

THE IOLA REGISTER.
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CHAS. F. SCOTT.

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CONGRESSMAN CHAS. F. SCOTT'S
RENOMINATION.

The Ottawa Herald.
The unfounded rumor that a fight is to be sprung on Congressman-at-large Charles F. Scott at Wichita is making its second run of the daily newspapers. When the rumor was first started it was claimed that a fight would be made on Mr. Scott by the Bailey men and that the editor of the Herald would be selected to succeed Mr. Scott. This rumor was promptly killed by the denial of Mr. Bailey's authorized friends. This week it has made its appearance again. This time the story carries with it the claim that Mr. Scott will be defeated by the creamery men of the state, aided by the Bailey men, and that the editor of the Herald will be nominated. The ground for this contemplated action is given as Mr. Scott's opposition to the Grout bill. The story is too absurd to really require a sober denial. However, there is some indication that the story is being used to create factional bitterness in the hope of turning some of Mr. Scott's friends against Mr. Bailey. The story is too unreasonable to succeed when the facts are known. In the first place the creamery men would not seek Mr. Bailey's aid to defeat Mr. Scott, for the simple reason that Mr. Bailey when he was in congress, took exactly the same position on the Grout bill that Mr. Scott has taken. There isn't a single reason for the conclusion that Mr. Bailey's friends will attempt to defeat Mr. Scott, and not the slightest foundation for the rumor. It is our belief that no fight will be made upon Mr. Scott at Wichita by the creamery or any other interests of the state. We are dead sure that no effort will be made to nominate the editor of this paper. He is not even a receptive candidate for the place. He hasn't the faintest shadow of a desire to be congressman at large. He wouldn't accept the nomination, even under favorable and proper conditions, much less accept it to defeat Mr. Scott.

Since the editor of this paper has been "mentioned" for a number of things we wish to say that when we want an office we'll put our announcement in the leading local republican paper, pay for it, and start out in the good old fashioned way to let people know that we are willing to serve them in that capacity. Until we have done something of this sort, all other announcements are premature and all rumors past, present and future are hereby declared to be without foundation.

A MAIL ROUTE THAT PAYS.

The bigness of our country is emphasized every now and then by some obscure governmental routine. Away off in the Philippines we are delivering mail in canoe-like boats, and, on the other hand, a contract was let last week for carrying mail in Alaska by dog sleds.

The successful bidder was Oscar Fish, and his route lies between Eagle and Valdes, a distance of 414 miles. He makes two trips a month, and receives nearly \$1,500 a trip, or \$35,000 a year.

Only 300 pounds are carried per trip, and this is usually made up of letters, few newspapers. Postoffice department officials say that the sum paid to Fish is very reasonable when it is considered that he makes the trip by dog sledge, and that he has the most dangerous route of any mail carrier in the world.

He has several times been given up as dead by the residents of Valdes and Eagle but so far has always managed to reach the end of his journey, although sometimes overdue and occasionally very much battered up. He has fallen down precipices, got mixed up on avalanches, and has been starved and frost-bitten, but still happy in risking his lonely life.—Harper's Weekly.

Arrested for Breaking out

Chief of police Palstring passed through the city park Friday afternoon about 2 o'clock and saw a man lying in the grass. He walked nearer to take a look at the man and was surprised to discover that the man was all broken out with what looked like smallpox. The officer questioned the stranger who stated that he had been working out at LaHarpe. Asked if he had the smallpox he said he had not. Mr. Palstring wisely decided not to let a man who looked as the stranger did to roam at large and summoned a doctor who pronounced it a well developed case of smallpox. Keeping at a safe distance but within easy bossing range, Palstring, marched the man to the detention hospital where he will be kept until he gets well. The man's name was not learned.

W. C. T. U. COLUMN
Ella Helfrich, Superintendent.

Regular meetings the 2nd and 4th Friday of each month, in the U. B. church at 3 p. m.

Our membership has increased to about sixty and we look for a vast deal of good to be accomplished, with so many willing hearts and hands. Our Y. Flower Supt. has not been idle. Some one in the hospital has received from her a basket of flowers.

LESS DRINKING IN SOUTH

From the New York Sun.
Before the beginning of the civil war and for several years after, the distinction of the Southern states as those which produced and consumed a larger amount of spirituous liquors than any other group of states in the country was unchallenged. But since the close of the war, or, rather, since the effacement of the passing generation of fighting colonels and thirsty majors, a complete, palpable and very marked change has come almost imperceptibly over the face of things in the South, and while Kentucky and Maryland continue to produce whisky in very large quantities, as warehouse returns of the United States treasury indicate, the larger part of the product is shipped North; comparatively little is sent South for consumption. In fact, the South is becoming the temperance section of the United States, and of 200,000 retail liquor dealers in the United States having licenses of various sorts, there are only 1,000 in Alabama, 750 in Arkansas, 400 in Florida, 1,200 in Georgia, 350 in Mississippi, 1,200 in North Carolina and 325 in South Carolina, where the dispensary system prevails, and in which there has been a very marked reduction in the sales of liquor during recent years.

