

# The Topeka State Journal.

10 CENTS A WEEK. NIGHT EDITION. TOPEKA, KANSAS, THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 23, 1894. TWENTY-SECOND YEAR.

## ALWAYS DEFENDING.

### Uncomfortable Position of the Populist Leaders.

### They Can't Make an Aggressive Campaign

### Because of Governor Lewelling's Stupid Blunders.

## BREIDENTHAL TALKS.

### What He Would Do If He Were Governor.

### Would Discharge All the Police Boards.

## KEPT IN HOT WATER

### By the Squabbles of the Governor's Appointees.

### A Grand Mistake Ever to Have Fished Lewelling

### Out of His Obscurity at Wichita, Kansas.

The constant reiteration of the charges that the policy shop people of Kansas City, Kan., are furnishing campaign funds for the Populists is a matter that causes the most worry in Populist circles. John W. Breidenthal says not a single cent has been received from them that he knows about, and those who know Mr. Breidenthal will believe this as concerns him personally, but the skirts of others in the State house are not so easily cleared.

Mr. Breidenthal doesn't tell everybody about it, but it is known that as long ago as last December he had unquestionable evidence that the policy and lottery men of Kansas City were anxious to give up money to the administration.

It was prior to that time that he sent Guy E. Hathaway, a man who soon afterwards became a deputy bank commissioner, to Kansas City with a letter authorizing him to solicit stock subscriptions to the "Populist Press and News Bureau Company," Hathaway, so Chairman Breidenthal afterwards learned, accepted money to the amount of \$520. For what purpose it was paid to him is not known. He received the money from two sources, \$100 from one and \$420 from the other, but none of it ever reached headquarters, because as soon as Hathaway received the money he went on a "tear" and lost all the money.

Soon after Hathaway had been appointed deputy bank commissioner, Breidenthal learned of this transaction and the new deputy was "asked to resign forthwith."

Hathaway refused to resign and denied the charges, but Breidenthal would not listen to his denial.

Finally in a fit of desperation Hathaway said threateningly: "If you insist on demanding my resignation I will expose that old one-armed hoodler across the hall," (meaning Fred Close).

Breidenthal said he was "all right" to go ahead, as that was just what he would like to see done, and saying that he figured up Hathaway's salary and gave him a certified voucher for the amount due him to date, and let him go.

Fred Close has not been exposed, and Chairman Breidenthal now says that it was just one of Hathaway's "silly" tricks.

Before leaving the bank commissioner's office Hathaway admitted having received \$100 of the money he is charged with getting at Kansas City.

While almost every state department has during the present state administration been charged with accepting money from the lottery and policy men, Chairman Breidenthal stands alone as the only man in his party who has not been accused of some crime or disreputable act.

Mr. Breidenthal apparently does not believe in hoodlums, and if he had his way about it, Governor Lewelling would wipe out all state connections with the Missouri river cities tomorrow, by abolishing all the metropolitan police boards.

The law does not compel the governor to appoint police commissioners, and if he would dismiss those boards he would relieve himself of a great deal of worry and save his party managers lots of trouble.

As it is now, the Populist state central committee is always on the defensive and is constantly busy explaining why it is not responsible for the conditions which exist in these border towns where the hooliganism and gambling elements run the town.

Governor Lewelling and Chairman Breidenthal do not agree on this point and unless something happens to change the governor's mind the police boards will stand.

Lewelling lacks very much of the political wisdom and perspicacity of the party chieftain, John W. Breidenthal. Almost every charge that is made against this administration is due to some stupid blunder of the governor in his appointments. Leading Populists say that Lewelling hasn't the faintest idea whether a man is a rogue or an honest man. They say his intentions are all right, but that he hasn't sense.

When public attention is called to his blunders, he grows nullish and insists on standing by his mistakes. Many Populists regret that they went so far out of their way at the Wichita convention to take up an unknown man, when there were plenty of good men in the party who were known, and whose policy as governor could have been relied upon.

Chairman John W. Breidenthal said to a STATE JOURNAL reporter this morning: "If all the stories I have heard are true I

believe I could go to Kansas City Kansas and collect \$20,000 in twenty four hours from the gamblers lottery and policy men.

