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R. H. STANTON'S LAW OFFICE has been removed to the lower floor of the Eagle building, on Court street, where he will attend to any business in the Circuit Courts or Court of Appeals and Superior Court, which may be entrusted to him. d23d1mo

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Special attention paid to tin roofing, gutters and spouting. Practical plumbers, gas and steam fitters. Wrought iron and lead pipes, etc. All work attended to promptly and warranted. 23 E. Second st. m17ly MAYSVILLE, KY.

SIMMONS' Medicated Well-Water. A Specific for BRUCELLEA and DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS.

HAS been used with most gratifying success in many obstinate cases. Prof. F. W. Clark, professor of Chemistry at the University of Cincinnati says this water "belongs to the same class with that of the Alleghany Springs of Virginia, the medicinal virtues of which are too well known to be stated here. Those who desire to try this famous water are referred to Captain C. W. Boyd, Louisville, Ohio; Captain G. M. Holloway, Cincinnati, Ohio; J. J. Heaps, Cincinnati, Ohio. For sale in half barrels and jugs by GUS SIMMONS, Proprietor. m18d4w1u Aberdeen, Ohio.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

COST OF THE STAR ROUTE CASES. Pointed Remarks Regarding Representative Duties--Agitation in Behalf of the Tobacco Interests--Another Pension Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 9.—Representative Poland, of Vermont, introduced a bill granting pensions to all soldiers of the late war. It provides that all who served over sixty days and less than one year shall receive \$5.00 per month; over one year and less than two, \$6.00; over two and less than three years, \$7.00; over three years, \$8.00. The pension is granted to go to the pensioner solely. Nothing in this act is to be construed as conflicting with the present invalid pension act.

VANOE'S PATENT LEGISLATION. The House Committee on Patents authorizes a favorable report to be made on Representative Vance's bill, which provides that "No person shall be debarred from receiving a patent for his invention or discovery, nor shall any patent hereafter granted be declared invalid, by reason of its having been first patented or caused to be patented in a foreign country, unless the same has been introduced into public use in the United States for more than two years prior to the application.

A favorable report was also authorized to be made on Mr. Vance's bill to enable the courts of the United States, in the case of the improper grant of letters-patent by reason of fraud, misrepresentation or for other reasons, to declare a patent void on application of the Attorney-General.

POSTOFFICE APPOINTMENTS. The Senate, in executive session, confirmed among others the following postmasters: Harvey Park, Henderson, Ky.; Lawson Reno, Owensboro, Ky.; Samuel Galloway, Tippecanoe City, O.; W. L. Greene, Port Clinton, O.; John Strong, Loudonville, O.; Edwin King, Madison, O.

HONORS TO DE LONG PARTY. It has been decided to receive the bodies of the De Long party on their arrival in New York with appropriate naval ceremonies. Naval officers of high rank, those who participated in the search for De Long, and the personal friends of the deceased, will go to New York for that purpose.

REPRESENTATIVE DUES. "What is the object of your resolution calling upon the Secretary of State for information regarding the dues of our representatives in foreign countries," inquired a United Press reporter of Congressman Robinson of New York. "It is to ascertain if any of our representatives abroad are really acting like dundes," he replied. "I am told in some countries our ministers and consuls dress like fops; that they don't fancy coats and big brass braces, and imagine themselves kings and princes. 'Have you any instances?' 'Yes, sir. I am told that recently our Minister Lowell could not be seen because he was dressing for a reception. It is said that our representative to Persia had to take off his boots not long since and approach the Pasha in his bare feet. Such proceedings are beneath the dignity of an American citizen. He ought to have applied his boot to the Pasha. When I was in Congress in 1877 a bill was passed requiring our representatives to appear on all occasions as American citizens. If our representatives are making fools of themselves, or are violating this law, we want to know it.'

EXPENSE OF THE STAR ROUTE TRIALS. In response to Senator Van Wyck's resolution of December 12th, Secretary Folger sent to the Senate a communication accompanied by vouchers and items of expenses incurred by the Department of Justice since March 4th, 1883. The document shows that for prosecuting the Star Route cases the persons named received compensation as follows: A. M. Gibson, \$5,000; B. H. Brewster, \$5,000; Allen Pinkerton, detective, \$5,975; W. W. Ker, \$29,877; H. H. Wells, \$300; George Bliss, \$34,282; A. Cook, \$13,699; R. T. Merrick, \$17,500; total, \$113,632.

