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"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children."
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"From personal knowledge I can say that Castoria is a most excellent medicine for children."
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Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

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the best in the world, in packages and in bulk. A big supply of the very best varieties of Northern Growth Potatoes for seed and table use. Highest Market price paid for Poultry, Eggs and all kinds of Country Produce.

People from the country are invited to make my house headquarters while in town. Goods delivered to all parts of the city free of charge or delivery.



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THE MOST POPULAR GLASSES IN THE U.S. They are daily worn and are warmly praised by the solid Representative Men of this country, many of them being of National Fame. The list embraces Bankers, Merchants, Lawyers, Governors, Senators, Foreign Ministers, Mechanics, Preachers, MEN EMINENT IN ALL PROFESSIONS AND TRADES.

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Messages promptly delivered. Maysville office at Parker & Co.'s livery stable.

BEHRING SEA TREATY

It is Discussed by the Senate in Secret Session.

A VOTE EXPECTED NEXT WEEK.

It is Believed That the Treaty Will Be Ratified—All the Employees of the Senate Excluded from the Executive Session.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The senate of the United States again devoted itself to the Behring sea arbitration treaty yesterday, but did not take action on it. From the character of the discussion and the disposition shown by the senators who took part in it, there is every reason to believe that the debate has about reached its conclusion and that a vote will be taken early next week with the ratification of the treaty as a result. This is the situation in a nutshell.

Following out its plan of Thursday its fruitless attempt to prevent the proceedings in executive session from being made public, the senate yesterday again cast suspicion on the venerable Captain Bassett, Executive Clerk Young and other trustworthy employees who have never been known to or even suspected of betraying an executive secret, by excluding all employees with the exception of General McCook, the secretary of the senate and Mr. Vallanyne, the sergeant-at-arms, from the chamber during the secret session. There was much indignation expressed in the Capitol at the exclusion, and it is certain that the employees themselves, particularly Captain Bassett, who has served continuously for sixty-three years in the service of the senate, feel keenly the stigma of suspicion cast upon them, although none of them have expressed themselves on the subject.

Immediately after the routine business of the morning had been finished the senate, at 12:30 o'clock, went into secret session on motion of Mr. Sherman, and when the employees were excluded and the doors closed the arbitration treaty was taken up.

Mr. Felton, of California, made a vigorous onslaught on the treaty. To ratify, he said, would be a virtual surrender of our rights acquired from Russia under the Alaska purchase treaty of 1867. Ratification, he contended, would be manifest disrespect towards Russia, and he believed that the friendly feeling existing between that country and the United States would be strained if ratifications were exchanged.

Mr. Felton was supported by several senators from the far west, but the contingent was very small and did not have much weight. The element that proved so strong Thursday—that which held that the modus vivendi should be renewed before the treaty was ratified—again came to the front. Senators Frye, Butler, Teller, Chandler and others sustaining the position of this faction. This element was strongest during Thursday's debate, but it showed signs of falling off in the discussion yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Sherman counseled a conservative course and made a strong argument in favor of a ratification of the treaty without restriction. He contended that England would never agree to exchange ratification under a threat of refusal to allow the ratification to become effective until the modus vivendi was renewed. He pointed out to the senate the advantage that would be derived by the United States if ratification were agreed to peaceably and without restriction. He thought it for the best interests of this country that the senate should do nothing unfriendly, in order that England would be compelled to take the initiative in the matter, thus throwing the responsibility on that government for any trouble that might ensue.

Several senators made the contention that the senate should support the president by passing a resolution strengthening him in his position, and quite a formidable contingent developed in support of this view. Mr. Sherman, Mr. Morgan and Mr. Gray combatted it, however, contending that the president did not need advice; that he knew what was best to do, and that the passage of such a resolution would appear like a threat to Great Britain and thus place the United States in the position of having made the first hostile movement.

When the senate concluded the discussion after it had been behind closed doors for nearly two and a half hours, it had taken no action on the treaty or on any of the propositions relating to it, but there was a general feeling that it had been fully discussed, and that next week a vote on the main question could be taken. There was a general belief that the treaty would be ratified then without restriction.

BEHRING SEA CONTROVERSY.

Officials Busy Preparing Our Case for the Arbitrators.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The officials at the state department charged with the duty of preparing the case of the United States for the arbitrators on the Behring sea controversy are busily engaged these days. General J. W. Foster is in almost constant conference with Mr. Frank Partridge, the solicitor of the department, and Mr. J. Stanley Brown, who visited the seal islands last year as special agent of the government, and Mr. Ivan Petroff, who was special census agent in Alaska, have joined Professors Mendenhall and Merriam, the Behring sea commissioners, in aiding General Foster in preparing and arranging the data upon which this government will present and rest its case. This will include the formal report of Professors Mendenhall and Merriam,

which is not yet truly completed, and a vast deal of evidence and information collected by them and Messrs. Brown and Petroff.

