MINING NEWS AND STOCKS

NORTH BUTTE'S RESERVES NEAR 2,000,000 MARK

Showing of Snowball Vein Responsible for Large Amount of Ore

Butte, Mont., May 12.—By reason of the remarkable development in the Snowball vein of the North Butte company the ore reserves of that company are said to be standing at the highest point in the history of the company.

While no official estimate in terms of tons can be had at the local offices of the North Butte in connection with the ore in reserve, it is said upon the best of authority that it is close to the 2,000,000-ton mark, and if developments continue as favorable in the Snowball and the Edith May veins the remainder of the year as they have the past two quarters, the 2,000,000 mark may be passed.

Deeper Levels Improve.

Development of the Snowball vein from the 1,800-foot level down to the 2,400 and the 2,600-foot levels is said to be especially significant of the improvement manifest on the deeper levels of the North Butte. The Snowball vein in the eastern part of the North Butte property down to the 1,600-foot level practically was barren. It did not even look promising.

The vein in the western part of the North Butte's ground, however, had developed fair-sized ore bodies, and the fact that ore had been found in the Snowball vein afforded a spark of encouragement that perhaps the long stretch of vein country to the east might develop pay rock with depth, and as a matter of thoroughly developing all ground, General Manager John D. Pope kept his crosscuts and drifts pegging away.

First in Eastern End.

On the 1,700-foot level the first improvement was manifested in the Snowball vein in the eastern end, small stringers of ore appearing with an occasional small bunch of ore. The ore found, however, served more as a matter of encouragement than affording a body of any considerable tonnage. The real development began to show itself when the 2,000-foot level was opened and continued in the 2,600-foot level, splendid ore bodies being disclosed five to six feet in width and extending from 200 to 500 feet in length, all first class ore.

The ore shoot in the Snowball vein has not yet been picked up on the 2,800, but there is expressed but little doubt that it will be found in place, as the vein is unfaulted and the ore showing is very strong on the 2,600-foot level. It is noteworthy that the North Butte today is shipping some first-class ore, than since the halcyon days of the Edith May glory, and it is said that to the Edith May vein, shared also by the Snowball vein, can be given credit for the increased tonnage of first-class ore being mined by North Butte.

High Grade in Edith May.

Edith May developments especially have been favorable on the 2,400 and 2,600, and drifting on the 2,800 is expected soon to pick up a large body of ore disclosed on the 2,400 and 2,600. The grade of the ore in the Edith May ore shoot, particularly where the vein effects a junction with the Adirondack vein, is very high grade, five feet giving an average assay of 8 per cent. The Edith May on the 2,400-foot level is carrying two ore bodies, one on the hanging wall and the other on the foot, both ranging in width from 5 to 7 feet and carrying copper values approximating better than 2 per cent with better than two ounces of silver.

Active work in the installation of the new Granite Mountain hoisting engine is expected to commence within two months. The Granite shaft now is in condition practically for the hoisting of the ore now being lifted through the Speculator shaft. The new engine will be capable of carrying sinking operations to a depth of 5,000 feet and it will be the largest in the Butte district.

STOCKS

BOSTON STOCKS.

(Furnished by Paine, Webber & Co.)

Amal.	72½	72¾
Alaska	27¾	27⅞
Adventure	1¼	1¼
Allouez	39½	40
Algomah	.90	1
Arcadian	6	6¼
Ariz. Com.	4½	4¾
Ahmeek	265	270
Butte Balk	3	3⅛
Boston Maine	42½	42½
Butte & Sup.	38¼	38⅜
Copper Range	36	37
C. & A.	64¾	65
C. & H.	430	435
Centennial	16	17
Daly West	20x	....
Chino	41	41⅛
East Butte	10	10⅝
Franklin	4⅞	5⅛
Granby	80½	80⅞
Greene	32	33
Hancock	15	16
Hedley	30ax	....
Indiana	3¾	4
Inspiration	16⅝	17¼
Isle Royale	19⅝	20
Keweenaw	2	2¼
Kerr Lake	4⅝	4½
Lake	6	6¼
La Salle	4⅝	4⅞
Mass	4½	4¾
Michigan	30ax	....
Miami	21½	21¾
Mohawk	43½	44½
Mayflower	4½	5
North Lake	1⅛	1⅜
Nev. Cons.	14⅛	14⅝
North Butte	25¾	26
Nipissing	6	6⅛
Old Dom.	46½	47½
Osceola	73½	74
Ojibway	.89	1½
Old Colony	4	4½
Quincy	57½	59
Ray Consolidated	21½	21⅝
Superior & Boston	1⅞	2
Superior	28½	29
Shannon	5½	5¾
Shattuck	23½	24
Tamarack	35	36
U. S. Mining	32½	33⅜
Utah Copper	55⅝	55¾
Utah Consolidated	16¼	16½
Victoria	2⅝	2⅞
Winona	3¼	3½
Wolverine	41	42
Wyandot	.60	.80

