WIRES SILENT.

St. Petersburg Cut Off From Interior Communication.

Telegraph Operators Strike Throughout the Empire.

A GENERAL TIE UP.

Is Being Discussed by the Workmen's Council.

The Situation of the Government Is Growing Desperate.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 29.—12:10 p. m.—The situation has again suddenly grown exceedingly grave. The Russian capital is shut off from telegraph communication with the interior. The Pan Russian strike of telegraph operators declared yesterday has gone into operation and the workmen's council is deliberating whether to declare a general political strike throughout Russia tomorrow, predicating this action upon the alleged unwarranted arrest of the members of the peasants' congress at Moscow and also calling on the people to compel the employers at St. Petersburg who locked out 70,000 men to open their doors.

The telegraph strike draws an impenetrable curtain between the capital and the provinces which in such a crisis renders the position of the government almost desperate as being in constant touch with the military and local authorities in the interior is imperative. If the telegraph strike can be maintained the government would be compelled to grope blindly in the dark. The employes of the office here have not yet struck but they are expected to walk out today. Only two lines are working out of St. Petersburg.

Telephone messages from Moscow which are momentarily expected to stop, say that the operators on the Siberian lines and on all the lines south, north and east of Moscow have struck. Communication with Sebastopol and Odessa has ceased. The operators on the lines throughout the Baltic provinces have also struck.

The telegraphers' strike is the direct outgrowth of the government's circular prohibiting telegraph operators from joining a union which prohibition is attributed to M. Dunovo, minister of the interior for whose removal from office the radicals are vigorously working.

The minister recently summarily discharged the leaders of the Moscow union and yesterday their colleagues sent a 12 hour ultimatum to M. Dunovo and Premier Witte, demanding the reinstatement of the dismissed men and the withdrawal of the obnoxious circular. No answer being forthcoming at the specified time the strike was declared. The telegraphers of Moscow after leaving their keys held a meeting in an adjoining building and upon the appearance of the police and troops sent to break up the meeting they declared firmly that they would not disperse even if the authorities used force.

Sebastopol Deserted.

Sebastopol being cut off from telegraph communication with the capital it is not known here whether the mutineers have surrendered or whether Gen. Nepteuff, the commander of the fortress began active operations against them today. The last dispatch which came through announced that Sebastopol was practically deserted except for the troops. The scared population have fled in all directions and Balaklava and neighboring towns were filled with refugees. The streets of Sebastopol were reported as being flooded with incoming troops and artillery and machine guns have been placed so as to command Admiralty Point, the stronghold of the mutineers while the guns of Fort Constantine had been trained on the sailors' barracks. General Nepteuff and the other military officers according to advices were consulting with a view to working out a plan to take the mutineers by siege, without bloodshed if possible.

No further statement was made regarding the attitude of the Black sea fleet.

A dispatch to the Novoe Vremya says not more than a thousand sailors are now supporting the leaders of the mutiny who number a hundred. The dispatch also says that there are only 400 rifles in the sailors' barrack and that only a few cartridges are available. The Slavo which is supporting County Witte has been exceedingly pessimistic. It says revolution constitutes a double danger as "every success of the revolutionists enable the reactionists to point out the danger of continuing the reform program, while every turn of the wheel backwards stimulates the revolutionists to make new attacks on the government."

The editor of the new pictorial satirical paper Poulemet who was arrested November 27 has been released. Writing his experiences he says he was arrested at 2 o'clock in the morning, that his apartments were rifled and that he was held for two days in prison in violation of the inviolability of person guaranteed by the imperial manifesto. The public prosecutor, however, found that the editor had not committed any crime and M. Durnovo was compelled to order his liberation. "Yet this is called the new regime," says the editor, in conclusion.

Line to Berlin Interrupted.

Berlin, Nov. 29.—5:25 p. m.—The imperial postoffice announces that all telegraph communication with Russia has been interrupted since noon.

CLOSE TO THE SHORE.

State of Kansas Is Nearly Out of Money.

As a result of the showing made by the state treasury examination for the month of November, made Tuesday afternoon by Governor Hoch, Auditor Wells and Secretary of State Burrow, it is evident that the only thing which can save the state from stamping warrants "not paid for want of funds" in the months of December and January is a dividend from the First National bank. A dividend of even 50 per cent would probably pull the state out of the hole.

At present the examination shows that there is less than $40,000 in the treasury with which to meet the November bills.

The state officers, however, have seen to it that they are provided for. Their salaries for the month of November have already been paid. Consequently the bills remaining are for salaries of employes in state institutions, and other miscellaneous bills. The $40,000 still in the treasury will be used for satisfying these demands as far as possible. The ones which come in late will simply have to wait until the state gets more money.