The cabinet meeting yesterday was not exciting, hardly interesting in a news sense. There was nothing to do in the Behring sea matter, and it was discussed only informally. There was no truth in the rumor, which found circulation during the afternoon, that Lord Salisbury had replied to the president's note of the 22d, the last in the correspondence recently published. Likewise, a cabinet officer stated there was no truth in the statement published in the New York Times to the effect that the Russian minister had notified the president that his government would increase the Russian fleet in Behring sea.

MAD DOG EXCITEMENT.

Two People Badly Bitten at Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 26.—The northeastern part of the city is greatly excited over the biting of Annie White and Herman Schwear Thursday night by a rabid dog. The animal was frothing at the mouth and Miss White attempted to drive him from the yard, when he attacked her and lacerated her right hand badly. It then jumped over the fence and ran down the street. Mr. Schwear was returning home from his work and met the dog on the sidewalk. The animal leaped upon him and closed his teeth upon his right hand, piercing it through the palm.

Several other persons were attacked, and a woman had her clothing torn in shreds by the vicious animal yesterday. Schwear's wound proved very painful and his friends are very uneasy about him. His arm is swollen to the shoulder and his hand is badly discolored. He is trying a madstone to the wound. Miss White is not suffering as much pain as Schwear, but will also try the stone. The dog was killed yesterday.

Burial Postponed.

SPRINGFIELD, O., March 26.—Wednesday morning the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Farrow was found dead in bed. The funeral services were stopped in a very sensational manner yesterday. Coroner Austin walked in and forbade the removal of the body until an investigation is made of charges preferred by the child's mother against her husband. She claims that he strangled the child to death. There has been ill-feeling between the pair for some time, and Farrow claims that Joe Lyman is the father of the child. It is currently reported that he had threatened to kill the infant to get even with her.

Looks Like a Murder.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 26.—Thursday night James B. Swain was arrested for drunkenness, but it soon developed that something more serious ailed him. He grew rapidly worse during the night and at 8 o'clock yesterday morning died. An examination showed that he had been struck on the head with a blunt instrument, and the detectives have learned that he had domestic troubles and that a male companion of his wife had some trouble with him. There is evidence that the men met and had a conflict. Swain was a prosperous farmer of West Falls, about forty miles from here.

Strikers' Last Warning.

MEMPHIS, March 26.—The strike of the yard switchmen of the Memphis and Charleston railroad continues. The strike has been taken up by the Switchmen's Mutual Aid association, and the order has been given that no freight cars are to be handled by other railroad companies. This action was determined upon Wednesday night, soon after the strike was begun. No attempt has yet been made to fill the places of the strikers, but it is stated that if the strikers do not soon return to work, other men will be secured.

Died After an Eight Weeks' Fast.

CRAWFORDSVILLE, Ind., March 26.—Basil Tracey, of Waynetown, died yesterday at the advanced age of ninety years. He had been able to take absolutely no nourishment for the last eight weeks, and literally fasted for that period. He leaves, besides a vast amount of personal property, about 2,000 acres of land. This his heirs are already fighting over, having begun suits a year ago when the old gentleman attempted to distribute it.

Wave of Reform.

VALPARAISO, March 26.—Dr. Tracy, a temperance evangelist, is conducting a series of meetings here. Last night 900 people were turned away from the opera house, unable to gain admittance. A wave of reform is sweeping over the city. Next Sunday evening the pastors of the churches will discuss the issues involved in the next city election. The saloon interests are thoroughly alarmed at the aggressive attitude of the better element.

Prominent Man Believed Murdered.

PAINEVILLE, O., March 26.—Yesterday the body of C. H. Graham, a prominent citizen of Richmond, O., was found in the river at Fairport with all evidence that murder had been committed. He was a candidate for mayor at the coming election.

No Gas North of the Wabash.

VALPARAISO, Ind., March 26.—Operations at the Porter prospecting well have been abandoned. The well caved in after the drill had reached a depth of 1,900 feet, by using the tools in the bottom. The contractor, who is an experienced well-driller, says there is no gas north of the Wabash.

Died of Exhaustion.

PLAINFIELD, Ind., March 26.—Thomas Worth, a highly-honored citizen, died at the home of his son in this place last evening. He was aged eighty-five years. Death was caused by exhaustion.

REVIEW OF TRADE.

