELLET Henry C.

515 Kansas Ave.

Sugar and Coffee Market.

New York, June 14.—SUGAR—Raw sugar quiet. Fair refining, $3.23; centrifugal, 96 test, $3.73; molasses sugar, $2.98. Refined sugar quiet. Crushed, $5.70; powdered, $5.10; granulated, $5.00.

COFFEE—Market quiet. No. 7 Rio, 6¾c; No 4 Santos, 7¾c.

Market Gossip.

Car lots at Chicago: Wheat, 16; corn, 786; oats, 155.

Liverpool closing cables: Wheat ¼d lower; corn ¼d lower.

MARKETS TODAY.

Wheat Prices Go Off Another Cent This Morning.

Profit Taking and Favorable Weather Responsible.

LIVE STOCK TRADE.

Cattle Are Steady — Natives Bring $4.75 to $6.35.

Hogs Are Quoted as Strong to Five Cents Higher.

Chicago, June 14.—WHEAT—The wheat prices today were off more than a cent, compared with yesterday's closing, owing to renewed profit taking brought out by continued favorable weather in this country and Canada. The market experienced a temporary rally shortly after the opening on active demand by commission houses, but prices soon declined again. September opened ½@⅝c to 1⅛@1¼c lower, at 93⅛@93¾c, sold up to 94c, and then declined to 93¼c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 284 cars.

The market was under heavy selling pressure all day and prices continued to decline. The low point for September was 91⅞c. The market closed very weak with prices almost at the lowest. September closed 2¼@2⅝c lower, at 92c.

CORN—Increased local receipts and favorable weather for the new crop caused weakness in the corn market. A leading bull was again the principal seller. September opened ⅛@⅜c lower, at 50⅝@50⅝c, sold at 52⅝@52¾c, and then reacted to 52¾c.

The market weakened still more in sympathy with wheat, September selling off to 51¾c. The close was weak with September ⅞c lower, at 51⅞c.

OATS—Liverpool sales by a prominent long had a weakening influence on the oats market. The improvement in weather conditions was the main bearish factor. September opened ⅛@¼c to ½@⅝c lower, at 35⅜@35¾c, and held at 35⅜c.

PROVISIONS—Provisions were firm because of smaller receipts of live hogs at the western packing centers. Trading was rather light owing to a scarcity of offerings. September pork was unchanged, at $15.92½. Lard was up 2½@5c, at $8.87½@8.90. Ribs were 2½c higher, at $8.70.

CORN—No. 2, 52@52½c; No. 3, 52@52½c.

WHEAT—Cash: No. 2 red, 91@92c; No. 3 red, 87@91c; No. 2 hard, 89½@91½c; No. 3 hard, 82@90c; No. 1 northern, 89c@$1.00; No. 2 northern, 87@89c; No. 3 spring, 92@98c.

RYE—Cash: 88c.

BARLEY—70@75c.

Chicago Market.

[Furnished by J. E. Gall, Commissions, Grains, Provisions, Cotton and Stocks. Office 110 W. Sixth st. Phone 486.]

Chicago, June 14.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Yes
WHEAT—					
July	91¾	91⅞	89¼	89½	91⅝-¾
Sept	93¾-¼	94	91⅞	92	94¼-⅜
Dec	96½-⅝	96	93⅞	93⅞	96¼-⅜
CORN—					
July	52⅝-½	53⅝	51⅝	51⅞	52⅝
Sept	52⅜-½	53⅜-⅝	51⅝	51⅞	52⅜
Dec	50⅝	51⅛	50¼-⅜	50¼-⅜	51⅛
OATS—					
July	42⅝	43¼-⅜	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝
Sept	35⅜-⅜	36¼	35⅛	35⅝	45¾-36
Dec	36½-⅝	36⅝	36	36	36⅝
PORK—					
July	15 80	15 87	15 67	15 67	15 85
Sept	15 92	15 97	15 77	15 77	15 92
LARD—					
July	8 72	8 72	8 60	8 60	8 67
Sept	8 87-80	8 90	8 75-77	8 75-77	8 80
RIBS—					
July	8 52	8 55	8 40-42	8 40-42	8 47
Sept	8 70	8 72	8 57	8 57	8 67

Kansas City Grain Market.

[Furnished by J. E. Gall, Commissions, Grains, Provisions, Cotton and Stocks. Office 110 W. Sixth st. Phone 486.]

