HOW THEY VOTED.

The Individual Votes on the Tariff Bill.

The Democrats Go Wild Over the Result.

ONLY TEN ABSENT.

Chairman Wilson Carried On Shoulders of Colleagues.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—At 6 o'clock last night, at the conclusion of one of the grandest, most imposing and most impressive scenes ever witnessed in the American capitol, the Wilson tariff bill passed the house of representatives by a vote of 204 to 140. The events leading up to it were almost unparalleled in our annals. At 12 o'clock, after a preliminary skirmish of an hour over the farley schedule, the bill was reported to the house and the closing speeches were made. Such a vast concourse of people as assembled to hear these last arguments upon the great economic issue about to be submitted for final arbitrage to the representatives of the American people had never before been seen within the precincts of the nation's legislative capitol. Nothing like it was ever known in the history of the oldest inhabitant of the capital.

For hours before the debate began, the corridors leading to the galleries were a surging mass of humanity, which finally became so great that men cried out in terror and women fainted from fright. It was estimated that over 20,000 attempted to gain admission to the galleries of the house. Their seating capacity is about 1,000, and every available seat was occupied long before the gavel dropped. The people were lined against the walls and banked against doors. So great did the crush become that the members of the house secured permission to bring their wives upon the floor.

Shortly after the house convened at 11 o'clock, the crowds in the immense gallery on the north side of the chamber became so great that there was imminent danger that some of the people would be pressed over the railing into the house below. Those in the corridors kept crashing into the doorways, and those still further back pressed forward until the stairs and aisles of the gallery were literally packed with a mob of restless, impatient men.

A Tremendous Crush.

In one of the aisles a fight was precipitated between two men over the color question. One of the combatants was a negro, demanding his full rights as an American citizen, but the other was a white man, making the same claim. This claim included the right to stand on the same square foot of territory, and as it was too small for both men, a race war resulted. The belligerents were hustled from the gallery as fast as the obstructing human wall would permit, and comparative quiet was soon restored.

The crowding in at the doors, however, continued until Speaker Crisp, who had been nervously noting the dangerous packing of people, interrupted the roll call long enough to say it was in the interest of safety to human life that the doorway should be cleared. He asked the doorkeeper of the gallery to clear out some of those who stood in the entrances, so as to make those inside as comfortable as possible, without being in danger. It was next to impossible, however, to at once execute the order, as there was absolutely no room for the ejectment of those who had found entrance into the aisles, but the policemen kept pressing back the people until they had materially reduced the danger that was so very apparent.

When Mr. Reed, the first speaker, arose at first to deliver the final plea for protection, the overhanging galleries were black and dense with the spectators who thronged them. Every inch of space upon the floor was taken. It was a brilliant as well as a large assemblage.

All Members Present but Ten.

Only ten of the 334 members of the house were absent, many grave and reverend senators and other distinguished personages were on the floor, and in the galleries were Mrs. Cleveland, Mrs. Vice President Stevenson and other ladies of eminence and distinction, their dresses flecking the landscape with color. Then for three hours the oratory of the champions of the two economic systems followed—Reed, Crisp and Wilson—while their partisans made the air vocal with their shouts of approval.

The appearance of the speaker of the house upon the floor engaged in debate was, of itself, a remarkable as well as an unusual thing. Each of the speakers seemed to be in his best form, and the speeches which they delivered will rank among the best and most brilliant of their lives. When these were finished, Mr. Wilson who spoke last, was lifted on the shoulders of his admiring colleagues and carried triumphantly from the hall amid a scene of unmatched enthusiasm.

The Vote on the Bill.

When it came to voting, the victory of the measure was overwhelming. The vote upon the income tax proposition (taken in connection with the internal revenue amendment) stood 182 to 50. Only twelve Republicans voted upon this proposition, seven for, five against. The Democratic opposition amounted to forty-five. The last effort was made by those Democrats, who are opposed to the measure in whole or part, led by Mr. Covert of New York, to recommit the bill, but the Republicans refused to join in this attempt to scotch the measure, and it ended in a dismal failure. But thirty-six Democrats voted for it, not enough to secure the yeas and nays, a record-making vote.

The vote upon the final passage of the bill was a surprise. Amid the most intense enthusiasm, Democrat after Democrat, who had been counted upon to vote against the measure, like Blanchard, Beltzhoover, Boatner, Cockran, Coombs, Dunn, English, Geissenhainer, McAleer, Rayn and others, recorded their votes in the affirmative. Only seventeen Democrats of all the boasted opposition to the measure stood out to the end and voted against it.

