

## NAVY IS UNDER FORCED DRAFT

Work is Rushed to Get Destroyers Out of Norfolk Yards.

## MOVE CONSIDERED MYSTERY

Bleef Grows at Washington That Sending of American Ships to Constantinople is Not a Relief Mission Alone.

London, Sept. 30.—A number of American destroyers in European waters have been ordered to proceed to the Near East to augment the present American fleet, consisting of eight destroyers, two submarine chasers and the yacht Scorpion, all operating in the eastern Mediterranean waters and the Black sea. It was authoritatively learned.

Washington, Sept. 30.—The navy worked under forced draft to get two divisions of destroyers cleared from Norfolk for Constantinople.

No official explanation was forthcoming from the State or Navy departments as to why this particular type of warships has been selected.

In the absence of such information it was recalled that only two days ago Secretary of State Hughes expressed sympathy with the British demands that the Turkish straits be kept open. This government will insist that this water gateway be kept free for world commerce, he said.

Commenting on this phase of the situation, experts said that destroyers would be most useful for such work if the United States navy is to be loaned for this purpose.

## Americans Not in Peril

It was significantly pointed out that not one report of danger to American life or property had emanated from Constantinople, where the 22 United States warships have been ordered. The port is reported to be open and orderly, with vessels going to and fro.

Competent government legal authorities declared that there is nothing in any of the limitation of armaments or other treaties which demands that the United States act with the allies.

On the contrary, there is a treaty with Turkey, under date of 1830, that expressly forbids the sending of United States war vessels to the Dardanelles. This treaty is still in force and is the more binding because this country has never declared war on Turkey. It was pointed out, Turkey, for its part, guarantees protection to American merchant vessels.

As evidence of the good faith of Turkey in this connection, Secretary Hughes only a few days ago announced that, at the instance of this government, Kemal had permitted ten Greek ships to remove refugees from Smyrna.

The opinion grows that the State department, or the American commissioner at Constantinople, either through design or accident, has aided the British, who have sent a 48-hour ultimatum to Kemal. It was pointed out that Great Britain is the only military opponent of the Kemalists and that nothing could benefit Great Britain more than the expressed support and backing of the State department.

## No Specific Orders

Experts pointed out significantly that the unusual activity of the United States followed the return to Washington of the British ambassador, Sir Auckland Geddes, a few days ago.

The only conditions under which the United States may be permitted to have battleships in the Dardanelles is when the allies are there in force, it was said. As this government has never approved the treaties made with Turkey by the allies following the World war, her ships have no legal status there now, international experts declared.

No specific orders have been issued for the conduct of the destroyer fleet once it reaches Constantinople. It is to be put at the disposal of Rear Admiral Bristol, high commissioner at Constantinople. His status is described as more diplomatic than military.

He has wide latitude to employ the ships as he sees fit. In his cable to the Navy department he requested that the destroyers be fully provisioned, with fuel and munitions prepared to meet any emergency.

## Greek Cabinet

Athens—After an all-night session the Revolutionary Committee decided to submit to King George the names of a Cabinet, with Alexander Zaimis as Premier and M. Politis as Minister of Foreign Affairs. M. Politis held the foreign portfolio under Venizelos. For Minister of War the committee selected General Charalambis, and for Minister of the Navy Admiral Papachristou. Both these officers were removed from the active list by recent Governments.

## COAL REGULATION TARGET OF ATTACK

OPERATORS AND SPECULATORS REPORTED IN NATION-WIDE CAMPAIGN

Buck At Efforts Of The Government to Fix So-Called "Fair Prices," Is Report—Would Remain Free to Fix Own Prices.

Columbus.—According to reports in circulation among Ohio coal operators, the drive against attempted interference with the coal business will be national rather than state-wide in scope. The story, which appears to have confirmatory evidence back of it, is that the National Coal Association, with headquarters in Washington, plans to attack Federal legislation applicable to the mining industry, in conjunction with a drive of state forces upon the Ohio law.

