

"SOME PUMPKIN"



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VALUE OF CROPS IN U. S. GREATEST EVER PRODUCED

Wheat Leads, and Yield Will Exceed Billion Bushels, According to the Government Estimates.

Washington.—American harvests this year will be the most valuable ever produced. With the wheat crop exceeding a billion bushels, the largest ever produced in one season by any nation, and a corn crop which also may prove to be the largest ever grown, the government's October crop report issued Thursday announced preliminary estimates which indicate record harvests of oats, barley, rye, sweet potatoes, rice, tobacco and hay. Corn still is king of crops with indications of 3,025,159,000 bushels. While that is 82,000,000 bushels below the record of 1912, the final production may more than make up the deficiency. The higher prices this year assure the most valuable corn crop ever grown. At prices to farmers prevailing October 1, the corn crop is worth \$2,133,000,000.

Wheat prospects increased as the growing season progressed so that the preliminary estimate of production was placed at 1,002,029,000 bushels. Wet weather at harvest time, however, reduced the quality of winter wheat so that much of it will not be available for milling purposes and will have to be used for feed. At prices prevailing October 1, the farm value of the crop is \$910,844,000, considerably more than ever was paid for a wheat crop before.

September weather was particularly destructive to potatoes, causing a reduction of 37,580,000 bushels, or 10 per cent, in the forecast of production. Tobacco also suffered from unfavorable conditions, which caused a decrease of 21,619,000 pounds in the production forecast.

Tobacco, however, promises to exceed the record crop of 1909 by 43,000,000 pounds.

Oats will exceed the record crop of 1912 by almost 100,000,000 bushels. Barley will exceed its record by 13,000,000 bushels; sweet potatoes by 5,000,000 bushels; rice by 50,000 bushels, and hay by 8,000,000 tons.

Large Deposits of Novaculite Found.

Austin, Tex.—While engaged in exploration in the mountains of West Texas during the past summer, Chas. Laurence Baker of the bureau of economic geology, University of Texas, found large deposits of novaculite, a valuable oil stone heretofore found in the United States only in the Ouachita mountains of West Central Arkansas. The novaculite in Texas is found in North Central Brewster county, along the line of the Southern Pacific railroad from Haymond westward to beyond Marathon. A small area of it is found north of the railroad north and northeast of Marathon, but it has by far its largest extent south of the railroad, in which direction it is found for fully fifteen miles.

President Will Vote for Suffrage.

Washington.—President Wilson will vote for the woman suffrage state constitutional amendment in New Jersey, his home state, at the special election Oct. 19. The following statement was given out Wednesday at the White House:

"I intend to vote for woman suffrage in New Jersey because I believe that the time has come to extend that privilege and responsibility to the women of the state, but I shall vote, not as the leader of my party in the nation, but only upon my private conviction as a citizen of New Jersey called upon by the legislature of the state to express his conviction at the polls."

Train Robbers Make Big Haul.

Cincinnati, Ohio.—Not less than \$100,000 and probably more—possibly as much as \$1,000,000—was amount of loot secured by the bandits who held up Baltimore and Ohio train No. 1 at Central station, W. Va., Friday.

Army Aviator Killed in Fall.

San Diego, Cal.—Lieutenant W. D. Tallafiero, stationed at the United States army corps aviation school at North Island, fell 1,000 feet into San Diego bay Monday and was killed.

FRANCE HAS GIANT ARMORED BATTLE CRAFT

New Fleet of French Aeroplanes Will Carry Twelve Men, One 3-Inch Gun, Machine Guns and Torpedoes.

Paris.—An aerial army is no longer a dream. Such an army, formed in divisions and squadrons with battle aeroplanes, cruiser aeroplanes, scouts and torpedo planes all armed heavily and carrying three-inch cannon and rapid-fire guns, is a reality. It has been made possible through the remarkable development of military aviation in France.

The French government this week permitted foreign correspondents the first inspection of its new fleet of aeroplanes. Opportunity was given to inspect the large and small types of the new battle planes and watch them as they were maneuvering high in the air, firing round after round from their three-inch rifles, while they soared, looped and darted about.

Entering the aviation field the correspondents saw a monster battle plane thirty feet high with a number of planes stretching 130 feet across. Further back was ranged the fleet of battle cruisers and scout planes. They were formed like a battalion, twenty planes in a row across the front and ten deep. Their huge wings made a front half a mile wide.

Each squadron will consist of nine aeroplanes of all types, including one battle plane, two battle cruisers and six scout planes. The complement for a squadron will be upward of fifty officers and men for the operation of the aeroplanes and their transportation on lorries drawn by automobiles with which each squadron will be equipped.

A Naval Laboratory Proposed.

Washington.—Organization of the navy's new civilian advisory board Thursday with Thomas A. Edison as chairman was followed by the adoption of a resolution proposing establishment of a great research and experimental laboratory to cost about \$5,000,000. It is probable the proposal will be included by Secretary Daniels in his estimates to be sent to congress this winter.