CURB STOCKS.

J. A. Minnear & Co. say today:

Utah Copper and Butte and Superior were features of the copper today, both of these issues closing with a net advance of more than a point. The entire list was fractionally higher but dullness continued to prevail.

Granby shareholders today voted in favor of plans to allow directors to borrow up to $3,000,000, which funds are needed by the company. There was a better demand for Superior & Boston and this issue sold to 1⅞. A better demand is also noticeable for Keweenaw.

Sales of copper at 14¼ were reported today for June and July deliveries, and the demand from both foreign and domestic sources is better according to reports.

(J. A. Minnear & Co.)

Algomah	.90	1½
Bohemia	1½	1¾
Braden	7⅞	8
British Columbia	1¾	1⅞
B. A. Scott	5	5½
Butte & London	.40	.45
Cactus	.01	.02
Caribou	.65	.70
Calaveras	1¾	1½
Cons. Cop. M.	1½	1⅝
Cal. Corbin	.35	.40
Cop. Mines	1⅝	1⅞
New Cornelia	4½	4¾
C. & H.	.60	.80
Corbin Cooper	.90	.99
Davis Daly	.55	.60
Dom	8¼ Bid	
Houghton Copper	2½	3
Keweenaw	2⅝	2⅞
L. S. & A.		.99
New Keystone	1¾	1⅞
New Baltic	1⅞	2¼
Ohio	.30	.35
Ojibway	.95	1½
Oneco	.90	1¼
South Lake	3¼	3½
S. W. Miami	1	1½
Superior & Boston	1¾	2
Tuolumne	.55	.60
Union Land	1	1¼
U. Verde Extension	.55	.60
Warren		.60
Wolverine & Arizona	1⅝	1¾

FESTIVAL AT ANN ARBOR.

Famous Soloists To Take Part in The U. of M. Event.

Ann Arbor, Mich., May 13.—Music lovers from far and near come to Ann Arbor today to attend the opening of the twenty-first annual May musical festival under the auspices of the University of Michigan. The festival programme this year provides for five concerts, with Handel's "Messiah" and Elgar's "Caractacus" as the principal attractions. Mme. Alma Gluck, Pasquale Amato, Ricardo Martin and other famous soloists are to take part, assisted by the choral union chorus of 300 voices and the Chicago Symphony orchestra.

Motion pictures are now to be seen in Chicago's big Auditorium.

OWEN STARTLES THE SENATE WITH TALK SCORING HUERTA

Continued From First Page.

enforce these demands at the cannon's mouth.

Purpose of U. S. Unselfish.

"If we are compelled to use force, we must first isolate the United States against retaining Mexican territory, in order to assure the world and the patriotic elements of Mexico of our unselfish purpose to promote civilization and protect human life and happiness as we did in Cuba. Patriotic Mexicans honestly desiring peace and justice and the establishment of the bona fide self-government of Mexico by the people of Mexico should co-operate with us."

Senator Owen told again the story of the fall of Porfirio Diaz, the rise of Madero, and the plot of Huerta and Felix Diaz, Porfirio's nephew, which led to the overthrow and death of Madero and put Huerta in the president's chair. He recited the uprising of Carranza, on authority of the legislature of the state of Coahuila, and told how Senator Dominguez dared denounce Huerta to the Mexican senate, declaring that Huerta had pacified the country by extermination and charging him with attempting to keep his post by inciting a conflict with the United States.

