

The Topeka State Journal.

10 CENTS A WEEK.

TOPEKA, KANSAS, WEDNESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 24, 1894.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR.

TROOPS ARE MAD.

Feeling Runs High Against Prize Fighting Crowd.

Hard Work to Keep Soldiers from Shooting.

ADDITIONAL FORCES.

Whole Army of State Concentrated in Jacksonville.

Some Don't Like Being Ordered Out.

JACKSONVILLE, Jan. 23.—As foretold in these dispatches last night, the governor has made preparation to add to his available force of troops already in the city, the entire First battalion of practically the same strength as the Second, which arrived yesterday afternoon. The Jacksonville company was under arms by noon, and the outside companies are already in marching trim, and simply awaiting the order to start for Jacksonville. When these men are brought here the entire army of the state will be ready to move. But when one sees the orderly array of the local company marching around at midnight, it is not surprising to report, for duty at a certain hour in the morning and gets positive information from the localities in which the other companies are located, the local companies are usually told reporters here.

The feeling among the troops already in the city will run high against the treatment which they were subjected to last night. The men discussed the question all morning and more than one wish was expressed that the governor should have at least one more day to consider before he ordered the troops out. It is not likely, however, that they will have a chance to average the alleged results offered them by the crowd, had an order, speaking this morning, "I had hard work last night to restrain some of my men from firing upon the crowd, and I am afraid that I will not be so fortunate. If we are not ordered out to-night, however, I think my men will quiet down and danger be averted."

The Jacksonville boys who have thus far been most unruly in their feeling on the subject of their being ordered out, though the soldiers are without doubt disaffected to many of them.

WILL TAKE PLACE.

The Society is Re-treated From Preventing the Fight.

JACKSONVILLE, Jan. 24.—3:30 p. m.—In the case before Judge Call for an injunction to restrain the society from preventing the fight, the injunction was granted. This means that the prize fight will take place.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Some Deferring Sea Commissioners May Have to Pay Their Own Expenses.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—By a decision of second Comptroller Mansur, Senator Morgan, Justice Harlan and other members and attaches of the fishing sea commission will be required to put in a detailed account of their expenses on the expedition of the expedition. They are not entitled to the allowance of \$250, neither will they be allowed to draw on the government account. They will have to refund all the money received for which they cannot account, unless the decision is reversed.

Utah Passes the Government.
Secretary of War has sent communication to the senate showing the amount due to the United States from the territory of Utah in account, costs and expenses of prosecution. These expenditures began in 1875 and have continued ever since. The total amount owing \$725,000. It appears that the law requires that these advances be paid by the territory, but congress has annually appropriated the money required.

Pardon for Coffey County Veterans.
Andrew Franklin, a veteran of the war of 1812, who lives in Coffey county, Kansas, and is 90 years old, will be given a pension of \$40 a month. It is the favorable report of the pension commission on his case is approved by congress. The committee has also recommended a pension for Hannah Lyons, of Marblehead, Mass., a daughter of John Russell, a revolutionary warman.

Income Tax Explained.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Representative Bryan (Dem., Tenn.) who with Mr. McMillan (Dem., Tenn.) framed the income tax measure, explains a misapprehension which has arisen as to tax on the subject of senators, representatives and other public officers. "The tax applies to all salaries public and private alike," he said, "and the same exemptions are given to public officials as to private individuals."

"GREATER BOSTON."

The Mob Prepares to Annex Everything Within Ten Miles.

BOSTON, Jan. 24.—Mr. Cooke of Boston yesterday introduced in the house a bill for the incorporation of a greater Boston. It makes annexable all cities and towns within ten miles of the state house and along the shore from Marblehead to Hull. The question is first submitted to the voters of the outside municipalities.

Death of Mr. Stout.
Mr. J. W. Stout, a prominent business man for nearly 25 years, died of stroke at his residence, 718 Van Buren street, early this morning.

STATE TREASURERS.

After Electing Officers the Association Adjourns.

The State Treasurer's association adjourned its annual meeting after being in session during last evening and while no resolutions were passed yet a legislative committee consisting of A. L. Cox of Douglas county, A. K. Rodgers of Shawnee county and J. A. Doran of Sedgewick county, was appointed whose purpose it will be to see that all needed legislation is secured at the next session of the legislature and it is understood that measures will be taken to secure larger salaries for the county treasurers of the state.