It is thought that some of the institutions may be late in sending in their payrolls this month, in which case it would give the state a little more time. By allowing everything to take its full time, the state officers hope to be able to avoid the not paid stamp. They are banking entirely upon the First National dividend.

The treasury examination Tuesday afternoon showed that there is $494,525.83 on hand in the general revenue fund. Of this amount about $420,000 is tied up in the First National. This leaves $74,525 as the true balance. From this must be subtracted $38,291 which the treasury examiners found in the treasury in the form of uncancelled warrants. This leaves about $36,234 on hand.

The report on the amount of money in state depository banks shows that the Bank of Topeka is carrying the largest balance. It has $68,000.

There are eighteen authorized depositories which have no money at all.

HARVARD COMPLAINS.

Thinks Athletic Relations With Yale Is a Detriment.

Cambridge, Mass., Nov. 29.—The Harvard graduates magazine for December will contain an article by an annamed graduate of the university setting forth that Harvard should abandon athletic relations with Yale on the ground that such relations are used by Yale simply as a basis to claim parity with Harvard as an institution of learning. Harvard, the writer says, furthermore can not win without adopting Yale methods and this she can not do without violence to her ideals.

Speaking of an alleged tendency on the part of the Yale authorities to maintain silence concerning the "internal weaknesses" of the university, in contrast to Harvard's policy of publicity and self-correction, the writer continues:

"The only publicity which Yale has consistently encouraged is publicity in athletics. And no wonder. Thanks to the linking of Yale's name with Harvard's in the sports of the past thirty years, the public in its haphazard fashion has gone on supposing that Harvard and Yale were about on a level as institutions of education. The truth has been, of course, that while Harvard has steadily held the primacy of American universities since 1876, Yale has dropped to sixth or eight place in point of attendance and has been outstripped by four if not five universities in its offering of high-grade instruction and in its professional schools."

The writer declares that Yale, under the sway of what he terms the "athletocracy," has persistently resisted every attempt to curb or regulate or purify athletics.

The article goes on to declare that Yale presidents and professors by their own admission find the rule of the "athletocracy" irksome, but fear to lose their popularity by opposing it. The policy of Walter Camp, which Yale has adopted for her own, is, the writer says, responsible for Yale's athletic condition.

"Not that Harvard players have always been above reproach," he adds. "The temptation to imitate the practices which have brought victory to their opponents has proved too strong.

"Yale for a quarter of a century has organized a wonderful athletic institution whose main business has been to turn out winning teams and whose ruling spirit is 'anything to win.' Let us part company, for competition between two competitors so antagonistic in principles is incompatible."

3 CENT FARE WINS.

Tom Johnson Scores Final Victory Over Railway Company.

Columbus, O., Nov. 29.—By a decision of the supreme court today Mayor Tom L. Johnson of Cleveland, wins a victory in his fight for three cent fares. On one ground or another all the other franchises granted by the Cleveland city council, proposing three cent fares have been set aside by the courts in litigation inspired by the opposition companies. The court today reversed the judgment of the circuit court of Cuyahoga county in the case of the Forest City Railway company and E. A. Greene versus W. J. Day, and dismissed the petition of the plaintiff below. This is final.

The franchise given in Dennison avenue to the Forest City Railway company and Greene provides for three cent fares. Day, a property owner, presumably in the interest of the opposition companies enjoined the company from acting under it on the ground that it was not legally granted.

TO ABOLISH FOOTBALL.

Call for a Conference of Twenty Colleges Will Be Issued.

New York, Nov. 29.—New York university will issue a call for a conference of the twenty colleges whose football teams have played New York university since 1885 when the New York university football team was organized. The New York university delegates will support a resolution that the present game of football ought to be abolished.

This action was decided on at a meeting of the university authorities today. Halfback Moore of Union college was fatally hurt in a game with the New York university on Saturday last.

HE WILL NOT APPEAL.

McClellan Is Willing to Have Ballot Boxes Opened.

New York, Nov. 29.—Mayor McClellan today gave his efforts to William R. Hearst to have the ballot boxes in New York's recent mayoralty election opened and the ballots recounted. He announced that he had directed Alton B. Parker, his attorney, not to appeal from the decision of the supreme court yesterday which ordered five ballot boxes to be opened.

BIG GAS BLOW OUT.

Tears a Hole in the Ground 100 feet in Diameter.

Houston, Texas, Nov. 29.—A terrific blow out of gas has occurred in the Humble oil field, tearing a hole in the earth 100 feet in diameter.

A derrick and machinery house tumbled into the opening and the escaping gas gives the disturbance a volcanic appearance.

Safe Blown Across the Street.