The senator said that shortly afterwards Dominguez disappeared and was reported murdered. Then he told of attempts to secure an investigation of his death by the Mexican congress, and how Huerta put the congress in jail.

"Whereupon," he continued, "Huerta by decree, declared himself invested, in flagrant violation of the constitution, with legislative and judicial power, in effect, military dictator of Mexico. Moreover he declared the constitutional guaranties of freedom from arrest for members of congress abrogated; and having thus vested himself with the legislative and judicial power of Mexico, he charged almost the entire Mexican congress with sedition and treason."

Huerta Controlled Elections.

Senator Owen dwelt at some length on the "election" held for president of Mexico on the 26th of October, 1913. He said that while Huerta had announced he would not be a candidate, he had enlarged the powers of his military state governors, to cover the election machinery. Four days before the election, the senator said, despite formal assurances to the diplomats in Mexico City that he was not a candidate, election posters were sent broadcast urging the people to vote for Huerta. Huerta sent instructions to his governors, said the senator, to return the votes favorable to him and not to return more than a certain part of the precincts, thus insuring a void election. This program, he said, was carried out in every detail, and the Mexican congress, discovering that less than half the voting precincts had sent in returns, declared the election void and expressed a desire that Huerta continue as provisional president until some future time which might be fixed by congress.

"Huerta," he added dramatically, "still is dictator."

"Of the 28 elected governors of Mexico at the time Huerta seized the governing powers," the senator said, "only two at the end of the year remained at home attending their duties. Ten of them had joined the revolution, a number had fled the country, and one had been murdered by a major general of Huerta, who tied the governor of Chihuahua on the railroad track and backed a yard engine over him to teach him better manners than to oppose Huerta. All vacancies were filled by military governors appointed by Huerta.

"Huerta's federal officers of the army appear to have been instructed to take no prisoners. Every captured officer, high and low, was put before a wall and shot, most of the common soldiers taken prisoner were shot in like fashion and a few allowed to save their lives by joining the federal army. Every member of the cabinet named for Huerta was removed. Some of them fled the country, one of them was killed, but not one was left in the cabinet."

Efforts to Involve the U. S.

"During the fall of 1913 numerous evidences appeared of Huerta trying to involve the United States in some act of aggression or invasion. His purpose in doing this was to stir the patriotism of the Mexican people, make them forget his crimes, and induce them to get behind him as a defender of Mexico against an invading foe. Finally, April 9, he had the impudence to arrest sailors in our uniform under the shelter of our flag, at Tampico, and march them in derision through the streets. He knew perfectly well that his private expression of regret was no amends to the government of the United States for this international affront and indignity.

"Huerta desired to provoke some action that would unite behind him the revolutionary leaders in Mexico, after which he might obtain his peace, relying upon the benevolence, the dignity, and the patience of the government of the United States. He has failed. The United States should not now, under any circumstances, be content with anything less than the most complete and absolute restoration of constitutional self-government in Mexico. Hundreds of our citizens have been killed in Mexico, thousands of them have been robbed, millions of their property stolen, and all driven by violence from Mexico. Huerta has sought to involve us in complications with Japan, which might easily involve our nation in one of the bloodiest wars in history, if permitted to be worked out.

"The president was not only justified in refusing to recognize Huerta as president of Mexico and in seizing Vera Cruz to stop the landing of a shipload of machine guns and 2,000,000 cartridges, but he would have been fully justified in deposing Huerta by military force as a bloody despot and a treasonable usurper."

COLORADO STRIKERS WILL REBUILD THE TENT COLONY

Continued From First Page.

ators have turned over 840 rifles, shotguns and pistols and five machine guns. Sixty thousand rounds of ammunition were taken from the railroads in transit, with the consent of the strikers to whom they were consigned.

Will Rebuild Tent Colony.

