

NO PROSPECT OF PEACE.

WAR PREPARATIONS CONTINUE.

Komaroff Expressed Disgust at the Claims of the British—Hurrying the Cadets and Marines.

LONDON, April 28.—A *Standard* correspondent with Sir Peter Lumsden states that the Russians have occupied Marchuk, twenty miles south of Penzhin, on the Marghar river. The Ameer, while comparatively indifferent to the fate of Penzhin, always attached great importance to Marchuk. The *Standard* also received from Tirpoh, under date of April 25, a dispatch stating that on the day previous to the battle on Khukh river Komaroff sent word to the Ameer that there was no doubt that Penzhin, the point occupied by the British, was in Russian territory. The General also expressed disgust at the claims of the British officers to the contrary, and accused them of inciting the Afghans to aggressions. He said the object of the Russian's mission was plainly visible in the eagerness and suspicion with which the Afghans had begun to treat the Russian officers.

Russia Declines to Yield.

BUDAPEST, April 28.—It is learned that De Giers, Russian foreign minister, very recently proposed that the Imperial Council of Russia should make such slight concessions as would enable England honorably to abstain from demands, and thus avert war for the present. The proposal was rejected, as have been all of De Giers' endeavors to control the war party.

The Reserve to Command the Cruisers

LONDON, April 28.—The coast guard has received orders to prepare to join the crews of the ships now fitting out for active service. The officers of the naval reserve, who have been serving in the merchant marine, have been asked to take command of the liners fitted out by the Government as cruisers.

About Taking Troops from Ireland.

LONDON, April 28.—It is stated that Earl Spencer, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, was summoned to attend to-day's cabinet council in order that the ministers might consult him on the subject of reducing the Irish garrisons in case of war.

Hurrying the Cadets.

LONDON, April 28.—Orders have been given to shorten the term of study of the advanced classes of cadets at the artillery schools, in order that the young men may join the batteries now getting ready for service.

Gladstone Praised in Germany.

BERLIN, April 28.—Gladstone's speech in the House of Commons last night on the vote of credit is highly praised by the German press, both for its conservatism and firmness.

Getting the Hospitals Ready.

VIENNA, April 28.—The military hospitals at Tiflis and Baku are being rapidly prepared for the reception of patients.

The Marines Must Hustle.

LONDON, April 28.—The marines at Suakin have been ordered to use the utmost haste in preparing to leave that station.

Bound for Italy.

NEW YORK, April 28.—Minister Kieley, to Italy, was interviewed last evening relative to the alleged change of his appointment. He said that all rumors of a change were untrue, and that he saw no reason why he should not start to Italy in a few days. He expressed himself as thinking that what he said or believed as a private individual could have no effect on his official action as the representative of the United States government in Italy.

Contrary to the Above.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Secretary of State Bayard, to-night, in an interview, stated that A. M. Keiley, of Richmond, Va., had declined the Italian mission. Whether Keiley would be assigned to another foreign mission, Mr. Bayard refused to say.

A Suit for Slander.

DETROIT, April 28.—The trial of the suit for slander and libel brought against F. B. Dickerson & Co., of Detroit, for \$25,000 damages, by John S. Willey, proprietor of the Standard publishing house, of New York City, began in the United States Circuit Court this morning. There is no dispute about the circulation of the alleged libel by statements, justifications is pleaded. F. B. Dickerson is charged with telling his agents that the publishing house mentioned above had extended a number of agents, and producing letters in proof of his assertions. Some of these letters are claimed to be of a highly libelous nature. It is expected that the case will last over a week, there are twenty-five witnesses to be examined, and the same number of depositions to be read.

The French at Panama.

NEW YORK, April 28.—A special from Panama says: French influence is supreme here. The French people living at Panama count that the protest from Paris caused the American troops to leave the city. An American bark, which was captured by the rebels, had been seized by the Alliance and sent to Colon, with Ruiz and sixty insurgents on board.

Investigation Deafened.

COLUMBUS, O., April 28.—The Senate resolution, ordering an investigation of the senatorial scandal, in which Senator Payne was elected, was defeated in the House today by a vote of 45 to 18. Efforts were made to ignore the gubernatorial and previous senatorial election, but were also defeated.