State Treasurer Hildes and Assistant Treasurer G. M. Seward addressed the convention on the necessity of a systematic method of the reports of the officers. Officers for the ensuing year elected at last night's meeting were President A. L. Cox of Douglas county; Vice President P. B. Alexander of Barton county; Secretary and Treasurer M. K. Lester of Sedgewick county.

The association will meet here again next year.

MRS. LEASE IN OMAHA.

She Tells the People That Sewing is an Overgrown Schoolboy.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 24.—Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Lease of Kansas arrived in Omaha yesterday and lectured last night in Exposition hall. Officers for the ensuing year elected at last night's meeting were President A. L. Cox of Douglas county; Vice President P. B. Alexander of Barton county; Secretary and Treasurer M. K. Lester of Sedgewick county.

CHILD'S VERY SICK.

A Physician Is Consulted by Attendance at His Bedside.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 23.—Neither Dr. Cass nor Dr. Lilly would say anything in reference to the report that Mr. Child's lower limbs were paralyzed. The fact that a physician is constantly at the bedside of the distinguished patient is proof positive that Mr. Child is a very sick man. His physicians stated that he was feeling easy this morning.

WALKED 1,000 MILES.

From German Emigrants Temp Across the Continent, One in 100 Days.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 24.—On the afternoon of July 18, 1893, four men embarked in a small boat and sailed out of the German Emigrant office at New York to tramp to San Francisco within 171 days for a purse of \$300 each. The four men started with 21 sick. Some of them could speak a word of English. Gustav Koenig, one of the grasping quacksters, was in the boat. He had completed the journey of 4,100 miles in 103 days and eighteen hours.

He reported to Postmaster Backus and announced that his three companions would probably arrive today. All are in good health. The party was generally provided for along the route. Koenig was a certain poor fellow. One pair lasted for 1,000 miles, and one 1,000 miles, the other two pairs were poor. Koenig is a tailor. The last previous record, New York to San Francisco was 142 days.

THE INCOME TAX.

It Will Be Reported Favorably by the Ways and Means Committee.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The full ways and means committee has voted to report the income tax bill, including the income tax. The vote was 9 to 7. All the Republicans and Messrs. Cockran and Stevens voted in the negative.

EIGHT LUNATICS BURNED.

Honore County, Iowa, Poor Farm Destroyed by Fire.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 24.—A special to the Bee from Boone, Iowa, says: The building on the Boone county poor farm in which the lunatic inmates were confined, was burned down at 10 o'clock last night and eight of the insane inmates were burned to death. Only one woman, Mrs. Hilliard, escaped from the burning building and gave the alarm by shouting "Honorah, who was in the main building adjacent. It was too late to save the insane people and the main building was saved only by the greatest effort.

The steward says he looked the fire in the furnace about 9 o'clock, and does not know how the fire originated, unless from a defective stove. The dead are: MARY DODD, JONAS S. BROWN, ANNA SOMMERHORN, CHARLES ANDERSON, CURRIER PATTERSON, MRS. STORR, THOMAS H. BELL, JESSE CHASE.

John Jacob Astor's Chapel.

New York, Jan. 24.—John Jacob Astor has purchased a lot on the corner of East 83rd street and Madison avenue, and is trying to secure the site of the Jewish synagogue adjoining. The purpose is to erect a costly chapel to the memory of his father.

ODDS AND ENDS.

Kid gloves are sewed with cotton thread, as it does not cut the kid as readily as silk.

Before passing through smoke take a full breath and then stoop low, but if carbonic gas is suspected walk erect.

For dust in the eyes, avoid rubbing; dust water into them. Remove cinders, etc., with the round point of a lead pencil.

Kerosene poured on red flannel and bound on the throat will greatly ease a sore throat. It is said that it will also heat out a cold.

For the first time in the history of Topeka fresh strawberries are in the market at the Topeka Packing House and the thermometer 10 below zero.

The American steam yacht Valiant has left Galveston with the Vanderbilt party on board.

FROZEN UP.

The Storm and Cold Snap is Going Eastward.

Two Feet of Snow Reported in Indiana.

IT'S FOURTEEN BELOW

In Topeka by the Government Thermometer.

Another Day of Cold Weather is Promised.

This has been the coldest day of the season, not only in Topeka but all over the country.

Topeka people ate their breakfast with the thermometer at 14 below zero, and at noon the mercury had only climbed up to 3 degrees above.