Trinidad, Col., May 13.—Union leaders in the Southern Colorado strike fields have began preparations for the erection of a new tent colony at Ludlow. Strikers are engaged in clearing the site of the old colony, which was destroyed by fire April 20 when 22 people were killed.

Present plans contemplate the erection of the new colony adjacent to the old site.

According to previous statements of the military officers, authority for the construction of a new camp was not to be given until union leaders had secured approval of the men selected to take charge of the conoly and submitted a roster of its inhabitants. When this would be done was not known definitely.

The coroner's jury has found that nine persons who died at the battle of Forbes, April 20, came to their deaths from "gunshot wounds inflicted by weapons fired in the hands of striking coal miners." The jury did not fix responsibility upon any individual striker.

The city council revoked the liquor license of a saloonkeeper who had violated the military prohibition against the sale of any liquors. The council declared the same action would be taken against all violators of the prohibition.

No State Constabulary.

Denver, Colo., May 13.—The administration program met its first serious setback in the special session of the general assembly late Monday when the senate in committee of the whole, killed the bill establishing a state constabulary. Administration bills, however, made rapid progress during the afternoon in the house, which passed the $1,000,000 bond bill on third reading, and also passed on third reading the senate bill authorizing the governor to close saloons in districts affected by riots. The last named is the first measure to be enacted by both houses.

The house bill authorizing the issue of $1,000,000 in bonds for past and present expenses of the militia of the state was the center of a brisk fight when it was passed on second reading last week. At the last, however, there was little opposition. The roll call on the third reading was 44 to 15.

The senate liquor bill previously had been amended as to minor details in the house. On final passage there was slight opposition. The vote was 57 to 1.

In the meantime the senate was settling down to business on the constabulary bill. The judiciary committee brought in a report on this bill without recommendation. The same committee made an adverse report on the bill authorizing the governor to prohibit the importation of arms.

The firearms bill went over for one day under the rule. The constabulary bill went to the committee of the whole.

Watch what you spend and put your savings in the bank

You can cut down your expenses, if you try--a little less for this luxury, a few cents less for that--and you have the beginning of a fortune, if you put what you save in the bank.

All the time it is accumulating you are getting nearer to independence and to the goal of that ambition—for all things are easy when you have money.

Start today. Open a bank account with what you have. Even a dollar will do.

First National Bank of Calumet

VATERLAND, MONSTER LINER, READY FOR HER MAIDEN TRIP

Continued From First Page.

decorative styles and color schemes to satisfy every taste.

The second cabin has its special social and dining rooms, ladies' lounge and smoking room. The third cabin also has its separate public rooms, and its staterooms are built to accommodate two and four persons. In the steerage of the Vaterland the passengers, instead of being placed in one large room, as on most ships, have separate cabins, arranged for families and for small groups of men and of women.

Every Precaution for Safety.

Every conceivable precaution has been taken in the construction and equipment of the Vaterland to assure the safety as well as the comfort of the passengers and crew. Like all great ocean liner constructed since the Titanic disaster, the big ship has a complete inner skin, extending far above the waterline. The water-tight compartments are so arranged that even though a large number of them were flooded the ship would still float. An innovation is a complete fire department, with a system of signals covering every part of the ship, and a staff of fire fighters recruited from the fire departments of German cities. There are, of course, in addition to this numerous other safety devices, such as submarine signals and lifeboats and rafts sufficient to accommodate everyone aboard. Her powerful wireless apparatus will enable her to keep continuously in touch with land.

The Vaterland will make the run between Hamburg and New York in seven days, at an average speed of about twenty-two knots an hour. Her four powerful propellers set a new standard for size in such construction. Each has a diameter of nineteen feet seven inches and weighs nearly fifteen tons. The propellers are made of the finest quality of manganese bronze. Triple-expansion engines, driven by a dozen double boilers, will propel the great steamship. For navigation purposes a Kreisel compass, pointing always to the the true pole, will be used. This instrument is entirely independent of the earth's magnetism.

RUSSIA AND THE DUAL MONARCHY CUT RELATIONS

Continued From First Page.

complications. There are religious and radical questions involved affecting primarily the two countries alone. Then there is the old rivalry for predominance in the Balkans and finally the many differences between the Tripple Alliance and the Triple Entente which exert a most important influence on the relations existing between the individual countries in each group.