Mount Carmel, Ill., Nov. 29.—The American Exchange bank, owned by J. M. Mitchell of this city and located in Browns, 15 miles west of here, was robbed early today of $1,000.

A part of the safe was blown through the building and across the street.

To Cure Cold in One Day.
Take LAXATIVE BROMO quinine tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature on each box. 25c.

WINTER'S HATS.

The Large Hat Built of Genuine or Imitation Fur.

Charming Youthful Effects Obtained With Velvet Ribbon.

TOQUES AND TURBANS

Are the Favorite Models for the Hat of Fur.

Loveliest of All the Winter's Fancies in Millinery.

By KATHERINE ANDERSON.

THANKSGIVING DAY usually ushers in the first good snowstorm and the girl who is churchward bent takes this opportunity to appear in the most becoming headgear of the year—the fur hat. The soft pelt mingling in its cozy warmth with the lightest of summer flowers and furbelows sets off a fair face as no other bit of millinery can, and when snow is here, surely it is time for fur!

Foremost among the new creations in fur headgear is the large hat built entirely of some silky skin. Not only is the genuine pelt used for this purpose, but in very modish effects, imitation fur cloth is employed with bands and tails of real fur.

An extremely smart instance of the latter style is a wide-brimmed hat with large flat crown covered with the silkiest gray beaver cloth. Graduated folds of white chiffon line the daring peaked brim and a band of white fox completes the upper edge. Raised high on a bandeau at the back, the hat is pitched well over the face, while a long white ostrich plume rising from the back of the crown, falls coquettishly over the coiture. This particular style of hat is suited to evening as well as day-time wear, but demands particularly striking features in the woman whom it becomes.

More simple and youthful is a sombrero shape built entirely of chinchilla. Porcelain blue velvet ribbon is bunched in loops around a full-blown white rose. The latter adorns the under side of the left brim and emphasizes the inimitable dark and light markings of this elegant pelt. White velvet ribbon surrounds the crown and forms a large bow precisely at the center of the front.

One other popular style of large hat, the mushroom shape, is employed extensively as a fur model. Very choice among the offerings of an exclusive fur house is a hat of chinchilla in the inverted saucer shape with loose sack coat to match. A bed of velvet geranium flowers—not the rounding cluster of blossoms, but the individual flowers—fills in the top of the crown, and another bunch masses itself charmingly at the side of the bandeau. An Alsatian bow of rose velvet ribbon with steel buckle spreads across the back and harmonizes with the steel-trimmed rose velvet rosettes on the coat. In place of the geraniums, short feathers or feather rosettes are employed to cover the top of the mushroom fur hats and to fill in the deep curve of the brim.

With brim abruptly tilted, a large hat in pale green felt virtually gives the effect of a small toque. A wide band of richly dyed sable forms the very high crown, the height being accentuated by ribbon that rises at the top. Plastered at the side of the sharply upturned brim on the left, bronze green ostrich tips cover the entire space, while a shorter brim on the opposite side is tacked up by a head of sable.

In the realm of the season's smart toques, however, is where for appears largely. Remarkably unique is a turban with high cone-shaped crown and circular upstanding brim. And still more unique is the fact that it is built of young Alderney skin. Light brown velvet pipes the brim, which is concealed beneath folds of liberty satin in white that terminate in long, stiff clerical bow at the front. Prince of Wales ostrich tips of dowy whiteness trim the left side.

A fetching little model with mink trimmings suggests a lovely hat for the girl who has a short straight neckpiece of squirrel or chinchilla left from last year. A three-inch stole is laid on a boat-shaped turban frame, to form almost a point in front. Curving around to the back, one end passes through a slit in the other, both ends being wired to stand out perkily like a smart bow. Their meeting point is concealed beneath a large, square buckle. A white ostrich feather rosette fills in the space at the center of the fur stole, as well as the space under the bow at the back. But with equally charming effect white tulle could be made to serve the same purpose.

A fashion which promises to be very popular with the well-dressed girl the remainder of the season is to have collars and cuffs of the outer jacket or heavy coat, or fur, and a large polo turban of the same pelt. Built entirely of the fur, very little trimming adorns the hat, a single brilliant buckle or button serving, perhaps, to clasp jetted or spangled quills directly in front, or in cavalier style at the side. Large beadwork buttons will also be used in this way.

For more dressy wear, spreading osprey, bird of paradise, or other of the feathered tribe in white, will perch jauntily on these all-fur turbans. On a Frenchy creation of moleskin, loops of blue tinsel ribbon filled in a hollow space at the back. A silver buckle pinned the end of a blue quill just where the brim of the hat turned up and in to give a pointed tricorn effect. Dressy black hats in broadtail show many variations of the tricorn shape and are set off by stunning gilt buckle and gilt braids.

