STILL ANOTHER.

MORE TRAIN ROBBERS DO SUCCESSFUL WORK.

The Santa Fe Passenger and Express Held Up Near Berwyn, I. T.

Ten Thousand Dollars the Amount Secured—A Large Band Interested in the Work.

Huge Frauds Upon Poor Emigrants Unearthed at Chicago—Bogus Deeds Made to Western Lands — Prominent Men Also Badly Taken In —Criminal Record.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

SIGNAL OFFICE, WICHITA, Kan., Nov. 26.—The highest temperature was 35°, the lowest 31° and the mean 33°, with a light mist in the morning, followed by cold, cloudy weather, a slight fall impressure, fresh north to northwest winds.

Last year, on November 26, the highest temperature was 56°, the lowest 33°, and the mean 44°.

FRED L. JOHNSON, Observer.

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 26, 8 p. m.—Forecast until 8 p. m. Wednesday:

For Kansas fair; colder northwesterly winds.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

The Latest Items by Telegraph in Condensed Form.

A. T. C. Pierson, one of the best known Masons in the country, died at St. Paul this morning. He was a native of New Jersey.

The president has appointed Otis H. Russell postmaster at Richmond, Va., vice William H. Collingsworth, removed. No other appointments of presidential postmasters will be made prior to the convening of congress.

O'Neill, of the St. Louis Browns, and Tucker, of the Baltimores, will sign brotherhood contracts.

Mr. Parke, editor of the Press, of London, was arraigned in court yesterday for libel by the Earl of Euston. The earl testified that he had been handed a card on the street advertising "pose plastique" at a certain house on Cleveland street. He was charged a sovereign admission, and when he asked to be shown the pose plastique, was told that he could be furnished with boys if he desired. He knocked his informant down, left the house and never returned.

At the opening of the Australian parliament today the governor in his speech declared that the cordial discussion of a federation of Australian colonies would result in a patriotic settlement of the question.

Dispatches from Rio de Janeiro say that no foreign government has yet recognized the provisional government of Brazil. All the foreign consuls, however, have received orders to preserve the former friendly relations with Brazil.

ANOTHER BIG HAUL.

An Express Car Rifled Near Berwyn, Chickasaw Nation.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Nov. 26.—About midnight last night fifteen heavily armed masked men boarded the south bound Santa Fe passenger train at Berwyn, a small station in the Chickasaw nation, Indian territory, and cut the engine, mail and express cars loose from the coaches. The outlaws then ran the cars south two miles and threw the fireman from the engine and two miles further the engineer was thrown off and still further on the engine was killed. Then the robbers began an attack on the express car. The guard and messenger fired some twenty shots in the effort to protect the property in their charge. Their shots were returned by the bandits, who literally riddled the car, which was then opened and between $20,000 and $30,000 stolen. United States marshals are in pursuit.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 26.—A special to the Post Dispatch from Gainesville, Tex., says in regard to the train robbery last night that Fred Frazier, the guard on the train, fired more than twenty shots at the robbers and that one of the gang is believed to have been fatally wounded. Frazier was not hurt. The robbers got $10,000. The passengers and mail were not molested.

ROBBED THE POOR BY FRAUD.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 26.—It is now said that the amount involved in the alleged fraudulent transactions of Fredricksen & Co., in connection with which their cashier, Bidgood, was arrested, yesterday, will reach $1,000,000. The charge is based on alleged crooked transaction in giving mortgages on lands to which the Fredricksens had no title. These mortgages are said to have been pledged as security for loans. Fredricksen & Co. have been doing a large business in western railroad lands, selling for the most part small tracts of forty or fifty acres on the installment plan, the purchaser generally being immigrants or poor people who wished to invest their earnings in farms. After a certain number of payments had been made Fredricksen gave a deed, a mortgage on the land being taken for the unpaid portion of the purchase money. These mortgages, it is alleged, were given as collateral for loans or sold outright throughout the west.

T. G. Cowie represents the interests here of ex-Governor Rice, of Wisconsin, who was victimized to the extent of $140,000. "The charges we make," said Mr. Cowie, today, "is that Fredericksen, Bidgood and D. G. M. Fredericksen were all concerned in the conspiracy. They got up fraudulent mortgages, went out on the street and gave men $5 to sign them. Then they went to capitalists with the mortgages and raised money on them. They gave mortgages on land in Minnesota, Dakota and other parts of the northwest. There are hundreds of people in Chicago who paid in their earnings to the Fredericksens, thinking they were buying land, and now find their deeds worthless."