Pendleton Dined.

NEW YORK, April 28.—A dinner was tendered to Minister Pendleton at Delmonico's this evening by eminent officials, including Carl Schurz, John Jay, Oswald Stoddard, P. H. Brittain, Arvon Phillips, Stokes and many others.

Goal Scored in St. Petersburg.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 28.—Goal is extremely scarce here, and brings fabulous prices. A long telegraphic message was received at the war office Monday from Komaroff. The Russian soldiers have begun to receive the pay allowed in time of war.

Mother and Child Drowned.

ARKANSAS, Ark., April 28.—The wife and daughter of H. C. Burke were drowned in a steam boat. The mother saw the child fall in, and lost her life in attempting to rescue it.

Krupp Guns Examined.

ANNAPOLIS, April 28.—A number of Krupp guns and cartridges, which formed part of Arvid Picha's armament, have been examined.

ILLEGAL PENSIONS PAID.

Commissioner Black Finds that Frauds Have Been Committed.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—In conversation with Commissioner Black this afternoon, a representative of the United Press was informed that he has issued orders directing the suspension of payment from the Philadelphia Pension Agency of 102 pensions, the original recipients of which have been dead, in some instances since 1871, but the names of whom have carried on the rolls, and the pensions regularly drawn by other persons than the holders of the original certificates. The Commissioner has also directed the suspension of payment from the Philadelphia agency of seven pensions which were granted to widows whose husbands it has been ascertained, notwithstanding their remarriage, have continued to draw pensions for several years past. Commissioner Black has laid these matters before the Attorney-General, and requested him to take steps to recover from the pension agent, and his bondsmen, the sums unlawfully disbursed. The figures to be issued at the pension office on May 1, it is said, will show that the amounts during the past month to have been considerably greater than that of any previous month in its history.

OUT OF THE OLD INTO THE NEW.

Dedication at Chicago of the New Board of Trade Building.

CHICAGO, April 28.—This afternoon the members of the Board of Trade abandoned their old building for one of the finest structures ever erected in this country for commercial purposes. At the close of the afternoon all the members formed in line, headed by the gray-haired veterans, and hats were doffed and hands joined in hands as all united in singing "Auld Lang Syne." The crowd in the neighborhood of the new building, when the band played a dirge and the procession moved around the floor, those to the street. Many of the older members were visibly affected as they left the quarters which had known them so long. When the floor of the new building was reached, the band again formed in a circle and "Home, Sweet Home" and other patriotic songs were rendered.

CHICAGO SOCIALISTS.

A Mob Denounce the New Board of Trade Building.

CHICAGO, April 28.—An advertisement in an evening paper to-day announced that to-night the workmen of this city would celebrate the dedication of the new Board of Trade building. Pursuant to the call about 500 Socialists held a meeting on Market Square at 8 o'clock this evening. The speakers denounced the New Board of Trade building as "the grand temple of usury, gambling and cut-throatism," saying it had been paid for out of the earnings of the workmen. At 9 o'clock a procession was formed, headed by two women, one bearing a black and the other a red flag. When within a block of the new Board of Trade, they were met by a squad of one hundred police, who had been stationed there and at all corners of the square to prevent a nearer approach. The procession then marched to the corner of Washington street and Fifth avenue, where an indignation meeting was held and the mob dispersed.

The Troops in the Northwest.

WINDSOR, April 28.—The thirty transport wagons which took the wrong trail from Hamilton to Batouche, have been rescued by Boulton's scouts. There is a rumor that the steamer "Northcott," with supplies for Gen. Middleton, is aground in the Northwest river. Scouts report 120 rebels occupied three miles north in a ravine similar to that at Fish Creek. The wounded are doing well, except Lieut. Swinford, who must die. Rebels are fortified at Batouche.

The Strike at Joliet.

JOLIET, Ill., April 28.—The conference between the stone companies and the striking quarrymen, to-day, terminated in a failure to agree, the men refusing to accept less than \$1.75 per day for the rest of the season, and the companies refusing to pay more than \$1.50. The companies gave the men until next Monday morning to return to work at their price. The men say they will not allow "scouts" to work till after the Lemont strike is settled, and then will go to work for what is agreed upon there.