More elaborate still are the hats of tinsel cloth and lace forming a background for tails, birds and heads of fur, and rendered extremely dainty by gatherings of Valenciennes lace. The example in question shows a simple, circular shape, covered with silver cloth, the crown being concealed under Princess lace. A wide band of sable bordered with ecru lace encircles the sides of the crown, and two sable tails fall over the hair at the back. Silver tinsel roses nestling in velvet leaves trim the front of the crown.

Not soon to be forgotten by the woman who loves real lace is a fragile chapeau in the wardrobe of a young debutante. A wide bent brim is built of genuine rose point lace with a slender, slanting bow of the same lace gracing the front slightly to the left side. Genuine ermine forms a round flat crown, while tiny ermine tails intertwine with the lace bow. Resting at the center of the bow is a tinsel orchid and another nestles at the back amidst graduated layers of pleated white tulle. A white algrette juts out saucily at the left side.

Combining tulle with fur gives exquisitely dainty effects. Tulle ruches of all sorts appear with fur hats and pelerines. In fact, the ruches themselves look very much like capes. Noteworthy is one with full gathering of tulle about the neck and two capes of different widths in shaded accordion-pleated tulle, the lower cape reaching to the shoulder lines. Printed crepe de chine scarfs also combine charmingly with fur neckpieces and form draped bows at the back of fur hats.

MILE INDOOR RACE RECORD.

Regimental Teams Do Fast Work in New York.

New York, Nov. 29.—The World's record for the mile indoor relay race was broken last night at the annual games of the Twenty-second regiment. The event decided the military inter-regimental relay championship, in which the Thirteenth and Twenty-third regimental teams are the contestants. The former quartette won in the fast time of 3:27 2-5, which is 1 3-5 seconds better than the former record held by the Twenty-third regiment team. The Twenty-third regiment team had a lead of five yards when H. L. Hillman, jr., representing the Thirteenth regiment, and H. Valentine started on the final quarter. Hillman had overcome the lead at the end of the first lap and won in a smashing finish.

VICTIM OF HEAVY SEAS.

Big Boat Is Fast on the Rocks North of Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Nov. 29.—Heavily laden with coal and with her crew hard at work at the pumps, a big steamer, name unknown, is a victim of the heavy seas and wind which prevailed on the west shore of Lake Michigan yesterday.

The big boat is fast on the rocks 25 miles north of Milwaukee and four miles south of Port Washington. She is on stern first and her nose is under water. The big seas are sweeping over her and she is in danger of breaking to pieces. The tug H. H. Meyer, Captain McSweeney, left here with the life saving crew for the disabled steamer to render any aid needed.

A half dozen boats are bound to Milwaukee and are due here today.

Docks Undermined.

Detroit, Nov. 29.—Yesterday afternoon the docks at the mouth of the river were undermined by the tremendous waves and thousands of feet of lumber were washed away. The last vestige of the barge Harvey Bissell has disappeared. The northern part of Thunder Bay Island is submerged and the weather station and watch house on the island are surrounded by water.

Fifteen Inches of Snow.

Moorehead, Minn., November 29.—A fierce blizzard has been raging here since Monday afternoon. Fifteen inches of snow has fallen. The north wind is increasing in velocity and the cold is becoming intense.

Street cars were blockaded all night and trains from the east are several hours late. Business is practically suspended.

Thought to Be the England.

Superior, Wis., Nov. 29.—The steamer ashore near here is now thought to be the England, 400 feet long. She probably is the steamer which passed Two Harbors in trouble early this morning.

Schooner on the Rocks.

Toronto, Ont., Nov. 29.—The Oliver Mowatt, a Toronto schooner, laden with coal from Oswego for Bowmanville, is on the rocks off Oshawa. The sailors are lashed to the rigging and calling for help.

Captain Robinson and four or five sailors are on board. The schooner will likely be a total loss.

KOREA TO PROTEST.

Objection to Japanese Control to Be Made at Washington.

Paris, Nov. 29.—The Korean minister, Min Yung Tehan, will sail for New York today on the Kaiser Wilhelm II. for the purpose of presenting a protest at Washington, against Japan assuming authority over Korea. The minister says the protest emanates from the emperor of Korea, who cabled instructions to present a protest to France and the United States. The American government has already been advised of Minister Min's coming visit. Details of the protest are obtainable. The foreign office here has received a protest from Minister Min but has not taken any action. The minister's advices say that Japan's assumption of power was accompanied by a display of armed force and that the emperor was treated violently.

Inquiry in French governmental quarters indicate that there is no intention to act upon the Korean protest.

LAND CASES REOPENED.

By the Arrest of Amid Todd for Frauds in Nebraska.