Mississippi has had since 1892, a high license law calling for a tax on each saloon of \$600 a year and there are now fewer saloons in the state than in some wards of New York or Brooklyn. Georgia has been since 1891 a high license state with absolute prohibition in a majority of counties. In Atlanta there is now one liquor saloon only for each 1,000 of population and there is very much less of drinking in Georgia than in any New England state, although climatic conditions account, of course, for some part of this. North Carolina has a local license law which permits a majority of the electors in any locality to establish absolute prohibition, and the license rate is \$350 for even the smallest tavern.

It is not, however, so much in consequence of laws as of local custom to which these laws are responsive, that extensive drinking has fallen off in so many of the states of the South. There is no longer in that section the large "leisure class" from which, in great measure, the most frequent drinkers were recruited. The problems consequent upon the close of the civil war made necessary many personal sacrifices by Southern men, and the era following reconstruction was not one favorable either to conviviality or dissipation. There are, relatively, few large cities in the Southern states and the enormous improvement in railroad connection has had the effect of doing away with the necessity of long journeys by wagon or horseback, such as marked the business life of the South during previous generations. Comparatively little liquor is drunk in the South at present, not much more beer and practically no wine. A state in which wine and whisky drinking has increased considerably is California.

Zinc Producers Have Combined.

A Joplin special to the papers tells of an important combine formed among the zinc producers:

Joplin, Mo., May 9.—At a mass meeting of the Missouri-Kansas zinc ore producers here in this city, the plan of Melbert B. Carey, of New York, and Frank Nicholson, of Joplin, was adopted whereby the zinc ore of the district will be sold to a company promoted by these men and then sold to the smelters instead of being sold direct as is now the custom.

An executive committee of five will decide at what price the ore shall be sold to the smelters. The new company proposes to place \$1,000,000 in the bank and have signed contracts with 50 per cent of the producers whereby they agree to buy their ore after July 1 and contract to give the producers a minimum price of \$30 per ton for 60 per cent zinc ore. They agree to add \$1.50 per ton to this price and this will make a minimum of \$31.50 per ton to the smelters. If more is realized the company agrees to give the producers the full benefit of any increase, reserving \$1.50 per ton for handling the ore and including their profit. As soon as 60 per cent of the producers have signed the contracts the money will be deposited. The stock of the company, which is known as the Southwestern Ore Purchasing Company, is being subscribed for freely by Joplin capitalists. The arrangement is looked upon as a wonderful achievement for ore producers, who have sold their ore below \$30 per ton for many years, even as low as \$16

Blood.

We live by our blood, and on it. We thrive or starve, as our blood is rich or poor.

There is nothing else to live on or by. When strength is full and spirits high, we are being refreshed, bone muscle and brain, in body and mind, with continual flow of rich blood. This is health.

When weak, in low spirits, no cheer, no spring, when rest is not rest and sleep is not sleep, we are starved; our blood is poor; there is little nutriment in it.

Back of the blood, is food, to keep the blood rich. When it fails, take Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil. It sets the whole body going again—man woman and child.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample, its agreeable taste will surprise you. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 609-415 Pearl Street, New York. 50c. and \$1.00; all druggists.

per ton for ore assaying much over 60 per cent.

New Jersey Zinc Company

Lead and Zinc News: The entry of the New Jersey Zinc Company into the Joplin field as an ore purchaser, as a result of its reported purchase of the Cockerill and other smelters in the Kansas gas belt, will be watched with interest. While the smelters are reported to be placed under the management of the former owners, nevertheless the policy governing them will be that of the new owners, a most powerful combination. The return of the New Jersey Zinc Co. to the Joplin field is also interesting from another point of view, and that is with reference to its past experience with the Empire plant. At that time it was understood that the results were scarcely such as to encourage another investment, and the lying idle for so many years of the Empire plant has emphasized the impression that the New Jersey Co. had had enough. However the new step is likely to be found to be a part of the plan which led to the issue not so long ago of \$10,000,000 in bonds and which may yet prove to be a dip into other fields than those embraced in its hitherto successful operation.

Two Unusual Accidents.

Anyone who has grown familiar with a smelter will appreciate the gravity of the situation which resulted in J. H. Bridgewater's being severely burned at the Prime Western smelter Wednesday. He was drawing ore beneath a roast kiln, and had understood that no more ore was to be dropped into the wheelbarrow when a stream of white-hot ore shot out, striking him on the back of the neck burning him severely.