"Men who are engaged in a business which is in open violation of the law can easily be bribed by representatives of the law who will take advantage of their position. I have no doubt they policemen in any of the Missouri river towns could go to most any dive in his town and 'borrow' \$5, if he was hard up, and if he could 'borrow' \$5 once he could get it easier, next time."

"It is true I have heard many stories about the state administration accepting money and other bribes from the hoodlers and gamblers of Kansas City, Kansas, but it is also true that no one has ever traced any money into the hands of any member of the administration.

"I never did, and I don't believe Governor Lewelling has received any money from these sources, for I have personally known several times of the governor being embarrassed for the want of money in his commission business at Wichita, and if he was accepting money from those hoodlers, he need not have been hard up in his business."

Chairman Breidenthal admitted that before the Populist state convention was held, he had a long talk with Governor Lewelling about this "hooligan business."

"I said to Governor Lewelling, then," he says, "and I always talk just as plainly with him as I do with any other man, that if these charges of hoodlums were true he knew it, and if he and his administration were accepting monthly stipends from lotteries, policy shops and gamblers as has been charged, he ought to decline a renomination. I told him he would be a fool to accept a nomination if those charges were true, and if they were true he knew it."

"I explained to him that if those charges were true the proof of them would be sprung by his enemies immediately after his renomination and it would mean his defeat. The governor assured me that the charges were not true and said that if they were true, he knew he would be foolish to accept a renomination.

"I believed the governor's statement then and I believe what he said then is true now, as not a single penny of hoodlums has been traced by any person to him."

"After the public statement of Ray J. G. Dougherty that he knew that the state administration was accepting money from the lotteries and gamblers of Kansas City, I wrote to him and asked him to furnish me with the evidence. I told him that it was the evidence that was needed to correct this evil if it existed."

"Now what was the result? Rev. Mr. Dougherty simply wrote back to me that from the sentiment expressed in the published letter of Associate Justice Allen, he probably knows as much about it as any one."

"This is the way with all these charges of hoodlums and corruption. People do lots of talking, but they always fail to produce evidence."

"That those fellows down there are hoodlers, there can be little doubt for Jim Legate admits that he got \$5,000 although he doesn't remember what he did with it."

## COLORED DEMOCRATS.

### Their is Serious Discussion Over Their Congressional Committee.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Members of the Negro National Democratic league are determined to have the Africa-American bureau of organization of the Democratic congressional committee abolished, and Robert E. Still, chief of the bureau, and his colleagues are equally determined that the bureau shall be maintained.

"It is certain," said Mr. Ashwood of the league executive committee, "that the two organizations cannot exist without a conflict, and as we can do the work, there is no need of it. The bureau is local; the league national; a selection needs but a moment's consideration of the interests of the party of the state. Continuance of the bureau cannot fail to engender strife and factional opposition."

## WALES SNUBS GOULD.

### Gould Would Explain, But the Prince Shut Him Out.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—The Yachtmans says that it learns upon good authority that the next challenge for the American cup will be issued by the Earl of Lonsdale.

The Vanity Fair says today that it hears that the Prince of Wales was greatly annoyed at the failure on Saturday last to sail the match race between the Britannia and the Vigilant. It adds that when Mr. Gould boarded the royal yacht Osborne in order to explain matters, the prince remarked in an irritated tone: "Don't talk to me about water boards. I know nothing about them."

## Tom Watson Nominated.

THOMSON, Ga., Aug. 23.—The Populist convention for the Tenth congressional district has nominated Thomas E. Watson to again oppose Major Black for congress. His nomination was seconded by two white and four colored delegates. Resolutions were passed calling for a free ballot and fair count.

## Will Think Income Tax Won't Stand.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Senator Hill expects to be an attorney in the franchise case that is brought up regarding the constitutionality of the income tax provisions of the new tariff law. He believes when brought to the courts it will be declared unconstitutional in whole or in part.

## Telegrams Thirty Hours.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—The Commercial Cable company this morning issued the following notice: "The Great Northern Telegraph company reports this morning that messages from Yokohama, Japan, take thirty hours in transit."

## Papal Adhesion to France.

PARIS, Aug. 23.—The pope has written a letter to M. Turquet, formerly secretary of state, confirming the papal adhesion to the French republic.