More Texas Postmasters Named.

Washington.—The following Texas fourth-class postmasters have been named: Cain City, Gillespie county, Miss Roberta Price; Swift, Nacogdoches county, Miss Kate Whitton; Cat Springs, Austin county, Mrs. Pearl A. Kersten; Attoyac, Nacogdoches county, Mrs. Lola L. Fuller; Foster, Fort Bend county, Mrs. Hallie L. Rosenbush.

Labor Leader Is Given Release.

Trinidad, Colo.—John R. Lawson, labor leader convicted on a charge of homicide on charges growing out of the recent coal strike, was released from the county jail Friday on a \$35,000 bond, signed by T. M. Patterson, former United States senator, and V. Z. Reed, a capitalist of Denver.

Luling Boy Wins Corn Prize.

Luling, Tex.—At the corn show held in Lockhart, Alton Tiller took first prize. He is a member of the Boys' Corn Club. Young Tiller will get some special instruction from the Agricultural and Mechanical College as a result of his labors. His yield was fifty-seven bushels per acre, at an average cost of 19c per bushel.

Dr. Dumba Sails for Home.

New York.—Dr. Constantin T. Dumba, Austro-Hungarian ambassador to Washington, who was recalled at the request of President Wilson, sailed for home Tuesday on the Holland-American liner Nieuw Amsterdam, under a safe conduct arrangement made by the state department.

Indians Massacre Mining Town People

Douglas, Ariz.—Twenty-three inhabitants of La Colorado, a mining town in the Hermosillo, Sonora, district, were massacred by Yaqui Indians, who captured the town Thursday, according to reports. Women and children were beaten to death, it was said.

The Antis Win at Karnes City.

Karnes City, Tex.—In the election for prohibition Tuesday in the school district the antis won by a good majority.

For Daily Use by the Housewife



To be neat and to be simple is the province of the dress which is made to be worn about the house for the daily use of the housewife. The house dress has its own devotees among designers, and their thought is spent upon making it attractive and substantial and entirely suited to the needs of the woman who busies herself with the affairs of her housekeeping. To be successful with the house gown is to understand first how to select the material for making it. This must be a durable wash fabric in a neat pattern and stable colorings. The crispness and freshness of the newly laundered gown is its best attraction, and this is to be kept in mind when material is bought for it. Gingham, percales, chambrays and similar fabrics are the standards of excellence which all others must measure up to. Coarse heavy linens are to be reckoned with, also. As to color, the most pleasing models are made of combinations of white with the several fast shades of blue, green, lavender and light brown. These are often combined with a plain fabric in a solid color, as in the dress shown in the picture. The house dress is to be cut in one piece and loosely adjusted to the figure. The sleeves are not to be longer than three-quarter length and the skirt should hardly reach the instep. The pattern should provide for easy ironing and the dress should fasten at the front or side-front, with buttons and buttonholes. There are many different designs to choose from, and they do not vary greatly from year to year, for the house dress is not required to follow the fads of fashion. It is a good plan to shrink materials, and test them to see if colors are stable, before making up. And the house dress must be complete in itself—not requiring an extra collar or belt but easily and quickly slipped on and fastened.

JULIA BOTTOMLEY.

Collar and Cuff Sets of Organdie



Just at the moment the Quaker collar and cuff sets of plain, fine organdie are the most popular of all the displays at the neckwear counter. For decoration they confine themselves to fine sprays of embroidery in floral patterns, or hemstitching, or edgings and insertions of very narrow lingerie laces. But there are numbers of novelties, less plain, about to make their entry for the Christmas shopper's benefit. Among them is the pretty set of plaid and embroidered organdie shown in the picture above. This is designed to be worn with the simple one-piece afternoon frock of silk or the plain blouse of a dark color. The collar is made in three parts. A section at the back of the plaited organdie is finished with hemstitching and adorned with very small sprays of embroidery. The shaped revers at the front are plain, finished about the edges with hemstitching, and carry sprays of fine embroidery that almost cover them. The cuffs are plaited and the ends are rounded, showing the same pattern in embroidery that appears on the collar. At the center of each cuff is a narrow panel of embroidery. Nothing does the beholder or the wearer more good than these fresh and dainty sets. They are modest in price, even when bought ready-made, and cost next to nothing when made by the capable needlewoman for herself. They wear well and launder perfectly.

JULIA BOTTOMLEY.

TURKEY'S RULER A SICK MAN

Sultan Must Feel Burdens of His High Office Press Heavily Upon His Shoulders.

The sultan of Turkey, Mohammed V, the head of Islam and the thirty-sixth ruler of the house of Osman, is sick. Once such a report would bring up visions of royal relatives mysteriously poisoned, bowstrung or dropped, bound and sacked, into the dark waters of the Bosphorus, and of fortune tellers, wizards and exorcisers crowding around the ailing sovereign's bedside. Now the people talk of prospective heirs and of regents, while the sultan's Christian ally commends him to Allah and sends his ablest physician.