There is another version to the effect that the move will be made jointly against all legislation interfering with the coal industry.

The Federal Government gave no price-fixing power to its fuel administrator. It is true Herbert C. Hoover, Secretary of Commerce, attempted to fix so-called "fair prices," but coal operators proved themselves to be too strong. They boosted the price before they started for Washington to meet Mr. Hoover and increased it again when they returned. They assert that the Hoover prices now are almost forgotten and that no further attention will be given to them.

It was announced at the Governor's office that there would be a conference at the Executive mansion to be attended by C. J. Neal, Ohio Fuel Administrator; Attorney-General John G. Price, and Percy Tietlow, Director of the Department of Industrial Relations.

Prices for Ohio coal are expected to be announced soon after this conference.

## VOICE SPANS ATLANTIC

Song And Orchestra From Newark, N. J. Radio Station Heard in London

Newark, N. J.—Officials of radio station W. O. R. here, announced receipt of a wireless message declaring that the voice of a woman singing and the strains of an orchestra that were broadcast from Newark in an attempt at trans-Atlantic communication had been heard in London.

A message sent broadcast by Sir Thomas Lipton did not carry across the ocean, however, the London message mentioning only the music strains and the woman's voice. Sir Thomas, it was announced, will make a second attempt.

Officials at station W. O. R. declare that this is the first time actual radio communication has been broadcast across the Atlantic.

The following wireless message was received from London:

"Large crowds in London awaited results of radio tests. Great interference from ships' sparking. Heard your test—music and woman singing."

## Oberammergau Quiet Again

Oberammergau—Her Passion Play ended, her crowds of tourists gone and her shops sold bare of souvenirs Oberammergau has slipped back into another decade of peace and quiet. Approximately 315,000 visitors came to see the Passion Play this season and left millions of marks, which the village will devote to improvement purposes. The gross receipts of the play were 20,000,000 marks, sale of books and photographs netting 4,000,000 more. In addition other millions were spent in "village shops and restaurants."

## BANDIT RAISULI SURRENDERS

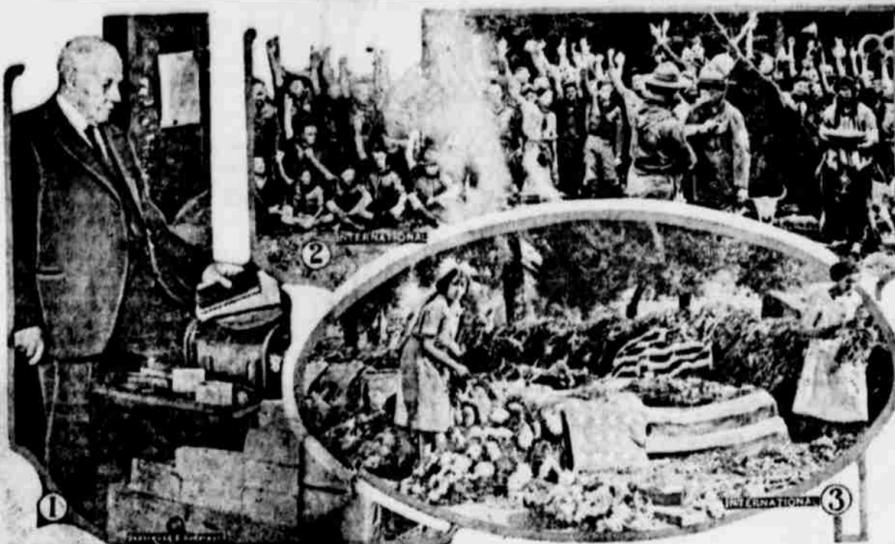
Announcement by Spain Recalls Friction With United States in 1904.

San Sebastian, Spain, Sept. 30.—Senator Frida, Spanish foreign minister, officially announced the surrender of Raisuli, the bandit.