As each one cast his vote it was greeted by applause and cheers from the Republican side. Those who voted against it were: Bartlett, Campbell, Covert, Cummings, Haines, Hendrix, Schermerhorn and Sickles of New York, Cadmus of New Jersey, Sperry and Page of Connecticut, Geary of California, Sibley of Pennsylvania and Meyer, Price and Robertson of Louisiana. The majority for the bill—64—exceeded the most sanguine expectations of the Democratic members of the ways and means committee. When the speaker announced the vote, cheer followed cheer upon the Democratic side. Papers, hats, congressional records and, in fact, anything which Democrats could lay their hands upon were flung high in the air, and amid a perfect pandemonium the house adjourned.

The Vote in Detail.

The roll call on the final passage of the bill was watched with marked attention, and frequent bursts of applause greeted accessions to one side or the other. Beltzhoover of Pennsylvania, was the first to win applause by his yea vote, indicating that the Pennsylvanians were falling into line. Immediately after this Blanchard of Louisiana, was applauded as he voted yea and showed the Louisiana opposition to the bill was not in fact. Mr. Cockran's vote in favor of the bill brought out cheering. The climax of the demonstration was reached when the name of Mr. Wilson, author of the bill, was reached, the Democrats cheering vociferously a final recognition of his leadership. The speaker asked that his name be called, and he answered in the affirmative. Then the speaker announced: "On this question the yeas are 204 and the nays are 140, and the bill is passed."

The following is a detailed vote on the final passage of the bill. Speaker Crisp's vote made the yeas 204; the nays were 140.

Yeas.

Abbott, Alderson, Alexander, Allen, Arnold, Bailey, Baker of Kansas, Baldwin, Bankhead, Barnes, Barwig, Bell of Colorado, Bell of Texas, Beltzhoover, Berry, Black of Georgia, Black of Illinois, Blanchard, Bland, Bretz, Bunn, Boatner, Bowers of North Carolina, Breckinridge of Arkansas, Breckinridge of Kentucky, Brigham, Brookshire, Brown, Bryan, Buck, Burnes, Byum, Cabaniss, Cameron, Cannon of California, Capehart, Caruth, Catchings, Causey, Clark of Missouri, Clarke of Alabama, Cobb of Alabama, Cobb of Missouri, Cockran, Coffeen, Coffeen, Compton, of Connecticut, Coombs, Cooper of Florida, Cooper of Indiana, Cooper of Texas, Cornish, Cox, Crain, Crawford, Culberson, Davis, De Armond, De Forest, Denson, Dockery, Donovan, Dunn, Dunphy, Durborow, Edmunds, Ellis of Kentucky, Enloe, Epes, Erdman, Everett, Fischer, Fithian, Forman, Fyan, Gibson, Gillet, Goodnight, Gorman, Grady, Graham, Griffin, Hall of Minnesota, Hall of Missouri, Hammond, Hare, Harris, Harter, Hatch, Hayes, Heard, Henderson of North Carolina, Hines, Holman, Houser of Mississippi, Howard, Hudson, Hunter, Hutcheson, Hunt, Johnson of Ohio, Jones, Kelly, Kilgore, Kleberg, Lane, Lawson, Layton, Lester, Little, Livingston, Lockwood, Lynch, Maddox, Mahoney, Maguire, Mallory, Marshall, Martin of Indiana, McAleer, McCreary of Kentucky, McCulloch, McDonald, McDearmon, McGeehan, McGann, McKaig, McKenzie, McLaurin, McMillin, McNagny, McRae, Meredith, Money, Montgomery, Morgan, Moses, Maguire, Norton, Outhwaite, O'Neill, Outhwaite, Patterson, Payne, Pearson, Pence, Pendleton of Texas, Pendleton of West Virginia, Pierce, Barnes, Reilly, Richards of Ohio, Richardson of Michigan, Richardson of Tennessee, Rider, Robertson, Russell of Georgia, Ryan, Sayers, Scull, Simpson, Sindaras, Somers, Springer, Stallings, Stockdale, Stone of Kentucky, Strait, Swanson, Talbot of South Carolina, Talbot of Maryland, Turney, Tate, Taylor of Alabama, Terry, Tracey, Turner, Turpin, Tyler, Warner of Missouri, Wendick, Wells, Whiting of Alabama, Whiting, Williams of Illinois, Williams of Mississippi, Wilson of West Virginia, Wise, Wolverton, Woodward, Speaker Crisp. Total yeas, 204.