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 29.—With the arrest of Amid Todd, in Denver, last night, the cases of Bartlett Richards and his partner, Comstock, who were fined for illegal fencing of government land are practically reopened. The charge against Todd is that he conspired to defraud the government by securing the filings of soldiers and their widows on government land in western Nebraska and after having it proved up by "dummies" turned the title over to Richards and Comstock. About 88,000 acres of range land is said to have come into possession of Richards and Comstock in this manner. Todd formerly lived in Plattsmouth, Neb. The warrant on which he was arrested in Denver was issued from the Nebraska district of the United States district court and he will be brought back to answer the charges against him.

PERVADES WHOLE ARMY

Spirit of Revolt Extends From Vladivostok to Europe.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 29.—The military officials at St. Petersburg admit that no reliance can be placed on the line regiments, not even on those now stationed here. According to the officers the spirit of revolt pervades the whole army from Vladivostok to the European frontier.

The Manchurian forces, they add, are almost openly revolting. The officers further point out that the state of affairs at Sebastopol, Odessa, Simferopol and Tiflis shows out that the revolutionary spirit has spread to southern Russia and Transcaucasia. The garrison of St. Petersburg has formulated a series of demands involving the complete remodelling of the conditions of service. The Manchurian army complains that it is not possible to exist in Manchuria on peace pay and that the wounded, thousands of whom are still detained in Manchuria are suffering untold tortures on account of deficient medical resources.

MARKETS TODAY.

Buying by Shorts Strengthens the Wheat.

Strong Cables Create Bullish Sentiment in Corn.

LIVE STOCK TRADE.

Cattle Are Quoted at 10 Cents Higher.

Hogs Also Are Up a Point or Two.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 29.—WHEAT—Active buying by shorts and commission houses caused decided strength today in the wheat market here. The urgent demand was the result of bullish foreign news. The principal factor was the report of rain in Argentina, where harvesting has just commenced. The unsettled condition in Russia, however, had considerable influence. Small receipts in the northwest furnished additional incentives to buy wheat. May opened ⅛@⅝c to ½@⅞c higher, at 87⅞@88c, and for a time held around the 88c mark. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 595 cars, against 567 cars a year ago.

The close was strong with May up ⅝@⅞c, at 88⅝c.

CORN—Strong cables and the advance in wheat created bullish sentiment in the corn pit. Shorts and commission houses were active bidders, but offerings were light. May opened unchanged to ¼c higher, at 44@44⅛c, and sold up to 44⅝c.

The market closed firm, with May up ⅝c, at 44⅝c.

OATS—Oats were firm in sympathy with other grains. The volume of trading, however, was small. May opened unchanged to a shade higher, at 31⅝c to 31⅞@32c, and sold at 32c.

PROVISIONS—Renewed buying of pork by shorts caused strength in provisions. An advance of 10c in the price of live hogs was one of the main factors. May pork was up 22½@27½c, at $13.85@13.90. Lard was up 2½c, at $7.37½. Ribs were 5@7½c higher, at $7.35.

WHEAT—Cash: No. 2 red, 87@88½c; No. 3 red, 85@87½c; No. 2 hard, 84@88c; No. 3 hard, 83@86c; No. 1 northern, 87@90c; No. 2 northern, 83@88c; No. 3 spring, 82½@85c.

CORN—No. 2, 46@46½c; No. 3, 42½c.

OATS—No. 2, 33c; No. 3, 29½@29½c.

RYE—Cash 65c; Dec., 65c; May, 72½c.

FLAX—Cash: N.-W., $1.00; S.-W., 94c.

TIMOTHY—March, $3.47.

CLOVER—Cash: $12.00.

BARLEY—Cash: 36½@54c.

National Board of Trade, Kansas City.

[Furnished by J. E. Gall, Commissions, Grains, Provisions, Cotton and Stocks. Office 110 West Sixth street. Telephone 498. Correspondent Christie Grain and Stock Co., Kansas City, Mo.]

Kansas City, Nov. 29.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Yes
WHEAT—					
Dec	78¼	80¼-⅜	78¼	78⅝	78
May	80⅝-¾	80⅝	80⅛	80⅝	79⅝-¾
CORN—					
Dec	38⅝	39⅛	38¼-⅜	39⅛	39¼-⅜
May	39½	39⅝	38⅝-½	39	38⅝
OATS—					
Dec	30	30	29⅞	30	29⅞
May	30½	30½	30⅛	30½	30⅛
PORK—					
Jan	13 72	13 90	13 65	13 87	13 60
May	13 72	13 80	13 55	13 70	13 55
LARD—					
Jan	7 15	7 22	7 15-17	7 22	7 15-17
May	7 32	7 37	7 30	7 37	7 30
RIBS—					
Jan	7 02	7 02-05	6 97	7 07	6 95
May	7 22	7 25-27	7 17	7 22-25	7 15

CONFERENCE OF REFORMERS.