## Russian Warships Go to Pacific.

BERLIN, Aug. 23.—It is reported that nine Russian warships will leave Cronstadt, on August 27, for the Pacific.

## Will Ship \$600,000 in Gold.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—Lizard Freres will ship to Europe \$600,000 of the foreign gold they received from Cuba.

## FRAUDS ARE PROVED.

### House Committee Reports on Carnegie Armor Plates.

### Report Says Frauds Are Worthy to be Called Crimes.

## FINES NOT ENOUGH.

### Mere Money Compensation Cannot Atono for the Outrage.

### Lives of Sailors and Safety of Nation Endangered.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Representative A. J. Cummings, chairman of the house committee on naval affairs, presented to the house today a preliminary report upon the investigation of the armor plate billets furnished to the government by the Carnegie steel company.

The committee finds that charges of fraud have been sustained; scores the company severely and says, as has been stated in these dispatches that 59 suspected plates in use should be tested as the only method of proving their fitness or unfitness. It only finds that the government inspection was negligent, but no charge of dishonesty rests upon the inspectors.

The charges against the company were that the plates and bolts had not received the treatment required by the contract; that false reports were made to the government inspectors; that specimens for testing were re-treated before being submitted; that the testing machine was fraudulently manipulated; that substitution was made in the case of a plate designed for a ballistic test and that the government stamp was either duplicated or stolen and used without the knowledge of the government inspectors.

The report states that the number of furnaces used was totally inadequate to fulfill the specifications of the contract on the amount of armor plate turned out. After the first investigation of the frauds, the number of furnaces was increased from four to ten.

In regard to the "jockeying" of the testing machines, it is asserted that the company made private tests of material, and if it was below the standard, manipulated the machine at the official test so that it would show the required strength.

The charges of re-treating and substituting plates designed for ballistic tests the committee is satisfied are true. The charge of using a duplicate or stolen government stamp is not sustained.

The report says the government inspection was negligent and defective, but this is attributed to the fact that there was not nearly enough inspectors to do the work. It is asserted that the fraud has been traced home to the general superintendent, who is a stockholder in the Carnegie company.

"The frauds which your company have committed are worthy to be called crimes. The services of the Carnegie company (whether with or without the knowledge of the company) to increase its gain, deliberately continued for many months, is to commit acts whose natural and probable consequences would be a terrible loss of men in time of war and perhaps the defeat to the nation."

"To fine or make mere money compensation is inadequate atonement for such wrongs. Your committee do not consider it within their province to draft a criminal statute, but they do feel under obligations to call the attention of the house to the importance of protecting the lives of our seamen and the safety of the nation by appropriate legislation, denouncing as crimes all such acts as the frauds practiced by the government in connection with armor plate and other material of war, and making such acts punishable in all persons who commit them or aid in their commission."

## ABANDONED ON THE ICE.

### An Arctic Explorer Left on the Ice a Hundred Miles From Land.

ABERDEEN, Aug. 23.—The yacht Saxton has arrived at Peter Head, returning from a scientific expedition to the Arctic regions. She reports that she landed Prof. A. A. Batiye, the ornithologist, and one companion on Kolkuev island, a hundred miles from the Russian coast, on June 2.

The Saxton, however, was obliged to abandon Batiye and his companion on account of the heavy seas and the ice, which threatened the destruction of the yacht. It is hoped that the explorers will be rescued by the next Russian gunboat which visits the island.

## SEDGWICK POPULISTS.

### No Democrat Will Be Allowed to Run on the Ticket.

WICHITA, Kas., Aug. 23.—The People's party convention of Sedgwick county is in session here today. It is strictly in the middle of the road and no Democrat will be allowed on the ticket.

Col. Nicholas Bird, temporary chairman paid his respects to the Democracy by referring to Cleveland as the Beezebub of Buzzard's Bay and the speech which followed voiced the sentiments of the crowd.

C. H. J. Taylor May Be Elected. WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—The civil service commission is still investigating Recorder of Deeds C. H. J. Taylor, charged with making political assessments. It is believed that an urgent request, signed by the full board, asking for Taylor's removal will be sent to the president.