Nays.

Adams of Kentucky, Adams of Pennsylvania, Aldrich, Aldrich, Apsley, Avery, Babcock, Baker of New Hampshire, Bartholdt, Bartlett (Democrat), Belden, Bishop, Blair, Bolles, Bowers of California, Broderick, Brosius, Brown, Burrows, Cadmus, Campbell, Caldwell, Campbell (Democrat), Cannon of Illinois, Chickering, Childs, Cogswell, Cooper of Wisconsin, Cousins, Covert, Cummings, Cummings (Democrat), Curtis of Kansas, Curtis of New York, Dalzell, Daniels, Davis (Democrat), Dingley, Dolliver, Doolittle, Draper, Eddy, Fischer, Fletcher, Foss, Gardner, Gear, Geary (Democrat), Griffin of Nevada, Gillett of Massachusetts, Greenhalge, Grout, Hager, Hainer, Haines (Democrat), Harmer, Hartman, Henderson of Illinois, Henderson of Iowa, Hendrix (Democrat), Hepburn, Hermann, Hitt, Hitchcock, Hitt, Hooker of New York, Houk, Howard, Hulick, Hull, Johnson of Indiana, Johnson of North Dakota, Joy, Kerr, Lacey, LaFever, Linton, Loud, Lounsbery, Lucas, Lynch, Marsh, Marvin of New York, Mason, McCleary of Minnesota, McKeen, McKenna, McJohn, Merrer, Mayer (Democrat), Moses, Morse, Murray, Newlands (Democrat), Northway, Page (Democrat), Payne, Perkins, Pillsbury, Pickler, Post, Powers, Price (Democrat), Randall (Democrat), Reed, Reyburn, Robertson of New York (Democrat), Robertson of Pennsylvania, Rogers of Connecticut, Schermerhorn (Democrat), Scranton, Settle, Shaw, Sherman, Sickles (Democrat), Sickles (Democrat), Smith, Sperry (Democrat), Stephenson, Cornelius W. Stone, Stone of West Virginia, Stone, Strode, Tawney, Taylor of Tennessee, Thomas, Updegraff, Van Voorhes of Ohio, Van Voorhes of New York, Wadsworth, Walker, Wanser, Wenzh, Weever, Wheeler of Illinois, White, Wilson of Ohio, Wilson of Washington, Woomer, Wright of Massachusetts, and Wright of Pennsylvania. Total nays, 140.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

January Statement Shows an Increase of a Little Over $7,000,000.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The public debt statement issued yesterday shows that the net increase of the debt less cash in the treasury during January was $7,840,054. The debt on which interest has ceased since maturity decreased $78,000 and the debt bearing no interest increased $1,304,730. There was a decrease in the cash balance in the treasury during the month of $6,293,455. The interest-bearing debt is $585,404,900; the debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, $1,884,940, and the debt bearing no interest $379,217,803, a total debt of $965,142,923. The certificates and treasury notes offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury amount to $612,059,181, an increase during January of $7,741,757.

The gold reserve to-day is $63,650,172 and the net cash balance $18,441,914, a total available balance of $84,092,086, a decrease during the month of $6,793,455. The total cash in the treasury is $737,720,153.

Government receipts from all sources during January were $34,082,735, and the expenditures $31,309,065. Receipts for the seven months of the fiscal year, $178,792,183, and expenditures $210,686,473, a deficit of $44,866,290. Compared with the same period of the previous year the customs receipts fell off in round numbers $40,000,000 and internal revenue receipts fell off $12,000,000. The civil and miscellaneous expenses during the same period decreased about $5,000,000, the expenditures on account of war increased $5,000,000. The expenditures on account of the navy increased $3,000,000 and on account of pensions decreased $11,000,000.

War on Thistles.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Senator Hansbrough yesterday secured authority from the senate committee on agriculture to favorably report his bill making an appropriation of $1,000, for the extermination of the Russian thistle or cactus, which is gaining such a foothold in the Northwest as to make many of the lands worthless. The bill was amended so as to permit letting of contracts for the destruction of the weed, rather than have the government employ people by the day for this work.

Cadet Appointments to West Point.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Cadet appointments to West Point have been issued during the past week to Edwin F. Canfield of Fort Dodge, Tenth district of Iowa; Jacob C. Johnson of Benton City, Ninth district of Missouri, and C. D. White of Danville, Ninth district of Missouri.

SHAEFER WINS.