R. G. Dun & Company's Weekly Business Report.

CONFIDENCE STILL PREVAILS.

Prices of Commodities Lower Than One Year Ago—A Better Tone to the Iron Market—Our Foreign Relations Have a Slight Effect on the Money Market. Business Failures.

NEW YORK, March 26.—R. G. Dun & Company's review of trade says: With unusually conflicting signs the confidence which prevails in business circles is still unabated. Prices of commodities as a whole have declined three-fourths of 1 per cent. during the week, and are now 18 per cent. lower than a year ago at this time.

At Boston bad weather affects the dry goods trade, which is yet quite satisfactory. Cotton machinery is well employed, the boot and shoe factories busy with a large number of buyers in the market, rubber goods very active with works employed overtime, and sales of wool fair in amount though the market favors buyers. At Bridgeport hardware is flourishing, the output of rubber goods light, and trade in corsets, brassware and building materials active. At Hartford the wool trade is fair, hardware quiet, and there is no improvement in groceries or dry goods.

At Philadelphia sales of dry goods are smaller than of late, though equal to last year's, wool very quiet, trade in chemicals steady and in oils fairly active, but other trades are quiet, with plateglass extremely low in price. At Baltimore manufactures of cotton duck and architectural iron are busy with abundance of orders. At Cincinnati machinery is brisk, surpassing the trade of former years, and retail business brighter. At Cleveland rolling mills are full of work, though at prices 10 to 15 per cent. lower than ever before, business in dry goods and hardware is good, and in other branches fair. At Detroit trade is equal to last year's, but has no snap.

At Chicago increase is seen in receipts of breadstuffs, dressed beef, cheese and butter, but decrease in provisions, cattle, hides and wool. Merchandise sales are equal to last year's. Unfavorable weather affects spring trade at Milwaukee, and seriously hampers trade at St. Louis, though the feeling is hopeful. At Minneapolis trade is good, though flour is very dull, and at St. Paul business is brisk, at Omaha very active, and at Kansas City improving in retail business, though receipts of cattle and hogs are light. Improvement is seen at Denver and also at Louisville, but Memphis reports no improvement; Montgomery a moderate trade, and Savannah some decline. At New Orleans business is quiet, though there is a better movement of cotton, and sugar is active.

The iron trade shows a better tone in spite of very low prices. Larger sales of pig are reported since the recent decline, and there is less pressure to sell, bessemer iron being steady at \$14.50 at Pittsburg. Structural iron is fairly active with better prospects, bar iron is more active and there is improved demand for plates. The stronger market for copper here and abroad is counted proof that a combination has been formed. Tin is stronger, and lead fairly active at 4.15 cents. The coal trade is hesitating, much affected by doubt whether the New Jersey bill, legalizing the combination, will be signed by the governor. The woolen manufacture is doing unusually well for the season though very low prices and sharp foreign competition in some branches are seriously felt. The cheapness of cotton helps the manufacture the more because the demand fairly sustains the price of goods.

But for the uncertainty how far foreign relations will affect money and business here, the general confidence in the future of trade would seem to be justified.

The business failures occurring throughout the country during the last seven days, as reported to R. G. Dun & Company by the telegraph, number for the United States 200 and for Canada 31, or a total of 31 as compared with totals of 249 last week, and 256 the week previous to the last. For the corresponding week of last year the figures were 256, representing 228 failures in the United States and 28 in the Dominion of Canada.

ARSON, MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Terrible Crimes Committed by a Railroad Employee.

ST. LOUIS, March 26.—August Arndt, a railroad employe here, committed suicide Thursday under sensational circumstances. Late Wednesday, he returned home and began abusing his wife. Mrs. Arndt left the house, and with her children went to the residence of a Mrs. Hammock, a neighbor. At 3 o'clock Thursday morning the Hammock house was discovered to be on fire and the inmates escaped with difficulty.

Mrs. Arndt then went to the house of a man named Strobeck, followed by her husband. Arndt commanded his wife to leave the Strobeck house, and upon her refusal he shot her in the shoulder, inflicting a dangerous wound. He then shot at his own child, and, supposing he had killed both, he shot himself in the temple and died instantly. Mrs. Arndt says that it was her husband who started the numerous incendiary fires which have occurred here this winter.

Senator Quay's Libellers Pardoned.

HARRISBURG, March 26.—Governor Pattison has approved the recommendation of the board of pardons that Messrs. Mellon and Porter, editors of the Beaver Star, sentenced to six months' imprisonment for libelling Senator Quay, be pardoned.

DUNBAR DISASTER'S DEAD.

Hundreds of Miners Attend the Funeral of the Victims of the Horror.