Helge A. Hangen, the receiver appointed by Judge Shepard for Fredericksen & Co., asked leave of Judge Shepard today to resign his receivership. He says that he has been able to collect only $82.30, and that the concern has no assets except some apparently worthless papers. It has no need of a receiver, there being nothing to receive. The judge directed him to serve all parties in the suit of Joseph Cratty against Fredericksen with his motion to be allowed to resign and come in court Monday.

Dr. John A. Rice, one of the victims of the swindle, arrived here this afternoon. "Why, that man Fredericksen was the most coldblooded swindler I ever knew," he said. "I hold now $150,000 of mortgages sold me by Fredericksen and every one of them bears a written guarantee signed by Fredericksen, that the mortgages represent purchased land on which the amount of the mortgage has been paid. Of the whole $150,000 worth I know of a number which are absolutely valueless. I am not exaggerating when I say that thousands of settlers in Kansas and Iowa, who, as they suppose, paid for their land and got deeds from Fredricksen, have absolutely no title to it. The plan in such cases was a simple one. Fredricksen would get an option on a tract of land from a railroad company and representing that he owned it, would sell farms to ignorant immigrants, pocketing their money and giving them a deeds for the land. If anybody questioned the title Fredricksen would furnish an abstract showing a clear title." Dr. Rice makes the assertion that "six weeks ago Fredericksen confessed he hired men on the street at $5 a piece to sign mortgages and we made him give us the addresses of these men. Besides the ten men in his office, who were parties to the conspiracy, and who have the addresses of seventy-five men who signed the mortgages for land they never owned. Every one of these men will be arrested, as will all the office force. We have been in receipt of dozens of letters daily from all over the west. The exposure has been complete."

EVIDENCE IN REBUTTAL.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 26.—The first witness called in the Cronin case this morning on behalf of the state was Bailey Dawson, who testified that on May 4, this year, he was in the Emergency hospital here; that he never introduced John F. Beggs to Colonel Babcock, but that on the night of the 11th he was present when Mr. Gleason did so. The defense had introduced evidence that Beggs was at the Pacific hotel on the night of May 4, and that he was introduced to Colonel Babcock on that occasion.

Colonel A. C. Babcock followed as soon as this witness escaped from the hands of Mr. Foster, who conducted the cross-examination, and corroborated Mr. Dawson's testimony. The cross-examination of this witness was long and productive of much amusement to the spectator. He remembered meeting Beggs at the Pacific.

William Niemnan was called on behalf of the state and testified that he had been introduced to James Hyland, and that he was not the man who came into his saloon Saturday night, May 4, or Sunday night, May 5, as Hyland swore.

The state next introduced the driver and the man who rented the carriages to O'Malley the night of May 4, and these witnesses contradicted another portion of the testimony of the defense.

Frederick B. Ebersold, inspector of police, was then called. He said that neither Officers Rowan or Crowe, whom he sent out to investigate the Cronin murder, ever reported that the milkman, Mertz, told them that he heard fighting or scuffling in the Carlson cottage.

Mrs. Marie Brunz testified that the husband of Caroline Hoertel purchased from her during the last week in April the lock which he put on the door to keep his wife out of the house. This was in contradiction of a witness for the defense who said the lock was purchased after May 4.

At the afternoon session several witnesses were examined by defense and prosecution in rebuttal. Mr. Forest announced that he would introduce some rebuttal testimony at the next session of court to show the whereabouts of the witness William Coughlin on the night of May 4. The court then announced that owing to the illness of the daughter of Juror North the court would adjourn until Friday in order to allow him to go to her bedside.

After the adjournment of court there was a consultation between the court and counsel as to the order of the arguments to be made before the jury. It was finally decided to leave the matter to the court. Judge McConnell will announce his decision on Friday morning.