Kansas City, June 14.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Yes
WHEAT—					
July	84⅝	85⅝	83⅝	83⅝-¾	86⅛
Sept	86⅛	86⅝	84⅞	85⅛	87⅛
Dec	88⅝	88⅞	87	87⅛	89½-¼
CORN—					
July	47⅜	47⅝	47½	47½	48
Sept	47¾	47⅞	47¼	47¼	47⅝
Dec	45½	45⅝-¾	45	45	45⅝

Kansas City Live Stock.

Kansas City, Mo., June 14.—CATTLE—Receipts today, 3,000 head, including 1,000 head of southerns. Market steady. Native steers, $4.75@6.35; southern steers, $3.90@5.60; southern cows, $3.50@3.80; native cows and heifers, $2.50@4.40; stockers and feeders, $3.50@5.00; bulls, $3.25@5.00; calves, $4.00@6.75; western fed steers, $4.25@6.10; western fed cows, $3.25@4.60.

HOGS—Receipts today, 13,000 head. Market strong to 5c higher. Bulk of sales, $5.85@5.95; heavy, $5.80@5.90; packers, $5.85@5.95; light, $5.80@6.00; pigs, $5.50@5.75.

SHEEP—Receipts today, 4,000 head. Market steady. Muttons, $5.75@6.50; lambs, $7.00@8.40; range wethers, $5.25@7.00; fed ewes, $4.75@6.00.

Chicago Live Stock Market.

Chicago, Ill., June 14.—CATTLE—Receipts today, 20,000 head. Market steady. Beeves, $4.50@6.80; cows, $1.75@4.70; heifers, $2.00@5.25; calves, $5.50@7.25; good to prime steers, $5.55@6.80; poor to medium, $4.50@5.50; stockers and feeders, $3.00@5.20.

HOGS—Receipts today, 19,000 head. Market 5c higher. Light, $5.85@6.12½; mixed, $5.80@6.10; heavy, $5.70@6.05; rough, $5.70@5.80; pigs, $5.50@6.05; good to choice heavy, $5.85@6.05; bulk, $5.95@6.05.

SHEEP—Receipts today, 13,000 head. Market weak and a shade lower. Native and western, $4.00@6.40; yearlings, $6.25@7.00; lambs, $5.60@7.80; western, $6.00@7.90.

Kansas City Live Stock Sales Today.

[The following sales were made today at the stock yards, Kansas City, Mo., and telephoned to the Topeka State Journal by Clay, Robinson & Co., live stock commission merchants, with offices at all markets.]

Kansas City, June 14.

CATTLE—Receipts today, 3,000 head. Market steady.

HOGS—Receipts today, 13,000 head. Market opened strong, closing weak. Bulk of sales, $5.85@5.95; top, $6.00.

SHEEP—Receipts today, 4,000 head. Market steady.

No.	Wt.	Price.	No.	Wt.	Price.
KILLING STEERS.					
57	1086	$6.00	17	1513	$6.15
20	1240	5.75	20	1270	6.00
22	810	5.60	9	982	5.60
12	849	5.60			
COWS AND HEIFERS.					
9	694	4.30	16	800	5.00
1	1400	4.50	1	1130	4.25
5	700	5.00	1	490	4.00
1	950	3.75	24	842	3.00
48	710	4.50	1	1280	4.65
STOCKERS AND FEEDERS.					
36	708	4.10	7	640	4.25
28	530	4.50			
CALVES.					
1	320	6.15	2	195	6.50
1	190	6.35	1	120	6.50
6	185	6.50	1	170	6.50
BULLS.					
1	1530	4.25	1	1141	3.50
8	1240	4.30			
HOGS.					
68	210	5.90	64	204	5.95
81	184	6.00	7	222	5.90
2	185	5.90	2	245	5.85
73	197	5.90	79	190	5.95

Kansas City Produce Market.

Kansas City, June 14.—Close—WHEAT—Receipts today, 39 cars. Market unchanged. July, 83¾c; Sept., 85¼c; Dec., 87¼c. Cash: No. 2 hard, 86@94c; No. 3 hard, 84@92c; No. 2 red, 90c; No. 3 red, 88c.

CORN—Market unchanged to ¼c lower. July, 47¼c; Sept., 47¼c; Dec., 45¼c. Cash: No. 2 mixed, 48¼@48¾c; No. 3 mixed, 48@48¼c; No. 2 white, 49½c; No. 3 white, 49¼c.

OATS—Market lower. No. 2 white, 43½@44c; No. 2 mixed, 43@43¼c.

RYE—Market steady, 71@74c.

HAY—Market steady. Choice timothy, $17.00@17.50; choice prairie, $11.50@11.75.