THE TOBACCO INTERESTS. A delegate representing the tobacco interests of the country had a conference with Secretary Folger. The question was concerning the decision of the Treasury Department that Sumatra leaf tobacco, imported, must pay a duty of seventy-five cents per pound on each package of which 80 per cent was fit for use in wrappers. It was claimed that under this ruling packages containing 50 per cent or less of good leaf tobacco, and 50 per cent or more of inferior tobacco for fillers were imported at thirty-five cents per pound duty, and thereby large amounts of similar tobacco fit for wrappings was imported as the rates chargeable for inferior tobacco, and the New England manufacturers of fine wrapping tobacco were deprived of that protection which the law was designed to give them. The Secretary is asked to reverse his ruling, and allow the duty upon importations of leaf tobacco to be estimated on an entire consignment instead of in single packages.

THE GREELY RELIEF INQUIRY. The Greeley Relief Board heard the suggestions of Lieutenant Berry, of the Rodgers expedition, who outlined a plan for a relief expedition, transported in two vessels. Lieutenant Dainhower, of the Jeanette expedition, detailed a plan for the transportation of the relief expedition in a 300-ton vessel similar to those engaged in the Mediterranean fruit trade, to be attended by a smaller supply-ship, the expedition to start as early as possible, and to be prepared for long journeys in boats. Chief Engineer Melville, also of the Jeanette, read a carefully prepared plan for the fitting out and conduct of a relief expedition. He favored the transportation of the relief party in two vessels leaving the United States not later than May 1.

Chicago, Jan. 9.—A brief dispatch from Dallas, Tex., says a great fire is raging at the town of Baird, 300 miles distant. No communication except through railroad wire.

A Happy Combination. PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 9.—A Baltimore dispatch says: "Theresa Sturla has gone to New York, where she will be educated for Italian Opera, to appear under the management of Freddie Gebhardt."

FOREIGN NEWS.

CHINESE GORDON'S VIEWS. LONDON, Jan. 9.—Chinese Gordon, in an interview at Southampton, protested against the abandonment of Soudan, especially Eastern Soudan and Khartoum. He suggests Sir Samuel Baker be appointed Governor of Soudan, and that Foster, late Chief Secretary of Egypt, General Gordon says, in the event of the appointment of Sir Samuel Baker to the Governorship of Soudan, his influence with the tribes there would cause internal dissensions among Mahdi's forces, which would lead to their dispersion. He advised, in order to hasten the breaking up of the rebellion, £200,000 be given to Sir Samuel Baker for distribution among the different chiefs under Mahdi. He declares that the rebellion was brought about by discontent at the religious warfare which was being carried on in the Soudan, and states that Mahdi is merely a puppet in the hands of Zehrra, his father-in-law, who is a large slave holder.

NO INTENTIONS. CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 9.—It is stated that the Porte has no intention of sending an expedition to Soudan.

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIAL. DUBLIN, Jan. 9.—The Home Rulers have commenced subscription toward a fund to be given to Mrs. James O'Kelly, wife of the Home Ruler, member of Parliament, as a testimonial, appreciative of his services in behalf of Ireland. Mr. O'Kelly was several years ago one of the editors of the New York Herald.

THE KHEDIVÉ SATISFIED. CAIRO, Jan. 9.—In conversation with a correspondent the Khedive expressed his cordial concurrence in the abandonment of the Soudan, saying that if he should now attempt to defend Khartoum, and should be defeated, the responsibility for thousands of lives would be upon him.

ABUSES HERE LASKER. BERLIN, Jan. 9.—Dr. Stoeker, the Court Chaplain, noted for his violent attacks upon the Jews and Socialists, publishes in the Reichsanzeiger an article abusive of the late Herr Lasker.