Takes the Opening Game of the Three Cornered Tournament.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Feb. 2.—The three sided billiard match between Ives, Shaefer and Slosson was opened last night in Pike's opera house with a game between Shaefer and Slosson. The match is for $1,500 and the gate receipts divided as follows: Fifty per cent to the winner, thirty to the second and twenty to the third. The anchor purse was barred. A. G. Anson acted as referee, Hiram Bauman marker. No extraordinary high runs were made, though there was a degree of steadiness. Shaefer took the lead at the start and was never headed.

The score by innings is as follows:

Shaefer—1, 0, 10, 9, 0, 45, 38, 18, 38, 74, 25, 0, 0, 4, 3, 0, 18, 3, 31, 1, 31, 8, 19, 14, 1, 16, 6, 60—403. Average, 23.5; best run 74.

Slosson—28, 1, 6, 2, 0, 0, 23, 15, 23, 1, 32, 22, 11, 2, 1, 1, 62, 9, 19, 3, 10, 17, 25, 45, 9, 0—422. Average, 17.6; best run, 62.

NICTHEROY SURRENDERS.

The Town at East Yields to the Insurgent Attacks.

BUENOS AYRES, Feb. 2.—It is reported here that the town of Nictheroy which has long been the object of the main attack upon the part of the rebels at Rio de Janeiro, has yielded to the insurgents, who have occupied it with their forces.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Feb. 2.—The insurgents have obtained fresh provisions. There has been a smart exchange of shots between the insurgent squadron and the government forces. Both the insurgent ships Tamandare and Aquidaban were struck and slightly damaged. The insurgents are making preparations to effect a landing. The government telegraph wires have been cut.

"BISHOP" M'NAMARA.

His Case Heard and in the Hands of a Jury.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 2.—"Bishop" McNamara, accused of maliciously slandering Father T. F. Lillis in the course of a "lecture" delivered at Turner hall, Tuesday night, January 16, was tried at Independence yesterday before Justice Nichols and a jury. Four women and 600 men listened for hours to the details of a case unspeakably filthy.

As near as can be learned three members of the jury are Protestants, one is an unbeliever and two incline toward Catholicism. The case was concluded last night, but the jury has not reached a verdict.

BATTLE BETWEEN FARMERS.

Fourteen Men Were Wounded, Six of Whom Have Died.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Feb. 2.—A special to the Citizen from Hot Springs, N. C., says: "A terrible fight took place on the Madison county line next to Tennessee between North Carolina and Tennessee farmers, who were working a road. Fourteen men were wounded, six of whom died. The cause is not known. The scene of the battle is twenty miles from Greenville. No particulars have been received, and it is thought the story may turn out to be an exaggeration."

Bank Wreckers Scared Off.

FORREST CITY, Ark., Feb. 2.—Early yesterday morning there was an explosion in the bank of Eastern Arkansas. Safe blowers were at work. The night marshal and others hurried to the scene and found it one of wreck and ruin. The robbers were frightened off before they could force an entrance into the money vault, and about $500 in silver and $1,000 in postage stamps is all that has so far been missed.

Dynamited a Reservoir.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Feb. 2.—An attempt was made here yesterday to blow up the reservoir of the Springfield Supply company, on the Sac river. Dynamite was the explosive used and the perpetrators of the dastardly deed succeeded in loosening a large lot of earth, but no damage was done to the masonry.

A Reward Offered.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 2.—Mayor Holmes has offered a reward of $500 for the arrest and conviction of the murderers of William Chapman.

Boiling meat 4c a pound at Farnsworth's market, 102 East Sixth street.

Best boiling meat 6c a pound at Farnsworth's, 102 East Sixth street.

Shirts mended by the Peerless.

Genuine Quaker home made bread is sold at 5 cents per loaf; that which is sold at 3 loaves for 10 cents is not what you want. VESPER & CO.

To Quit Business Sure.

I will close out my entire line of watches, diamonds, clocks, and silverware at cost. No humbug.

F. A. HAYDEN, 727 Kas. ave.

The Daily STATE JOURNAL prints all the news.

BADLY SNUBBED.

Minister Willis Slights the Hawaiian Revolutionists.

Wouldn't Participate in Their Anniversary Celebration.

AMERICANS ARE MAD.

They Don't Like the Minister's Action.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 2.—The brig W. G. Irwin arrived from Honolulu yesterday afternoon bringing advices to January 17, five days later than the last advices received here by steamer Monowai, January 10.