Good Programme and Good Attendance at Wichita.

Wichita, Kan., Nov. 29.—The programme for the state conference of the National Reform association which was held here last night and today is interesting. The conference opened Monday evening with the meeting in the First Methodist church. The sessions Tuesday morning and Tuesday afternoon were held in the same church, but the meeting Tuesday evening will be held in the First Presbyterian church. A large number of ministers were present during the conference. The programme follows:

Monday evening—Mr. J. M. Knapp presiding.

Devotional—Rev. C. H. Stevens.

Our National Purpose—Rev. J. M. Wylie, secretary of the National Reform association.

The Proposed Christian Amendment to the United States Constitution Relating to Polygamy and Other Federal Questions—Rodolph Hatfield.

Tuesday Morning—Rev. Allen Davis presiding.

Devotional.

Immigration—Rev. George B. Pickard.

Marriage and Divorce—Rev. Emory Pearson, D. D., Lawrence, Kan.

Resolutions and Discussion—Rev. Bruce Griffith.

Secular Education with Resolution—Prof. A. P. Solandt, Fairmount college.

Recognition of Divine Authority Necessary to Deliverance from National Perils—Rev. J. P. Davis, D. D.

Afternoon Session—Rev. C. S. Sargent, D. D., presiding.

Devotional.

National Christianity and Public Education—President F. E. Mossman, Southwest Kansas college, Winfield.

National Lawlessness—Rev. G. W. Cassidy.

Sabbath Desecration—Rev. F. N. Lynch, D. D.

The Citizen's Obligation in the Enforcement of Law—John Marshall, Winfield.

Resolution and Discussion—Rev. Walter M. Irvin.

Peace and Arbitration as Related to the World's Evangelization — President E. Stanley, Friends university.

The Christian Citizenship Pledge—Rev. J. B. Dodds, Sterling, Kan.

LETTER FROM ROOT.

Tells Isle of Pines Rebels to Submit to Cuba.

Washington, Nob. 29.—Secretary Root has addressed a letter to Charles Raynard, president of the American Society of the Isle of Pines, stating positively that in his judgment the Isle of Pines belongs to Cuba and strongly advising the Americans there to submit themselves to Cuban law.

Special Thanksgiving Dinner.

With mandolin orchestra 12 to 2:30 p. m., at the Cremerie tomorrow.

The Consumption Serum.

Rome, Nov. 25.—Some interesting experiments have been made on animals at a farm at Montara, in the province of Pavia, with Professor Behring's serum, which was much discussed at the recent tuberculosis congress in Paris. The experiments, which began in December, 1904, have just been controlled by the autopsy of the animals which had been submitted to them and which have been killed. The operation took place in the presence of a committee composed of Professors Belsanti, Maggini, Perroncito and Sormani, who have recognized the complete efficacy of the Behring serum. The commission will publish its report shortly.

A mandolin orchestra will discourse music during Thanksgiving dinner at the Cremerie tomorrow.

Market Gossip.

[Furnished by the A. M. McDermott Commission Co., Stocks, Grains, Provisions and Investment Securities. Room 12, Columbian bldg.]

Liverpool opening cables: Wheat ¼d higher; corn ¼d higher.

Liverpool, 1:30 p. m.: Wheat ¼@⅝d higher; corn ½d higher.

Grain receipts at Chicago: Wheat, 16 cars; graded, 48. Corn, 184 cars; graded, 1. Oats, 125 cars; graded, 8.

Liverpool closing cables: Wheat ⅝@¾d higher; corn ⅝@½d higher.

Estimated grain receipts at Chicago tomorrow: Wheat, 62 cars; corn, 236 cars; oats, 353 cars.

Northwest grain receipts today: Minneapolis, 338 cars; Duluth, 189 cars. A year ago: Minneapolis, 351 cars; Duluth, 193 cars.

Grain receipts today of Kansas City: Wheat, 96 cars; corn, 99 cars; oats, 9 cars.

Estimated grain receipts at Kansas City tomorrow: Wheat, 67 cars; corn, 94 cars; oats, 14 cars.

Sugar and Coffee at New York

New York, Nov. 29.—SUGAR—Raw sugar steady. Fair refining, 3c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3 9-16c; molasses sugar, 2⅝c. Refined sugar steady. Crushed, $5.40; powdered, $4.85; granulated, $4.70.

COFFEE—Market steady. No. 7 Rio, 8 5-16c.

New York Produce Market.