Mr. Braunan, motorman of the car line, sustained a bad hurt to his right arm last week which compelled him to quit work. Between town and the power house when he had the break on the handle slipped from his hand, whirled suddenly and the knob struck him a hard blow on the forearm. It is not known whether any bones were broken or not, but it was a bad lick and laid him off.

E. K. Taylor's Tight Fence.

E. K. Taylor, the duke of Gas City, believes he has done most of the work and worrying and that he should be allowed to guide the destinies and the expansion of Gas City. A year or two ago he negotiated the purchase from John Vannuys of this city of a quarter section lying west of the town. For some reason the deal did not go through and Vannuys went into court and was freed from the agreement. Gas City is now booming and Vannuys cut his quarter into town lots, expecting to add the addition to the city, but Mr. Taylor has built a high, tight fence between the town and the Vannuys addition and declares his purpose of keeping it there.

LaHarpe's Population and Wealth.

LaHarpe News: Mr. Daggett, the assessor, finds that LaHarpe's population this year is 1100, last year it was 705. This shows a gain of 395 people or over 50 per cent gain. This is a good gain but it will be greater next year when the rolling mills, the two big brick plants and other things that are coming our way are put in operation. Put this in your hat for future reference; that this time next year LaHarpe will have 3000 people inside the corporate limits.

Counting the people of Lanyonville as a part of LaHarpe's population, we now have about 1500 people. LaHarpe was worth in personal property last year \$19,150, this year the assessor found \$30,340 worth of property or a gain of about 34 per cent. Mr. Daggett is not able to give the increase in real estate, but it no doubt will be much greater than the increase in personal property.

TROUBLE OVER PEGG GIRL

Mother has a Row With Woman Whom She Accuses of Inducing the Girl to Leave

Some two weeks ago Miss Hazel Pegg left her home in Iola with another woman and her family could find no trace of her, although a search and inquiry was made as far away as Chanute. It was known that the girl went as far south as Humboldt in company with another woman, the woman returned to Iola and the girl was not heard of again.

Mrs. Anna Pegg, the girl's mother, was naturally very much worried over the disappearance and made exhaustive inquiries, with the result that she arrived at the conclusion that an Iola woman had induced the girl to leave. There was talk of an arrest but nothing was done, no proof probably being found. Last Sunday morning however, Mrs. Pegg met the woman, whom she suspected and after bitterly accusing her, made an assault on her with her fists. The woman thus assaulted, Mrs. Luella Williamson, made complaint in police court and Mrs. Pegg was Monday fined five dollars and costs, pleading guilty to the assault.

Officer Palstring is said to have received word from the authorities at Humboldt that Miss Pegg is there, so it is sincerely to be hoped that the distressing affair may be settled and the anxiety of the relatives allayed.

The Cavaliers Incorporated

The Cavaliers have secured more than the five hundred members necessary for incorporation, and are now authorized to do business in Kansas as the following certificate will show.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT OF THE STATE OF KANSAS

It is hereby certified, That the Cavaliers, of Iola, Kansas, has complied with the requirements of Chapter 23, Special Session Laws of 1898, and is hereby authorized, subject to the provisions thereof, and subject to all subsequent laws relating to Fraternal Beneficiary Associations, to do the business of a fraternal Beneficiary Association in the State of Kansas, until the 1st day of March, one thousand nine hundred and three.

In witness whereof, I, W. V. Church, Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of Kansas, have hereunto set my hand affixed my seal of office, at the City of Topeka, this ninth day of May, 1902.

(SEAL) W. V. CHURCH, Superintendent of Insurance.

For a few more weeks Deputies will be at work in Iola and vicinity securing applications for membership, and the charter will likely be held open until June 1st, as it is the desire of the officers to organize in Iola with at least 1000 members. More than 600 have already been secured. With such a start, the Cavalier will soon be one of the strongest fraternal insurance orders in the country.

Ex-Teachers Club Took a Ride

The ladies of the ex-Teachers Club enjoyed one of the most pleasant meetings which that organization has yet held when Mrs. A. J. Fulton, Mrs. C. C. Richie and Mrs. H. L. Henderson were hostesses. A car on the electric line had been provided for the Club and a few friends were allowed to substitute, and the ladies had a pleasant ride to LaHarpe, then back to town and down to the river. There a stroll was taken, the water works and electric light plant examined and exercise enough taken to make the refreshments later served most agreeable. The party returned to town from the river and went to Sweet's ice cream parlor where ices, cool drinks and cake were served.