[Raisuli, otherwise Mulai Ahmed Raisuli, has given more than 40 years of his life in brigandage and is considered "the greatest robber" in all Morocco. He has operated within 100 miles of Tangiers in recent years. The incident that gave Raisuli most notoriety was his kidnaping in 1914 of an American citizen, Ian H. Percidaris, and his son-in-law, Cromwell Varley, a British subject. The sultan of Morocco, who feared the bandit, but feared still more the power of the United States paid the ransom.]

## Bankroll Tied Up

New York—Attachment of funds carried in four New York banks to the credit of Hugo Stinnes, German industrial magnate, in connection with a \$2,065,185 breach of contract suit filed by James A. Tillman, promoter, revealed that Stinnes through various financial plans had made attempts to float loans for hundreds of millions of dollars in the United States. The attachment order, signed by Supreme Court Justice Wasservogel, was placed in effect by Deputies to Sheriff Nogle, of New York County.



1—Captain Porter, chief of federal secret service in Chicago, and bogus money factory of big gang of counterfeiters uncovered in that city. 2—Scene at national conference of boy scout executives at Blue Ridge, N. C. when Daniel Carter Beard, national commissioner, was presented with gold eagle badge. 3—Girls of Jackson, Cal., laying flowers on coffins of 46 victims of the Argonaut mine disaster.

## ROAD WORKING FOR KNOTT COUNTY

3,000 Men, Women and Children Turn Out With Working Tools

It is estimated that at least 3,000 men and women and children worked the public roads, in every section of Knott county, on Thursday and Friday, September 28 and 29.

The public schools had been closed by order of the County Superintendent of Schools. Everybody in a school district was asked to report at the school house with road working tools.

In many places, drains were built; ledges blasted out; mountains levelled to a gradual slope. The work was scientifically done under oversight.

Many women, unused to this kind of work, blighted their hands. Some of the school girls prepared lunch and took it to the men in order to save time and get more work done.

It was a splendid demonstration of a united county. A prize of fifty dollars will be awarded to the school district that made the best stretch of road.

## "FORGET-ME-NOT DAY," SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4

Movement to Care for Neglected Vets of World War

Cincinnati, O., Sept. 29.—A great national movement to provide America's wounded and disabled veterans of the great war in every large community with adequate club-quarters and meeting-places is one of the objects of the "National Forget-Me-Not Day," to be observed thruout the United States on Saturday, November 4th. Raymond A. Lasance, National Adjutant of the Disabled American Veterans of the World War, under whose auspices "Forget-Me-Not Day" is to be held in every city and town in the country on November 4th, presented statistics at the organization's national headquarters here today, showing the need for the disabled vets, where they may assemble and discuss their life problems, which were given a new complexion as a result of wounds and injuries sustained by them in action during the World War. The establishment of employment and placement centers, where business interests and veterans can join hands in the campaign to place the trained disabled men in civilian life positions, was urged by Lasance; and he recommended that Disabled American Veterans' chapters endeavor to provide summer camps and vacation spots for their members and "buddies," the "Forget-Me-Not Day" campaign in the various communities to establish foundations for such activities.

Assurance of hearty support and solid cooperation for the "Forget-Me-Not Day" movement of November 4th was pledged in great numbers of telegraphic messages received at the Disabled American Veterans' National Headquarters here, from Governors and Mayors in every part of the United States. Close to one thousand civic heads have announced the appointment of Citizens' Committees to direct the day's activities in their communities, and several hundred more have indicated that Committees will be named in early October, to plan for "Forget-Me-Not Day."

## CLAYHOLE CASES FILED IN COURT OF APPEALS

Petition Claims That Lower Court Refused Evidence

Frankfort, Ky., Oct. 2.—The Clayhole cases involving election troubles in Breathitt county were brought to the court of appeals today on appeals of French Combs, Shade Combs, Leslie Combs and George Allen, Jr., from the judgment of the Boyd circuit court, where the men were tried on a charge of venue.

