

Local Department.

Letters Relating to Newspaper Subscriptions and Arrears.

1. Subscribers who do not wish to continue their subscription, are considered to have discontinued their subscription.

The regular term of the Circuit Court will commence on the fifteenth of June.

The Kalamazoo Business College is having a good number of students this summer.

A large and enthusiastic temperance meeting was held at the First Baptist church of this village on Wednesday evening.

The masons have commenced work on the new block to be erected between the Hardware store and the Bank building.

Farmers wishing to purchase Farm Machinery will do well to examine the stock of E. W. Mills, just east of E. O. Briggs' office.

Eld. Wm. M. Roe will deliver a temperance lecture on next Lord's day evening at the Christian church. Come one, come all.

The wheat crop has a very promising appearance throughout the county. The cool weather we have had has been just the thing for wheat.

The decision in the Matteson Forgery case on the motion for a new trial has not yet been filed, nor is it yet known what the decision will be.

The Decatur ladies, who were in town on Wednesday last attending to their liquor suit, remained to the temperance meeting in the evening.

Notice the change in the time of the departure of the afternoon mail train on the Paw Paw Railroad. It departs at half past one, instead of at two o'clock as heretofore.

Read the article entitled "Women Should Contribute," which will be found elsewhere in this issue. We think the men ought also to contribute, as the question has been left for them to decide.

The Fourteenth Annual Meeting of the Michigan State Sabbath School Association will be held in the city of Jackson on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, June 23, 24 and 25th.

Mrs. Mary Coon died very suddenly on Wednesday, the 27th inst., from heart disease it is supposed. She appeared to be in her usual good health up to a few minutes of the time of her death. Mrs. Coon was a daughter of Daniel T. Taylor of Bangor.

We would urge upon all persons indebted to the True Northerner the necessity of making payment, as we are very much in need of the funds. It is in contemplation to add largely to the Jobbing department in order to meet the requirements of the public.

The Decatur Liquor Suit against Anson B. Knights was tried before Justice Blackman on Wednesday last, and resulted in a conviction. The respondent was fined twenty-five dollars and the costs of the suit. The suit was brought at the instance of the women of that village, who seem to have managed the case with a good deal of discretion and judgment.

The Methodists have in contemplation to establish a newspaper in this State devoted to the interests of that denomination. While the matter was under discussion in their convocation, one minister urged the establishment of a Michigan organ for the reason that the Northwestern Christian Advocate did not say much about Michigan preachers.

St. Nicholas for June opens with a sea-story, how the "Gull" Went Down, by Rebecca Harding Davis, illustrated by two of Miss Scannell's characteristic drawings.

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The little discussion of the school question still goes on. We have much faith that good will grow out of it, for the present tendency is toward an exposure of the corrupt spots, if there are any, and the result will be a renovation.

Rumor has it that Judge Brown has placed his resignation in the hands of the Governor, and as a consequence some Kalamazoo gents are desirous of securing the appointment to the Judgeship, notwithstanding the fees they have made about the insufficiency of the salary.

The friends of woman suffrage should organize at once in every county, township and school district of the State. Draw up a call for a public meeting to form an association to secure the ballot for women, get the signatures of both men and women of all classes of respectable people, elect permanent officers, and at once put the association into correspondence with Col. W. M. Ferry, Grand Haven, Mich., who is chairman of the State Executive Committee.

The following named persons were drawn to serve as Petit Jurors at the June term of the Circuit Court, for the County of Van Buren, to be held on the 15th day of June, A. D. 1874: Hubbard Brooks, Pine Grove; Charles Stanley, Waverly; David H. Smith, Pine Grove; Marvin Anton, Waverly; Alvin Coulson, Decatur; Daniel Osborn, Paw Paw; Joshua B. Breed, Alma; Henry Lindale, Decatur; Jared Pritchard, Neeler; John Cook, Decatur; C. L. Eaton, Antwerp; Daniel Van Anken, Bangor; Geo. W. Biers, South Haven; John D. Voorbees, Pine Grove; Samuel G. Butler, Paw Paw; A. J. Lane, Antwerp; Pollard Anstine, Bloomingsdale; Peter J. Speicher, Bloomdale; Seth Costes, Decatur; William Cook, Bangor; W. H. Beattie, Hamilton; Calvin J. Biglow, Arington; Francis Rider, Alma; William Hodges, Decatur.