Slosson Wins.

NEW YORK, April 28.—There was an excellent attendance at Irving Hall to-night, when George T. Slosson and Joseph Dixon played the eighth game of the 14-match billiards tournament. Slosson made excellent runs of 24, 30, 24, 31, 51 and 148, finally beating his opponent by 306 points. The score was Slosson, 509; largest run, 148; average, 28.8-11. Dixon, 149; largest run, 34; average, 9.5-11.

Leaves Breaking Away.

LETTICE ROCK, Ark., April 28.—The leaves are reported breaking all along the northern Arkansas levee, and many valuable farms are being inundated. The rush of the water will cause an overflow in many other places, and result in a great loss to property. The current is rushing through in some places with sufficient force to uproot large trees. Fears of a cut-off are entertained.

Illinois Miners Strike.

BELEVILLE, Ill., April 28.—All the miners of this district deserted the pits to-day and have gone on a strike for better pay. This morning they paraded the streets of the city and this afternoon held a large meeting. A great deal of bitterness towards the mine owners was manifested. Trouble similar to that of two years ago is anticipated.

Closing Theatres on Sunday.

CINCINNATI, O., April 28.—A movement has been set on foot by the Law and Order League to close the theatres and saloons on Sundays and has created quite a commotion, particularly among the German population. This morning the German papers strongly opposed the movement.

The Shoemaker's Last.

BENTON HARBOR, Mich., April 28.—O. D. Jacobs, a shoemaker who has been working for John Thomson, shipped with about \$50 of the firm's money and also a lot of goods and shoes. The detectives have tracked him as far as Chicago.

The Horse Sale at Lexington.

LEXINGTON, Ky., April 28.—W. T. Wood-well's combination sale of horses began here to-day with a good attendance and fair prices. Ninety-two head aggregated \$13,000 or \$138 a head.

Weather Predictions.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—For the Upper Lakes: Slightly warmer; fair; wind shifting to south and west; lower barometer.

THE LAST OF THE OLD.

ANNUAL SESSION OF COUNCIL.

The Annual Reports—City Hall Bonds Sold—Addresses by Retiring Aid-ermen, Officers and Mayor.

The annual meeting of the Common Council was held last evening, the Mayor presiding. The joint annual report of the Mayor and City Clerk was adopted without reading, and ordered printed. It showed the outstanding indebtedness of the city to be, exclusive of school bonds, \$407,000; the total assessments made for general and special purposes, \$329,103.50.

The Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred the matter of the examination of the City Treasurer's annual report, submitted the same reporting they had been correctly kept. The report was adopted without reading and ordered printed. It showed the balance on hand in the city treasury, April 29, 1885, to be \$139,240.96.

The annual report of the Board of Health was next submitted, and on motion was adopted and ordered to be printed. The report shows that the total number of nuisances abated during the past year, under the order of the Board were 1,383; the number of contagious diseases reported during the year were 322, with 28 deaths. Of these numbers there were 26 cases of diphtheria, with 11 deaths; 91 cases of scarlet fever, with 13 deaths; 61 cases of typhoid fever, with 10 deaths, and 114 cases of measles, with one death. There were thirty deaths from cholera infantum. The total number of deaths during the year from all causes were 357. The Board estimating the rate of increase of population at the same rate as for the past four years, shows the present population of the city to be about 44,500, and the death rate for the year to be 82-100 per one thousand, which is lower than that of any other city of the same size of which the Board has any knowledge. This rate is against that of 19 per thousand for year ending April, 1882; 11 per thousand for year ending same time, 1883; 8.58-100 per thousand for 1884.

The Director of the Poor was adopted without reading and ordered printed. It shows that the amount expended for the relief of the city poor for the past year was \$12,343.72; of this amount \$225.32 was refunded by townships and by people who became able to pay it back to the city, leaving the net amount \$12,118.40. The total number of persons relieved is 2,114 in 528 different families. The number of people receiving aid is almost double that of last year and the amount expended is about 25 per cent. greater than in the previous year. There has also been more sickness among the poor this year than last, there being an increase in the cost of medicine used of over \$30. During the last year the City Physician has made over 2,000 visits to people dependent upon the city for support.

The Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred the bill received for the balance of the City Hall loan (\$135,000) reported recommending the awarding of the entire amount to Messrs. R. S. Day & Co., of Boston, Mass., at \$105.3-100 and secured interest, payable in installments from time to time, as the money may be demanded by the Common Council. This bid would net a premium of \$6,325.30 to the city. The bids of Messrs. Venner & Co., of Boston, were several. All but two of them were below the other bids received. The committee considered these two as peculiar, being in the nature of an auction bid. They offer to give one-half of one per cent. premium more than any other bid up to a specified sum. This would have given the city an additional sum of \$675 as premium, but the committee did not consider the bid a legitimate one, and so rejected it. The committee also recommended that the parties to whom the bonds have been awarded be required to deposit with the City Treasurer \$10,000 of the first issue of the same, to be held as a continuous security that the bonds will be taken and paid for according to the terms of the bid. Aid. Gilbert moved the report be accepted and adopted, which was carried after several amendments and substitutes had been offered and voted down, by a vote of 11 to 4. Aids. Killian, Nester, Saunders and Whitney voted in the negative.

The Committee on Buildings reported favorably upon the repairs, ice water and stationery for Police Court. The report of the Committee on Poor was read, showing the total amount of supplies bought during the past year, \$7,198.20; stock on hand, \$484.13; total amount of supplies delivered, \$6,714.07. The report was adopted and ordered printed. The Mayor appointed as a special committee Aids. Grady, Pierce and Saunders, to investigate the matter of the repairs being made to a building by A. Bradford, the committee to hold over and report to the new Council.

The bonds of the city officers elect, which were referred to the City Attorney and the Committee of Ways and Means, were reported correct in form and the sureties "O. K.," which was approved by the Council. The aldermen, who occupied their seats for the last time, were called upon for speeches. Aid. More led off saying he had enjoyed his relations with the Council, had endeavored to perform his whole duty, and left his chair with some regrets. Aid. Brenner, good old soul, in resigning his chair, spoke of the many improvements he had always favored and had seen pushed through. He recommended some further improvements to the consideration of the new Council. Among them was the transferring of the First Ward market into a beautiful park, with a handsome pedestal in the center, surmounted with a statue of the Goddess of Love (some one suggested virtue). He also advised the purchase of a city market, and wanted to see a bridge across the river at Lyon street. He then drew a manuscript from his pocket and read a well-worded valedictory, which, on motion of Aid. Yates, was ordered accepted and printed. This so pleased the old gentleman that he said he felt like offering prayer. He arose, closed his eyes, and offered a prayer in rhyme.

Aid. Nester made a short speech, speaking of his relations with the Council, and saying he would sit with the body as a silent member during the coming year, but with greater satisfaction to himself.

Aid. Whitney took occasion during his few remarks, to show some feeling, and spoke of the small recognition of his talents he thought he had received at the hands of the Mayor.

Aid. Yates made a most happy speech, noting the favorite hobbies and eccentricities of the various members. He heartily thanked the Mayor, members of the Council and representatives of the press for the uniform courtesy he had always received from them. He said, and with pardonable pride, that during his two years of service he had occupied his chair at every meeting, both regular and special, and had met every committee appointment with the exception of two.

Mayor Belknap was called for and said in performing his duties as Mayor he had tried to do right; had endeavored to be non-partisan, especially in the matter of choosing his committees. He had endeavored to manage the affairs of the city the same as if were they his own; considered the office a high one and the honor of holding it great. He had felt pride in being the Mayor of such a city as Grand Rapids, and emphasized the fact of the friendship that had existed between himself, the city officers and the Council. He left the office with some reluctance, but knew the change would be for the city's good—new life and new blood would be infused into the office, which would have an inspiring and beneficial effect. He paid the various committees a high compliment for the manner in which they have discharged their duties.

City Marshal Greene made a short address and said he wished to inaugurate something new just as he was to retire, and passed a box of fine cigars.