New York, Nov. 29.—BUTTER—Market steady. Street price: Extra creamery, 24c. Official prices: Creamery, common to extra, 16@24c; state dairy, common to extra, 16@22c; western imitation creamery, extra, 18½@19c; firsts, 17½@18c; renovated, common to extra, 15@22c; western factory, common to firsts, 15@17½c.

EGGS—Market unsettled. State Pennsylvania and nearby, fancy selected white, 38@40c; state Pennsylvania and nearby, choice, 35@37c; state Pennsylvania and nearby, mixed extra, 33c; western finest, 32c; western firsts, 30@31c; southern, 21@30c.

POULTRY—Alive poultry easy. Western chickens, 10c; fowls, 11c; turkeys, 12c. Dressed poultry steady. Western chickens, 13½@15c; turkeys, 12@20c; fowls, 11@13c.

Chicago Produce Market.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 29.—BUTTER—Fancy makes steady; others weak. Creamery, 17@23c; dairy, 17@20c.

EGGS—Market steady. At mark, cases included, 18@26c.

CHEESE—Market easier. Dalsies, 13@13½c. Twins, 11⅝@12c; Young Americas, 13@13½c.

POULTRY—Alive poultry firm. Turkeys, 14c; chickens, 8c; springs, 10c.

Cotton Market.

Galveston, Tex., Nov. 29.—COTTON—Market lower, at 11⅝c per pound.

New York, Nov. 29.—COTTON—Sales today, 325 bales. Spot cotton closed dull. Quotations are for middling upland, 11.30; middling gulf, 11.20.

New York Stocks.

Wall St., New York, Nov. 29.—STOCKS—Opening prices in the stock market showed many changes from last night. The wide fluctuations, however, were confined to the department of specialties. Amongst these Virginia-Carolina Chemical rose 1⅜ points, Colorado and Southern 1¼ points, Reading 1⅛ points. American Woolen lost 1¼ points, Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Tennessee Coal and Smelting a point and Metropolitan Street Railway and Denver and Rio Grande preferred large fractions. These were subsequent reactions which reduced the large gains and also modified some of the losses.

Emphasis to the heavy realizing of the last few days in special stocks by the precipitate fall in prices which occurred during the first half hour's business. Contrary to recent operations the entire market succumbed under this setting. Pullman and Tennessee Coal yielded 5 points, Sloss-Sheffield Steel 4¼ points and Detroit Southern preferred certificates 4 points. Lead, which rallied opened strongly at 69, fell to 68, and all other previously higher stocks surrendered their advances and something more. Signs of support became definite enough to insure heavy buying to cover and the market rose smartly with a number of stocks mounting to well over yesterday's closing. Lead rebounded to 71¼, a gain of 3 points. Tennessee Coal went up 2½ points from the lowest and Sloss-Sheffield Steel 2 points. In a general way the market fought back a portion of its losses, but continued to manifest traces of feverishness.

Prices wavered from time to time, the general movement proving narrow and dealings less active than recently. The specialties joining the upward movement included Cotton Oil 2 points, Virginia and Carolina Chemical 1⅝, Colorado and Southern first preferred 1¼ points and Rock Island preferred, Brooklyn Rapid Transit, United States Pipe, Railway Spring and Distillers' Securities a point. The general reaction checked this movement and carried some stocks lower than before. Anaconda dropped 4 points, Reading's advance to 1⅝ points over yesterday checked the reaction, but brought trading nearly to a standstill.

Bonds were irregular at noon.

The general list might have been eliminated from the category of stocks traded in for all the interest that was manifested outside of Lead and Reading. Both of these stocks went up in an irresistible manner, despite the large offerings that the rise invited. Reading reached 137⅞, a gain of 2⅝ points, and Lead overshadowed yesterday's record price, touching 74½, a rise of 6 points. New York, Chicago and St. Louis preferred improved 1½ points, while Great Northern preferred lost 1 point, Wisconsin Central 1¼ points and Lead preferred 2 points.

Strength revived in the industrials with the recovery in Lead. Smelting and Amalgamated Copper rose 2 points over last night. Republic Steel and Tennessee Coal 1⅜ points and Sloss-Sheffield Steel a point. Central Leather gained 1½ points and Canadian Pacific 1 point. The general list was rather indifferent to the movements and was unsettled when the metal stocks reacted. Lead, Smelting and Tennessee Coal dropped back over 2 points. The Metropolitans yielded easily. Northern Pacific lost 1 and Great Northern preferred 2 points.

Range of Prices on Stocks.

[Furnished by J. E. Gall, Commissions, Grains, Provisions, Cotton and Stocks. Office 110 West Sixth street. Telephone 498. Correspondent Christie Grain and Stock Co., Kansas City, Mo.]

New York, Nov. 29.