A HARLAN COUNTY OUTLAW ARRESTED.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 26.—Will Jennings, the noted Harlan county outlaw, was taken to Frankfort yesterday and was committed to jail in that city. He says he has been hiding in Missouri since the first fight with Judge Lewis' friends and was not concerned in the subsequent conflicts. Detective Bunaan made the arrest. Jennings is held for complicity with Wills Howard in the killing of the two Bailey brothers in Harlan county in 1886.

DEFAULTED FOR MANY THOUSANDS.

MOUNT CARROLL, Ill., Nov. 26.—Thursday of last week Abraham Lichty of this place was seen to board a train for Chicago. Since that time all trace of him has been lost and it is reported that he is a defaulter for from $20,000 to $50,000. Lichty was administrator for several large estates besides being guardian for a number of heirs.

NOT VERY LARGE AFTER ALL.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 26.—A. Fuller, superintendent of the Pacific Express company, today stated to an Associated Press reporter that the actual loss by the Pryor Creek, Indian territory, train robbery Sunday night, was $1,217. No clue to the robbers as yet.

A BRUTE'S FATAL SHOT.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—James Turney, the crippled old watchman of the Morgan Line pier at the foot of King street, was shot down and it is feared mortally injured this afternoon by Joseph Kinney, a longshoreman, whose discharge for neglect of duty the watchman had caused an hour before. The shooting was done before at least 100 persons.

Sometime afterwards when Kinney was told that his victim was still alive, he said that he was sorry that he did not kill him outright. Turney has a wife and child who are helpless.

MRS. PETTUS HELD.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—The jury in the Pettus murder inquest was out twelve minutes. It found that Pettus came to his death by pistol shot wounds inflicted by Hannah Southworth. Coroner Levy held the prisoner without bail to await the action of the grand jury.

Dyspepsia, the root of innumerable evils, is readily cured by taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

WOULDN'T RECOGNIZE THE FLAG.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—The flag of the new Brazilian republic was hoisted for the first time in English waters yesterday with a result that must have been discouraging to the over-zealous officer who made haste to display his colors in advance of formal recognition of the government whose emblem was thus flaunted. The occasion of the display was the arrival at Plymouth of the Brazilian war ship, to receive which the usual preparations were made by the British war vessels and forts, and the customary signal to salute was awaited from the flag ship of Admiral Sir William Montagu Dowell. When, however, the flag of "The United States of Brazil" was displayed instead of the expected imperial ensign, Admiral Dowell sent a request to the Brazilian commander to hoist the recognized flag of Brazil, or, at least, not to run up any other. The Brazilian captain declined to comply with the request and the British forts and warships remained silent. It is probable that the captain of the Brazilian ship will make such representation of the affair as will call forth an intimation of England's attitude with regard to the new South American government from the foreign office.

It is amusing to see people with their faces drawn as if they had swallowed a feather and it was tickling their lungs and they would be happy if they could only sneeze. Now there is no need of "making faces." A bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will draw your face back into a smile.

"Kings are like stars, they rise and set." They have headache, cuts, and hurts like meaner men, and are just as sure to call for Salvation Oil.

AFTER OTHER CORPORATIONS.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 26.—State Treasurer Noland has addressed a circular to all county attorneys of Missouri directing them to commence legal proceedings against each and every building and loan association doing business in their counties. A state law requiring these associations to deposit $100,000 in cash with the state treasurer recently went into effect and not one association has complied with it.

SILVHR CONVENTION.

insist that it shall buy its silver at the time of purchasing, and redeem its certificates at the value of the bullion, or in the standard dollars at the option of the holder at the time of redemption. In this way the government, and not the individual, would profit when the price of silver advances, and the government, and not the individual, undergo the loss when it declines, just as merchants or other dealers suffer loss or gain in the purchase or sale of other commodities.

"Finally, the proposition is to make these silver certificates which are termed 'warehouse receipts,' a legal tender.

"The proposition giving the legal tender quality to circulating notes, as I have said elsewhere, was discussed by the people of this country previous to the adoption of the constitution. It was, perhaps, the most difficult question that was considered by the fathers in the convention that prepared and finally adopted the constitution of the United States.

"This question involves such serious, such far reaching consequences that its discussion has been avoided by all the great financiers, by all the public men of this country from the outset. From time to time it has been brought before congress and laid aside as impracticable and unwise, but finally placed upon the statute book, not as a measure of choice, not because any considerable number of members of congress believed in it, but because they reluctantly came to the conclusion that it was a measure necessary to provide for carrying on a civil war unequaled in the history of nations.