## Twenty-Five Thousand Idle.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 23.—The great textile strike here developed today in the lockout, and as a result 25,000 mill operatives in the city will be idle.

## 'A LOT OF BUSHWHACKERS'

### Richard C. Kerens, of Missouri, so Characterized the A. P. A.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—Richard C. Kerens, member of the Republican national committee of Missouri, and whose attempt to have the Missouri Republican convention, recently held, place itself upon record as opposed to the A. P. A., is in the city. To a newspaper reporter, who interviewed him upon the matter, he said that he had no intention of carrying the A. P. A. question before its national committee.

"The A. P. A.'s," he said, "are a lot of bushwhackers and beggars. They swing back and forth between parties and corrupt ward and city politics of both parties, without in the least affecting the element, foreign to the party with its pernicious doctrine to fasten itself to the Republican party, will drive away hundreds of thousands of honest votes."

"The movement is, in fact, nothing more than a revival of the ancient 'know nothing' doctrine, which, although short lived, was not without its effect on our politics. The Republican party has ever been outspoken upon every public question, and has always had the courage of its convictions. I do not think that it will dodge this issue now."

"The Republican party is less friendly than any other party to such doctrines and will not fall, in my judgment, to meet this issue, if it can be called such, manfully."

## MORRILL COMES OUT.

### He is For Free Coinage of American Silver—Sixteen to One.

ATCHISON, Aug. 23.—The following letter written to Mr. J. W. Springsteen of this city is made public in the Champion:

HIWATHA, Kas., Aug. 18.

DEAR SIR—Yours of the 18th came while I was away from home for a few hours and I hasten to answer it. I think the matter in regard to my position on the currency question has been fully settled by the Champion this week. The Kansas City Journal yesterday had a good article in it about the matter. I am in favor of the free coinage of the American product of the silver mines, with sufficient tariff to exclude all foreign product. And it seems to me that there can be but one ratio. I think it is idle to talk about changing the ratio. The fact that we have \$500,000,000 of silver now in circulation would render it almost impossible to make a change in ratio from the present one of 16 to 1.

Yours truly,  
E. N. MORRILL.

## S. OF V. ELECT OFFICERS.

### William E. Bundy of Cincinnati Elected Commander-in-Chief.

DAVENPORT, Ia., Aug. 23.—National officers were elected at the Sons of Veterans encampment today as follows: Commander-in-chief, Wm. E. Bundy, Cincinnati; senior commander-in-chief, A. A. Baron, Providence, R. I.; junior vice command-r, Louis Lolley, Davenport. Col. Edward H. Millan of Minneapolis and Col. George H. Huchard of Belleville, Ill., were other candidates for the office of commander-in-chief. Knoxville, Tenn., was announced as the next place of meeting. The Past Grand Commander-in-Chief Payne, court martialled, was re-elected.

## WANTED TO BE A CLAM.

### But President Harrison Had to Say Something All the Same.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—A small man with a Van Dyke beard of gray was the conspicuous figure at the eighth annual clam bake of the Leather Manufacturers' association of New Jersey last night at Wardell's Port Au Peck, a pleasure bay. Ex-President Harrison said, after the bake was devoured.

"When I was invited to this banquet, I was told it was to be but a clam bake, and was assured I would be allowed to be a clam. I do not desire to speak upon any public question, but if there is to be any marked tendency in business it must be upwards, as you are at the bottom of the valley now."

During the ride back to Monmouth beach the ex-president was asked his opinion on the tariff question.

"I think," he was quoted as saying, "President Cleveland will sign the bill, although how he can make up his mind to do it I cannot understand."

## Noted Sp-akers Coming.

Jesse Harper of Illinois will take the Populist stump in Kansas September 15, and Susan B. Anthony has been booked to commence October 22. Sarah E. V. Emery of Michigan, the author of the famous "Seven Financial Conspiracies," and Anna D. Weaver of New York, will also speak for the Pops during the campaign.

## RAILROAD TIES.

### The wheels of all train cars in Bombay are to be fitted with life guards by order of the government.

The Hannibal and St. Joseph railroad enjoys the distinction of not having killed a single passenger since the civil war.

The experiment of using compressed air for street car propulsion has been tried in Massachusetts. The results were considered satisfactory.