When the young Turks lifted Fushid Effendi upon the throne from which they had shoved his brother, Abdul Hamid, they dragged a man of sixty-five from a palace where he had been all his life scarcely more than a prisoner. In years of inactivity his body had grown big, big in width, breadth and length, a burden for his short legs. He was a sick man then. On the Selafik Fridays the chalky paleness of his heavy face and the dullness of his eyes were accentuated by the troops of young guardsmen in brilliant uniforms and the officers in glittering gold braid who surrounded him. The picture had in it more of pathos than imperialism.

When he went to appeal to the loyalty of the Albanians on the field of Kassofo, Macedonia, he was the first Ottoman sovereign to visit his provinces on a mission of peace. But the Albanians, who had imagined the sultan had wings and few of humanity's frailties, were disappointed at the sight of the heavy, feeble man in a black frock coat, and the mission failed. He seemed to lack either the knowledge or the physical force to combat the shrewd politicians around him, and he became merely a figurehead for the dominant party of the committee of union and progress.

Many things may happen with the passing of this sick man. He may be the last of the Osmanli to rule in Europe; he may be the last to bear the honors and title of the caliphate. But he has been a part of the almost forgotten hope to restore the glories of the empire, and has lived to see a Turkish army with munitions of war and supplies making a desperate and so far successful attempt to hold the almost sacred Dardanelles against a great enemy.—New York Sun.

THIS IS THE AGE OF YOUTH.

You will look ten years younger if you darken your ugly, grizzly, gray hairs by using "La Creole" Hair Dressing.—Adv.

Good Reason.

First Motorist—This is terrible heat. Second Motorist—But you must remember we have been scorching.

A Religion With Him.

"What is your father's religion?" "Golf, I guess. It's the only thing he does on Sundays."

HELP YOUR DIGESTION— WHY NOT?

It is one of the most important functions of the body and has a direct influence on your general health and strength.

A reliable first aid is HOSTETTER'S Stomach Bitters

NOT AS HE EXPRESSED THEM

Teamster's Words Would Have Required Adjustment Before Their Use in the Pulpit.

A man was brought before a police court charged with abusing his team and using loud and profane language on the street. One of the witnesses was a pious old dorky, who was submitted to a short cross-examination.

"Did the defendant use improper language while he was beating his horses?" asked the lawyer.

"Well, he talk mighty loud, suh."

"Did he indulge in profanity?"

The witness seemed puzzled. The lawyer put the question in another form:

"What I mean, Uncle Aus, is—did he use words that would be proper for your minister to use in a sermon?"

"Oh, yes suh," the old man replied with a grin that revealed the full width of his immense mouth; "but dey'd have to be 'ranged diffrunt."—Everybody's Magazine.

Too Much for Them.

It was a minstrel performance, and in the intervals between the songs the usual jokes were being perpetrated.

"What am de difference between an old maid and a married woman?" asked Sambo.

"Why," explained Sambo, "de old maid am lookin' for a husband every day, an' de married woman am lookin' for 'im every night!"

There was a pause, and several elderly gentlemen got up and stole softly into the night.

Canada's mineral production in 1914 was valued at \$128,475,499.

Hanford's Balsam is good for blood poisoning. Adv.

British India has 76,181,000 acres devoted to rice growing.

Sick Women Attention

Is it possible there is a woman in this country who continues to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial after all the evidence that is continually being published, which proves beyond contradiction that this grand old medicine has relieved more suffering among women than any other one medicine in the world?

We have published in the newspapers of the United States more genuine testimonial letters than have ever been published in the interest of any other medicine for women—and every year we publish many new testimonials, all genuine and true. Here are three never before published:

From Mrs. S. T. Richmond, Providence, R. I.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—"For the benefit of women who suffer as I have done I wish to state what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I did some heavy lifting and the doctor said it caused a displacement. I have always been weak and I overworked after my baby was born and inflammation set in, then nervous prostration, from which I did not recover until I had taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. The Compound is my best friend and when I hear of a woman with troubles like mine I try to induce her to take your medicine."—Mrs. S. T. RICHMOND, 84 Progress Avenue, Providence, R. I.

From Mrs. Maria Irwin, Peru, N.Y.

PERU, N.Y.—"Before I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was very irregular and had much pain. I had lost three children, and felt worn out all the time. This splendid medicine helped me as nothing else had done, and I am thankful every day that I took it."—Mrs. MARIA IRWIN, R.F.D. 1, Peru, N.Y.

From Mrs. Jane D. Duncan, W. Quincy, Mass.

SOUTH QUINCY, MASS.—"The doctor said that I had organic trouble and he doctored me for a long time and I did not get any relief. I saw Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound advertised and I tried it and found relief before I had finished the first bottle. I continued taking it all through middle life and am now a strong, healthy woman and earn my own living."—Mrs. JANE D. DUNCAN, Forest Avenue, West Quincy, Mass.

Write to LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