"The whole volume of business of this country was carried on from its organization to the year 1862 without any legal tender money. All political economists and all financiers of note agree that the giving of the quality of legal tender to paper money by any nation is a great mistake. We are in favor of the retirement rather than the increase of legal tender. But this proposition is to keep on buying silver bullion monthly for nine years, upon a rising market created by the purchaser, to give the legal tender quality to 890,000,000 of certificates which now represent an intrinsic value of 71½ cents to the dollar. Certificates issued by the government should be received in payment of public dues, but should not be a legal tender in payment of private obligations.

"There is really no prejudice among bankers or among business men anywhere against silver coin or silver as a material for money, but they do object to all experiments and particularly to experiments on a large scale, to be continued for a series of years, which are almost sure to result in degrading the standard of money.

"The policy of congress and the legislation of late years has been to increase the circulation of the present over-valued silver dollar of 412½ grains, and it was the policy of the last administration, if not of the present, in order to strengthen the gold balance, to encourage the retirement of the national bank note, and the smaller denominations of legal tender notes, to make room for the circulation of the paper representative of a forced silver coinage, in every respect an inferior currency to the forms of paper for which it has been substituted.

"The capital and deposits of the banks are loaned to millions of the people, and often at rates much lower than the rates fixed by law. The gold coin and the other assets of the banks belong to the depositor first, and then to the stockholders, who, as a rule, are not rich men, but men of moderate means. And it is the depositors, rather than the banker, who suffers most from an inferior currency.

"It is the duty of the officers of banks to insist that the borrower shall pay in dollars having the same intrinsic value as those that were borrowed, in order that depositors may be paid in dollars like those which were deposited. To do less than this would be gross negligence. 'Strict justice and a rigid performance of contracts are the proper foundations of all monetary institutions.'"

Arouse the faculties, stimulate the circulation, purify the blood, with Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

ROMANISM DENOUNCED.

Bishop Potter Declares the Church a Menace to Liberty.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—The Baptist pastors' conference listened to an address yesterday on "The Significance of the Roman Catholic Congress and an Outline of the Roman Catholic Movement of Today" by the Rev. D. C. Potter. He said: "That Catholic centenary congress in Baltimore was a jubilee, a Roman victory. Its first note was a pean, its last a doxology. Its voice was deference, its grasp power, its purpose advance, and that, dare I say? is irresistible. It evaded nothing, quibbled at nothing, but spoke out in a voice dominant and daring. The Protestant church could stand on its platform with hardly a phrase changed. A new struggle with Rome has begun. It is the irrepressible conflict—Romanism against reformation or protestantism. Rome is grasping power. She meddles with governments all over the globe, seeking political place to advance her selfish purpose. Rome is horrors untold. Rome is hell. Rome, for the first time in her history, has of late, in her most gaudy regalia, been upon our centennial platforms, and her pomp and her power have had recognition.

"That white building on Fifth avenue with the sky-piercing spires is the capitol of our American metropolis. Tammany hall belongs to Rome. We are today under Roman rule.

"A present issue is that Romanists are tired of being taxed for our public schools. They call them 'Godless schools.' On this point they will fight. If they can not win today, they will wait. The unalterable determination is to have a proportionate share of the school funds, and who has the temerity to say that the public school system is not already doomed. The summoning of the factions to the polls will not wholly meet the issue."

"Merrily, merrily, shall I live now," the little girl said, "for I'm not to be kept in because of that horrid neuralgia. My mamma has bought a bottle of Salvation Oil from the druggist and it cost only 25 cents a bottle."

New Jersey has a Baptist minister who claims to have baptized more people than any other man in his church. The community in which he resides has been grieved over his stubborn cough that has interfered with his pastoral duties. A physician recommended Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, and consequently there will be baptism in his church next Sunday.

THE NEW POWDERS.