Uncle Tom's is the name of a station on the line of the dummy road running between Atlantic City and Somers' Point. The station is in the shape of an old cabin.

Only 525 miles of track have been laid in the first six months of 1894. Colorado leads with 54 miles. Less than one mile has been laid in Illinois. The total showing is less than in any corresponding six-months since 1855.

In March, 1872, the roads in what are known as the Pennsylvania system were capitalized at \$40,000,000, and the yearly earnings were then \$25,000,000. Now the roads in the system are capitalized at \$815,000,000, and the net earnings are \$40,000,000.

## HE WON'T BUDGE.

### Cleveland Stands Firm in Regard to Tariff Bill.

### He Will Surely Let It Become a Law It is Said.

## BUT WON'T SIGN IT.

### Anxious Congressmen Urge Him to Sign the Bill.

### It Would Help Them to Defend It in the Campaign.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—The president remains firm in his purpose to let the tariff bill become a law without his signature. This, as was stated by the Associated Press at the time, was his intention when he left Washington for Gray Gables, and there is excellent authority for the statement that Mr. Cleveland since his return has indicated that he is of the same opinion as before he left here.

A great deal of pressure has been and is still exerting to induce Mr. Cleveland to forego his present purpose and to sign the bill, either with or without some message expressing his views, but the president gave no encouragement to those who have pressed views of this nature on his intention, and has indicated that he will allow the bill to become a law by expiration of the ten days clause of the constitution.

The persons most urgent in suggesting to the president that he sign the bill, are members of congress who have represented very strongly to the president that a signature of the bill will help them in their defense of it in the coming campaign and that should it not have the measure of presidential approval indicated by Mr. Cleveland's signature, their position on the stump will be embarrassed to some extent at least.

Speaker Crisp and a number of congressmen have presented this view of the matter and the speaker saw the president today on the subject. So far as can be learned the president's attitude has been one of patient listening to and consideration of the argument presented, but he has refrained carefully from making any promises or giving encouragement to congressmen who wish the bill signed.

A veto of the bill, however, is not even suggested. It cannot become a law without the presidential autograph until next Monday and this being the case the adjournment of congress will hardly take place before next Tuesday.

The fact that it is Mr. Cleveland's purpose to permit the bill to become a law without his signature is also a strong indication of the improbability of any message on the tariff in the president.

Besides Speaker Crisp, who spent some time with the president in the discussion of the tariff situation, Representative McMillin of Tennessee, of the ways and means committee and one of the house conferees, also talked with Mr. Cleveland. Speaker Crisp told members of the house who were anxious to get away that he thought the session would last until next Tuesday.

Mr. Cleveland did not discuss the tariff bill with the president. Chairman Wilson is expected to speak from West Virginia today, but he was not about the house during the session.

Today's Weather.

There is a low barometer up in Montana that is coming slowly in this direction. If it ever gets here, and is still "low" when it arrives, we are warranted in saying that with favorable local conditions a may rain. Today the mercury marks 93.4 above on the street level, and 92 at the observing station. Observer Jennings went to Ft. Riley today.

They are Troubled With Pains. PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 23.—The window glass manufacturers and workmen are holding a conference on the state. The workers proposed a new scale, changing the basis of piece work and virtually amounting to a reduction of 25 per cent. Today the western manufacturers are insisting upon a 35 per cent cut.

To Assist in Arresting Exeta. WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—The navy department telegraphed Captain Howison, commander of the Mare Island (California) navy yard to extend permission to the yard, to the United States marshals to assist him in serving the warrants on Exeta and the other individuals refugees consigned on the United States ship Bennington.

Sewing Machine Company Fails. CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—The Brooks Sewing Machine and Motor company, with offices in this city and a large plant at Dixon, Ill., assigned today. Assets \$125,000; liabilities \$49,000.

Bill Hackney and Begpipers. WINFIELD, Aug. 23.—W. P. Hackney is expected home Friday. He will bring with him a band of Scotch highlanders to play during the coming campaign.

LOCAL MENTION.

The motion day at the district court which was set for Friday, August 31st, has been changed to Thursday the 30th.

Gerald Tice, aged two years, died of tonsillitis this morning at his home two miles west of North Topeka. The funeral will be at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

A considerable number of local Republicans headed by a drum corps went to Tecumseh this morning to attend the all day Republican rally that is to be addressed by Mrs. Helen Amber and others.

