

We have the agency for the famous Ball Nozzle Fountain Syringe at

The Eagle Drug Store.

Physicians' Prescriptions a Specialty. Night Bell.

A New Department Expressly for the Ladies.

Ladies' Tailor-Made Suits for \$12.50 a Suit.

Oates, the Tailor. P.S.—We shall have a special department open for the ladies in a few days.

Here Are Some Facts You Ought to Know.

- 1. The Detroit Telephone Company has now nearly FIVE THOUSAND subscribers. Every subscriber for a telephone has signed a legal contract. Nearly THREE THOUSAND have signed three-year contracts. 2. The Detroit Telephone Company has a THIRTY-YEAR FRANCHISE from the city, and is the only telephone company owning a franchise in Detroit. 3. The Detroit Telephone Company is now building the conduit in which to lay its cables. Sixty miles of duct feet of conduit are required. Nearly twenty-five miles are already laid. 4. The Detroit Telephone Company is building the most modern and perfect telephone plant ever built in this country. The conduit will last a hundred years and the cables will be practically imperishable. You can imagine the perfect service telephone subscribers will receive. 5. The Detroit Telephone Company has enthusiastic public and popular support. Think of a metallic circuit telephone in your house for 25 dollars a year or in your office for 40 dollars a year! No wonder the telephone subscribers are increasing at the rate of nearly 100 a week. Do you know any reason why there will not be 10,000 Detroit Telephone subscribers within three years? 6. The Detroit Telephone Company's stock is all full paid and non-assessable. Telephone stock has always been a huge paying investment. The time to buy is when the company is started. 7. The Detroit Telephone Company's prospectus, a copy of which can be had on application, shows that the stock of the company can pay a ten per cent dividend the first year and still leave five per cent for surplus. Every additional 1,000 subscribers will add over twenty thousand dollars to the earning power of the stock. How much will Detroit Telephone Company stock be worth in 1900 when it has 10,000 subscribers? 8. The Detroit Telephone Company offers a limited amount of its stock to the general public, confidently believing that no investment so profitable or more safe has ever been offered to the people of Michigan. The stock is in \$100 shares. No man or woman can afford to invest a dollar before investigating the stock of the Detroit Telephone Company.

JOHN T. HOLMES.

CALUMET, MICH.

HORRIBLE SPECTACLE.

A Female Aeronaut Falls from Her Balloon.

DROPS OVER TWO THOUSAND FEET.

Just After the Beginning of the Ascention the Parachute Breaks from the Balloon and the Woman's Only Escape from an Awful Death is Gone—Holds on to the Trapeze Bar Until Her Strength is Exhausted and Then Lets Go.

St. Louis, Aug. 31.—Despairingly relinquishing her hold upon the trapeze bar of a hot air balloon, after having accidentally released the parachute upon which her life depended, Victoria LeRoy, an aeronaut, making her fourth ascention of the week from the grounds of the St. Louis County Fair association, fell 2,600 feet Friday afternoon and was instantly killed. The spectacle was witnessed by a crowd of over a thousand. It had been preceded by several moments of spellbound horror, the fate of death awaiting the woman having been inevitable from the instant that the parachute was torn from its fastenings and fell clattering to the ground. At 5:10 o'clock the ascension had been made from the east side of the arena of the new county fair grounds near Dwyer station, on the Missouri Pacific railway. At 5:14 o'clock the tragedy occurred. When George Goldie of St. Louis, the aeronaut's helper, released the balloon for its final upward plunge, the parachute with which the woman's descent was to be made was attached to the side of the balloon, one end of the cord with which it was to be released being held by the aeronaut.

Release of the Parachute. When only about thirty feet above the heads of the spectators, there was seen a sudden jerk of the parachute rope, the release of the parachute followed, and it fell straight to the earth, opening just as it reached the ground. It is supposed that an unusually sudden swerving of the balloon caused this for the woman turned her face, agonized with fright, downward for one swift instant, and then began tugging at her left arm, which was passed through an iron ring attached to the trapeze bar. Her husband, George Hubbard, who was to drop from the height, then reached, but before he had fully torn her arm from the ring, the balloon had reached an elevation of 200 feet. Then she was afraid to let go, knowing that the fall was certain death. At that instant her husband, George Hubbard of Fremont, O., standing among the horror-stricken spectators in the fair grounds, cried out: "She's lost my God, she's lost!"