WASAINGTON, Nov. 26.—The powders which Secretary Tracy has been instrumental in arranging to have manufactured in this country for use in the navy are the Brown prismatic powder and a smokeless powder, the patents and processes of which are controlled by the Rottwell company of Germany. The secretary has been informed by Mr. Kratmeyer, managing director of the London & Chilton Powder company, of England, which manufactures these powders in England, that he has made an arrangement with the contractor now furnishing powder to the United States navy, to manufacture them in the United States and that as soon as certain necessary changes in the plants shall have been effected the contractor will be enabled to furnish the powders named to this government.

That little tickling in your throat indicates catarrh, which is cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

THE WAMEGO POSTOFFICE.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Nov. 26.—Hons. William Zimmerman and Thomas Beatty, of Wamego, Pottawatomie county, were in the city, recently, in consultation with Congressman E. N. Morrill in reference to the postoffice at Wamego. The present incumbent is a Democrat, whose term of office will soon terminate. Mr. Morrill left yesterday for Washington, and will return to Leavenworth during the holidays, at which time he will settle the status of the Leavenworth postoffice fight, by intimating who will be chosen as Mr. T. F. Lynch's successor.

WESTERN MATTERS AT THE CAPITAL

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Fourth class postmasters have been appointed as follows: Iowa Point, Doniphan county, Kansas, B. F. Hasness, vice L. S. Flick, removed; and the following in Texas: Haskell, Haskell county, Joseph W. Evansville, vice, D. M. Winn, removed; Mariedfield, Martin county, John B. Kouz, vice John A. Kouz, resigned.

All the Kansas delegation is here now excepting Representatives Funston and Perkins.

Congressman Charles Mansur, of Missouri, arrived today.

Pensions have been granted as follows to Kansans: Original invalid: Reuben T. Tiff, Ames; Buchen Kirk, Parsons; Charles N. Points, Havenville; John H. Crumb, Burlingame. Restoration: Joseph Fisher, Bunker Hill. Increase: John Thorpe, Russell; Johnson Bruner, Fort Scott; Alfred Parks, Inka; Jacob Carl, Larned; Charles O. Green, Coffeyville; Peter Young, Media; William C. Johnson, Burlington; Samuel McCrawdy, Florence; Joseph Fields, Alma; Samuel M. Robinson, Eureka; Emsley H. Hardy, Naseatunga; Charles B. Jordan, Kingman; Jacob Miller, Coffeyville; Francis M. Thornton, Radical; Franklin Campbell, Kirwin; Samuel Shepherd, Kingman; David F. Roberts, Pleasanton; Jeremiah Gordy, Toronto; Henry Slater, Waterville; Nicholas Belveal, Winfield; Joseph Simpson, Spring Hill; Henry A. Carter, Solomon City; William Pesley, Burrton. Original widows, etc.: Minors of Lewis Schilling, Inka; Caroline Eggleston, former widow of Lewis Schilling, Inka; Caroline, widow of Franklin Campbell, Kirwin; Angeline C. Cooley, former widow of William Healy, Longton.

THE MONTANA SQUABBLE.

HELENA, Mont., Nov. 25.—There were no new developments in the legislative deadlock today. The committee from the Republicans called on Governor Toole and informed him their body was ready for business. The governor received them courteously and said that while personally he was glad to see them, he could not recognize the committee officially, as the body they represented had not met in the place designated by him as the legislative assembly hall. When the committee made its report it was referred back to them, and four more members added, who will make a further report tomorrow.

The Democratic house made its temporary organization here tonight and appointed a committee to notify the governor that it was ready for business. Governor Toole coolly recognized the body they represented, but said he would make no communication to the legislature until both bodies met in joint session.

The senate met and adjourned, the Democrats still absenting themselves. On the report of the Republican committee who waited on the governor it is thought the future course of that party depends.

ANOTHER HAYTIEN REVOLT RUMORED.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—The steamer Prince Frederick from Port au Prince November 20 arrived here today and brought news of an uprising in Hayti against Hippolyte. It is reported that there 5,000 men armed, engaged in the movement.

At the offices of Kuhpert & Co. the agents of the Prince Frederick, all knowledge of any insurrection on the island of Hayti was denied. The captain of the steamer had reported at the office and said nothing about it. There were ten passengers on the steamer and it is thought that some of the number started the rumor. None of the passengers could be found.