At the government weather station an observation taken at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon, showed a registration of zero and the indications are that it will be fully as cold tomorrow morning as this morning, although it is expected that the weather will moderate rapidly tomorrow. Swift & Holliday's thermometer, which makes all the variations of the weather with red ink, froze up last night and did not work when the mercury reached 10 below.

Many cars were frozen this morning, but no bad cases of suffering have been reported up to 8 o'clock.

Dispatches from Kansas, Missouri and Oklahoma indicate that the storm was very severe and that the mercury reached the lowest point in years.

At Springfield, Mo., the snow is two feet deep, and this morning the mercury registered 10 degrees below zero. All trains are delayed in Kansas and Missouri, similar conditions prevail.

The cold in Kansas is intense and the snow fall averaged about two inches. For the most part trains are on time. This morning the mercury ranged from 9 to 10 below throughout the state.

A train will arrive in Topeka, eight miles north of Pittsburg, Kan., this morning. At his side were two empty waxy bottles.

From Galveston, come the information that the thermometer reached 11 degrees below zero this morning, the lowest point ever reached of which there is any record. It is said that the mercury among the new settlers who were unprepared for such weather.

WHEELS ALL SNAPPING.

Steel Weighed Them Down in St. Louis Eleven Degrees Below.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 24.—The coldest weather in years is the record of this locality today. Officially stated, it was 11 degrees below zero at 7 a. m., and according to the local observer it will stay in that vicinity all day.

Reports of suffering are numerous and the great army of poor and unemployed of the city is feeling the weather most keenly. The effect upon wires, telephone, light and telegraph, has been disastrous, many snapping in places, and a considerable weight of ice upon them from yesterday's sleet storm.

The people forced to be out, hurry along, now and then falling on the slippery pavement. It is bad for the grippe, motorcars, drivers and hewmen. Water pipes are frozen, from Hudson to Carroll and from the river to Kings Highway. Trains are not seriously interrupted with by the blizzard.

HORRIBLY FROZEN.

A Tale of a Terrible Night in the Midwest.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 24.—Last night the thermometer ranged between twenty and forty below zero.

Howard West, assessor of Johnson county, started from Buffalo to his ranch on Pine Creek, eighteen miles south. About sixteen miles from town his sled became stuck in a snow drift.

West tried to force his way, mounted the sled and endeavored to go home. The animal fell in the snow and West lost it. He traveled all night in search of some habitation, but the storm was so severe he could not find his way. He wandered over the hills until 10 o'clock this morning, when he was discovered by a teamster who drove Buffalo and McKinlay. He was blind. Both hands and feet and his face were frozen. He may lose both feet and eyes.

The weather is now clear and calm but the temperature is 20 below zero.

SE. PAUL SHIVERS AT 20.

But It Is Forty Below at Winnipeg, Manitoba.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 24.—While not according to the weather bureau, the coldest day of the season, today was one of the coldest, the official report giving it as twenty below at 8 o'clock this morning in this city. Gallego thermometers went away below that, and a light but very cutting breeze made the cold the less endurable.

Minus figures were reported from all parts of the northwest end of the mountains. Winnipeg with 40 below will be the coldest, but Omaha 36 below, St. Vincent 34 below, Minneapolis 32 below and Huron and Detroit 30 below were not far behind. Colorado, Wyoming, Utah and South Dakota, Arizona and the Canadian, both west Minnesota, Iowa and western Wisconsin report temperatures of from 8 to 40 below, and the cold will hold on for some hours yet.

A WINTER MIRAGE.

A Beautiful Sight Seen After the Blizzard in Nebraska.

OMAHA, Jan. 24.—A special to the Bee from Ainsworth, Neb., says: The temperature here at 4 a. m. registered 30 degrees below zero, the coldest ever known by the oldest inhabitant. A most beautiful and dazzling phenomenon was seen about 8 a. m. Snow fields in the air, towns and farm

houses on high and distant hillsides, dotted over with trees, painted on the skies a scene most beautiful to view. It was a reflection of a section of South Dakota, over a hundred miles away.

AT ST. JOSEPH, MO.

Mercury Reported at 18 to 24 Degrees Below Zero.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Jan. 24.—The blizzard which prevailed here yesterday grew worse during the night, and early this morning the thermometer registered from 18 to 24 degrees below zero.

The air this morning is bright, but at 10 o'clock it was still 14 below. All trains are delayed from half an hour to five hours. The greatest delay is in the trains from the east, the one from St. Louis here at 7:55 being four and a half hours late.

Those from the west report rough weather, but were not much delayed.