Another of the old pioneers of Michigan and soldier of 1812 has fallen. On the 17th inst. James Stoughton, aged nearly 79 years, died at the residence of his son, in Alma, township, in this county, after a brief illness caused by an attack of inflammation of the lungs. He was born in the State of New York, on the Niagara frontier, in 1795, and participated in nearly all the stirring events incident to the war of 1812 occurring along Niagara river. In 1824 he came to Michigan, then an almost uninhabitable territory, and in the following year was followed by his family, when he settled at Birmingham, Oakland County, the only other residents there at that time being John Hamilton and Elijah Willett. He continued to reside in Oakland County, with the exception of a single year in Livingston County, until 1856, when he removed to this County, where he had resided ever since, the most of the time on a farm in Alma, but for several years past in this village. For the past thirty years he has held honorable membership in the M. E. church. He leaves a large circle of children, grandchildren and other friends to mourn his loss. His funeral was attended at the Free Baptist church on (Covey Hill) by the Rev. Mr. Darling on the 20th.

Women Should Contribute. The following suggestions, written by Mrs. C. A. F. Stebbins of Detroit, we clip from the Lansing Republican.

If the question is no longer raised in our civilization of woman's possession of a soul, there is nothing further to question, as the excellence of the ballot in every man's hand has been attested and supported by the best and ablest men ever since the organization of the government. To be sure, it has not been carried out in practice, but the "Ideal is the Real,"—that is the standard to which we have constantly been attaining, and the moral and political territory we have conquered, year after year.

If women had strength and inspiration to work for the country and her soldiers during the war, let them not hesitate now, in the day of their own opportunity, to work with a will for themselves. It is doubtful if we understand justice, unless it has a basis of self-judgment; and makes itself manifest in the early years, when self is predominant; and with the growth of reason, and still more of experience, we know our needs to be those of other individuals and of the race. But now we must go back to first principles, and say, these good things of life, these prerogatives, these privileges and immunities, which we ourselves have sought for others, and helped them to enjoy, we ask for ourselves.

State and throughout the country, as one in spirit, purpose and plan.

We will accept the contributions of all, but we desire that every woman who has a purse, every woman who enjoys the comforts and luxuries of life, should invest in this, which will be a permanent interest and an education. If woman ever expresses her pride in a real independence of character, let her demonstrate it now in generosity of contributions to a fund for educating the sentiment of the State in favor of her equal citizenship.

This year is our opportunity. We will remember the story of the manna of the Israelites, and gather day after day, and in season. Let us show ourselves worthy the action of the Legislature by doing thoroughly our part, that the prophesy may become history.

Ten thousand dollars, our leading State writers say, should be raised to pay for documents and for laborers. It is none too much, and it is easily done, if every one does her share as during the Rebellion, or as in missionary work. If we prefer to pay it in two or three installments during the season, it will be quite as well, if the collector does not have to go after it; that is unnecessary trouble, and cannot be taken. Each woman must go to her collector (who will probably be the treasurer of the local society) and pay it in.

Our Common Schools.

ED. TRUE NORTHERNER.—I agree entirely with Mr. Woodman in what he says about the defects of the School Reports. In any measure to correct these and secure a system of uniform and full reports from all the counties of the State, he will have my hearty support. I agree with him also that teachers are not conscientious enough in their work, and will thank him to show a class or profession of which this is not true. I agree, and have always said, that a woman ought to receive the same pay as a man for the same work done; not only in teaching, but in every other department of labor. Whether, in venturing to express an opinion contrary to those entertained by Mr. W., I have given evidence of "some spots" or of veins containing "bad blood," I agree with him in leaving to the readers of the NORTHERNER.