MR. STUBBS' RETURN.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—Mr. C. P. Huntington made the following statement in regard to the return of J. C. Stubbs' return to the Southern Pacific: "Mr. Stubbs left the Southern Pacific while I was in Europe without consulting me, General Hubbard or Mr. Stillman. On my return I sent for him to come to New York to see Mr. Crocker who had also just returned from Europe. General Hubbard, Mr. Stillman and myself held a consultation and told him we thought he had not ought to leave us after being with us so many years."

PRINT WORKS CONSOLIDATED.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 26.—A rumor has been current in dry goods circles for some days to the effect that a consolidation of print works which will embrace the Manchester at Manchester, N. H; the Pacific at Lawrence and the Indian Orchard, Mass., mills has been affected, the consolidated interests to be controlled by British capital. Treasurer Saltonstall, of the Pacific mills, was asked yesterday about the report, but would neither confirm nor deny it.

PORTUGUESE ENCROACHMENTS RESENTED.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—The Pall Mall Gazette publishes a dispatch from Prime Minister Salisbury to the British minister at Lisbon ordering the latter to protest against the Portugese claiming countries north and south of the Zambesi river in Africa. Lord Salisbury says that Mashona land, which is a part of the territory referred to in the Portugese proclamation, is under British protection.

PREPARING FOR WAR.

CAIRO, Nov. 26.—Sir Eveline Barring, the British consul here, and Colonel Wadehouse are inspecting Wady-Halfa. The Harras are preparing for the threatened advance of the Mahdists.

BRAZIL'S FINANCES FIRM.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—The Banco National of Rio de Janeiro telegraphs as follows: "Everything satisfactory. Exchange 27¾. Internal stocks firm."

Watch and Purse Combined.

It is a lamentable fact that but one woman in ten can reach her pocket to put her purse in it. Sometimes it is deposited in the seat of the car; sometimes it is left on the counter of a shop; again, it is so carefully put away at home that several weeks are devoted to its search, and it is at last discovered in one of Charley's coats that he has put away to go to the cleaner's.

Where do you keep your watch? Hanging at the side, forgotten at home, or tucked in some mysterious way in the bosom of your frock just so you can't get at it without unbuttoning the bodice and causing a blush to come upon the face of the messenger boy? Be wise in your generation and make a syndicate, a combine, to look at, and the little watch peeping out from the corner of your purse is a constant reminder to you that time is money. You will clutch your purse with greater vigor when you know it contains your time framed in small diamonds in it; then, too, you will not be likely to let it go, as you will want every woman who has not got the combination to see how lucky you are.—New York Sun.

Chancellor Thurlow made up in physical earnestness for what he lacked in intellectual force. He "rushed like Achilles into the field and dealt destruction around him more by the strength of his arm, the deep tones of his voice and the lightning of his eye than by any peculiarity of genius.—Frank H. Stauffer in The Enoch.

For Sore Eyes, Flesh Wounds, Burns, Piles, Pelons, it is magical. 25 cts.

LITERARY LIGHTS.

Robert Browning calls Alfred Austin, the poet editor of The National Review, "a Banjo Byron."

Rhoda Broughton, the novelist, lives in a charming old house at Oxford in the companionship of seventeen pug dogs.

Lady Colin Campbell's first literary work was "Topo," a children's story written when she was 16, and illustrated by Kate Greenaway.

Benjamin Lossing, the historian, is "a man of full stature, with a noble and distinguished head, framed in gray hair and a bushy gray beard."

Charles Delmonico and John Chamberlin are both writing syndicate letters which are published in newspapers in all parts of the country.

Erik Brighteyes, the hero of Mr. Rider Haggard's new romance, is an Icelandic chieftain of the ancient days, and a performer of glittering deeds.

Mrs. Alexander McVeigh Miller, now a hopeless invalid, lives in Stafford county, Va. She receives $5,000 a year for her sensational stories in The Family Story Paper.

Edward Bellamy, the author of "Looking Backward," now in its 122d thousand, spends most of his leisure hours in sorting and labeling his collection of rare sea shells.

It is said that only one man in England knows more about things than does Andrew Lang, and this "human encyclopedia" is W. Robertson Smith, a writer of rare grace and finish.

Oliver Wendell Holmes is a methodical worker, and when he has any task in hand makes it a rule to spend a certain number of hours at his desk every day writing and re-writing with infinite care.