The men were indicted and convicted of the murder of George McIntosh, during a battle at the Clayhole voting place at the election last November. French Combs and Shade Combs were given five years each and Leslie Combs and Allen 15 years in the penitentiary.

The petition for a reversal of the judgment states that the lower court refused to permit evidence showing that Will Carpenter and others, who were present on the election grounds, came into the election booth and took the poll books from it to the river, where they were mutilated and thrown into the river; that the verdict was the result of passion and prejudice; charges failure to properly instruct jury, admission of incompetent evidence, and failure to admit competent evidence.

## DEATH TAKES PROMINENT MADISON COUNTY MAN SUDDENLY

End is Shock to Host of Friends Death laid its hands on Harvey Chenault in Richmond Monday evening as he sat in the home of his neighbor, C. F. Higgins, on High street, listening with the family to the music of the phonograph.

Mr. Chenault is survived by his widow, Mrs. Mary Hume Chenault, his mother, Mrs. T. D. Chenault, Sr., three sisters, Mrs. Nelson Prewitt Gay, of Winchester, Mrs. Albert T. McCown, of Madison county, and Mrs. Emerson Gwynne, of Baltimore, Md., and two brothers, John D. Chenault, of Maysville, and T. D. Chenault, Jr., of Madison county.

Mr. Chenault was one of the wealthiest and most prominent citizens of this county. He was a director in the State Bank and Trust company and a deacon in the First Baptist church at the time of his death.

## FUNERAL SERVICES TO BE HELD

Couple Passed Away Weeks Ago Funeral sermons for Mr. and Mrs. John H. Thompson will be preached Sunday, October 22 at 11 o'clock at the home of J. A. Miracle, 4 miles north of Berea on the place formerly known as the J. W. Herndon place. Mrs. Thompson passed away on July 5, 1922, and her husband followed her on August 17.

The two gentlemen who will preach are from Knoxville, Tenn. Friends of the departed couple are invited to this service.

## T. J. McKEEHAN DIES AT BIG HILL

T. J. McKeenan, 62, of Big Hill, Ky., died last week, after a lingering illness from tuberculosis, and was given a Masonic burial at Pilot cemetery by the Berea Lodge No. 617. Mr. McKeenan was a Mason in spirit and in truth. He was master of the Pilot Lodge at the time of his death. Funeral services were preached by Rev. H. H. Hudson, of Berea.

## FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

The following is a schedule of football games and practice hours for the fall of 1922.

The Student Athletic Council formulated the schedule at the Y. M. C. A. Building, September 27, 4:40 p. m. Members present—Athletic Director, College, Normal, Vocational representatives. Members absent—Foundation and Academy.

Due to the fact that there can be only one pay event in the course of a week, the football game that was scheduled for November 20 will be played November 27 as a pay game. Order of the Registrar as noted on the College Calendar.

## Games to be Played

Oct. 9, 2:00 p. m.—Academy vs. Vocational.

Oct. 16, 2:00 p. m.—College vs. Normal.

Oct. 23, 2:00 p. m.—College vs. Vocational.

Oct. 30, 2:00 p. m.—Academy vs. Normal.

Nov. 6, 1:15 p. m.—Academy vs. College.

Nov. 6, 3:00 p. m.—Normal vs. Vocational.

Nov. 13, 1:15 p. m.—Academy vs. Vocational.

Nov. 13, 3:00 p. m.—College vs. Normal.

Nov. 20, Open day for back games, if any.

Nov. 27, 1:15 p. m.—College vs. Vocational.

Nov. 27, 3:00 p. m.—Academy vs. Normal.

Thanksgiving Day:

Nov. 30, 1:15 p. m.—Academy vs. College.

Nov. 30, 3:00 p. m.—Normal vs. Vocational.

All of the above scheduled games will be played on the Main Athletic Field.

## Practice Hours

Monday morning—Athletic Field to be marked.

Tuesday—Normal and College use Main Athletic Field.

Wednesday—Vocational uses Main Athletic Field last two hours.

Thursday—College uses Main Athletic Field last two hours.