"If Mr. Earle has always known that our schools and school system are faulty, he must know where the faults are. Why has he not enlightened the public upon this subject long before this and had the remedies applied?" The author of this stunning question had just claimed to know that our schools were faulty, without knowing the location of the disease. If I think the same, I must not only know the location but be able to apply the remedies. I was not for ten years in a place where my voice could be heard and my vote felt when our school system received a thorough overhauling—when the length of the month was fixed, when free schools were established, when the Superintendent was created. Mr. W. was and I will thank him to point to one single measure introduced by him during all that time calculated to correct any abuses or errors in our school system. Perhaps he did, I would gladly be convinced. It will not do for Mr. W. to say "I endeavored to discharge my whole duty to my constituents and take no responsibility in the matter." He had a responsibility that he could not shirk. He has given to the Superintendent law which he helped to make. He has shown what he claims are its evils. He says that it "parcels out qualified teachers like sheep in pens." He quotes me: "In regard to certificates, it is not true that they are or have been controlled in any way except by law," and then says "Who, I ask, has so charged?" No such accusation was made in the discussion, nor can it be found in the report. I honestly supposed these were such charges: "Only as many certificates are granted as we have schools in the county, so that we are obliged to pay the price to get a teacher at all." Under the present system a ring is formed controlling the number of certificates granted. I supposed that meant that certificates were controlled unlawfully. Mr. W. says not. It must be in accordance with the law then. Mr. W. voted for that law and took no "responsibility in the matter." In my own schools it has been my constant effort to correct errors. I know that Mr. W. says: "I am a friend to education, to free schools, etc.; they can have no warmer friend than I claim to be." I also know that I have taught four years—continually within five minutes walk of Mr. W.'s home without ever seeing his face in my school room. That four years' work has not all been drawing pay. There have been many times when an hour's visit from Mr. W., a pleasant talk to the school, a word of advice, sympathy, encouragement would have lightened cares and cheered both teacher and school. In place of such aid I have heard "twenty-six dollars a month when I taught the Paw Paw school," "word method humping," "superficial, machine teaching," "not only has he condemned us at home but he has talked unfavorably of us when abroad, as I can abundantly testify him if his memory is not sufficient. Mr. W. is a plain farmer. He says farmers feel a deep interest in common schools. How many times has he visited his own school? I taught it one term when he had a son in attendance. I did not see him. What teacher was? Mr. W. is not alone in this matter. Not one parent in twenty ever visits his school. Let every one on reading this ask himself, "How often do I visit my school?" Mrs. Hungerford was right when she said "None of them visit the schools nor take any interest in them." It is not enough to build houses and hire teachers. That only makes schools possible. What would be thought of the merchant who built a large store, filled it with goods, sent in clerks, but never went into it himself or looked after its trade? The chief reason why people do not get a better return for their money is because they withhold from the schools just what they need to become what they ought to be—active personal interest. Finally in answer to this question: I have on all proper occasions and by all proper means endeavored to point out faults, and as far as I was able to suggest remedies. Two teachers conventions have been held in sight of Mr. W.'s house, one of them a State institute lasting a week in which two things were especially considered—the county superintendent and the word method. The programme was published and the public cordially invited. I do not remember seeing Mr. W. or hearing his voice on these matters. As a rule parents have shown perfect indifference in these gatherings. Do they expect teachers are going to hunt them out in their homes and button-hole them there? Yet Mr. W. wants to know why we don't enlighten the public in regard to faults in our schools. A State Institute is promised us this fall. Will Mr. W. be present and give us the aid of his advice, or will he continue to stay away as he has done? I have taken so much space upon this subject because this utter

neglect of the schools by parents seems to me to be the reason why they are not more efficient.

As regards the Superintendent, I have little to say in its favor more than I think it better to do the old system. In discussing it let only facts be stated. I have heard Mr. W. complain against it and have waited to see what changes he would propose. Does he favor a return to the old system or will he advance to something better? I do not wish to see it retained as it is. What shall we do with it? Let those who have made the most complaints suggest the remedy.