Bronson Howard recently remarked: "I suppose that I write a whole play about three times from beginning to end, but in doing so I copy many whole scenes unchanged. Certain parts of the play I may write six times before it suits me."

H. W. Grady, editor of The Atlanta Constitution, is a stout, black haired, black eyed man of 39 and can appear either 15 or 50. He is of an elastic temperament and believes in relaxation, works like a Trojan, and frolics with the zest of a boy.

Fitzgerald, compiler of the O'Connell Letters, and known in Dublin as "The Sham Squire," the title of his remarkable novel of twenty years ago, is a tall, spare figure with white Dundreary whiskers. He dresses in the costume of 1830, and to dignity of appearance he adds perfect charm of manner.

Walt Whitman, the good gray poet, has a boy about 12 years of age to drive him around. The boy is clever. He recently said: "I think a great deal of W. W. I keep a note book and I put down all he says into the note book, and after he's dead I'm going to go round lecturing about him."

Ainsworth R. Spofford, the librarian of congress, is a tall, square man, over 50 years of age, with long, gray hair and the manners of a student; he has been in the library since he was a boy, has a marvelous memory, and can tell the location of almost every book in the congressional library.

He Was an Odd Genius.

Professor F. V. Hayden was the founder of the system which developed into the geological survey of the United States. He was a man of great genius and a renowned scholar, but erratic and peculiar.

It was not uncommon for strangers to follow him for several blocks, their attention arrested by his bowed figure as he almost ran for a few steps—then suddenly stopped, with his gray, sharp eyes fixed on the pavement—then ran again as if a sudden thought had struck him; then they would inquire, "Who can that poor insane man be?"

While Professor Hayden was exploring the land of the Sioux Indians some years ago he once, in his enthusiastic passion for geological research, wandered away from his party; he had loaded himself down with large specimens of mineral, and while tramping slowly along in his absent minded way the Indians captured him. They whooped and yelled at their prize at first, but upon seeing all the "rocks and worthless stones" which the poor man was staggering under, and his composed, abstracted manner, they decided that he was "afflicted with a foolish mind." They took him without protest on his part, which only confirmed their fears; and after a few hours' captivity the old scientist with "his rocks" was led to the nearest point of civilization and "turned loose" lest the Great Spirit should punish them for any "harm done the foolish or simple minded."

He was daring, fearless and reckless in danger; a most distinguished scientific man, and much beloved by the young men of his survey.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

The pupil should be taught to interpret the trees, the waters, the flowers of summer, and the crystal forms of winter into a living though unwritten language.—Henry Sabin Journal of Education.

Wild Cat Mines.

A few days ago a gentleman offered to give me several thousand dollars' worth of stock if I would lend him my name and a little cash to help along a new mining scheme. I didn't want to lend any friends I might have any influence on in losses, and declined the very generous, or at least tempting, offer. I was once badly bitten by following the lead of an old friend, who had also been my schoolmaster. This gentleman had an option on some mining land. He was an expert geologist, and when he [illegible] he had been on the property and had made the tests and assays himself, his many friends had confidence in his report. The stock was divided into sevenths, and I carried a third of my friend's seventh. The mine, if ever there was one, cost us $105,000, and we sold it, after nearly breaking our hearts over it, for just $1,000. I never heard whether the purchaser ever did anything with the property, or whether he came out of the deal with as heavy a percentage of losses as we did. No more mines for me.—Interview in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A Box of Safety Matches Free With

PAINLESS EFFECTUAL
BEECHAM'S PILLS
THE GREAT ENGLISH MEDICINE
WORTH A GUINEA A BOX

For Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fulness, and Swelling after Meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c. THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES. This is no fiction. Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one Box of these Pills, and they will be acknowledged to be a Wonderful Medicine.—"Worth a guinea a box."—BEECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly restore Females to complete health. For a

WEAK STOMACH; IMPAIRED DIGESTION; DISORDERED LIVER;

they ACT LIKE MAGIC:—a few doses will work wonders upon the Vital Organs; Strengthening the muscular System; restoring long-lost Complexion; bringing back the keen edge of Appetite, and arousing with the ROSEBUD OF HEALTH the whole physical energy of the human frame. These are "facts" admitted by thousands, in all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that BEECHAM'S PILLS HAVE THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PATENT MEDICINE IN THE WORLD. Full directions with each Box.