Stocks—	Op'n	High	Low	Close	Yes
Sugar	142¾	142¾	141½	142	142½
People's Gas	104⅞	105⅜	104	104⅝	104⅝
Amal. Copper	88	90¼	88⅜	89⅞	88⅞
B. R. T.	87⅜	89¼	87⅜	88	87⅜
T. C. I.	122½	124⅝	118	122	122
U. S. Steel	37⅞	37⅞	37¼	37⅞	37⅞
U. S. Steel, pfd..	104⅝	104¾	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝
Atchison, com ...	88	88	86⅞	87	87⅞
C. G. W.	21¼	21⅛	20⅞	20⅞	21⅛
St. Paul	179¼	180	177⅞	178⅞	179⅞
R. I., com	24½	25⅛	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞
Wabash, com	21	21	21	21	21⅛
Wabash, pfd	41⅞	42	41⅞	41⅞	42
Mo. Pacific	100⅝	101	100⅝	101	100⅝
Western Union ..	92½	93⅜	92½	92⅞	....
Manhattan	....	....	....	163½	163
N. Y. Central	150	150⅝	149½	150	150
Texas Pacific	33½	34⅛	33½	34⅛	33½
So. Pacific	68⅝	69⅝	67⅞	68⅛	68⅝
Reading	136½	137⅞	134½	136½	135⅛
Erie	49	49	48⅛	48⅞	48⅞
Union Pacific	126⅝	126⅝	125⅝	126⅛	126½
C. & O.	53⅝	54⅛	53½	54⅛	54
B. & O.	112⅝	113	111⅝	112⅞	112⅝
L. & N.	151¼	151¼	150¼	150⅝	151⅛
Katy	....	....	....	69⅝	69⅝
Pennsylvania ..	140⅝	140⅝	139⅝	140	140⅛
C. F. I.	48	48½	46⅝	47	47⅛
Met. Traction ...	118⅝	120	118⅝	118⅝	120¼

New York Money.

New York, Nov. 29.—MONEY—Money on call firm, 4⅝@6 per cent, closing bid 6 and offered at 8 per cent; time money steady; 60 days, 5¼@6 per cent; 90 days, 5¼ per cent; 6 months, 5 per cent.

CLOSE: Prime mercantile paper, 5½@6 per cent; sterling exchange weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86@4.86⅛ for demand and at $4.8280@4.8305 for 60 day bills; posted rates, $4.83@$4.84 and $4.87@4.87½; commercial bills, $4.82¾.

SILVER—Bar silver, 65⅝c; Mexican dollars, 50⅝c.

BONDS—Government bonds steady.

Chicago Live Stock Market.

Chicago, Nov. 29.—CATTLE—Receipts today, 15,000 head. Market strong to 10c higher. Beeves, $2.80@6.75; cows and heifers, $1.25@4.75; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.15; Texans, $3.40@4.10; westerns, $3.00@4.50.

HOGS—Receipts today, 30,000 head; estimated Thursday, 25,000 head. Market 5@10c higher. Mixed and butchers', $4.70@5.05; good heavy, $4.85@5.00; rough heavy, $4.65@4.75; light, $4.65@4.97½; pigs, $4.30@4.75; bulk of sales, $4.70@4.92½.

SHEEP—Receipts today, 18,000 head. Market strong. Sheep, $4.00@5.60; lambs, $4.75@7.50.

Kansas City Live Stock Market.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 29.—CATTLE—Receipts today, 5,000 head, including 300 head of southerns. Market 10c higher. Native steers, $3.75@6.35; southern steers, $2.50@4.25; southern cows, $2.00@3.25; native cows and heifers, $2.00@5.10; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.50; bulls, $2.00@4.00; calves, $2.50@6.25; western steers, $3.00@4.50; western cows, $2.00@3.40.

HOGS—Receipts today, 10,000 head. Market 5@7½c higher. Bulk of sales, $4.82½@4.90; heavy, $4.85@4.95; packers', $4.85@4.92½; pigs and lights, $4.60@4.90.

SHEEP—Receipts today, 3,000 head. Market strong to 10c higher. Muttons, $4.50@6.00; lambs, $5.50@7.25; range wethers, $4.50@6.00; fed ewes, $3.50@5.10.

K. C. Live Stock Sales Today.

[The following sales were made today at the stock yards, Kansas City, Mo., and telephoned to The Topeka State Journal by Clay, Robinson & Co., live stock commission merchants, with offices at all markets.]

Kansas City, Nov. 29.

CATTLE—Receipts today, 5,600 head. Market strong to 10c higher.

HOGS—Receipts today, 10,000 head. Market 5@10c higher. Bulk of sales, $4.80@4.92½; top, $4.97½.

KILLING STEERS.

| No. | Wt. | Price. | No. | Wt. | Price.