FOURTEEN BELOW AT KANSAS CITY.

It Was the Coldest at 8 O'clock This Morning.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 24.—The snow storm accompanied to the blizzard which prevailed here yesterday was discounting last night, but the cold increased during the night, and at 8 o'clock this morning, the signal bureau reported 14 1/2 degrees below zero.

Railroad travel is greatly interrupted. Nearly all the passenger trains from both east and west were late this morning. Their arrival was delayed from one to two hours and a half.

TWO FEET OF SNOW.

As the Snow Goes Eastward the Snowfall is Heavier.

FR. WAYNE, Ind., Jan. 24.—The cold wave has reached us, though the fall of the snow here was very light. At Plymouth, sixty miles west, the storm assumed the blizzard force, and the fall of snow is estimated at two feet.

Incoming trains from the west are from one to two hours late.

RAIN CHANGES TO SNOW.

Thermometer Drops Thirty Degrees Lower at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 24.—Shortly after 4 o'clock this morning rain began to fall. It quickly turned to snow with rapidly falling temperature. Three or four inches of snow had fallen by noon and thermometer was lowered 30 degrees since last night.

BIG SNOW IN INDIANA.

Six Inches of It Reported at Evansville, Ind.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Jan. 24.—A cold wave reached here at two o'clock this morning. Snow to the depth of six inches fell, blacking street car traffic several hours. The mercury at 3 o'clock, 4 a. m. was 36 and this morning 6 above zero.

"LA TOSCA" THE BEST.

Miss Davenport's Manager and Mr. MacDowell Comment on Her Acting.

Archibald MacKenzie, business manager of Patsy Davenport's company is delighted with the big business his company is doing here. He is one of the pleasantest theatrical managers traveling. Every evening at the door of the theater, if you see a fine looking man in full dress and wearing handsome diamonds, it's "Mac."

Mr. MacKenzie is very popular with every member of the company. He said in a dispatch to a reporter at the Chicago office: "Your article about the play last night was all right." Miss Davenport's next play is "La Tosca." Mr. MacKenzie said today: "We consider Miss Davenport's acting in 'La Tosca' as her best. The play is a greater one than 'Cleopatra' in dramatic work."

Miss Davenport is not 40 years old, but 30. The curtain leaves tomorrow for St. Joe, where they play three nights, when they go to St. Paul.

AT COAL CREEK AGAIN.

Twenty of the Tennessee Convicts Make Their Escape.

COAL CREEK, Tenn., Jan. 24.—Fifty convicts confined in the branch state prison here, escaped last night by crawling through the bars of the water gate leading into the stockade.

They effected their escape just at dark and shortly after dark several policestars were ridden on by the convicts. As soon as the police were discovered the guards started in hot pursuit, firing constantly. Several men were shot, but more succeeded in escaping. Many are hiding in the mountains around Coal Creek.

At this same place two years ago, the white-trooper of convicts in the stockade, about 200, were liberated by the mobbers.

TODAY'S TELEGRAPH TIPS.

The Alamo hotel and plant of the Lamar Sparks were destroyed by fire this morning at Lamar, Colo. The loss is a little over \$100,000.

Edmund Hegeler, who undertook the mysterious and abortive negotiations with the Germans during the war of 1870, died in Paris today.

The resignation of the French cabinet in Algeria has been accepted and a new cabinet has been formed with M. Strauch as premier and minister of foreign affairs.

Scipio Balazar, treasurer of Lincoln county, New Mexico, is about in his accounts about \$7,000. Balazar has turned all his property over to his bankers. The money was invested in sheep and ranches.

The London Standard speaking of the Corbett-alfell fight declares that it is an absurd farce and that it is glad the prize-fighting men, by doing so, and that Corbett's sense appears to be regaining away in the United States.

A syndicate of English capitalists, headed by the London house of Mountain Walton, have purchased the Fish gold mine near Black Hawk for \$500,000. For twenty years the mine has produced from \$30,000 to \$200,000 a year. The ore is eight feet thick. The value of the transfer was valued at \$400,000.

The German Lutheran church at Salsburg street and Pleasant avenue, St. Louis, was completely destroyed by fire this morning. Loss \$65,000, insurance \$45,000. The church was a new one, and as the congregation and builders have been in a dispute ever since its completion, the police will investigate the fire thoroughly.

CHEAPER IRON ORE.

The House Maintains Its Consistent Record

For Making a Cut in the Scheduled Articles.