ENGLAND DEBATING THE EGYPTIAN QUESTION. LONDON, Jan. 9.—The Daily Telegraph says that the English Cabinet has been seriously debating the desirability of protecting Egypt for five years, and assuming virtual control during that period by appointing English Under Secretaries for each of the Government departments.

RADLY EIGHTENED. ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 9.—Count Tolstoin, Minister of the Interior, has carried his body guard to be increased to thirty men since the discovery in Lieutenant Colonel Sudeikin's rooms of nihilist letters threatening death to the Count.

A GEORGIA CYCLONE. Trees Torn up, Houses Unroofed, and Narrow Escapes. MACKON, Ga., Jan. 9.—News is just received of a cyclone which passed through the upper part of Coastal County, and which was most terrific in its results. The trees were piled in heaps and houses unroofed and blown away. For a half mile wide almost everything was torn up and trampled. Every house on Tom Smith's place was unroofed but one. In many places the fencing is gone, and the fields almost covered with logs. In one instance two women had just left their bed, when immediately the roof was taken off, two rafters penetrating the bed, and ways, which they had just left.

Severe Storm at Atlantic City. ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Jan. 9.—Yesterday afternoon a heavy northeast set in. As darkness came on the wind shifted to the east, the gale increased, and it rained torrents. A worse night has not been seen here. The tide was at an unusual height. About two this morning the work of destruction began. Bath-houses, shops, and stables fell with a crash. Only a few pieces of the board walk escaped. A large three-masted schooner hove close to the bath-houses, as the foot of Kentucky avenue. The vessel proved to be the Robert Morgan, of New Haven, Conn., Captain W. C. Crosswell, with a crew of eight men. The vessel was built last November. She struck at 3:30 this morning, and now sits like a picture, high and dry on the beach.

Arthur on His Dignity. NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—It is stated upon good authority, that President Arthur will not raise his finger to secure his re-nomination. He has looked the situation over very carefully, and, while he would be very much pleased to be re-nominated, he yet thinks it would be very impolitic and undignified on his part to make any great effort. The position he has decided to occupy is a very dignified one, and in the opinion of leading politicians it is the strongest he could have selected to occupy. If he is nominated while he is occupying this position it would rebound much more to his honor, and if not he can retire at the end of his administration with a better grace.

Increase of Railroad Stock. PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 9.—The board of directors of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company have resolved to increase the capital stock of the company outstanding twenty per cent, giving stockholders the privilege of subscribing to the new stock at par at the proportion of one share for five held by them. The increase of capital will amount to \$5,326,629.

Another Soft Glove Match. NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—Billy Madison has made a match with Jim Geddes to fight Tom Sweeney, of New Haven, four rounds with soft gloves, Marquis of Queensbury rules, \$50 a side. The contest to take place at Claradon Hall, this city, January 28. The winner to take 60 and the loser 40 per cent of the entrance money and receipts.

Watson's Temperance Walk. LONDON, Jan. 9.—The Sportsman reports that Weston completed one-quarter of his winter walk of 5,000 miles over the country roads of England in the interest of temperance.

PAYNE THE CHOSEN ONE.

NOMINATED ON THE FIRST BALLOT. Fendleton, Ward, and Geddes, Among the Rejected--A Secret Caucus, and Reporters Incontinentally Bounced.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 9.—The Democratic Senatorial caucus met at 8 o'clock with Senator White in the chair and Representative Brunner as Secretary. Senator Reed made a motion to allow the correspondents to occupy the south gallery, but objection was made by Allen O. Myers, on the ground that the newspapers would picture the thing to their own imagination. The motion was lost, and the pencil pushers were bounced by order of the Chairman. A committee of five was appointed to examine all the rooms and quarters where a Bohemian might be hidden. The Committee that was appointed to report rules governing the caucus made a majority and minority report. The minority report was rejected, and the report of the majority adopted. After considerable discussion over minor matters, the caucus by a vote of twenty-eight to fifty-three, decided to have a secret ballot. Messrs. Addison Reed, Cunningham, Johnson and Pierce declared their intention of wanting to vote openly, but the caucus decided otherwise. The caucus then proceeded to ballot for Senator, which resulted as follows: Payne, forty-eight; Ward, seventeen; Fendleton, fifteen; George W. Geddes, one; Henry J. Gould, one. The caucus, after giving three cheers for Payne, adjourned.