A negro in the crowd, his nerve giving away under the certainty of the approaching tragedy, ran out from the crowd, fell on his knees, and began praying in a loud voice.

Awful Moments of Suspense. Several women fainted, and the intensity of the situation was further shown by low groans from the men, whose white faces were turned toward the still rapidly rising balloon. The woman's helper, George Goldie, was running southward, following the course of the balloon, the pistol with which he was accustomed to signal her when it was time to release the parachute and descend, carried, cocked, in his hand, and throughout those first awful moments Victoria LeRoy was seen straining and tugging at the iron ring of the trapeze bar. At last she was successful in this, and she was seen to swing slightly to one side of the trapeze bar clinging to it with her left arm across and grasped her left wrist with the right hand. No cry was heard from her. A white handkerchief that had been carried in the right hand fluttered slowly downward to the ground. The woman was evidently hanging to the bar for life, but it was only a question of a few minutes until her strength must fail her. The balloon, rising and higher and higher, was seen to the south toward a clump of elm trees on the right bank of a branch of the River Desperes.

How the Body Fell. Some one in the crowd had opened his watch as the ascension was begun, and he mechanically timed the passing minutes. Just four minutes had passed when the woman released her hold on the trapeze bar and fell. For several hundred feet her body went feet first downward, as straight as an arrow. Then she turned and revolved in some erratic manner, the distance she covered in the top of a big elm tree. Goldie, the helper, was nearest to the spot. The upper branches of the elm had been seen to bend down and then sway back as the woman's body crashed through them. When the body reached the scene the corpse of Victoria Le Roy lay on the ground at the foot of the tree. In falling her back had struck heavily and broken one branch of the tree and her head another. Her body was frightfully crushed and broken. Her remains were taken in charge by the fair association, and later an inquest was held, the verdict being death by accident.

THE LONE HIGHWAYMAN.

He Robs the Treasure Box on a Stage in California.

Bakersburg, Cal., Aug. 31.—A single highwayman held up the Kernville and Caliente stage, four miles north of Ravalli, and compelled the Wells-Fargo passengers to unfasten the Wells-Fargo treasure box from the coach and throw it into the road. The driver was then ordered to proceed on his journey.

The box contained about \$2,000 in bullion. The passengers were not molested. The bandit was remarkable as it was, however, there were a lot of people who picked the five winners the same as the programme had them, and the combination book was hit hard. Five hundred to one was given to those who picked the card in a combination.

Hit the Combination Book Hard.

Cincinnati, Aug. 31.—A remarkable thing occurred at the Newport track Friday Horse No. 1 on the programme in every race won. Remarkable as it was, however, there were a lot of people who picked the five winners the same as the programme had them, and the combination book was hit hard. Five hundred to one was given to those who picked the card in a combination.

WISCONSIN FOREST FIRES.

Great Deal of Damage Caused in the Month of August.

Ashtabud, Aug. 31.—Forest fires have broken out in this vicinity. Reports from various points around here indicate that the fires are growing more serious and it is feared the havoc of two years ago will be repeated. August Linquist, section foreman of Moquah, was badly burned about the face and head, and it was only by strenuous efforts that his wife and two children got on board the train. His home and everything in sight was burned at Moquah. He arrived in the city and stated that the fires all along the Northern Pacific track in that vicinity were beyond control. The fires were burning fiercely on the west side of this city, and at one time it was thought Washburn was in danger, but the wind has changed and no anxiety is felt in that place or here. At Benton, on the Mackinac road, the Bennett Lumber company lost its mill and entire stock of lumber.

Oregon Has Big Forest Fires.

Portland, Aug. 31.—Forest fires are raging between Oak Point and Eagle Cliff, on the Washington shore of the Columbia river. An area three miles square has already been burned over. It is reported that dozens of cattle have been burned, one rumor placing the number at 200. Many million feet of lumber have been burned, estimates running as high as 25,000,000. Benson's logging and lumbering camp, with all the buildings, was destroyed. Many animals dropped dead from the excessive heat.