Friday—Normal uses Main Athletic Field last two hours.

Saturday—Academy uses Main Athletic Field last two hours.

Schedule authenticated and recorded at Registrar's Office.

There will be no changes.

Teams not using Main Athletic Field will shift for themselves as best they can.

## FROM DULUTH TO JACKSONVILLE ON A WHEEL

925 Miles Covered in 14 Days

We had a chat with Homer Townsend Tuesday morning. He is the man who made his way from Duluth, Minn., to Berea, Ky., a distance of 925 miles, on an old fashioned Lowell Diamond bicycle in 14 days.

Homer is on his way to Jacksonville, Fla., where he expects to teach school, and says he must arrive there before October 18, in order to win a role of \$250 which was offered to him in Duluth providing he would make the trip in 30 days—at any rate, this is his story.

## World News

By J. R. Robertson, Professor of History and Political Science Berea College

The third session of the Assembly of the League of Nations has convened at Geneva. The president of the meeting is a delegate from Chile, notable as a statesman and international lawyer. One of the principal measures to be considered is a plan to create regional districts, within which the nations concerned will seek to enforce the League's decisions and preserve peace. This is a modification, or successor, to the famous article X, which met with objection in the U. S. The League has not yet given up hope of so amending the covenant that the U. S. can enter. The situation in the East makes this meeting of peculiar significance and leads men to wonder how much it can do to prevent another war.

While most of the European countries are either bankrupt or finding it hard to meet their debts, Great Britain is making headway in meeting her obligations. Her debt to the U. S. is already funded, and she is about to pay a large sum in the form of interest. It was feared that the disturbances in the East would delay or prevent this payment, but such does not seem likely to be the case. It is said that fifty millions of dollars are already in the United States ready to be paid at the proper time. Such financial ability following so costly a war is unprecedented and is something that inspires confidence.

First place is given in the news column to the victory of Mustapha Kemal, the Nationalist leader of Turkey, in Asia. He seems to be a leader of ability, more practical than Ghandi, of India, or Lenine, of Russia. He is a representative of the young Turkey, of which so much was expected. Any entrance by the Turks into the neutral zone across from the straits of Dardanelles and Bosphorus has been prohibited by England, and it is believed the Allies are supporting her. Ships of war control the coast, but cannot prevent the outrages being perpetrated in the interior. It is reported that the Sultan, Mohammed, has abdicated, and that political changes are taking place in Turkey, but to just what end is not clearly reported.

The Greek defeat at Smyrna has led to a revolution in Greece, and the King, Constantine, has been sent from the country. A new king is in his place, and the authority is exercised by a Revolutionary Committee. It is reported that Venizelos, the ablest man in Greece, is to be brought back to a place of leadership in his country. Whether he is to be made prime minister or appointed to act as the spokesman before the Allies of his country is not known. Perhaps both tasks will be put upon him. The refugee King, Constantine, will not be likely to suffer, as he has been getting ready for such an emergency and has large sums of money invested in safe places.

The memoirs of the former German Kaiser are being published in a large number of papers and are assured a wide circulation. Any light that may be shed on the causes leading to the recent war are to be welcomed. The old emperor ought to know a lot, if he cares to tell correctly what he knows. His statements, however, will have to stand the test of severe criticism. One good result of his effort, however, will be the drawing out of other statements. It is already known that Viviani, of France, is dropping other duties that he may devote his time to a reply to the Kaiser. Like the memoirs of Napoleon, written during his exile on St. Helena the Kaiser's narrative will be received with a good deal of allowance.

The recent death of Griffith and the assassination of Collins in Ireland, the disheartening to the friends of the Free State, has not checked the plans of its continuance. A new Parliament, or Dial Eirann, has just come together, made up mostly of supporters of the Free State. The party of DeValera elected some members, but so far only one has appeared. The president of the body and acting head of Ireland, Cosgrave, in a strong statement declares that an armed minority shall not rule Ireland. He realizes the danger (Continued on page 8)