HONOLULU, Jan. 17.—Since last advices but little of importance has happened here. The people are preparing for a grand blowout in celebration of the anniversary of the establishment of the provisional government established a year ago. The Annexation club and American league have gone into the celebration with a will, and there is little doubt it will be a great success. Adverse comment has been created by the fact that yesterday afternoon notice was sent to the United States minister by the provisional government that January 17 was the national holiday and asking him if he would honor it with public notice and salutes from the United States war ships in port. This letter included two others addressed to the captains of the United States steamships Philadelphia and Adams, asking them to join in the celebration.

At 4 p. m. yesterday a reply was received which greatly startled the government. The substance of Minister Willis' reply is unofficially given as follows: "I received your notice of yesterday, and am obliged to say that the representative of the United States finds it impossible to be present to participate in the celebration of national independence as proposed by the provisional government of Hawaii. I therefore decline to take part in such celebration on the part of the United States of America."

Upon receipt of this message the wildest excitement prevailed in government circles. They had thought, as the Cleveland administration had acknowledged the provisional government, the United States was prepared to stand by its guns.

The situation at the present writing is one in which the annexationists are standing shoulder to shoulder. The royalist question remains—can this strained condition of affairs last? It will be hard to decide with both parties claiming the vantage. Minister Willis has undoubtedly decided against the Americans here, and on the other hand, the American party has decided against Minister Willis and Consul General Mills. The old charge that the royalists are better posted than the annexationists, was revived here yesterday when the ex-Queen's paper, Bolomua, published the news several hours before it was known to the annexationists that Minister Willis had refused to be present in honor of January 17.

The preparation is now complete for the celebration to be continued throughout the day, and at a mass meeting to be held to-night at Union square (formerly Palace square), a number of prominent speakers will deliver addresses. Chief among these will be a speech delivered by Walter G. Smith, candidate and leader of the American league and party in Hawaii.

A Three Day's Hawaiian Debate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Speaker Crisp and Mr. McCreary, chairman of the foreign affairs committee, found time during the tariff crush yesterday for a conference during which the program for the Hawaiian debate beginning to-day was settled. The speaker has drawn the special rule making Hawaii the order of business. It provides for three days instead of two, as at first contemplated, so that the debate will open to-day and close Monday. Mr. McCreary will open on behalf of his resolution condemning Minister Stevens and supporting the administration. Mr. Hitt (Rep., Ill.) will follow on behalf of the minority substitute condemning the administration. Messrs. Rayner, of Maryland; Hooker of Mississippi, and Everett of Massachusetts, will also support the Democratic contention and Messrs. Storer of Ohio, and Blair of New Hampshire, the Republican position.

Looked Down a Gun.

ROCKFORD, Ill., Feb. 2.—M. K. Knapp went into the office of Dr. W. H. Fitch, a prominent and wealthy local physician yesterday, and, shoving a 38-caliber revolver into his face, forced him to sign $3,200 worth of notes. Knapp's wife was formerly employed in Dr. Fitch's office. Knapp was caught with the notes and revolver in his possession, and bound over in the sum of $11,000 for highway robbery and attempt to kill.

Blew His Brains Out.

NEVADA, Mo., Feb. 2.—William Price of the firm of Price Bros., merchants at Blackburn, this county, committed suicide by shooting himself in the forehead with a pistol. He was a young man, seemingly in good circumstances, and no cause is known for the rash act.

Marshal Neal Holds Over.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 2.—George A. Neal, whose term as United States attorney for the Western district of Missouri expired last Saturday, has been appointed by Justice Brewer of the United States supreme court to act as the district attorney until the president appointed his successor.

Cy Warman Dangerously Ill.

DENVER, Col., Feb. 2.—Cy Warman, the poet of the Rockies, was taken ill Sunday and is now in a precarious condition. Mr. Warman recently recovered in a measure from a severe fever, and is now suffering from a relapse.

Oxford Madras India

Shirtings at

TOPEKA SHIRT M'F'G. CO.

S. Barnum & Co.

617-619 KANSAS AVENUE.

Early as it may appear we are daily receiving new goods in large quantities. We will not endeavor to explain why, but there does seem to be a depression in prices and we are not slow to take advantage of it.

Sixty pieces of Henrietta just arrived. All the staple colors and new shades for spring.

Also a large lot of new and desirable Outing Flannels, New Ginghams and Satines, as well as a large stock of Table Linens on which we will make very low prices this week.