FRONTIERSMEN ARE BETTER.

United States Regulars Will Not Be Used to Fight Bandits.

Silver City, Aug. 31.—Owing to the roughness of the country, United States Marshall Hall has deemed it better to rely upon experienced frontiersmen in the attempt to capture the bandits entrenched in Skeleton canyon, near the New Mexico line, and has recruited several deputies to make the attack without the assistance of troops, which have been ordered to return to Fort Bayard and Fort Grant. Marshall Hall and force will reach the stronghold of the robbers very soon, and expect to attack it at once. It is now definitely known that the leader of the bandits is the notorious George, who headed the gang that held up the southern Pacific train near Stein's pass, in this territory, about a year ago, and who escaped from the Colorado authorities. It is said the reason the robbers are remaining in the canyon is to care for two men who were wounded in the recent fight with the sheriff's posse at Nogales.

Situation as Bad as It Can Be.

London, Aug. 31.—The foreign office has received dispatches from Mr. Michael Herbert, the British charge d'affaires at Constantinople. The officials there decline to communicate their text to the newspapers for the present, but it was declared Saturday that they confirmed the Associated Press dispatches, describing the situation, which is said to be about as bad as it can be. British sailors and marines have been landed to protect the embassy and the British postoffice. The Mussulmans attacked the Armenians and committed all kinds of excesses.

Accused of Murder.

Perry, O. T., Aug. 31.—Mrs. J. Cagles (formerly Mrs. Madden) and her son, Charles Madden, have been arrested southeast of Perry by a deputy marshal from Paris on a charge of murder committed near Caddo, L. T., several years ago. A warrant was also issued for the arrest of another son of Mrs. Cagles, but so far he has eluded the officers. The alleged crime is the murder of a wealthy man named Madden, and it is charged that the Madden boys, with the assistance of their mother, killed him for his money. Mrs. Cagles is a widow and wealthy. The arrests have caused much excitement.

Guilt of "Imprudent Conduct."

Sedalia, Mo., Aug. 31.—The special committee of the West German M. E. conference, which investigated the charges of immorality preferred against Rev. August Lemkan of Toledo, Kan., brought in a verdict of "guilt of imprudent conduct." The immorality charges not being sustained, Bishop Fowler approved the recommendation to suspend Mr. Lemkan for an indefinite period. Counsel for the accused acquiesced in the verdict.

State Institute Burned.

Glenwood, Ia., Aug. 31.—The state institute for feeble minded children was completely destroyed by fire Saturday night, involving a loss of \$150,000. All of the inmates were rescued and the records and papers saved. The furniture in the lower part of the building was removed, but is badly deluged with water. The fire was caused by a bolt of lightning. About one hundred children were in the building at the time.

Awful Slaughter in Constantinople.

Paris, Aug. 31.—The Temps publishes a dispatch from Constantinople, saying: At the present moment sanguinary fighting taking place in the chief streets of Constantinople. The troops are firing on unarmed Armenians. The victims of the outbreak exceed 2,000. Scores of dead have been thrown into the sea in order to save the trouble of burying the bodies.

Notified of a Reduction.

Pittsburg, Aug. 31.—The coal miners in the railroad mines at Anderson, Nottingham, Hackett, and Germania, of the Wheeling division, have been notified of a reduction to 80 cents per ton in the mining rate on Sept. 1. If the miners refuse to accept the cut, the mines will close down and 1,500 men will be thrown out of employment.

Morgan in the Coal Business.

Philadelphia, Aug. 31.—It is rumored that J. P. Morgan & Co. have leased the Coke River great coal estate, which includes all the anthracite collieries at Drifton, Stockton, and other points. If this report be true Morgan will become an important figure in the anthracite coal business.

Entire Ministry Resigns.

Yokohama, Aug. 31.—The entire ministry has resigned. Count Kuruda has been appointed acting premier. The crisis arose on account of a difference of opinion regarding the vacant foreign portfolio.

RECEPTION TO CHANG

Chinese Viceroy Sees President Cleveland.

MEET AT MR. WHITNEY'S HOUSE.