BUTTER—Market steady. Creamery, 22c; packing, 16c.

EGGS—Market steady. Fresh, 11½c.

Use A NEW PERFECTION Wick Blue Flame Oil Cook-Stove

Because it's clean.
Because it's economical.
Because it saves time.
Because it gives best cooking results.
Because its flame can be regulated instantly.
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Chicago Produce Market.

Chicago, Ill., June 14.—CHEESE—Market easy. Dailies, 13c; Twins, 11¾c; Young Americas, 13c.

POULTRY—Alive steady. Turkeys, 11c; chickens, 11½c; springs, 20@22c.

BUTTER—Market steady. Creamery, 19@22c; dairy, 17@21c.

EGGS—Market steady. At mark, cases included, 13½@14c.

New York Produce Market.

New York, June 14.—BUTTER—Market irregular. Western factory, common to firsts, 17@19½c; western imitation creamery, finest, 20@21c.

CHEESE—Market weak. New state full cream colored and white, small and large best, 11½c; fair to good, 10¼@11c.

EGGS—Market firmer. Western firsts, 15@15½c; official prices, 15½c; seconds, 14½@15c.

POULTRY—Alive dull. Spring chickens, 21c; fowls, 14½c; turkeys, 12c. Dressed poultry weak. Western broilers, 23@25c; turkeys, 10@14c; fowls, 12@14½c.

New York Stock Market.

Wall St., New York, June 14.—STOCKS Meager offerings of stocks carried opening prices downward, the demand being insufficient to sustain the market. American Smelting declined 1½ points and Reading, Brooklyn Rapid Transit and Amalgamated Copper about a point.

Selling was renewed in the course of the second hour, but only at further price concessions. Reading dropped 3⅝ points, American Smelting and Union Pacific 2¾ points and the Hill stocks and Amalgamated 2 points. Declines of between 1 and 2 points were general.

Bonds were fairly steady.

Stocks were sold freely during the first hour. The heavy liquidation in Union Pacific and Reading aided the bears materially in depressing prices. Losses of a point were common. Union Pacific dropped 2⅝ points. Reading 2¼ points and Northern Pacific, Northwestern, St. Paul and Great Northern preferred 1⅝ to 1¾ points. Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha moved up 5 points, Adams Express 2 points and General Electric 1¾ points.

Range of Prices on Stocks.

[Furnished by J. E. Gall, Commissions, Grains, Provisions, Cotton and Stocks. Office 110 W. Sixth st. Phone 486.]

New York, June 14.

Stocks—	Op'n	High	Low	1:45	Yes
Sugar	119⅝	120	119⅝	120	120⅛
People's Gas					90
Amal. Copper	83½	85¼	81½	82⅝	83⅝
B. R. T.	53⅜	53⅝	50⅝	51½	52⅝
Am. C. & F.	40⅝	40⅝	40⅛	40⅜	40⅝
U. S. Steel, com.	32⅞	33	32⅛	32⅜	33
Atchison, com.	87¼	87¼	87¼	87⅛	88¼
Atchison, pfd.					95⅜
C. G. W.	10½	10⅝	(24..8c N.		
St. Paul	126	126¾	124¾	125¼	126½
R. I., com	19⅞	20	19½	19½	20⅛
Mo. Pacific	75	75	74	74⅜	75
Am. Smelting	115	115¼	113¾	114⅜	116¼
N. Y. Central	112	112	111⅜	111¼	112⅜
Texas Pacific	26⅜	26⅝	26⅛	26⅛	....
So. Pacific	75¼	75¼	74⅜	74⅞	75¾
Reading	102¼	102¼	99¾	100⅛	102⅝
Erie	22¼	22¼	22⅛	22⅜	22⅝
Mo. Railway					18⅞
Union Pacific	133⅛	133⅝	131¼	132¼	133⅜
C. & O.	34¼	34¼	34¼	34¼	....
B. & O.	93⅝	93⅝	92½	93	93¾
L. & N.	110¼	110¼	110¼	110¼	111
Katy					63¼
Pennsylvania	119½	119¾	118⅜	119⅜	119⅝
Can. Pac.	167½	167½	167⅜	167⅜	168⅜
C. F. I.					30

New York Money Market.

New York, June 14.—MONEY—Money on call steady, 2¼@3½, ruling rate 2½, closing bid 2¼ and offered at 2 per cent. Time loans dull and strong. Sixty days, 3¾ per cent; 90 days, 4 per cent; 6 months, 4 per cent.