Mr. W. gives us to understand that no combination was charged on the Supt. or teachers of this county. I am informed that the author of the other statement quoted above intends to prove that such a ring is formed by affidavits from some teachers, who have been dismissed from their schools by taking less wages than the ring had fixed upon. Let it be done by all means. It may be true. If it is, it is high time that the people knew it. Let us have the name of that Supt. and of the members of the ring at once. The people have been given to understand that something is fearfully rotten somewhere. If gentlemen wish to abolish the whole free school system let them say so frankly. If there are portions that should be changed, tell us what they are and what are the changes proposed.

If I should answer Mr. Woodman's question about Union School Principals and Lady Assistants in the spirit in which it was asked, it would be styled a "labored conclusion," for Mr. W. never says anything "local or personal." I shall therefore credit it to a plain farmer's courtesy and candor, merely observing, that from certain business transactions, it is thought if Mr. W. were offered fifteen hundred dollars for conducting a Union School, he would neither refuse it nor be very anxious to divide it with his Lady Assistant, who of course would do the "brain work of the school." Mr. W. is figuring will receive attention next week.

Alvin Startevant, late editor of the Benton Harbor Palladium, sold his paper with the intention of accepting a situation tendered him by the owners of the Daily Republican, of Birmingham, N. Y., to act as managing editor of their paper. Prior to selling out, he had been in poor health, and for two weeks was confined to the house, but he commenced to gain, till Sunday, the 17th, when he was taken with pneumonia, and on Monday, the 20th, he died.

THE PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL for June is an admirable number, and closes the 5th volume of that standard monthly. It contains Dr. Dio Lewis, with a fine portrait; A Parable of the Kingdom, or a New Rendering of the Book of Job; The Late Jacob Knapp, Revivalist Preacher; John and Jane, How They Kept House; Mrs. Caroline S. Brooks, the Western Artist; Bella French, the Post and Publisher; A Sunday Evening in Water Street, or What a Visitor Saw and Heard; Dudley W. Adams, Master of the National Gazette with portrait, and a Sketch of the Grange Movement; The Teetotal Muddlement; Our Opportunities; Plant Life in Our Territories; Emil Lowenstein, the Handsome Murderer, etc. Full of spice, of the healthful sort, 30 cents a number. \$3 a year. \$1.50 for half a year. Address S. R. Wells, 389 Broadway, New York.

DIED. In this village, on the morning of the 24th of Brain Fever, MISSIE BLANCH, only daughter of H. P. and B. C. Nelson, aged six years and one day.

Though her voice is hushed and the patter of her little feet is heard no more in our darkened dwelling, we know our loved one is landed safe on the shining shore of the new Jerusalem, and our sorrow has taken her to her heavenly home.

We know her face is hid Under the coffin-lid, Yet our hearts whisper that she is not there.

OBITUARY. Died in Paw Paw, May 19th, 1874, JOHN SHERMAN, aged 86 years, 5 months and 7 days. He was born in Conway, Mass., Dec. 12th, 1787. At the age of 23 he was married to Mary Warren of Deerfield, Mass., and while at Conway there were born to them two sons, Alonzo and Caleb. In 1817 at the age of 30, he removed to York, Livingston County, N. Y., where another son, Joseph Warren, was born. In the fall of 1844, he removed from LeRoy, Genesee Co., N. Y., to Paw Paw, Van Buren Co., Michigan, which afterward remained his place of residence. Here he lost his wife by death March 12th, 1853, and his son Joseph May 24, 1854. But Providence had kindly gone before him. His son Alonzo had come to Paw Paw in the spring before his own coming, and his son Caleb had settled near by, in Kalamazoo, nine years before that time. The home of his son Alonzo, after the death of his wife, became his home for the remainder of his life.—There were no marked events in his long career; yet it was his privilege to live one of those lives of fidelity and consistency in the allotted station that, were known, always met the high approval of man and also of God. For this he was fitted by his Puritan descent. His ancestor, Capt. John Sherman, was one of a company of the same name that came from Essex Co., England, about the year 1634 and settled in Watertown, Mass. From these the Shermans of America descended. He inherited their consistency, straight forwardness and tenacity of purpose. He was active in temperament, attached to home and friends, clinging strongly to established habits of life, and especially so to old scenes and associations.—Touching examples of this were afforded in the lingering fondness with which he clung to his accustomed place of work, and how he prized the privilege of revisiting the scenes of his early life at the east. But his religious experience gave opportunity for the fuller manifestation of these strong and best traits of his character. He made a profession of religion 1839 and joined the Baptist church, and during the remainder 35 years of his life was faithful in his devotion to his Christian duties. The rare and beautiful testimony that "He was never known to speak ill of any one" should be engraven on his tombstone. It has also the accompanying testimony, "He was not known to have an enemy." Lately age and infirmity had separated him from the usual privileges of the sanctuary. But the communion service was left to him; it was his delight, and no consideration short of absolute necessity could induce him to be absent from it. During his last sickness his cans were found where he had attended shortly before for the last time, as though he had ended life's journey at the super-table of the Lord and needed his staff no longer, for now immortal youth was his inheritance. His sickness was just a hard roll