In an interview which lasts only twenty-five minutes the two dignitaries exchange compliments and expressions of good feeling between China and the United States—But Few Persons Present at the Reception—Curious Crowds.

CHANG'S VISIT TO THE U.S. BEING MARKED BY AN INTERVIEW WITH PRESIDENT CLEVELAND AT MR. WHITNEY'S HOUSE. His first caller was ex-Secretary John W. Foster, between whom and the Chinese ambassador a strong friendship has existed, especially since Mr. Foster's mission to the east during the Japan-China war. Another caller was



LI HUNG CHANG.

Yan Phou Lee, who was sent here by the Chinese government as a student in 1872. He presented an invitation from the governor of Tennessee to visit Nashville on his way west. The large crowd gathered in Fifth avenue early to see the parade to the Whitney residence. A large force of police was necessary to preserve order. Around Mr. Whitney's house a clear place was reserved, the dead line being drawn on either side of the Li Hung Chang and Secretary Olney exchanged visits in the hotel, after which they proceeded together to the Whitney residence, escorted by a troop of the Sixth cavalry. The reception by the president was quite simple in character and lasted only twenty-five minutes. Among those present were Secretary of State Olney, Secretary of War Lamont, and Assistant Secretary of State Rockhill. After the reception Earl Li returned to the Waldorf.

Change's Talk to the President.

The programme for the day was presented to Earl Li. By it he found that the great feature of the day was to be his reception by President Cleveland at the residence of William C. Whitney. Large crowds gathered in Fifth avenue early to see the parade to the Whitney residence. A large force of police was necessary to preserve order. Around Mr. Whitney's house a clear place was reserved, the dead line being drawn on either side of the Li Hung Chang and Secretary Olney exchanged visits in the hotel, after which they proceeded together to the Whitney residence, escorted by a troop of the Sixth cavalry. The reception by the president was quite simple in character and lasted only twenty-five minutes. Among those present were Secretary of State Olney, Secretary of War Lamont, and Assistant Secretary of State Rockhill. After the reception Earl Li returned to the Waldorf.

Change's Talk to the President.

When presented to President Cleveland, Li Hung Chang spoke as follows: "Your Excellency, it affords me great pleasure to have the honor to be presented to your excellency. The reputation of your highly esteemed country, and in you the citizens of the United States of America have invariably placed their confidence, consequently, both the interior administration and the exterior relations of this great republic are in a state of prosperity. It will always be the desire of my august master, the Emperor of China, to maintain the most cordial relations with America, whose friendly assistance rendered to the government of China, after the China-Japanese war and whose protection for the safety of the Chinese immigrants in America are always to be highly appreciated.

Friendly Feelings of the Emperor.

"I am now specially appointed by my august master, the Emperor of China, to present to your excellency the assurances of his most friendly feelings towards the United States of America, in hope that your excellency will reciprocate his sentiments and cooperate with him to promote the friendly intercourse between our two countries for the cause of human kind. I trust that your excellency's government will continue to afford protection and kind treatment to the Chinese immigrants in America and to render friendly assistance to the Chinese government when required. May the people of our two nations enjoy the benefits of perpetual peace."

The President's Reply.

"Your Excellency, it gives me great pleasure to receive from your hand the personal letter from your august sovereign, and to greet you as his personal representative. Since our two countries became better acquainted many incidents have occurred calculated to increase our friendly relations, and not the least gratifying of these are the friendly expressions contained in the letter of your emperor and the visit to our country of his most distinguished subject. Your visit to us at this time is made more impressive by the thought that it serves to join in one suggestion the most ancient civility of the east and the best type of a newer civilization in the western world.

The Kinship of Nations.

"Notwithstanding the widely different characteristics of the two countries, the welcome which is tendered you by the government and the citizens of the United States, illustrates in the strongest possible manner the kinship of nations. We feel that in the arrangement of your tour you have not allotted to your sojourn among us sufficient time to gain an adequate observation of all we have accomplished as a nation. I will not, however, escape your notice that a rich and fer-

Wouldn't Allow Vacancies Filled by His Political Friends.

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 31.—Prior to the assumption of the premiership of Canada by Hon. Wilfrid Laurier, rumors were almost to differing between the governor general and Sir Charles Tupper regarding appointments of political friends to office. The correspondence was laid before the house of commons Saturday.