Bosnia Annexation the Cause.

Up to the time of the Austrian annexation of Bosnia and Herzegovina in 1908, the relations between the two countries had been apparently quite friendly. They had made a working arrangement in the Balkans regarding conditions in Macedonia, and although it had not accomplished much, everything was moving along smoothly. But the precipitate move of the late Austrian foreign minister, Count Achrenthal, in the annexation of Bosnia, upset everything. The Russian minister Iswolsky felt that he had been duped by the Austrian colleague and never forgave him. Since then Iswolsky has been Austro-Hungary's bitterest enemy, and since he is one of the most influential personages in the Russian National committee he has been able to make things very disagreeable in many respects for the dual monarchy. Indeed there is very good authority for believing that an Austro-Russian war was very near just before the Balkan war broke out in the fall of 1912. It was only through the strong personal efforts of the venerable Austrian Emperor, Francis Joseph, that such a catastrophe was prevented. It is thought that the Emperor Nicholas was just as much opposed to a war, but he is no politician and by no means strong enough to hold back the firebrands in the Russian National committee.

Royal Families Are Friendly.

The personal relations between the two imperial families are of the most cordial character. It is sometimes even said that the Hapsburgs are really pro-Russian. The late Archduke Charles Louis, brother of the Emperor and the father of Archduke Francis Ferdinand, the heir to the throne, was always a great friend of Russia and his sympathies in that direction are believed to have been to some extent inherited by his son.

Archduke Charles Louis who was the parton of the principal Austrian industrial associations and a very far-sighted man, perceived the important role that commerce and industry would one day play in international relations, at least twenty years before European statesmen had begun to pay any attention to these factors. He knew very well that Russia would never be likely to injure Austria's foreign commerce very much, while Germany would some day ruin it. Russia, besides having no enormous home market to supply, has practically no great industries while Germany is constantly on the lookout for new markets to conquer.

Events have proved the correctness of the Archduke's views. Twenty-five years ago Austria-Hungary almost monopolized the trade of the Balkans and Turkey and Egypt. Today the bulk of the trade in these countries has gone into the hands of the Germans. Indeed the aggressive methods of German merchants in trying to capture Austria's commerce in the near East are bitterly resented by their Austrian rivals.

Religious Differences Big Factor.

The sympathies and feelings of the two governments and the two peoples are very different from those prevailing between the rulers. The so-called National committee in Russia is most violently anti-Austrian and is straining every nerve to gain absolute control of the Balkans. The fight is largely a religious one, Russia wanting to bring all the Balkans under the sway of the Orthodox church and to force the Roman Catholic part of the populations, as well as the Mussulmans to acknowledge the supremacy of the Russian church. It is this which explains Russia's hostile attitude to King Ferdinand of Bulgaria, who has remained a Roman Catholic, although he permitted his elder son, Prince Boris, to join the Orthodox church. Russia would never consent to gratifying Catholic Ferdinand's ambition to become ruler of the Balkans.

So far from tending to clear up the complications in the Balkans the recent wars have left the situation more complicated than ever. Count Witte, the Russian statesman, recently declared that only the first act in the great drama has yet been played. Now is the interval between the acts. How long this will last nobody knows—perhaps a year, perhaps only a few months.

One important result of the Balkan conflicts is the change in the attitude of Rumania towards Austria-Hungary. Up to a few months ago Rumania was always looked upon as being the friend of Austria. Military strategists, indeed, in considering Austria-Hungary's strength usually added Rumania's five army corps. But in the negotiations over the treaty of Bucharest, Russian diplomatists cleverly contrived to place Austria in an unfriendly position towards Rumania.

From the violent tone of the articles recently published in the semi-official journals in St. Petersburg, Vienna and also in Berlin, it might be imagined that a great European war was inevitable, but happily this view finds no support in responsible quarters.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

Paine, Webber & Co.