City Attorney Ransom was called for. He spoke highly of his associations with the Mayor and Council, and of the kindnesses shown him by members of the press; said the counsel he had always given was the best counsel he could give; his opinions were never biased, but were his careful interpretations of law and his best judgment. He had endeavored to consult the city's interests and the interests of the citizens. He spoke of the benefit of "hobbies," and said by their constant presentation cities are made; said he had one hobby himself—the building of a market bridge, that should cross the river and cover the entire space between Lyon and Pearl streets.

The Mayor then submitted his written valedictory, which was accepted and ordered printed without reading. It is as follows:

THREATENING FLAMES.

FIRE IN A LARGE ST. LOUIS HOTEL.

The Lindell Attacked this Time—The Flames Confined to the Basement—The Loss \$20,000.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 28.—At 5 o'clock this afternoon fire broke out in the basement of the Lindell Hotel, in this city. The first intimation of its presence was the smoke, which poured up from the cellar into the rotunda, thence reaching the stairways, and finding egress through the windows of the upper floors of the house. Every room in the house was taken, but all the occupants were warned and escaped without accident. By hard work the fire was confined to the basement, and was under control in about fifteen minutes from the sounding of the alarm. It is estimated that the guests were scrambling themselves in the rooms they had vacated a few hours before, and supper was being served. Nowhere except in the rotunda could any evidence of the fire be found. The work of the fire department, seconded by the hotel people in preventing the flames from reaching the elevator shafts was being served. Nowhere except in the rotunda could any evidence of the fire be found. The work of the fire department, seconded by the hotel people in preventing the flames from reaching the elevator shafts was being served.

The Storm at Traverse City.

TRAVERSE CITY, April 28.—This region was visited by a snow storm last evening, which lasted all night and is at this writing, 9 a. m., still raging. The snow is very heavy and, though drifted some, is eight inches deep on a level. Runners have again taken the place of wheels.—The report that the ice had left Grand Traverse Bay was without foundation, as it is still here yet, and, though some what cracked by the wind of last week, shows no signs of leaving us for several days yet. The same can be said at all other points on the bay.

Gen. Grant's Thanks.

NEW YORK, April 28.—Gen. Grant received congratulations from all over the country yesterday. He sends the following for publication: "To the various army posts, societies, public schools, cities, states, corporations and individuals, North and South, who have been so kind as to send me congratulations on my 63rd birthday, I wish to offer my grateful acknowledgments. Dispatches coming in by numbers and four or five at a time that it would have been impossible to answer them if I had been in perfect health." U. S. GRANT.

TRADE AND FINANCE.

Chicago Markets.

OFFICE OF F. V. TAYLOR, Powers' Block, GRAND RAPIDS, April 28, 1885.

Cables—Wheat 61 per quarter higher. Corn closed steady. Cotton steady. There will be no session of the Chicago Board of Trade to-morrow.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Closed.
Wheat—May	92 3/4	93 1/4	91 3/4	91 3/4
July	93 1/2	94 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2
Sept	94 1/2	95 1/2	93 1/2	93 1/2
Oct	95 1/2	96 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2
Nov	96 1/2	97 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2
Dec	97 1/2	98 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2
Jan	98 1/2	99 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2
Feb	99 1/2	100 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2
Mar	100 1/2	101 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Apr	101 1/2	102 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
May	102 1/2	103 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2

NEW YORK, April 28.—Wall street closing: Money closed easy at 1 1/2 per cent. Exchange closed firm: posted rates, \$47 1/2 for gold; \$146 1/2 for silver; \$18 1/2 for gold; \$89 1/2 for silver.

GOVERNMENTS closed firm; France, 6 1/2 1/2 bid; Spain, 12 1/2 bid; Italy, 4 1/2 1/2 bid; Prussia, 11 1/2 bid; Austria, 11 1/2 bid; Russia, 11 1/2 bid; United States, 11 1/2 bid.

NEW YORK, April 28.—Floor—Dull but firm, holders seeking higher prices. Flour 63 1/2 bid; superfine, \$2 1/2 bid; round top Ohio, \$2 1/2 bid; southern flour firm and in moderate demand, common to choice \$2 1/2, \$2 3/4 to \$3.