resulting in a "Typhoid." This had left him; but the system was too much prostrated, and he could not rally. He said he was "Ready, my ready," and easily, peacefully went to his reward.

Dr. W. H. Nelson, Clairvoyant and Magnetic Healer, Paw Paw, Mich. Office on Kalamazoo St., second block north of Town Hall. May 1st, 1874.

LOOK FARMERS!

Cash Paid for Butter at Mathews & Hutchins, or at the Cellar under Free & Martin's Hardware Store.

TAKE NOTICE!

Having re-purchased my old

Photographic Gallery,

My old Customers and Friends will find me at all times ready to take their pictures, of all kinds and styles, in an artistic manner. I have discharged my help and shall do all my own work hereafter, so you can rely on having first-class work. Thankful for past patronage, I hope, by honorable dealing and giving first-class work, to still receive your favors. Butter, Eggs, and Farm Produce taken for Pictures. When you have not the money, so come right along and have your pictures taken while in good health.

My Grocery and Crockery STORE,

Is still in running order and where you can find first-class GOODS as cheap as the cheapest.—My Coffee Mill is turning out large quantities of pure ground Coffee daily. Store 34 door east of Dryckman House, in Van Fossen's Block.

C. D. ROSE,

Chemical Steam Dye Works,

68 NORTH BURDICK STREET KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN.

Ladies and Gentlemen's Clothing Cleaned and Colored any desirable shade. Charges will be paid one way on all goods sent from abroad.

ALL WORK WARRANTED. Give me a Trial Order.

Orders will be received by Rhoda Munger.

Children Often Look Pale and Sick

from no other cause than having worms in the stomach. BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMBIS will destroy worms without injury to the child, being perfectly WHITE, and free from all coloring or other injurious ingredients usually used in worm preparations.

CURTIS & BROWN, Proprietors, No. 215 Fulton Street, New York. Sold by Druggists and Chemists, and dealers in Medicines at Twenty-five Cents a Box.

Thirty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the Prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never failing safety and success by millions of mothers coloring or other injurious ingredients usually used in worm preparations.

The Household Panacea, OR, FAMILY LINIMENT.

is the best remedy in the world for the following complaints, viz: Cramps in the Limbs and Stomach, Pain in the Stomach, Bowels or Side, Rheumatism in all its forms, Bilious Colic, Neuralgia, Cholera, Dysentery, Colds, Fresh Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Sprains, Contusions, Sprains and Bruises, Chills and Fever, For Internal and External use. Its operation is not only to relieve the patient but entirely removes the cause of the complaint. It penetrates and pervades the whole system, restoring healthy action to all parts, and quickening the blood.

THE HOUSEHOLD PANACEA IS PURELY VEGETABLE AND SAFE. Prepared by CHEW & BROWN, No. 215 Fulton Street, New York. For sale by all Druggists.