Mrs. Whiteker, wife of F. M. Whiteker, died last evening at 5 o'clock of consumption. The funeral services will be conducted by Willis F. Coates, Christian Scientist, at the home of the deceased, 1424 Lincoln street, at 8 p. m. Friday, August 24.

## FAIR PLAY FOR CARNEGIE.

### Stone, of Pennsylvania, Doesn't Want the "Philanthropist" Imposed On.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—About fifty members were on the floor when the house met today. There was, as usual, a great rush on the part of the members for recognition to pass bills of local importance.

A bill was passed to extend the time in which the Hutchinson & Southern Railroad company can construct a railroad through the Indian territory.

Mr. Hyam, Democrat of Indiana, then made the regular order. Thereupon Mr. Cummings, chairman of the committee on naval affairs presented the report of the committee on the armor plate frauds. With it he presented a joint resolution to authorize and direct the secretary of the navy to remove from the Monadoock, the Minto Terror, the ships Oregon, Indiana and Massachusetts and the cruiser Monterey certain specified armor plates, and to subject them to the ballistic test at the Indian Head proving ground. The resolution also directed a speedy report on these tests.

Mr. Stone, Republican of Pennsylvania, asked if the report did not prejudice the Carnegie company.

Mr. Cummings said it did not. The resolution he presented had been unanimously reported.

Mr. Stone called attention to the fact that no member of the minority was present. Mr. Cummings said the report was unanimously adopted. The Republican minority did not sign the report but authorized him to make it.

"What does the gentleman want?" asked Mr. Cummings angrily. Does he want the Carnegie company to buy a report?"

"The gentleman wants the Carnegie company to have fair play, something it has not had," returned Mr. Stone.

The resolution was adopted without division, and at 1:35 p. m. the house adjourned until tomorrow morning.

## RECEIVER WILSON IS BACK

### He Says All the Receivers Will Make a Tour of Inspection.

Receiver J. C. Wilson of the Santa Fe, returned to Topeka at noon today after an absence of three weeks.

Mr. Wilson was in New York when Mr. Stephen Edie made his report to the reorganization committee, and was subsequently in Chicago, when Mr. Adna F. Walker was appointed receiver to succeed Mr. Edie.

Mr. Wilson says he has never seen the new receiver, but that he is well spoken of by all railroad men and is considered an able man.

Mr. Wilson will probably leave the city this week for New York, where he will meet Mr. Walker on his return from Europe. The three receivers will then hold a meeting in New York, after which they will very likely make a trip over the entire Santa Fe system.

Mr. Wilson is very much pleased with the recent order of Judge Caldwell in regard to retaining his office for the time being, which he advanced from the time he was first appointed a receiver.

## PERSONAL GOSSIP.

The one delight of the German Prince Schannberg Lippe is to drive a tram car in full uniform.

General William Booth, founder and head of the Salvation Army, will visit this country in the fall.

There are no servants in the Tolstol household. The count cuts his own firewood, while the countess prepares their simple meals.

Lord Rosebery has two sisters. One is married to Lord Leonfield, a rich Tory peer of Sussex; the other is Lady Mary Hope of Luffings.

Henry W. Longfellow, the poet, was descended from John Alden and Priscilla Molines, whose names have been immortalized in the poet's "Courtship of Miles Standish."

The Dowager Duchess of Abercorn recently saw 101 of her descendants assembled at one time in Montagu House, Whitehall, London, the residence of the Duke of Buccleuch.

Love continues to triumph over prejudice and politics. Herr Walter, the principal adherent and assistant of Herr Ahlwardt, the German anti-Semitic leader, is to marry a charming Hebrew, Frau Levin Hermannsbn.

Professor Joseph Hyrtl, the eminent anatomist and the last survivor of the famous group of scientific men who laid the foundations of the renowned medical school of Vienna, has just died at his home near Vienna at the age of 84.

Bret Harte, who lives in England, was doubtless flattered to read in a recent number of Mr. Astor's Westminster Budget an allusion to "Mark Twain's Ah Sin." This blunder is taken as another indication of Mr. Astor's expatriation.