WHEAT—Options were unsettled and irregular, closing after a heavy day's business firm at a fractional advance. Spot sale of No. 2 red winter, \$1 01 1/2 bid; No. 2 spring, \$1 00; ungraded winter red, \$1 00 bid; No. 2 red state, \$1 00; 2 red winter May, \$1 00 bid; June, \$1 02 1/2 bid; do July, \$1 04 1/2 bid.

CORN—Options were moderately active and irregular, closing steady and unchanged. Spot lots closed steady and unchanged. Spot sale of ungraded mixed, \$0 45 1/2 bid; standard, \$0 46 bid; No. 2 mixed, \$0 47 bid; No. 2 white, \$0 48 bid; No. 2 yellow, \$0 49 bid; No. 2 red, \$0 50 bid; No. 2 white, \$0 51 bid; No. 2 yellow, \$0 52 bid; No. 2 red, \$0 53 bid; No. 2 white, \$0 54 bid; No. 2 yellow, \$0 55 bid; No. 2 red, \$0 56 bid; No. 2 white, \$0 57 bid; No. 2 yellow, \$0 58 bid; No. 2 red, \$0 59 bid; No. 2 white, \$0 60 bid; No. 2 yellow, \$0 61 bid; No. 2 red, \$0 62 bid; No. 2 white, \$0 63 bid; No. 2 yellow, \$0 64 bid; No. 2 red, \$0 65 bid; No. 2 white, \$0 66 bid; No. 2 yellow, \$0 67 bid; No. 2 red, \$0 68 bid; No. 2 white, \$0 69 bid; No. 2 yellow, \$0 70 bid; No. 2 red, \$0 71 bid; No. 2 white, \$0 72 bid; No. 2 yellow, \$0 73 bid; No. 2 red, \$0 74 bid; No. 2 white, \$0 75 bid; No. 2 yellow, \$0 76 bid; No. 2 red, \$0 77 bid; No. 2 white, \$0 78 bid; No. 2 yellow, \$0 79 bid; No. 2 red, \$0 80 bid; No. 2 white, \$0 81 bid; No. 2 yellow, \$0 82 bid; No. 2 red, \$0 83 bid; No. 2 white, \$0 84 bid; No. 2 yellow, \$0 85 bid; No. 2 red, \$0 86 bid; No. 2 white, \$0 87 bid; No. 2 yellow, \$0 88 bid; No. 2 red, \$0 89 bid; No. 2 white, \$0 90 bid; No. 2 yellow, \$0 91 bid; No. 2 red, \$0 92 bid; No. 2 white, \$0 93 bid; No. 2 yellow, \$0 94 bid; No. 2 red, \$0 95 bid; No. 2 white, \$0 96 bid; No. 2 yellow, \$0 97 bid; No. 2 red, \$0 98 bid; No. 2 white, \$0 99 bid; No. 2 yellow, \$1 00 bid.