Postal Clerk Arrested.

Chicago, Aug. 31.—After a year of pilfering letters, during which time he secured about \$500, John P. Morrissey, a clerk in Postal Station K, at the Stock Yards, was caught in the act Friday afternoon by inspectors J. J. Larimore and George M. Christian. For three days the inspectors had been hovering about the station district sending decoy letters and trying clerk after clerk. Suspicion at last fell upon Morrissey, and he was arrested. He would pass over his desk. Two of the decoys containing marked money ran the gambler all right. The third was dropped shortly after 8 o'clock Friday afternoon. A few moments before 5 o'clock the pile was sorted out and the decoy was gone. The two inspectors placed Morrissey under arrest. He was searched and the marked \$2 bill was found upon him.

Mr. Green's Sad Home Coming.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 31.—Charles W. Green, traveling passenger agent for the Big Four railway, reached here Saturday from Denver. Friends from this city had gone to Topeka to meet him and broke the news of the terrible loss of his family to him as gently as was possible. Mr. Green was overcome by the blow and wept like a child when told of the destruction of his loved ones. He could understand no reason for the act having been committed. There is no new development in the case, and the supposition expressed at first—that Mrs. Green while temporarily insane had killed her children and then herself—is still adhered to.

Fighting in Crete Continues.

Athens, Aug. 31.—Severe fighting has been going on again at Selinoe and near Heraklion. The results of these conflicts between the Cretans and the Turks are unknown, but it is certain that many wounded Turkish soldiers have been brought back to Heraklion. It is stated that owing to the recent riots in Constantinople the sultan has postponed his final reply on the Cretan question. The British consul at Heraklion, fearing the consequences, has applied to her majesty's steamship Hood and asked protection for himself and for the English residents of Crete.

Traveling Men Visit McKinley.

Canton, O., Aug. 31.—Major McKinley received and addressed delegations of commercial travelers Saturday, headed by the Chicago delegation of 300 men. The visitors were presented to the Republican nominee by G. J. Corey, chairman of the national executive committee of Commercial Men of the United States, in a neat and forceful address. He was frequently interrupted by applause. When he concluded Major McKinley stepped upon a chair on his porch to respond and was given a hearty round of cheers.

Arrested for Saving a Life.

Niles, Mich., Aug. 31.—Samuel Yendes was fined \$10 in a justice court at Buchanan for kicking Charles Redden. Yendes was in charge of an engine on the St. Joseph Valley railroad, and Redden got directly in front of the locomotive and would have been killed had not Yendes by a well-directed kick knocked him off the track and saved his life. Redden then had him arrested for assault and battery with the above result. Yendes will appeal the case.

Flower for a Rare Chairman.

Watertown, N. Y., Aug. 31.—Ex-Governor Roswell P. Flower received a telegram from F. W. McCutchin, chairman of the executive committee of the national Democratic party, asking him if he would act as temporary chairman of the convention which is to be held at Indianapolis, Ind. Mr. Flower wired his acceptance of the invitation. The ex-governor will leave Watertown Monday for Indianapolis.

The Carina Must Go Home.

London, Aug. 31.—A dispatch to The Telegraph from Vienna states that on the advice of her court physician, Dr. Hirsch, the carina, who is enclente, will return at once to St. Petersburg, while the czar will continue his journey alone.

Good Luck Hastes the Day.

London, Aug. 31.—A dispatch to The Chronicle from Rome says that private letters just received from Constantinople state that the Turkish government is on the eve of being overturned, and that a provisional government will be appointed.

VOLUME OF BUSINESS.

No Perceptible Increase During the Week.

REPORT MADE BY BRADSTREET'S.

Some Improvement is Noticed in Baltimore, Louisville and Kansas City—Lower Rates for Foreign Exchange Is an Encouraging Influence—Banks at the Larger Cities Report Withdrawal of Deposits—Increase in Business Failures.