CONGRESSIONAL SUMMARY. Senate. WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The Chair laid before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of the Interior relating to the condition and necessities of the Crow Indians in Montana. The Secretary recommends increased appropriation for these Indians from \$65,000 to \$90,000.

A communication was read from the Secretary of the Interior transmitting the report of the Surveyor General of New Mexico, in relation to private claims. The Secretary of the Treasury, in response to the Senate resolution, sent statement of the condition of the public debt.

The Secretary of War sent a report on the result of surveys coast marine. Mr. Plumb presented a petition from 30,000 ex-soldiers residing in Kansas, praying for the establishment of a soldiers' home in that State.

Mr. Sawyer reported favorably from the Committee on Railroads a bill for the relief of the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Gulf Railroad.

Among bills introduced were the following: To regulate placer claims in mineral lands. To maintain and support Marine Hospital. This bill repeals the monthly tax of sailors to support marine hospitals, and makes provisions for their maintenance by the Government without tax. Bills to amend the act concerning commerce and navigation, the regulation of steam vessels, and revise the postal laws. To further define the limits of the appellate jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of the United States. To authorize the construction of a bridge across the Missouri River for the Rock Island Railroad Company. A resolution was offered, which was agreed to, instructing the Attorney General to transmit copies of the reports made by the Examiner, Department of Justice, concerning the business of the Courts of Alabama, Georgia, Arkansas, Texas, relating to the abuses of officers and Marshalls in said Courts. Mr. Anthony offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Foreign Affairs to inquire into the expediency of such legislation as will enable the Executive to protect our interests against Governments which have prohibited or restricted the importation of American goods. "I do not desire," said Mr. Van Wyck, "to object to the proposition, I want an opportunity to add something more to the resolution. I believe that the difficulty is that the foreign nations have struck at the American products in the spirit of retaliation. I desire that the matter go over, so that I may offer an amendment."

From the same committee was reported a bill to provide for mustering out and paying certain officers and men in volunteer service, which was placed in private calendar.

Slocum (N. Y.), from Select Committee on American Shipping, reported a bill to remove certain burdens on American Merchant Marine, and to encourage the American foreign carrying trade. Referred to committee of the whole.

The Senate Committee on Naval Affairs agreed to take under consideration, Thursday, Mr. Hale's bill providing for the construction of new steel cruisers, and invited Secretary Chandler to address the committee on the subject.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—In the Senate Mr. Cameron (Wis.) presented a petition from the Wisconsin State Historical Society in favor of the publication of the proposed Centennial History of the United States.

Mr. Hale offered a resolution, which was agreed to, directing the Secretary of the Navy to inform the Senate what was the original cost of all the vessels in naval register, and the total expense of repairs on them since their construction.

Mr. Van Wyck introduced a resolution directing the Secretary of the Interior to suspend action in issuing certificates or patents to land granted to the New Orleans and Pacific Railroad Company until Congress shall determine the question of the grants.

At the expiration of the morning hour the consideration of the proposed new rules was resumed. The question on the adoption of rule 11, relating to amendments to appropriation bills, which proposes to send matters relating to the expenditures of the District to the Committee on the District of Columbia, Mr. Beck repeated his objection that this was the beginning of a raid on the Appropriation Committee which would finally end in the extermination of the committee.

In the course of his remarks Mr. Beck criticized the system which prevails in the Treasury Department and allows the Secretary to keep only one set of books, which

he can make to balance. "There is not," he exclaimed, "a decent establishment in the country that would carry on its business in the way the Treasury Department carries its business on with one set of books, and the Secretary with such a multiplicity of affairs to attend to that he has hardly time to sign his name to papers placed before him by his clerks."

Mr. Edmunds thought it would be injurious to the public interests to send appropriations to the various committees. Such a practice would enormously increase the sum total of the annual appropriations.

The debate was suspended to allow of the presentation of executive documents. Among those presented was the report of the Mississippi River Commission, and the President invited the early attention of Congress to the construction of the work recommended by the commission, and recommended an immediate appropriation of \$1,000,000 to push the work without delay.