RYE—Dull, but firm, holders seeking higher prices. Rye 40 1/2 bid; No. 2, 39 1/2 bid; No. 1, 38 1/2 bid; No. 2, 37 1/2 bid; No. 1, 36 1/2 bid; No. 2, 35 1/2 bid; No. 1, 34 1/2 bid; No. 2, 33 1/2 bid; No. 1, 32 1/2 bid; No. 2, 31 1/2 bid; No. 1, 30 1/2 bid; No. 2, 29 1/2 bid; No. 1, 28 1/2 bid; No. 2, 27 1/2 bid; No. 1, 26 1/2 bid; No. 2, 25 1/2 bid; No. 1, 24 1/2 bid; No. 2, 23 1/2 bid; No. 1, 22 1/2 bid; No. 2, 21 1/2 bid; No. 1, 20 1/2 bid; No. 2, 19 1/2 bid; No. 1, 18 1/2 bid; No. 2, 17 1/2 bid; No. 1, 16 1/2 bid; No. 2, 15 1/2 bid; No. 1, 14 1/2 bid; No. 2, 13 1/2 bid; No. 1, 12 1/2 bid; No. 2, 11 1/2 bid; No. 1, 10 1/2 bid; No. 2, 9 1/2 bid; No. 1, 8 1/2 bid; No. 2, 7 1/2 bid; No. 1, 6 1/2 bid; No. 2, 5 1/2 bid; No. 1, 4 1/2 bid; No. 2, 3 1/2 bid; No. 1, 2 1/2 bid; No. 2, 1 1/2 bid; No. 1, 1/2 bid; No. 2, 1/4 bid; No. 1, 1/8 bid; No. 2, 1/16 bid; No. 1, 1/32 bid; No. 2, 1/64 bid; No. 1, 1/128 bid; No. 2, 1/256 bid; No. 1, 1/512 bid; No. 2, 1/1024 bid; No. 1, 1/2048 bid; No. 2, 1/4096 bid; No. 1, 1/8192 bid; No. 2, 1/16384 bid; No. 1, 1/32768 bid; No. 2, 1/65536 bid; No. 1, 1/131072 bid; No. 2, 1/262144 bid; No. 1, 1/524288 bid; No. 2, 1/1048576 bid; No. 1, 1/2097152 bid; No. 2, 1/4194304 bid; No. 1, 1/8388608 bid; No. 2, 1/16777216 bid; No. 1, 1/33554432 bid; No. 2, 1/67108864 bid; No. 1, 1/134217728 bid; No. 2, 1/268435456 bid; No. 1, 1/521089728 bid; No. 2, 1/1042179456 bid; No. 1, 1/2084718912 bid; No. 2, 1/4169437824 bid; No. 1, 1/8338875648 bid; No. 2, 1/16677751296 bid; No. 1, 1/33355502592 bid; No. 2, 1/66711005184 bid; No. 1, 1/133422010368 bid; No. 2, 1/266844020736 bid; No. 1, 1/532610041472 bid; No. 2, 1/1065220082944 bid; No. 1, 1/1070440165888 bid; No. 2, 1/2140880331776 bid; No. 1, 1/2140880331776 bid; No. 2, 1/4281760663552 bid; No. 1, 1/4281760663552 bid; No. 2, 1/8563521327104 bid; No. 1, 1/8563521327104 bid; No. 2, 1/17127042654208 bid; No. 1, 1/17127042654208 bid; No. 2, 1/34254085308416 bid; No. 1, 1/34254085308416 bid; No. 2, 1/68508170616832 bid; No. 1, 1/68508170616832 bid; No. 2, 1/137016341233664 bid; No. 1, 1/137016341233664 bid; No. 2, 1/274032682467328 bid; No. 1, 1/274032682467328 bid; No. 2, 1/548065364934656 bid; No. 1, 1/548065364934656 bid; No. 2, 1/1096130729869312 bid; No. 1, 1/1096130729869312 bid; No. 2, 1/2192261459738624 bid; No. 1, 1/2192261459738624 bid; No. 2, 1/4384522919477248 bid; No. 1, 1/4384522919477248 bid; No. 2, 1/8769045838954496 bid; No. 1, 1/8769045838954496 bid; No. 2, 1/17538091677908992 bid; No. 1, 1/17538091677908992 bid; No. 2, 1/35076183355817984 bid; No. 1, 1/35076183355817984 bid; No. 2, 1/70152366711635968 bid; No. 1, 1/70152366711635968 bid; No. 2, 1/140304733433271936 bid; No. 1, 1/140304733433271936 bid; No. 2, 1/280609466866543872 bid; No. 1, 1/280609466866543872 bid; No. 2, 1/561218933733087744 bid; No. 1, 1/561218933733087744 bid; No. 2, 1/1122437867466175488 bid; No. 1, 1/1122437867466175488 bid; No. 2, 1/2244875734932350976 bid; No. 1, 1/2244875734932350976 bid; No. 2, 1/4489751469864701952 bid; No. 1, 1/4489751469864701952 bid; No. 2, 1/8979502939729403904 bid; No. 1, 1/8979502939729403904 bid; No. 2, 1/17959005879458807808 bid; No. 1, 1/17959005879458807808 bid; No. 2, 1/35918011758917615616 bid; No. 1, 1/35918011758917615616 bid; No. 2, 1/71836023517835231232 bid; No. 1, 1/71836023517835231232 bid; No. 2, 1/14367204703766446446 bid; No. 1, 1/14367204703766446446 bid; No. 2, 1/2873440940753289289