BOSTON, MASS.
BANKERS AND BROKERS

Boston, Mass., May 13.—Market while not very active today was strong and advances were made on comparatively small transactions. Further improvement was reported in the copper trade for both foreign and domestic accounts and copper stocks were strong. Butte & Superior was strong and active feature, advancing to 38½ on rumor that earnings are increasing and prospects of an early initial dividend are very bright.

W. L. STANNARD
Resident Manager.

J. A. MINNEAR & CO.
BROKERS
CALUMET, MICH. LAURIUM, MICH.

MARKETS AT A GLANCE.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 13, 1914.

UTAH COPPER AND BUTTE AND SUPERIOR FEATURES TODAY
MARKETS HELD STRONG UNTIL LAST HOUR.
SUPERIOR AND BOSTON AND KEWEENAD IN BETTER DEMAND.
COPPER METAL SALES FOR JUNE AND JULY DELIVERIES REPORTED AT 14¼.

Salt Lake, Cobalt and Tonopah Stocks Quoted Constantly

TORCH LAKE

ENUMERATOR IS APPOINTED.

F. G. Weisenauer To Secure Names of Children of School Age.

The board of education of Schoolcraft township has appointed F. G. Weisenauer enumerator for the district, his territory to embrace Torch Lake and Schoolcraft townships. He will begin his work immediately in order that it may be completed before the first of June. The duty of the enumerator is to secure the names of all children between the age of five and twenty upon which is based the township's apportionment of state primary school funds.

Because of this fact, parents are asked to co-operate with the enumerator and give the correct age of children. Many parents are of the belief that only the names of children who are attending school are desired. This is erroneous however as the names of children of the above mentioned age are desired.

STAGE PLAY THURSDAY.

Members of the Lake Linden Dramatic society will reproduce the three act farce, "The Noble Outcast," in St. Joseph's hall on Thursday evening. The first presentation of this play several weeks ago was a distinct success and the directors have been requested to reproduce it

HUBBELL CLEANING UP.

Hubbell village authorities this week instituted a clean-up campaign and a half dozen teams are engaged in the removal of garbage. Residents are lending their assistance and before the week ends, the entire town will have been cleaned.

LAKE LINDEN BREVITIES.

J. R. MacDonald of Hubbell has returned from a brief visit in Escanaba.

The Lake Linden village council will meet this evening when President A. F. Heidkamp will make his appointments.

Mrs. John Vincent of Tamarack City is seriously ill.

The funeral of the late Leon Brule of Hubbell was held yesterday morning from St. Cecelia's church. Rev. Fr. Zimmermann officiated and burial was in Mount Calvary.

CLASSIFIED ADS

WANTED.

3 CENTS A POUND paid for clean cotton rags. No scraps. Calumet News office. -tf

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—Dining room girl. Palace Hotel, Laurium. -tf

WANTED—Girl to assist with housework. Mrs. M. W. Seifert, 109 Ahmeek St., Laurium. tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework Miss Milligan, 94 3rd St, Laurium.-tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Mrs. H. R. Read, 506 7th St., Calumet. 14

WANTED—Lady clerk. Apply Chas. Gekas, 317 5th St., Calumet. 15

A large publishing house desires the services of a local representative to handle installment collection in this territory. Woman preferred. For further particulars write to Mr. H. H. Holm, Collection Manager, 403 Watkins Bldg., Milwaukee, Wis. -14

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—8-room dwelling house. Florida location. Bargain if taken at once. John B. Leary, Agt. 13

FOR SALE—Young pigs. 299 Church st., Wolverine. Phone 435-W. 14

LOST.

LOST—Gold watch fob Friday night. Return to News office, Calumet. Reward. 14

YOU CANNOT BUY BETTER BEER ANYWHERE. TRY

Scheuermann Brewery's RHIENGOLD

TODAY. THE WHOLE FAMILY WILL LIKE IT. EVERY DROP IS GOOD.

Scheuermann Brewery
Hancock, Calumet, South Range.

ELBERT HUBBARD SAYS:

If you have ailments, consult a Chiropractor and let him put your spinal column EN RAPPORT with your nervous economy, so you can be a good automatic engine.

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The Chiropractor
6th St. Phone 689-J. Calumet.

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