New York, Aug. 31.—Bradstreet's says the volume of general business has not increased within the week. Exceptions appear to be at Baltimore, Louisville and Kansas City, which send out more favorable reports as to the quantities of general merchandise sold than any other center. Early movements of crops is said to be behind the increased orders. Another encouraging influence is found in lower rates for foreign exchange, the movement of \$10,000,000 in gold from abroad to the United States, and the expression of opinion that not less than \$5,000,000 in gold is to be imported in the near future. Conspicuous among checks to trade are greatly increased firmness for money at nearly all financial centers. As at New York, banks at most larger cities report withdrawal of deposits, in many instances by country banks, higher rates for call loans, and at some points the practical refusal to make time loans.

Until After Election.

Jobbers and manufacturers report no general increase in demand for staple merchandise. The tendency of the former is to let the latter cut down production, until scarcity compels fresh purchases by wholesalers. Trade opinion is that little gain in business need be expected until after the election. Merchants in regions where cotton is new and wheat are moving freely are somewhat hopeful as to prospects. The record of this week's business failures into the United States shows a large increase over last week, 55, as compared with 26 a gain of fifty-four. Compared with the week a year ago, the increase is 130, and with two years ago the gain is 128. The last week in August, 1895, during the panic, there were 369 failures reported, as contrasted with 230 this week. Total exports of wheat, flour included, amounting to both coasts of the United States and from Montreal this week amounted to 3,281,854 bushels, against 2,991,600 bushels last week, 1,871,000 bushels in the week a year ago, and 3,922,800 bushels three years ago.

Week in Wall Street.

Changes in stock market values for the last week have, on the whole, been unimportant. The speculation has been of the most strictly professional kind. Commission houses have done, to all appearances, virtually nothing, but the larger operators waited, though at the end of the week there was an appearance of covering, which could only mean that the big bears did not like the situation and that some, at least among the speculators, were inclined to take the bull side of the market for a turn. A little alternate selling and buying from that quarter summarizes its operations in our market. The whole speculative situation, in fact, hinges on the action of money and exchange, and on the large importations of gold, which have followed the break in foreign exchange rates.

No Loan Certificates Issued.

This and other things which seem to be responsible for the improved tone of the market and the decidedly more cheerful feeling which is now asserting itself in speculative quarters. No clearing house loan certificates were issued, and it would seem that serious opposition to such action developed in the clearing house, not because the stronger banks would virtually have to carry the ones whose resources were widely distributed, but for the reason that there is due appreciation of the unfavorable influence of an undue assumption at this crisis in the country's financial history of such a positive control over the money market on the part of the banks of this city as the step in question involved.

ONE HUNDRED DEAD.

Many Natives Killed During the Bombardment of Zanzibar.

London, Aug. 31.—A dispatch to The Times from Zanzibar says that it is estimated that 100 natives were killed during the bombardment of the palace. The new sultan, Hamoud Bin Mohammed Bin Said, has been well received by the Arabs of Zanzibar. Said Khalid, the supposed usurper, is still at the German consulate, pending advice from Europe as to his ultimate disposition. The fire at the palace has now been quenched, and the sailors from the British squadron are removing the debris. The flagship St. George will remove most of the guns belonging to the sultan's batteries. Business is still suspended, and many of the leading Arabs who fought on Said Khalid's side expect their property to be confiscated.

Life Term for Forgers.

San Francisco, Aug. 31.—Carl Becker and James Creagan, the Nevada bank forgers, have been sentenced to life imprisonment by Judge Wallace. Becker, Creagan and A. H. Dean concocted a scheme to rob the Nevada bank. They raised a draft drawn through the Bank of Woodland from \$12 to \$22,000. Dean cashed the check at the Nevada bank, where he had a deposit, claiming to be a broker. Becker is said to be the most skillful forger in the country, and Creagan was the capitalist who furnished the money with which to operate.

Death of a Famous Ball Player.

East Liverpool, O., Aug. 28.—Curtis B. Welch, the famous center-fielder who played with St. Louis, Philadelphia and Baltimore during seven years died of consumption at his home here Saturday. Welch was a wreck from drink. He was 31 years and leaves a little family.

Report on Cloverseed and Wheat.

Toledo, O., Aug. 31.—C. A. King & Co.'s annual crop report says: Diverse in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Michigan will be about two-thirds of a full crop, the quality nearly an average. One-third of the wheat left will be unfit for milling.