Sheriff's Sale.—By virtue of a writ of execution issued out of and under the seal of the Circuit Court, for the County of Van Buren, and State of Michigan, and to be directed and delivered, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements, of Yet Weston as defendant and in favor of Aaron Van Anken and James M. Crane as plaintiffs, and in satisfaction of the sixth day of May, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, I did, on the twenty-fifth day of May, A. D. 1874, levy upon and take all the right, title and interest of the said Yet Weston, in and to the following piece or parcel of land, situated in the County of Van Buren and State of Michigan, described as follows, to-wit: commencing at the south-west corner of the north-west quarter (24 1/2) of the south-west quarter (24 1/2) four (4) and running east on the half quarter line twenty (20) rods, thence north twelve (12) rods, thence west twenty (20) rods, thence south twelve (12) rods to the place of beginning, containing one and one-half (1 1/2) acres of land, all in township number three (3) south of range fourteen (14) west, in the County of Van Buren and State of Michigan, which I shall expose for sale at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Van Buren County Circuit Court House, in the village of Paw Paw, at two o'clock in the afternoon of Saturday, the eleventh day of July, 1874, or so much thereof as will be necessary to satisfy said execution, together with the interest and costs allowed by law.

Dated Paw Paw, May 27, 1874. JOHN E. SNOWERMAN, Sheriff.

B. T. BABBITT'S PURE CONCENTRATED POTASH OR LYE.

Of Double the Strength of any other SAPONIFYING SUBSTANCE. I have recently perfected a method of packing my Potash, or Lye, and am now packing only in Balls, the coating of which will saponify, and does not injure the Soap. It is packed in boxes containing 23 and 48 lb. Balls, and in no other way. Directions in English and German for making hard and soft soap with this Potash, accompanying each package.

B. T. BABBITT, 92 1/2 to 84 Washington St., N. Y.

Business Notices.

John J. Sherman, Attorney at Law, Circuit Court Commissioner for Van Buren County, Office over Hawley's Jewelry Store, Phelps street, Decatur, opposite Duncombe House. Will be at the County Clerk's office, in Paw Paw, on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of each week. Dated April 16th, 1874.

If you want your old clothes made new, leave them at Miss Rhoda's to be sent to the Steam Dye Works at Kalamazoo.

For the largest variety and the choicest patterns of Hamburg Edgings and Insertions, go to W. J. SELLICK'S.

For Millinery and Fancy Goods, in all the late novelties comprising everything really nobly and trimmed in the most recherche manner, go to W. J. SELLICK'S.

J. A. THOMAS, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Special attention given to Chronic Diseases and Diseases peculiar to women and children. Office up stairs over G. N. Tyler & Co. Druggists, Paw Paw, Mich.

Go to W. J. Sellick's for the finest selection of all late styles of Hats and Boys' suits of Clothing, cut in the latest and most artistic manner, at the very lowest prices.

Wheaton has that new style of Initial Note Paper, "The Classic." See it before buying elsewhere.

For the finish, styles of Prints, and the largest and choicest line of Fashionable Dress Goods with a full line of Trimmings to match, go to W. J. SELLICK'S.

Pond's Extract.—Bathe the forehead for ten minutes and the worst headache is gone. It never fails.

For elegant patterns of Carpets, and handsome designs in Wall Cloths, do not fail to see the large and attractive stock at W. J. SELLICK'S.

T. LOHRN, at Bloomingsdale, is agent for all kinds of Farming Implements.

Call at Wheaton's for your School Books, Stationery, Pens, Pencils, &c., &c.

For Shawls, Lace Capes, Fancy Ties, Collars, White Goods, and the finest line of Mohair and Black Alpaca to be found in the city, go to 197 W. J. SELLICK'S.

T. LOHRN, of Bloomingsdale, is the man to buy your Farming Implements of.

The best Threshers in the Guisler; manufactured at Waynesboro, Penn. T. Lohr sells it.

For 50 cents you can cure three or four cases of Ague with Austin's Ague Drops. For sale by Kilburn & Hudson.

If you want a Cultivator, Plow, Drag, Double Shovel Plow, or anything in that line, call on T. Lohr.