A laughable incident of the occasion arose from the fact that one lady present stated that she hesitated about coming as she could not bring her children, but had persuaded her husband to keep them. On a passing car appeared husband and children and the ladies all laughed. Another mother left a young hopeful at home because she could not take him and she saw somewhat surprised to see him making a trip by himself.

The High School Alumni.

The officers of the Iola High School Alumni Association have sent out announcements of the annual banquet to be held this year. The banquet will be held on the evening of May 31 at the Odd Fellows hall and the usual program of toasts and good things to eat will be provided. The banquet will be provided. The banquet will cost fifty cents a plate to members and seventy-five cents to invited friends the committee urges that the alumni promptly pay their dues of twenty-five cents at once and notify the secretary, Mr. Adlai Ewing, whether or not they will attend the banquet. The annual meeting is a pleasant custom which should be encouraged and perpetuated.

Stops the Cough and works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets are on hand in one day. No Cough, No Pain. Price 25 cents.

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Interesting Gas Lease suit

A suit over a gas lease has been filed at Chanute which will be watched with interest by other towns and as the petition of the plaintiff, Fred Hetrick, states the legal points under controversy the REGISTER prints the following summary of it: The plaintiff's petition is very long, covering several pages of typewritten manuscript. It is a very complete document, embracing every feature of the case. It recites in substance the following fact:

That the city of Chanute, operating as a second class city under an act authorizing cities of the first, and second class to maintain among other public utilities, a gas plant, for the purpose of furnishing its citizens with gas for fuel and light, and to lease gas and gas land for the purpose of supplying said gas plant with gas did on the 13th day of July, 1899, lease from the plaintiffs 172 acres, more or less, for the purpose of prospecting for oil and gas. That shortly afterward the said city sold or assigned to I. N. Knapp the east half of the northwest quarter, or the oil rights thereon, which he has fully and satisfactorily developed. That the said city retained lots 6 and 7, both as regards to oil and gas, sinking one gas well on lot 6 in August of 1899, and though finding gas in paying quantities, ceased developing entirely; further on said city found oil in one well on lot 7, but abandoned same, much to plaintiff's financial loss, and that by reason of said city's abandonment of prospecting on said lots 6 and 7, it has forfeited its rights under this lease. That now it is attempting to sell and dispose of the oil rights, if any it has under and by virtue of this lease to any person or persons who might pay the said city the largest sums of money therefor, said sale being authorized by resolution of the city council passed during the month of April and setting the date of such sale at May 12, and notifying parties interested in the purchase of oil rights of its intention to sell to the highest bidder. That said plaintiffs have notified said city that they protest against the sale and will contest the rights of any purchaser to go upon said lands and drill for oil, and have further notified them of their desire to terminate said lease. That said plaintiffs do not desire to molest the city's rights to the gas under the entire 172 acres, but that it has now been nearly three years since the city has attempted to explore any of said land for either oil or gas, and has not at any time sunk a well on said lots 6 and 7 with the view of obtaining oil, and hereunto set as the city has no

use for oil and has no right or authority in law to speculate in oil fields or oil lands, that the court grant said plaintiffs an order restraining said city from selling said oil rights and decree that said pretended lease is void.

Bank For Gas City.

Plans have been drawn by J. H. Nave, of this city, and the contract was let Saturday for the construction of a brick building at Gas City just across the street south from the Thomson hotel on the car line. J. D. Remsburg is having the building put up and the lower floor will be occupied by the Gas City bank which will be organized soon. The upper floor will be equipped for office rooms in the front part and for a printing office in the rear. There has been talk for some time of a bank at Gas City and the happy day seems now coming for that ambitious town.

\$100 Reward. \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreadful disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.
Address,
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

No Fake Salary Offer, but big commissions for men to sell poultry mixture in the country. Never mind stamp.

No. 616 Main, Co. Dept. E. East St. Louis, Ill.

Notice of Board of Equalization.

(First published May 9, 1902.)
Public notice is hereby given that the Board of County Commissioners of Allen County, Kansas, will meet as a Board of Equalization at the office of the county clerk, on Monday, June 2, 1902, for the purpose of equalizing the value of real and personal property in said county. All persons feeling themselves aggrieved may appear and have all errors in the returns of assessors corrected. The Board will be in session Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 2nd, 3rd and 4th days of June and will have under consideration on Monday the returns of the assessors of the following townships, to-wit: Geneva, Carlie, Deer Creek, Orange and Marston. On Tuesday, Iola and Iola city. On Wednesday Logan, Humboldt, Salem, Cottage Grove and Esmore. And it is especially recommended and desired by the Board of Commissioners that the trustee of each township be present on the day the returns of his township are considered. Given under my hand and seal this 6th day of May A. D. 1902.
G. A. FRONE, County Clerk.