DUNBAR, Pa., March 26.—All of the adjoining mines and coke works shut down yesterday and hundreds of the employes attended the funeral of their dead comrades at Dunbar.

The remains of the victims were placed in caskets in the mine during Thursday night and at 4 o'clock in the morning the first casket was brought out. This work was not completed until 10 o'clock. Each casket was then opened, and the coroner and jury again viewed the remains. The male relatives of the dead were permitted to view the bodies, all of which were identified but one.

At 2 o'clock in the afternoon, Father Maladay delivered the sermon at the cemetery. At the same hour Rev. Stewart, of the Presbyterian church, conducted the funeral services of these three Protestants.

Mine Inspector Duncan says it will take ten or more days to get the other six bodies out.

The recovery of the bodies and the reopening of the mine has cost the Dunbar Furnace company about \$200,000. The coroner's jury rendered a verdict that they met their death by suffocation from smoke.

USED THEIR REVOLVERS.

Discharged Workmen and Police Indulge in a Pistol Conflict.

KENT, O., March 26.—At an early hour yesterday morning a riot broke out, which for a while threatened serious results. Thursday several switchmen were discharged by Erie railway officials for drunkenness and new men put in their places. The discharged employes and friends congregated in the railroad yards early in the evening and demanded reinstatement.

They were refused and immediately attacked the new men, threatening to shoot them. The police maintained order until after midnight when the men attacked the officers. Resort was had to revolvers and a rattling fusillade followed, thirty or forty shots being exchanged. The mob was finally dispersed. No fatalities occurred, although two of the mob were badly wounded.

DOUBLE TRAGEDY.

A Man Mortally Wounds His Brother and Then Commits Suicide.

KENT, O., March 26.—A terrible double tragedy was enacted at Magadore yesterday. Two brothers, Henry and John Clinger, have quarreled over the division of their father's estate. They met in the woods yesterday, where Henry was chopping and renewed the quarrel. Henry shot at his brother three times with a revolver, one shot taking only slight effect.

Henry then went home and got a shotgun and met John, whom he filled with shot. Hurrying up stairs he took off his boot, and putting his foot to the trigger and the muzzle to his mouth blew out his brains. John Clinger was not killed, but believed to be mortally wounded.

Frame Block Burned.

CLARK'S HILL, Ind., March 26.—Fire caught early yesterday morning around the flue of the saloon of S. S. Scanlon, and before it was under control \$12,000 worth of property was destroyed. The entire frame block was wrecked, and only such personal property was saved as could be carried out. Mr. Scanlon, saloon keeper, was damaged \$1,000. Campbell & Shigley, hardware merchants, loss on building and stock, \$5,000; insured for \$2,500. The building owned by Slaughter & Clarke was damaged \$1,500, with no insurance. Bassett Brothers, stock of general merchandise in this building, were damaged \$5,000.

Actor Curtis Bailed Out.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 26.—Judge Troutt yesterday decided to release actor Curtis on bail in the sum of \$50,000. Not long after the amount of bail had been fixed, the defendant's attorney appeared in court with as many as twenty-five bondsmen, all willing to go on the actor's bond. Mrs. Curtis became a surety, qualifying in the amount of \$50,000. Five other bondsmen qualified for the remaining \$50,000, and Curtis was released, his faithful wife walking beside him with happy countenance. It is his intention to secure a new trial speedily.

One Man Burned to Death.

CLOQUET, Minn., March 26.—A great fire swept Dunlap's island Thursday afternoon, destroying seven buildings valued at \$25,000. The buildings burned were stores, dwellings and the village jail. Insurance, 16,000. Patrick Flaherty, asleep on the second floor of one of the houses, was burned to death. One of the heaviest losers is the Miller Brewing company, of Milwaukee.

Will Reduce Wages.

WARREN, O., March 26.—Notice will be posted by the blast furnace operators of the Mahoning and Ohio valleys next week that after April 10 there will be a reduction of 10 per cent. in wages of all workmen. This action is taken, the operators claim, by reason of the stagnation of the iron trade. If the men refuse to accept the reduction the furnaces will be banked up.

Ohio Republican Convention.

COLUMBUS, O., March 26.—The Republican state central committee last night fixed Cleveland, April 27 and 28 as the date, for the Republican state convention. Hon. Charles P. Griffin, of Toledo, was chosen for temporary chairman of the convention.

Reducing Passenger Rates.

BOSTON, March 26.—A new schedule of second class western passenger rates has been issued by the Boston and Maine railroad. The fare to San Francisco has been placed at \$54.75, which is \$3 below the rate of the Boston and Albany road.