Prepared only by THOS. BEECHAM, St. Helens, Lancashire, England.
Sold by Druggists generally. B. F. ALLEN & CO., 365 and 367 Canal St., New York, Sole Agents for the United States, who, (if your druggist does not keep them,)
WILL MAIL BEECHAM'S PILLS ON RECEIPT OF PRICE 25 CENTS A BOX.

CLOSING OUT CLOAKS!

The "ARCADE" This Week

The "Arcade" has done an elegant business in cloaks and Newmarkets this season, but we fear the consequence of this warm beautiful weather on the sale of these goods from this on. We do not want to carry a single garment over to next year, and we therefore commence this week a

Grand Closing out Sale of all Our Cloaks!

REGARDLESS OF COST.

To sell now for less than cost is better than to keep cloaks over and sell at a profit next year. Read Carefully the MARK DOWN.

$45.00	Seal Plush cloak for				$28.00
$40.00	"	"	"	"	$25.00
$30.00	"	"	"	"	$20.00
$25.00	"	"	"	"	$17.00
$25.00	Bloth Newmarket for				$17.00
$20.00	"	"		"	$14.00
$17.00	"	"		"	$13.00
$15.00	"	"		"	$10.00
$12.00	"	"		"	$ 8.00
$10.00	"	"		"	$ 6.00
$ 8.00	"	"		"	$ 5.00

This is a big loss to us, but better now than a greater loss next year.

Dante's Inferno, Milton's Paradise Lost. Dore's Bible Gallery, advertised elsewhere as six dollar books, for sale by the "Arcade" only 1.25.

Special sale of Silk Handkerchiefs this week at

"ARCADE"

129 N. Main St. W. J. WILSON, Manager.

BARRING NONE.

SMITH & STOVER'S.

We are headquarters for Ladies' Party and Reception Slippers. We have the Largest and Finest Assortment ever shown in the City In Bronze, Ozze and Swede Kid. In colors to match the costume.

Call Early and Examine.

SMITH & STOVER

144 NORTH MAIN ST.

eod-sw-f-tf

Encouraging a Horse.

A Kansas horse thief ran off a valuable animal, and being closely pursued hid in a thicket. He held the horse's jaw to prevent his neighing, but the animal struck him down, seized the fellow by the leg and threw him into the road, and he turned out to be a chap with $600 reward on his head. The sheriff did the fair thing by the horse by presenting him with 100 bushels of oats.—Detroit Free Press.

Flattery.

Mrs. Quickritch—Where have you put Mr. Q., porter?

Porter—In uppah 10, ma'm; dat's whar he b'longs.

Mrs. Q.—Quite right, porter; here is a dollar.—Pittsburg Bulletin.

To Cure Insomnia.

It is a pity that so many people suffer with insomnia when such a simple preventive is in reach. I have a relief which never fails. When I find myself tossing I get up, walk across the floor once or twice and then get an apple, a piece of bread, anything to arouse my stomach and set it working. The moment it commences it attracts the attention of the nerves, so to speak; the nerves forget they are "on edge" and are soon soothed in slumber. Commence on the inside to cure sleeplessness, not externally, nor with drugs, for they are base deceivers.—Interview in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Edmund William Gosse is today known only to the world by his first and last names.—Literary Leaves.

Bankrupt Stock of Boots and Shoes

Tremendous Slaughter of Prices.

An Eleven Thousand Dollar Stock of Boots and Shoes at Your Own Price!

Having bought the Mammoth Stock of Boots and Shoes of J. C. Woodworth at forced sale at about 50 cents on the dollar, eastern cost, I shall for the next 30 days offer them at less than the cost of manufacturing.

Hannan's Best Hand-Sewed Shoes for $4.50, former price $7.00.
Ladies Best Rochester $7.00 will go at $4.50.
The best Turned Hand-Sewed Shoes, former price $5.00, now $3.00.
Men's Calf Shoes, former price $3.00, now $1.90.

In fact for 30 days I will sell everything in stock at less than the other merchants pay for them. Come and see me. Yours Truly,

D. HAYS.