Farm for Sale.

A Farm of eighty acres, with sixty acres under cultivation, situated five miles from Decatur and one and one-half miles east of Sebald's mills in the township of Hamilton. The land is timbered, opening and good wheat land. There are comfortable buildings, a small orchard, and good well of water on the premises.

This Farm will be sold for thirty five dollars per acre. For further particulars enquire on the premises of ELI G. HINCHER.

A. O. HOOKER, DENTIST, PAW PAW, Mich.

Chloroform, Ether and Nitrous Oxide or Laughing Gas given for extracting teeth if desired. (Grateful for the past very liberal patronage.) We would respectfully solicit its continuance.

W. B. HATHAWAY, M. D., J. ANDREWS, M. D., C. S. MAYNARD, M. D., EUGENE BIBLE, M. D., L. R. DIBBLE, M. D.

W. B. Hooker, Surgeon Dentist, do hereby certify that we deem him possessed of learning and skill of a superior grade in the Dental Art, and we cordially recommend him as highly worthy of public patronage.

BENJ. H. CARDNER

Respectfully announces to the citizens of Paw Paw that he has removed his MEAT MARKET from the Lytle Block East to the first BUILDING SOUTH OF THE OLD TRUE NORTHERNER OFFICE, Kalamazoo Street, where he is selling the BEST CUTS.

Cheaper Than The Cheapest. N. B. Cash paid for Poultry, Eggs and Butter. Give me a call.

The Celebrated Horse Young Bashaw

Will make the season of 1874, at the Willard House Barn, in the Village of Paw Paw, exclusively. DESCRIPTION. Young Bashaw is a beautiful dark brown, stands 15 1/2 hands high and weighs 1200 lbs. He is a fine square set horse for his age, in symmetry and beauty cannot be excelled. In seven years old in May, 1874, and is half brother to the famous trotting mare Cozette, owned by J. M. French of Detroit, for which he paid \$7,000. Cozette trotted mile heats on the Buffalo track in 2:29 1/2; trotted in 1:37, as a 2:34 1/2. She also took the first money at the State Fair at Kalamazoo, two years ago; also took double money by side of Moine Newton, her mate. Old Bashaw, the sire of Cozette, and Young Bashaw, took first money four years ago at the State Fair, trotting low down in the thirties. A half brother of Young Bashaw trotted as low as 2:23 1/2 in Chicago, last fall. This horse was never trained out, being raised by Chas. McCarty of Pontiac, and purchased of him by us—till last fall, when we gave him about two weeks work on the track, and he showed a nice, handy gait, trotting in a bout three minutes.

Young Bashaw was sired by Black Bashaw of Pontiac, he by Bashaw, he by Imperial Grand Bashaw, he by Bashaw, he by Imperial Grand Bashaw. The dam of Black Bashaw was sired by Andrew Jackson, grand dam by Why Not, by imported Messenger. This cross with the Messenger combines more of the Arabian blood of imported Bashaw than is found in any horse in this State. The dam of Young Bashaw was sired by the Tayos horse, he by DeWitt Clinton, he by old Clinton of New York. Dam of the Wand horse, he by Parson's horse of Bedford, he by old Eclipse, thus making him equal in blood to any horse in this country.

References can be had of the following gentlemen as to the blood and quality of the horse: B. Stanley, C. McCarty, J. Frost, J. Morrisey, L. D. Dowell, Pontiac; J. M. French, R. C. Willard, A. H. Emery, J. M. Seeley, Alonzo Rolfe, J. Kengie, Detroit.

HONEST SAM.

of the Sampson stock. He is a brown, thick set, staly made, heavy boned horse of 1400 lbs. weight. This horse is too well known to need comment, as he has plenty of stock in this vicinity—many of which are for sale, selling as high as \$250 and \$300 each. He is better known as the Hymans horse, having made one season in this place five years ago. His stock was of that quality that we were induced to purchase him last winter. He can be seen at all times at the Willard House Barn.

EMERY & CONNOR, Paw Paw April 26, 1874.