This week we make the following prices, the lowest ever given on wide sheetings:

8-4	Unbleached	15c	a yard,	reg.	price	20c
9-4	"	17c	"	"	"	22c
10-4	"	19c	"	"	"	24c
8-4	Bleached	17c	"	"	"	22c
9-4	"	19c	"	"	"	24c
10-4	"	21c	"	"	"	26c

In the Clothing Department we have some lines of Boys' Waists that we will close out this week at a great loss. Fine Wool and Tennis Flannel Waists, some with laced fronts and some button fronts, that sold at 75c, $1.00 and $1.25, all at the one figure,

48 CTS. FOR CHOICE.

TEXAS AND RETURN.

One Fare For the Round Trip—Santa Fe Route.

On the second Tuesday of each month the Santa Fe will sell round trip tickets to all Texas points at one fare for the round trip. Tickets good for thirty days, and good to stop off at all points in Oklahoma, Indian Territory or New Mexico, on going trip.

The Age of Pneumonia.

Slight attacks of cold often develop into pneumonia. Statistics show that this disease is rapidly increasing in our country, and is generally accompanied by fatal results. Cubeb Cough Cure will prevent pneumonia if taken in time. Sold by Bowley Bros.

Shirts Repaired.

Send your work to the Topeka Steam Laundry and have the rents in your shirts sewed up, FREE. Fine work on short notice.

'Phone 153.

E. M. WOOLDEN, Manager.

It's a Sure Go.

I am going to quit business, and am offering liberal discounts on all my watches, diamonds, silverware and jewelry of all kinds. This is no humbug, but a bona fide sale.

F. A. HAYDEN, 727 Kas. ave.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cleanses, purifies and heals. It was made for that purpose. Use it for burns, cuts, bruises, chapped hands, sores of all descriptions, and if you have piles use it for them.

J. K. JONES.

Not one minute elapses between the taking of One Minute Cough Cure and relief. Why shouldn't people take One Minute Cough Cure? They should. They do. J. K. JONES.

It not only relieves; it does more, it cures. We refer to One Minute Cough Cure. Suitable for all ages, all conditions, at all times. J. K. JONES.

Call and examine our prices before purchasing "Meal tickets" elsewhere. Whittier & Co.

Peerless Steam Laundry 112 and 114 West 8th.

Peerless Steam Laundry—Peerless Steam Laundry.

It's all the same, a slight cold, congested lungs or a severe cough. One Minute Cough Cure banishes them.

J. K. JONES.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures piles.
DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures burns.
DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures sores.
DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures ulcers.

A. Allen's is the best place I have found to have my plumbing repair done. I can save a 100 per cent. 808 Kansas avenue. Tel. 388.

No better aid to digestion,
No better cure for dyspepsia,
Nothing more reliable for biliousness and constipation than DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills.

J. K. JONES.

Little vegetable health producers: DeWitt's Little Early Risers cure malarious disorders and regulate the stomach and bowels, which prevents headache and dizziness. J. K. JONES.

Fine Work.

At Topeka Steam Laundry.

MIDWINTER FAIR.

$65.50 Round Trip to California—Santa Fe Route.

Pullman palace and tourist sleepers through without change every day in the year, to Los Angeles, San Francisco and San Diego, via Santa Fe Route. No other line does it.

Early Risers, Early Risers. Early Risers, the famous little pills for constipation, sick headache, dyspepsia, and nervousness. J. K. JONES.

American Steam Laundry,

112 West 7th. Telephone 841.

Tourist Sleepers to California

Via the Santa Fe Route every day in the year without change. Snow blockades avoided by using this line through New Mexico and Arizona, the "Land of Sunshine."

Hard times. You can save 100 per cent by having A. Allen do your plumbing repairs; 808 Kansas ave. Tel. 388.

Peerless Steam Laundry at 112 and 114 West 8th.

D. Holmes, druggist, 731 Kansas ave.

Good work done by the Peerless.

"How Well You Look"

Friends Surprised at the Wonderful Improvement.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs:—I take pleasure in writing the good I have received from taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Every spring and summer for six years or more, my health has been so poor from heart trouble and general debility that at times life was a burden. I would become so

Emaciated and Weak and Pale

that my friends thought I would not live long. I could do scarcely any work at all and had to lie down every few minutes. I began getting worse in January, losing my flesh and feeling so tired. I thought I would try Hood's Sarsaparilla and I am happy to say I am in better health

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

than I have been for a number of years. My friends remark to me: 'Why how well you look!' I tell them it is Hood's Sarsaparilla that has done the work. I would have all suffering humanity give this medicine a trial and be convinced. This statement is **True to the Letter.**" MRS. JENNIE DECKER, Wataga, Ill.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.