House. Mr. Kasson (Iowa) introduced a resolution directing the Committee on Foreign Affairs to inquire into the facts as to the exclusion of hog products from foreign countries, report by bill or otherwise. Adopted.

Denster (Wis.) offered a resolution directing similar inquiry by the Committee on Commerce. Referred.

The regular order, call committee, was demanded. Reed (Me.), from Committee on Judiciary, reported a bill fixing the time for holding courts in the District of Maine. Placed on calendar.

Rosecrans (Cal.) from Military Committee, reported back a number of bills to equalize bounties, with the recommendation that they be referred to the Committee on Pensions, Bounty and Back Pay. So ordered. Also bill for the relief of Fitz John Porter, which was sent to the private calendar.

Steel (Ind.) gave notice of a minority report. Mr. Rosecrans also submitted a resolution calling upon the Secretary of War for a detailed statement of courts martial from 1867 to 1871, and from 1877 to 1881. Adopted.

Mr. Cox (N. Y.) introduced a resolution calling upon the President for the correspondence relating to the condition and treatment in Russia of Hebrews, and especially Hebrew citizens of the United States.

Mr. Young (Tenn.) introduced a bill to re-establish the National Board of Health. Mr. Dauster (Wis.) proposed an amendment to the Constitution, prohibiting Congress or State Legislatures from imposing any restrictions upon the manufacture of any article composed wholly or in part of the product of the soil.

Mr. Sumner (Wis.) a constitutional amendment enabling the President to veto portions of an appropriation bill, but giving Congress power to re-enact the clause by a majority vote.

Mr. Brents (Wash. Terr.) a bill for the admission of Washington Territory as a State. There were introduced 674 bills, making 1,344 for the two days, and 3,307 for the session.

Fence-Cutting Outrage. AUSTIN, Tex., Jan. 9.—A special session of the Texas legislature is called to enact measures for the suppression of the fence-cutting outrages and other species of communism that have of late caused such disastrous loss to property. Governor Ireland's message was read and loudly applauded. It urges making fence-cutting a felony, and says that all classes of industries in Texas have so suffered at the hands of lawless elements that if not immediately suppressed our constitution and laws must perish, and socialism become universal.

Excited Scandinavians. DES MOINES, Iowa, Jan. 9.—A writ of replevin for the body of John Larrell, the pauper who was frozen to death at Taylor Friday, which had been turned over to a medical college, was procured yesterday, and an officer broke in the door of the dissecting room, took possession of it, and delivered it up to the Swedes who sued out the writ, and they buried it. Three hundred Scandinavians quit work and threatened to take the body by force if lawful means failed. They were greatly excited.

The Same Old Muddle. ST. LOUIS, Jan. 9.—The Board of Police Commissioners has elected Major Laurence Harrison Chief of Police. John W. Campbell, the deposed chief, was ordered to come before the board and show cause why he had not obeyed orders and walked the beat assigned him. He refused to appear, but served notice to the board that he would controvert the position held by them in the courts. He still retains his keys of office.

Jackson's Anniversary in Boston. BOSTON, Jan. 9.—Over two hundred prominent Democrats were present at the Jackson anniversary dinner at the Parker House. Hon. Charles L. Woodbury presided. Letters of regret were read from General Durbin Ward, Senator Fendleton, Speaker Carleton, Congressman Cox, Governor Cleveland, John Kelly, General Hancock, and many others.

Closed by the Sheriff. MADISON, Wis., Jan. 9.—The largest dry-goods house in the city, carried on by R. G. Ogilvie, was closed by the Sheriff yesterday. Liabilities are about \$60,000; assets, nominally, \$5,000. An assignment was made after attachment had been served.

Lost in the Pacific. PORTLAND, Ore., Jan. 9.—News is just received of the wreck of the bark Wanderer, near San Juan Island, off Vancouver Island. The vessel and cargo are a complete loss. The crew was rescued with great difficulty.

No Result in Kentucky. FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 9.—The Democratic caucus has been postponed until Monday, and the choice of United States Senator is therefore a matter for continued conjecture and hard work for the friends of candidates.