CLOSE: Prime mercantile paper, 5@6½ per cent; sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.8710@4.8715 for demand and at $4.8355@4.8360 for 60 day bills; posted rates, $4.84½ and $4.88; commercial bills, $4.83¼@4.83¾.

SILVER—Bar silver, 66¾c; Mexican dollars, 51¼c.

BONDS—Government bonds steady.

Cotton Market.

New York, June 14.—COTTON—Sales today, 300 bales. Spot cotton closed steady. Middling uplands, $13.15; middling gulf, $13.40.

Galveston, Tex., June 14.—COTTON—Market steady, 12 15-16c.

Topeka Market.

[Furnished by Charles Wolff Packing Co. Yards close at noon Saturday.]

Topeka, June 14.

HOGS.	
MIXED AND BUTCHERS	$5.50@5.60
HEAVY	5.50@5.55
LIGHT	5.50@5.60

Stags $1.00@1.50 less than hogs, according to quality.

EGGS AND POULTRY.

[Furnished by Topeka Packing Co., 114-116 West Laurent street.]

POULTRY—Broilers, 1-lb., 5c; hens, 9c; course young roosters, 6c; spring chickens, 9c; ducks, 9c; geese, 5c.

EGGS—Fresh country, 11c.

BUTTER—Fresh country, 16@22c.

CATTLE.	
BUTCHER STEERS	$4.00 @5.00
COWS, GOOD	3.50 @4.00
COWS, FAIR	3.00 @3.50
COWS, COMMON	2.00 @2.50
HEIFERS, GOOD	4.00 @4.25
HEIFERS, FAIR	3.50 @4.00
BULLS, GOOD	3.00 @3.75
BULLS, COMMON	2.00 @3.00
CALVES	3.50 @5.00

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

[Furnished by S. E. Lux, 210 Kan. Ave.]

CALIFORNIA ORANGES—Per box, $3.00@4.25.

GRAPE FRUIT—Per box, $4.50.

LEMONS—Leffingwell, per box, $6.25@6.50.

BANANAS—Medium sized bunches, $2.00; large bunches, $2.25@2.50; Jumbo, $2.75@2.85.

TOMATOES—Expect a full supply of Texas tomatoes. Will quote per 4-basket crate, $2.25.

PINEAPPLES—24, 30 and 36 size, per crate, $4.00; 42 size, per crate, $3.75.

CRYSTAL WAX ONIONS—Per crate, $2.25.

FRESH VEGETABLES—Radish, per doz. bunches, 15c; beets, per doz., 40c; turnips, per doz., 30c; spinach, per bu., 75c; lettuce, per basket, 35c; green onions, 25c; pieplant per lb., 2c; asparagus, per doz. bunches, 45c; cucumbers, per doz., 50@75c; cabbage, per crate, $3.75.

BLACKBERRIES—Per crate, $3.00.

STRAWBERRIES—Have on hand some fancy Pierce City, Mo. Expect several cars next week. Home grown crop light. $2.50@2.75 per crate; per 24-quart crate, $2.00@2.25.

PLANTS—Cabbage, per 100, 25c; tomatoes, per 100, 40c; sweet potatoes, per 100, 20c.

FULL CREAM CHEESE—Kansas Y. A., 16c lb.; New York State white, 16c; Block Swiss, 15c; Brick, 16c; Limburger, 15c; Daisy, 20 lb. bulks, 16c; Dairy Twin, 2 to box, 16c; Wisconsin white, 16c.

WAX BEANS—Per 1-3 bu. box, $1.00; per diamond basket, $1.00.

GREEN BEANS—Per box, $1.00; per diamond basket, $1.00.

PEAS—Per 1-3 bu. box, $1.25.

OLD POTATOES—Colorado, per bu. sacked, $1.00.

NEW POTATOES—Sacked, per bu., $1.25.

Topeka Hide Market.

[Prices paid in Topeka this week, based on Boston quotations.]

Topeka, June 14.

GREEN SALT CURED	3½c
NO. 1 HORSE	$2.50@3.00
NO. 1 TALLOW	3½c

GRAND EXCURSION KANSAS CITY

Sun. June 16 — Rock Island — $1.25 ROUND TRIP

TRAIN LEAVES R. I. DEPOT 8:45 A.M.

Electric, Forest, Fairmount, Carnival PARKS ALL OPEN

Get Tickets Now at

Rock Island Depot

Victorex Home Gelatine

with fresh fruits has no equal as a tempting and economical **Dessert**

Every package makes two quarts of delicious jelly.

7 Flavors and 7 Colors

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