DEMOCRATS DESERT.

Beltzhoover of Pa., and Cummings of New York,

Go Over to the Ranks of Protectionists.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—At the opening session of the house this morning, it resolved itself into a committee of the whole for the consideration of the tariff bill. Two hours and fifteen minutes for debate on the iron ore schedule, remained.

Mr. Taylor (Rep., Tenn.) offered an amendment to the pending amendment of Mr. Oates, which a vote of 40 votes a ton on ore, the provisions of the McKinley bill placing the duty at 75 cents per ton.

Mr. Beltzhoover (Dem., Pa.) opened the debate with a sensational denunciation of the Wilson bill. Every compromise in the question of principle, he said, involved a surrender of right and had ended in ignominious failure. Every Democratic platform from the foundation of the government until 1892, has declared for the protection to American labor.

"How about the platform of 1876?" inquired Mr. Hall (Dem., Mo.), "did it not denounce the protection system?"

"I mean," replied Mr. Beltzhoover, "that all the platform declarations of the party tended in that direction."

"We got not elected on the platform of 1892 which declares protection to be a fraud and a robbery?" asked Mr. Goldzier (Dem., Ill.).

Where Mr. Beltzhoover stands. "I was," replied Mr. Beltzhoover, "but I was elected upon it as construed by Mr. Cleveland and the New York World."

"[Laughter.] He went on to explain that the New York World maintained throughout the campaign that the platform had been adopted by a few radicals, reinforced by the 'snapper delegation' from New York and others opposed to Mr. Cleveland's nomination.

"What is the best Democratic authority," asked Mr. Johnson of Ohio, "the New York World, or the Democratic platform?"

"The platform adopted by the platform committee," replied Mr. Beltzhoover, "adopted by the vote of forty-three out of forty-four states."

Proceeding in declared, amid the plaudits of the committee, that he would vote for protection for iron industry that came into competition with goods manufactured abroad.

"With Bob Ingersoll," he concluded, "I would rather be right and in hell, than wrong and in heaven."

Mr. Cummings (Dem., Pa.) said that as a Democratic delegate from the state of New York, he desired to deny the statement that the New York delegation had voted for the tariff plank in the Chicago platform in order to defeat Mr. Cleveland's nomination. "We voted for it," he declared vehemently, "because it was the platform on which Samuel J. Tilden was elected in 1876."

Vote on the Amendment.
Mr. Pickering (Rep., N. Y.) and White (Rep., Ohio) followed in opposition to free iron ore.

Mr. Taylor's amendment to restore the 75 cents duty on iron ore in the McKinley law, was lost, 67 to 139.

The Oates amendment making the duty 40 cents per ton on iron ore was defeated 52 to 129.

TURF TOPICS.

They are going faster around the stove this winter than ever before.

Another year has passed into history, and the 2400 trotter is no nearer than a year ago.

If you win often enough, you will be ahead of the game, no matter how small the purse.

A consistent winner in humble company is better than a proverbial loser in swell circles.

When you throw a horse at a man as you would an old shoe, his estimate of its worth is low.

The trainer who hurries too much and "splits 'em wide open" generally soon comes to grief.

The power and longevity of the horse are in exact ratio to the intelligent care and feeding he receives.

The track that lives closest to the rules is the track that is most popular with horsemen and the public.

The sky of the brooders' firmament may be cloudy, but there is the overlying silver lining behind the gloom after all.

When horses are taught to start, hasten, loiter and stop by low sounds of the voice, driving will become more enjoyable.

Scientific breeding, parlor tracks and bicycle sulkies have done away with the old fashioned trotter, who was not born, but manufactured.

Warm the bride bits before thrusting them into the horse's mouth on frosty days. If you want to know the reason for this, just stick your tongue to a piece of cold iron.—Turf, Field and Farm.

A stereopticon lecture on the Passion Play, as seen at Ober-Ammergau, will be given at Liberty hall, Monday evening, January 29. Sixty high class views will be presented in connection with the lecture.

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cite 9 50

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Steam coal of all kinds

at proportionately LOW

PRICES.

These prices will also be projected on orders left now for future delivery. This is an opportunity for those desiring to do so to contract for coal required during the balance of the winter at very low prices. When you place orders with us you get what you order in quality and quantity. All deliveries will pass over city scales. If purchased as delivered, on wagon-load orders, (two tons or more) for one delivery, still lower prices than those named above will be made. Call at our office for further information and see samples of each kind of coal.

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